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BRAVE GREEKS TEMPORARILY CHECK TURKS

Crown Prince Personally Commands During the Brilliant Resistance.

EDHEM PASHA'S TROOPS ON THE WAY TO LARISSA.

But a New Element of Danger to Ottoman Success Is the Threatened Joining of the Servians With the People of the Hellenes.

Very meager and conflicting are the reports from the Thessalian frontier. It would seem, however, that there has been a pause in the march of the Turkish forces upon Larissa.

One report is that Edhem Pasha, the commander-in-chief of the Turkish forces in Macedonia, has returned to Ellassona to secure reinforcements, desiring to make success certain in the attack on Larissa by force of numbers.

Advices from Athens indicate that Larissa, the headquarters of the Greek army, has not yet been invested by the Turks. The Ottoman forces penetrated as far as Mati, where there was a fierce engagement and brilliant resistance on the part of the Greeks.

A new element of interest and importance has entered the conflict. Bulgaria shows her teeth to Turkey and demands certain concessions, which, if denied, will cause the Bulgarian army to be mobilized.

Nelson A. Miles, the commanding general of the United States army, is going to Europe to observe the warfare between the Turks and the Greeks. The assignment of an officer of such high rank is considered as indicating the belief of this Government that there are prospects of a general European war.

NEWS IS CONFLICTING. But It is Certain That Both Sides Are Preparing for a Decisive Battle.

LONDON, Eng., April 22.—There is conflict in the news from the seat of war. Greek accounts are almost silent regarding the loss of Miloussa Pass and the Turkish advance toward Larissa, but give full and most enthusiastic news of the successes at Reveni and other points.

Dispatches from the Turkish side are still strangely meager, although those which come confirm the previous accounts of the successful invasion of Thessaly. The capture of some positions at Nezeros, which is admitted by the Greeks, is claimed by Turkish sources to have been a complete seizure of all positions there, neutralizing whatever advantages the Greeks have obtained elsewhere on the Thessalian frontier, as the position at Nezeros is very strong.

There is no direct news from the front later than midday Wednesday, when the fighting at Kritiri was proceeding. One

report says fighting stopped then, neither side having the advantage. Kritiri is between Miloussa and Turnavo. It is virtually certain that the Turks had not then occupied the latter place, nor are very near Larissa.

An unconfirmed report emanating from Salonica, the Turkish base, represents Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, as having returned to Ellassona to personally supervise the bringing of reinforcements, being determined to make success certain by force of numbers. It is an undoubted fact that both sides are rushing forward all available reinforcements, and it is clear the decisive battle has not yet been fought.

BULGARIA'S THREAT. Demands That Turkey Make Concessions or She Will Mobilize Her Army.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey, April 22.—The Sultan's Ministers are more deeply concerned in a sudden diversion made by Bulgaria than they are in the fighting going on in Thessaly. Immediately after the actual breaking out of the war became known Monday the Bulgarian agent in Constantinople, Marcoff, obtained an interview with the Sultan and informed his Majesty that unless warrants for five more Bulgarian bishops in Macedonia and the nomination of Bulgarian commercial agents at Usukub and Monastir were granted at once, Bulgaria would begin mobilizing her army Saturday.

On Tuesday Marcoff repeated the statement, which amounted to an ultimatum on the part of Bulgaria. The Sultan sought to temporize with the Bulgarian

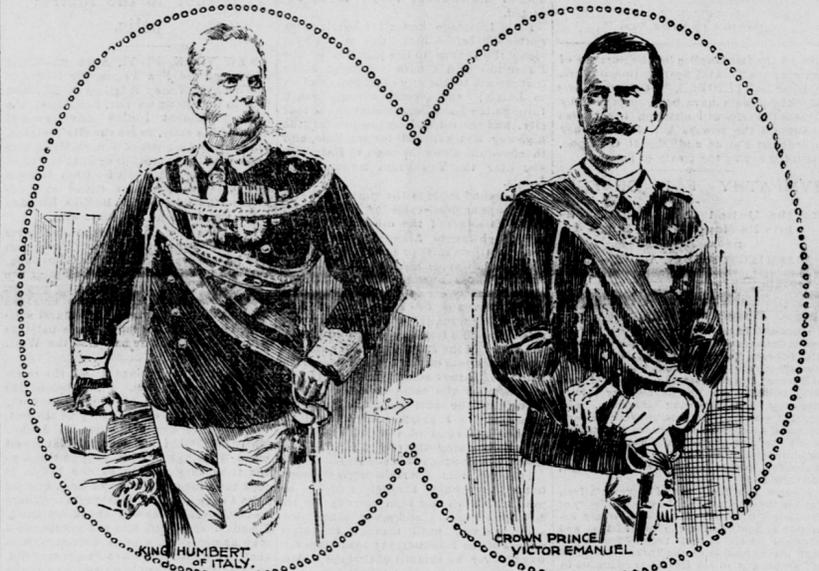
agent, and the Russian Ambassador also told Marcoff that the moment for such action on the part of Bulgaria is inopportune, but Bulgaria nevertheless persists in a determination to mobilize her army if the demands are not granted.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria had a cordial interview with the German Emperor in Berlin Tuesday and subsequently had a conference with Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, the German Minister of Foreign Affairs.

BRAVERY OF GREEKS.

ATHENS, GREECE, April 22.—A telegram from Larissa was received this morning, indicating that that place has not been invested by the Turks. The dispatch says the Turks made an attack yesterday upon the town of Mati, commanding the road to Turnavo. The Greeks opened a furious bombardment upon the attacking force, but the result of the engagement is not yet known, though a later report says General Mastropas's brigade continues to make brilliant resistance to the assaults of the Turks.

Raili, a leader of the opposition in the Greek chamber, who is now at Larissa,



The King and Queen and Crown Prince of Italy.

Queen Margherita was in the company of her consort when the attempt was made upon his life yesterday. If the King had fallen a victim to the assassin's dagger he would have been succeeded by his son, Victor Emanuel, the Crown Prince of Italy. These pictures were drawn by "Call" artists from photographs of the royal personages taken last year, those of the King and Crown Prince at Florence and that of her Majesty the Queen at Milan.

telegraphed Premier Deljanoff that no vital point was yet in jeopardy, the positions secured by the Turks being only of secondary importance.

A Larissa dispatch to-night says that a charge of 3000 Turkish cavalry to-day was repulsed with great loss. The fire of the Greek artillery had a terrible effect. Crown Prince Constantine was in the engagement.

Major Anzolinis, who was held responsible for the loss of Greeks at Gritzboll through a misunderstanding of orders and who was removed from command, committed suicide at Turnavo.

LONDON, Eng., April 22.—A dispatch sent from Athens this afternoon says the Turks have penetrated as far as Mati, where a fierce engagement was fought this morning. Firing ceased at midday. The Greeks opposing Turkish advances were unshaken in their firmness, but the situation is extremely critical. The Turks greatly outnumber the Greeks.

LARISSA, GREECE, April 22.—Roads leading to this city are blocked by fugitives for miles around, who fear a general Turkish massacre. Large numbers of late arrivals will be compelled to camp out, as

it is impossible to find accommodations. The great influx has caused a scarcity of food, but a plentiful supply of meat can be obtained by slaughtering sheep and cattle, large numbers of which have arrived. Hospitals are crowded to their utmost capacity with soldiers, and other wounded men are being brought from the front hourly. Nurses and surgeons are completely exhausted by the vast amount of work they have been called upon to perform, and it is impossible for them to stand the strain much longer. An urgent appeal has been sent to Athens for more surgeons and nurses.

Some of the Turkish advance parties around Turnavo have occupied Nezeros, the Greeks having been greatly outnumbered.

RETREAT FROM MATI.

Greeks Reported to Have Been Obligated to Abandon Their Position.

LONDON, Eng., April 22.—A dispatch from Athens to the Chronicle, dated this evening, says the Greeks have been obliged to retreat from Mati. If the Turks

as military experts in European wars and much valuable information was obtained.

General Miles will sail without delay and make haste to join the Turkish or Greek force. The assignment of General Miles was considered significant as indicating the belief of this Government that a general European war may follow the present hostilities. When Miles was informed that the War Department intended to send Captain Scribner, the military attaché at Rome, he suggested that the detail be given an officer of higher rank, and his selection ultimately followed.

MASSACRES REPORTED.

Greek Christians Said to Have Been Murdered—George's Fleet Going to Constantinople.

ATHENS, GREECE, April 22.—It is reported that massacres of Greek Christians have occurred near Preveza.

SALONICA, TURKEY, April 22.—It is reported that the Greek fleet is proceeding

succeed in capturing the pass, the Greeks will be compelled to retreat to a second strong line at Kazaxiar. The dispatch adds the plan of Edhem Pasha of entering Thessaly by way of the pass of Reveni has been abandoned owing to the victorious Greek resistance. Fighting is also going on at Elevtherochori.

It is rumored that King George will start for Thessaly on Monday. Admiral von Hofe, commander of the Turkish fleet, has announced his intention of resigning the command if the fleet is ordered to leave the Hellespont, believing the ships are entirely unfit for active operations.

WITNESS THE WAR.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—Major-General Nelson A. Miles, commanding general of the army, is going to Europe to observe the operations of the Turks and Greeks. He went to the White House this morning, in company with Secretary Alger, and succeeded in convincing the President it would be to the advantage of the military service to have a competent officer with one of the armies. Sheridan and McClellan had represented the Gov-

ITALY'S KING THE TARGET OF AN ASSASSIN

With a Dagger an Insane Youth Tries to Kill Humbert.

BUT, AS USUAL, THE MONARCH ESCAPES INJURY.

An Exciting Incident While on the Way to the Racetrack, Followed by Demonstrations That Show the Popularity of the Ruler.

ROME, ITALY, April 22.—While King Humbert was driving to Campanelle racetrack this afternoon a man who pretended that he wanted to present a petition to the King approached the carriage. As he reached the vehicle the man drew a dagger and made a lunge at the King, but the latter warded off the blow, and the dagger struck the cushion of the carriage.

In an instant all was confusion. The King's escort charged upon the crowd, which, in the excitement, closed upon the royal carriage, while others of the King's guard seized the man who had attempted to take his Majesty's life and bore him off.

The King was perfectly composed, and proceeded on the way to Campanelle and witnessed the races as though nothing had happened.

The King's assailant proved to be Pietro Acciarita, aged 24, who is believed to be insane. He is a blacksmith and came from Arrena. He declares he has no connection with any political party.

The King was repeatedly cheered upon his arrival at the races, and when he returned to the city he was greeted with a great popular ovation by the thousands who thronged the streets upon learning of the attempt to assassinate him.

As King Humbert entered Naples November 17, 1878, the year of his ascension, a man named Giovanni Passanante approached the carriage and attempted to assassinate him with a dagger. The King escaped with a scratch, but Prime Minister Cairoli was badly wounded. Passanante was condemned to death, but the King commuted the punishment to imprisonment for life.

WEYLER'S FALSE REPORTS.

While Sending Stories of Pacification to Madrid His Troops Are Being Whipped.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 22.—In a cable sent yesterday by Weyler to Azcarraza, Minister of War in Spain, he said: "I consider the whole territory of Las Villas and part of Puerto Principe pacified. I repeat the presence in Santa Clara of Gomez and Quintin Banderas is not alarming, because if they don't pass the trocha soon to the east they will be captured as Rivera and Bacallas were. I am sure Gomez cannot maintain himself for a long time in his present position. He has very few men and no provisions. I have the pleasure of confirming my previous dispatch. Do not need more reinforcements to cover losses in the army."

In answer the Minister of War and Prime Minister have congratulated Weyler on his success. Yesterday, however, while all this was producing great joy among the Spaniards here, a report came of a hard fight at Pico Tuero, near Sancti Spiritus, between insurgents commanded by Aleman and the Spanish column of General Luque. Luque reports his losses as fifteen killed, but it is known he suffered a severe defeat, leaving more than 100 dead on the field. In spite of the congratulations from the Government to Weyler, the dispatch from Madrid announces that Canovas had decided to es-

tablish reforms in Cuba, as "confirmation was needed of news about peace."

A FAT JOB FOR CLAYTON.

New Minister to Mexico Can Be Arbitrator in the Guatemala-Mexico Contention.

CITY OF MEXICO, Mexico, April 22.—Upon Minister Powell Clayton's arrival here he will be tendered the position of arbitrator in the Guatemala-Mexico contention. Both Governments have all the data prepared and a decision can soon be reached. Minister Clayton would receive \$50,000 in silver for his services.

TWO MEN GORED TO DEATH.

And Several Spectators Wounded at a Mexican Bull-Fight.

LEON, Mexico, April 22.—At an amateur bull-fight yesterday two ringmen were gored to death. One of the bulls broke over the barricade, seriously wounding several spectators.

An Important Railroad Law.

OAXACA, Mexico, April 22.—William Stuart, chief engineer of the proposed Mexican Southern Railway, has arrived with a corps of civil engineers. He will immediately make a survey for the road from this city to some point on the National Tehuantepec road and thence to Guatemala. It will be an important link in the Pan-American system.

WHITE FULL OF FIGHT.

Retrospective Clause in the New Tariff Bill Dropped Subsequent to His Positive Demands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22.—The Republican Senators who are revising the tariff have decided to drop the retrospective clause adopted by the House. They have been forced to take this stand on account of the position of certain Democratic Senators, particularly White of California. White recently returned from the West full of fight. "A number of prominent men residing in my State," he said, "would be practically ruined if this clause is enforced."

To Aldrich and Allison he said: "Unless you positively assure me this clause will be withdrawn, I shall fight the tariff bill at every stage and hinder its passage as long as possible."

After consultation with his Republican colleagues, Allison informed White that they had agreed to drop the retrospective clause.

White also intimated that he could not agree to the demands of the sugar trust for an ad valorem duty.

COLORED YOUTH LYNCHED.

Taken From Jail by a Mob That Overpowered the Guards.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22.—An exciting lynching was held to-night in Alexandria, Va., just across the Potomac. Joseph McCoy, a 19-year-old colored youth, was arrested to-night and fully confessed to criminally assaulting the seven and nine year old daughters of R. A. Lacey, a prominent white resident, this morning. A mob gathered about the jail to-night and finally broke in, after being temporarily repulsed by a volley aimed above their heads by the guards. After midnight they made a second attempt, overpowering the guard, escorted the negro two blocks from the jail, cut his throat and then swung his body to a lamp-post, where the remains were left hanging.



A GENERAL VIEW OF THE CITY OF SALONICA, WHICH IS THREATENED BY THE GREEK FLEET.

Great interest is attached to the movements of the Greek fleet, which has been working its way up the Gulf of Salonica during the past few days, attacking the Turkish ports on the way. It is understood that the ultimate destination of the Grecian admiral is Salonica itself, which, if captured, would prove a great disaster to the Moslem cause. From here a railway extends to the northward, terminating at Vienna, and over it all the supplies for Edhem Pasha's army are transported to the point nearest Ellassona, the Turkish headquarters. The mouth of the harbor is protected by a chain of torpedoes, but it is not probable that this would prove a formidable obstacle to the approach of the fleet. A picture of a portion of the city was published in THE CALL last week, but the present cut affords a much better idea of its situation and extent.