

TRANSVAAL RAID WILL NOT DOWN

Report of the Committee Scored in the House of Commons.

Chamberlain Makes a Speech in Which He Defends Cecil Rhodes.

Advices the Avoidance of Anything That Would Cause Further Irritation Among Boers.

LONDON, Eng., July 26.—In the House of Commons to-day Hon. Philip J. Stanhope (Radical) moved the adoption of a resolution deprecating the inconclusive action and report of the committee which examined into the Transvaal raid and the affairs of the British South Africa Company.

Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary, defended the committee in not insisting upon the production of telegrams. He said he regretted that Stanhope had submitted the resolution, as it was calculated to weaken the committee's authority and cast a slur upon its conclusions.

Chamberlain said it was not intended to abolish the British South Africa Company. Rhodes would in time have autonomy granted to him in the Transvaal, such a form of control would be established as would prevent any abuse.

THE POPE IS FAIR HEALTH.

LONDON, Eng., July 26.—The Rome correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette says that in spite of the intense heat the Pope is in his usual state of health. Indeed, he is feeling much better than he felt last winter.

NEITHER OF THEM WILL FORGET.

LONDON, Eng., July 26.—During a discussion of the workmen's insurance bill to-day in the House of Lords, Stanley vehemently attacked the section which Colonial Secretary Chamberlain recently vigorously defended in the Commons.

At the Peace Conference.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey, July 26.—At the peace conference to-day the ambassadors presented a draft of peace preliminaries. They provide for European arbitration of any differences between Greek and Turkish plenipotentiaries in arranging a definitive treaty.

Confessed a New Orleans Murderer.

LONDON, Eng., July 26.—Henry Hamilton Evans surrendered himself yesterday to the Whitechapel police, confessing that

he shot Arthur Terry at 44 Canal street, New Orleans, February 22, 1893. He was arraigned to-day at the Bates Police Court and remanded. Ambassador Hay has communicated the facts of the confession and arraignment to the authorities at Washington.

Million in Gold Coming From Australia.

LONDON, Eng., July 26.—The first consignment of gold from Australia to San Francisco, amounting to \$1,000,000, will be shipped on August 8.

OF INTEREST TO THE COAST.

Custom-House Mare's Nest—Pension Agent Wedderburn in Hot Water—Perkins and White Homeward Bound.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—An Associated Press dispatch from San Francisco published here to-day says that the customs officials there have discovered a bundle in the new tariff bill which may be troublesome to importers. The dispatch says:

Section 261 of the schedule provides that the duty on apples, peaches, currants, etc., shall be 25 cents a bushel. But section 262 provides that the duty on a number of fruits, including "currants and others," shall be 2 cents a pound.

Customs officers at San Francisco have discovered a mare's nest. Section 261 refers to "fish." Section 262 taxes "apples, peaches, quinces, cherries, plums and pears" at 25 cents per bushel, but does not mention currants. Section 263 provides that the duty on currants was stated correctly in a dispatch printed in last Wednesday's CALL.

John Wedderburn, formerly correspondent of the Examiner and erstwhile secretary to Senator Hearst, is in very hot water over the conduct of his patent and pension agency.

Assistant Postmaster-General Heath to-day made the following allowances for clerks in the office with salaries over \$2500: San Francisco, \$187,896; Sacramento, \$11,900; Fresno, \$3500; Pasadena, \$34,924; Oakland, \$16,240; Pasadena, \$3800; San Jose, \$5488; Stockton, \$4200.

W. B. Farrar of San Francisco is registered at the St. James. Pacific Coast pensions have been issued as follows: Original—Richard Amrine, Soldiers Home, Los Angeles; William H. Stephens, San Francisco; Increase—William H. Morris, Los Angeles; James Clark, San Jose; Reissue—John Duncan, San Francisco; Original widow, etc.—Adeline Mosher, Napa; Original—Lewis Baker, Modesto; Original—John J. McDonald, Modesto; Original—Mexican war widow—Julia Ann Springer, North Yambill.

MAKES PERSONAL PROTEST.

Lithuanian States Her Views on Annexation to the President. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—Ex-Queen Lituokalani made a personal protest against annexation to the President this afternoon. Earlier in the day she had sent a letter to President McKinley and Secretary Sherman protesting against the annexation.

GENERAL RUGGLES' SUCCESSOR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—A strong fight is being made by Colonel H. C. Corbin and Colonel M. V. Sheridan for the place of adjutant-general of the army. The incumbent, General Ruggles, will retire in September and Brevet Brigadier-General Breck, senior colonel of the adjutant-general's department, will succeed him for a few months. He will remain on the active list. When Breck retires next year a colonel and assistant adjutant-general will be appointed to the office. Colonel Corbin will then be senior officer of the department and Colonel Sheridan next in line for promotion.

Acts Just Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—The President has signed these acts: Authorizing the President to suspend discriminating duties imposed upon foreign vessels and commerce; requesting the President to make an investigation into the contract system by which certain European governments have created a monopoly of tobacco in order to create the office of Surveyor-General of Alaska and for other purposes; to give the consent of Congress to the compact between South Dakota and Nebraska respecting the boundary.

Appointed by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—The President to-day appointed Robert J. Trouwell, Indiana Comptroller of Currency and T. V. Powderly, Commissioner of Immigration. Powderly's commission has been made out and the appointment will be officially announced to-morrow. This action is taken because the Senate failed to confirm Powderly's nomination.

Condition of the Public Finances.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—To-day's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$299,873,843; gold reserve, \$148,780,217.

SPANIARDS ARE VERY EXCITED

Agitated by Reports of the Release of Competitor Prisoners.

Havana Merchants Preparing a Demonstration Against Americans.

Weyler's Return to the Capital Signaled by the Arrest of Many Cuban Women.

HAVANA, Cuba, July 26.—Although the Government has taken great care to prevent the publication of any news concerning the case of the Competitor prisoners, a report that Melton and Laborde have been set at liberty has been circulated largely in Havana, especially in Muralla street, the well-known place of business of the most uncompromising Spanish merchants.

It is said a public demonstration against Americans has been proposed in Muralla street, and that preparations are being made. The authorities are trying to calm the people. They declare that Lee is in very friendly terms with Weyler. Those who are abusing the American Consul are only the turbulent minority, but the fact that the Diario de la Marina has sided with them is considered to have grave significance.

The return of Weyler to Havana has been signaled by the arrest of many Cuban women of well-known families in the capital. Similar arrests have also been made in Guanabacoa. This is the result of Weyler's order to the police several months ago to look out very carefully for Cuban women, "because they are more dangerous than men."

Near Gibara, Puerto Principe province, another military train has been blown up with dynamite by the insurgents, who captured a large quantity of supplies. Many Spanish soldiers were killed and wounded. The battalion of Soria has had a hard fight with insurgents at Potrerillo, Santa Clara Province. After several hours' fighting the battalion retreated with heavy losses.

At Portier, Matanzas province, a Spanish guerrilla force of Balien has killed several pacificos who were concentrated around that place by order of Weyler. The war of the police upon nungos (a particular class of Cuban outlaws) continues in Havana, but, as usual, the Spanish Government accuses many Cubans of committing crimes common among these offenders. Forty-two Cubans unjustly sentenced as nungos have just been sent to pass the rest of their lives in the Spanish dungeons of Ceuta, on the north coast of Africa.

WAS MISS BARRETT MURDERED?

Deeper Grows the Mystery Connected With the Tragic Death of the Bookkeeper. BOSTON, Mass., July 26.—A sensational discovery was made to-day in the investigation of the tragic death Saturday of Miss Alice Barrett, bookkeeper for Codman & Codman at 40 Kilby street. The mystery of the strange affair grows hourly deeper, and there is great interest in the case.

It was officially declared that the building was on fire by lightning at all, and that the fire was started in a small washroom. Charred pieces of paper were found in this closet, and the authorities say that there is no doubt that the fire was caused by the burning of these papers, which were probably letters. It is also rumored that the cashbook was burned up. Examination proved to-day that the contents of the safe were intact with the exception of the cashbook.

Rumors of murder are increasing. Not only the members of her family believe in this theory, but her late employer, Mr. Codman, and W. H. Foss, who was until recently engaged to her. Both in interviews to-day scout the suicide theory and declare that it was impossible, notwithstanding the fact that a clerk of the John P. Lowell Arms Company to-day viewed the body and positively identified it as that of the girl to whom he sold a revolver Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Barrett says that the proposal that Alice loan to a friend of the family the sum of \$800 was discussed, and she made no objection. What troubles the family is the claim in Alice's letter to the effect that the person who now has the money is out of the country. The man who borrowed the money originally is still here and the family has confidence in him. They were at a loss to account for the statement in the dead girl's letter. The mystery is: Who set the fire? Was it done to conceal the evidence of murder? Did Miss Barrett do it herself, and if so was it intentional or accidental? The murder theory is not found in the written by Miss Barrett under duress. The police late to-night discovered that a man had been seen running away from the office just before the tragedy.

TO INTERCEDE FOR WORDEN.

Mrs. Jones on Her Way to Washington to Plead With the President. CHICAGO, Ill., July 26.—Mrs. Mary G. Jones of California, who is known in labor circles as "the mother" of the American Railway Union, is in the city on her way to Washington. She is going there for the purpose of interceding with President McKinley in behalf of S. D. Worden, who is sentenced to receive the death penalty for certain acts performed during the labor riots in California in 1894.

Woman Sentenced to the Reformatory.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 26.—Police Magistrate Timmons to-day sentenced Maggie Sellers, a disorderly woman, to the reformatory for thirty days. The woman took the sentence nonchalantly.

NEW YORK'S FRUIT MARKET.

Heavy Receipts of California Pears and Plums for the Week Causes a Decline in Prices.

NEW YORK, N. Y., July 26.—Eighty-three carloads of California fruit sold at auction in this city last week against sixty-one carloads the previous week. The receipts of Bartlett pears were so heavy that prices declined 50 cents to 75 cents a box, and sound fruit sold at \$1.60 to \$2 a box.

Receipts of peaches were comparatively light and prices ranged from \$1.10 to \$1.60 a box. Tragedy plums were in over-supply and sold at 80 cents to \$1 a box, while Burbanks ranged from \$1.15 to \$1.50 a box, and other kinds selling at proportionate prices.

Oranges were in limited supply and advanced about \$1 a box, choice Kidis selling readily at \$3.50 to \$4.50 a box. Only 5200 intermediate ports and there are only 5500 boxes now on the way here.

Lemons were in moderate supply, but heavy, which also caused the demand for other kinds of fruit. They sold at \$2.75 to \$4 a box. The average price for a cargo of 27,000 boxes sold at auction on Friday was about \$3 a box. There were 52,000 boxes received here, and there are now 175,000 boxes on the way to this port and 6200 to Baltimore.

FACTORIES AGAIN HUMMING.

Great News From New Haven—Thousands Put to Work, Many on Over-time, at Good Wages.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 26.—No sooner did the tariff bill become law than the almost dormant industries of New Haven gave unmistakable signs of revived activity.

The New Haven Clock Company, which since the passage of the Wilson law has been running spasmodically, this morning gave notice to its large force in the movement department that they would be expected to work thirteen hours a day until they had received orders to the contrary.

Japan Contemplates the Purchase of the Holland Submarine Boat. NEW YORK, N. Y., July 26.—Captain Funaki and Lieutenant Kato, of the staff of Prince Takekito, the Mikado's adopted son, visited the Holland submarine boat Sunday at the Elizabethport yards. They contemplate purchasing it for the Japanese navy.

TEST PREVENTED BY A MISHAP.

Sandy Hook Disaster. Fishing Smack sunk With a Number of Excursionists. SANDY HOOK, N. Y., July 26.—The Georgia Young, a fishing smack, sank with a number of excursionists last night. Pilot-boats picked up thirteen of the excursionists. The captain and crew of the wreck were not among them, and there were fears at first that they were drowned. Afterward, however, it was learned that they had been picked up by other boats.

DESTITUTION IN INDIANA.

Governor Will Appeal to the People of the State for Aid. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 26.—The report of the commission appointed by the Governor to investigate the condition of the striking coal-miners was filed with the executive to-day. The fact that the present conditions have been brought about by repeated reductions in wages and quote operators to show that sharp competition between them had caused the reductions and brought about the conditions of which the miners complain. The committee finds that there are many families in mining districts entirely dependent on local charity, and actual suffering has been prevented only by the relief thus extended.

FUEL FAMINE IN ILLINOIS.

Two big mills at Marseilles, this county, were compelled to shut down to-day through lack of fuel. At Ottawa, the county seat, several factories have been closed. The same is true at La Salle and Minonk, where there are large mines. The entire supply of coal, slack and dirt has been exhausted and it is impossible to buy coal at any price. Some of the biggest factories in the district are using wood for steam purposes. Thrashers in nearly every instance are being operated by cobs or wood for fuel.

IOWA MINERS GOING OUT.

Will Cut Off Orders That Are Being Filled for the East. OTTUMWA, Iowa, July 26.—Two hundred miners of the Whitebrest Company at Forbush struck to-day for \$1 per ton for mining—20 cents more than is being paid any place in the district. The operators say it is a notorious demand, made to furnish an excuse to quit in sympathy with the Easterners, or because they believe that while the Iowa mines are enjoying such a boom in filling orders heretofore filled in the East it is a good time to strike and get an advance. It is known that agitators from Illinois have been in the camps urging the men to declare a gen-

A STRIKE CRISIS EXPECTED TO-DAY

Uniformity Plan to Be Discussed by the Operators.

Evident Desire for a Termination of the Disastrous Conflict.

Colonel Rend Doubts the Success of the Scheme, but is Willing to Try It.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 26.—There will be a large attendance of coal operators at the meeting at the Courthouse to-morrow. To-day they have gathered from Cleveland and Chicago, and most of them talk as if they would do their utmost to put through a uniformity agreement.

Colonel W. P. Rend of Chicago thinks the meeting will not be on lines broad enough, and he will endeavor to have the wages question included. The colonel claims that uniformity practically exists, although he admits that some of the operators still run company stores. He said:

"What is this uniformity agreement to me, anyhow? The strike in Illinois is not caused by the same grievances as in Pennsylvania. Different means will have to be considered to settle it. As far as the uniformity plan itself is considered, I am in favor of what it advocates. I don't see any company store and pay every two weeks in cash. What more do the miners want? They want an increase in wages. The conditions which caused the strike in Illinois were that the operators of southern Illinois cut prices so deeply that the operators in Northern Illinois were compelled to cut wages in order to compete. That's where the whole trouble lies, and I am sure a uniformity agreement will have no effect upon it. However, I am willing to agree to uniformity if it is the only means of settling the strike."

In a telegram from Cincinnati it is stated that the coal business of that city is entirely controlled by Jones & Sons of Pittsburg, and that coal there is bringing \$2.50 a ton, with a prospect of going up to \$3. It is stated that Jones & Sons own 2,000,000 bushels of coal. Another 1,000,000 bushels is owned by other operators. This amount of coal is at present in Cincinnati harbor. Big prices are prevailing because most of the coal from West Virginia is being consigned by the railroad.

It was only a rumor that deputies would go to De Armit's mines last night. The strikers did not march on the mines, as reported. ALTOONA, Pa., July 26.—About 500 miners in the Hastings coal district struck to-day because they are required to dig one car in five for the superintendent, for which they receive no pay. Two foreign miners who threatened to burn a coal tipple were arrested and their comrades threaten a riot if they are not released. Superintendent Musser of the Cambria mine procured a consignment of rifles with which to arm guards.

Governor Hastings is president of the company which leased the mines to the present operators and the miners intend to appeal to him directly. About 1500 miners in the North Cambria district have gone back to work, their demand for check weighmen having been granted.

WAS A SLAVE FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Death at the Age of 105 Years of "Aunt" Charity Green in Boston. Mrs. Charity Green, 105 years old, an inmate of the Home for Aged Colored Women, Myrtle street, West End, died yesterday noon from old age. The funeral services will be held at the home at 11 Wednesday.

"Aunt" Charity was probably the oldest woman in Boston, and was without kith or kindred, and depended entirely upon a large number of friends, who constantly visited the institution where she spent the last twenty-five years. There is no authentic record of the date of the birth of "Aunt" Charity owing to the fact that the time she was born in Portsmouth, Va., no record was kept of the date. The date was what was called a "choice lot." It is, however, substantiated by some prominent people in Cambridge, who are the direct relatives to the owner of the estate on which "Aunt" Charity was born, and who, in her declining years, have done all in their power to make her life a pleasant one, that Mrs. Green was born a slave on the old Cann estate, then owned by one of the leading families of that town.

She was born near the present Portsmouth navy-yard. Here she lived and married. Her father was a Portuguese and her mother an African slave. In those days the child took the condition of its mother, and the new master was a slave, "Aunt" Charity became at birth a slave. From her own statements and further substantiated by the descendants of the Cann family now in Cambridge, she was such strong party on these committees that the chances always are that the contestant who is of the party holding control of the House will be seated.

Democratic Contestants Feel Uneasy. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—The Democrats in the House whose seats are contested are scrutinizing with the greatest closeness the three election committees appointed by Reed. It has been customary for both parties to appoint new strong parties on these committees that the chances always are that the contestant who is of the party holding control of the House will be seated.

Baroness' Blame seeks a Divorce.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 26.—"Baroness" Blanc, known in private life as Mrs. Elizabeth L. Waters, has filed a bill for divorce from Leed Vaughan A. Waters, to whom she was married June 13, 1896. "Baroness" Blanc states in her petition that her husband was extremely cruel during their month of life together.

Vacation of the President and Party.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—President McKinley and party, including the families of the Secretaries, will leave on Wednesday for Lake Champlain, where they will remain until August 23, when they will attend the G. A. R. encampment at Buffalo.

QUIT HIS TREASURE-HUNT.

Francis Eppley Tires of His Search for Gold on the Sunken Irish Frigate Hussar.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—The Solicitor of the Treasury has advised Secretary Gage to grant the application of Francis Eppley for the cancellation of his contract for the recovery of the treasure supposed to be in the hull of the British frigate Hussar, which sank in East River, New York, in 1780. This cancellation is the last chapter in a long story dealing with attempts to secure the golden cargo with which the Hussar was laden when she left England more than a hundred years ago.

Eppley is a lawyer and expert in submarine matters. He was employed by General Newton as hydrographic surveyor in the work of blowing up Halletts Point at Heligade, and was also employed by General Gilmore of the engineer corps in surveying and removing sunken wrecks in Charleston harbor. For four years he was in the east and geodesic survey.

After spending much time and money Eppley has obtained what he believes to be conclusive evidence that the treasure was not in the frigate when she went down. The Hussar was bringing in a cargo of coin to pay the King's troops when she sank on a rock. Eppley's decision to give up the search was based on a record found in the Admiralty Office written by Fletcher Bate, a petty officer. Bate said there was \$200,000 in gold aboard two days before the Hussar was lost, but the money was safely landed and delivered into the custody of Commissary-General Delancy. Bate assisted in the transfer of gold. Secretaries Gresham and Carlisle recently prosecuted the search, and ordered Bayard to request the British officials for information, but he hired experts at his own expense rather than offend the English on such a "delicate matter."

Switzerland enjoys the unenviable distinction of having a larger percentage of lunatics than any other country. In the canton of Zurich there are 3291 in a population of 339,000.

How much there is expressed in one little word, and that one that we are accustomed to use every day. Do you ever realize what is expressed by MAN? It means the noblest creation. It means perfection.

Unless you are a perfect man you cannot claim to be considered a man at all. Does that ever occur to you? If you have in your younger days made a fool of yourself it is likely that you are not a man now.

Don't try to persuade yourself that you will "get better" as the years go on. You will get worse! If you don't do something to stop those terrible drains on an already weak frame. Heed the warning now.

You can save yourself and make a new man out of yourself if you go about it the right way. Just drop line to-day to the address which follows and ask for circulars and testimonials about "Hudyan."

A two-cent stamp will bring you information showing how it has cured thousands of poor erring mortals who had given up hope. It actually makes manliness. It will cure you, too, if you will but give it the chance.

Blood taint, which is shown by loose teeth, loss of eyebrows, copper-colored spots, etc., is unfailingly cured by the "30-day blood cure," no matter whether it be in its primary, secondary or tertiary form. Circulars about it free, too, and so is the best medical advice that can be had. State your case to-day.

Now, which is the more sensible thing—to go on with those shaking limbs, those spots before the eyes, and that perpetual fear of death, or to get cured? Why, you will be surprised at yourself in a week!

Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts. SAN FRANCISCO.

Dr. Martin's GREAT PAIN JURER Of the Age

A preventive and cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in General, Hypertension, Sore Throat, Pneumonia, Nervous, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Backache, Burns, Swellings, Colds, Coughs, Colic, Cramps, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Indigestion, Skin Diseases, Excessive Itching and many other complaints.

Price: 25c, 50c, \$1 Per Bottle.

L. CALLISCH, Wholesale Agent for the Pacific Coast, San Jose, Cal.

For sale by all druggists. The trade supplied by Redington & Co., Mack & Co., and Langley & Michaels, San Francisco.

Metropolitan Dental Parlors

PAINLESS EXTRACTION 927 MARKET STREET

For the purpose of introducing ourselves to the public we will for a short time insert fillings and do all other Dental Work for

The Cost of Materials Used Only.

We employ none but experienced operators and use First-Class Materials only.

CALL AND GET OUR PRICES. Fifth Floor. Take Elevator.

RUPTURE.

If ruptured, you naturally hope to obtain relief from pain, swelling, sore throat, and other troubles. It is a matter of fact that the "Hudyan" is the only medicine that will positively do the work, and is worth \$1.00 per bottle. It is a matter of fact that the "Hudyan" is the only medicine that will positively do the work, and is worth \$1.00 per bottle. It is a matter of fact that the "Hudyan" is the only medicine that will positively do the work, and is worth \$1.00 per bottle.

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