

WITNESSES PUT UPON THE RACK

Monotony of the Luetgert Trial Slightly Relieved.

Scholey's Character Is Torn Into Shreds by His Neighbors.

Important Testimony of a Teamster Who Was Employed by the Sausage Man.

Special Dispatch to THE CALL. CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 6.—The testimony to-day in the Luetgert trial was more interesting to the general public than it has been at any time for the past two weeks.

The dry, technical evidence of the experts gave way to impeachment evidence offered by the State against the witnesses for the defense who had stated on the stand that Mrs. Luetgert had been seen in the vicinity of Kenosha, Wis., within a few days after the murder is said to have been committed.

Evidence was introduced to show that Luetgert had not put any grease or chipped bone into his vats for making soap on the night of May 1, as his business partner, William Charles, had testified, because it had all been carted away on the morning before.

It was also shown that Luetgert had no occasion to make any soap, for when the factory was seized by a Deputy Sheriff several days after the murder is said to have been committed a great many barrels of soap belonging to him were found in the basement of the factory.

One of the strongest features in the rebuttal evidence offered in the trial to-day was the evidence of Adam Brinker, a teamster for the factory. It was in reference to the tallow and grease and chipped bone which George Eland said he delivered at the factory on May 1, and which William Charles testified was procured a some of the ingredients of soft soap, which was to be made for the purpose of thoroughly cleaning up the big sausage factory preliminary to its prospective sale to an English syndicate.

Experts who have been investigating sales of seal skins in London, in order to obtain evidence in support of the United States at the conference, have proved that 80 per cent of the skins sold by Canadian sealers are females, and that most of the animals were shot.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—Inquiry at the State Department today as to the information from the British Foreign Office that the British Government has refused to take part in any conference in which Russian and Japanese delegates participate.

John W. Foster, ex-Secretary of State, who is in charge of the interests of the United States in the Bering Sea seal fisheries matter, was asked about the statement that there would be two conferences—one between the United States and Great Britain, and the other between the United States, Russia and Japan, and he declined to discuss this point at the present time.

Hon. John W. Foster makes public the names of the following delegates who are to represent the Russian Government at the conference: Councillor Martens of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and professor of international law in the University of St. Petersburg; Count Gortchakov, former Russian diplomatic service, formerly attached to the legation of that country at Washington, and Councillor of State Grebitzky, Governor of the Commander Islands.

SECRETARY SHEPHERD PROTESTS. He Will Address a Letter to the Government of Great Britain.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 6.—A special from Washington says: The administration proposes to make clear to Great Britain the embarrassment she has caused this Government by her refusal to participate with Russia and Japan in the proposed sealing conference.

A note is now in course of preparation at the State Department which deprecates the withdrawal of the British Government at such a late hour and calls attention to the fact that the communication of Mr. Secretary Sherman addressed to Lord Salisbury, announced that Russia and Japan would be invited to take part in the conference.

THE STAND OF GREAT BRITAIN

Bars Russia and Japan From the Sealing Conference.

Will Not Meet With Representatives of Those Countries.

Her Action Due to Canadian Objections—The News at Washington.

Special Dispatch to THE CALL. LONDON, ENG., Oct. 6.—The officials of the British Foreign Office have communicated to the United States Ambassador, Colonel John Hay, the final decision of that Government that Great Britain must refuse to take part in any sealing conference with representatives of Russia and Japan.

The British Government does not suggest any date for a conference with the United States, and it is thought probable in London that Great Britain's withdrawal will result in two meetings—one between the United States, Russia and Japan and the other between the United States, Great Britain and Canada.

It cannot be too strongly reiterated that the withdrawal of Great Britain from the Washington conference is due to Canada's insistence, and that until the Canadian officials informed the Foreign Office here of Canada's objections to meeting Russia and Japan, out of fear of being outvoted, Great Britain fully intended to attend the conference with the other Governments.

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The British Government has, therefore, a reasonable ground at this time for refusing to participate, when she had already accepted an invitation to take part, knowing that Russia and Japan would be represented in the conference.

It is also noteworthy that the Administration will yield to the inevitable and ask Great Britain to send representatives to meet those of the United States. There is no intention, however, to abandon the proposed conference with representatives of Japan and Russia.

CHICAGO STOCK YARDS IN FLAMES

Fanned by a Brisk Wind Much Property Is Destroyed.

Several Persons Injured and an Unknown Burned to Death.

With Great Difficulty About Five Hundred Terrified Horses Are Saved.

Special Dispatch to THE CALL. CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 6.—Fanned by a strong wind from the west, a fire broke out in the Dexter Park pavilion at the Union Stock Yards this afternoon, spreading to the district between Halsted street and Union avenue and Forty-third and Forty-fifth streets, demolishing business houses and residences.

The worst sufferers among the residents were those living along Halsted street, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth. Business houses and residences alike, all of them frame structures, furnished ready material for the flames, which raged for 3 1/2 hours and then yielded to the vigorous work of the Fire Department.

The total damage to the Dexter Park Pavilion is estimated at about \$50,000, but it may exceed that sum, as the exact number of horses burned in the fire is not known, and a calculation of the amount of food stored in the pavilion is yet to be made.

A number of persons were injured during the fight with the flames, and one man, according to an employe of the stockyards, was burned to death. The injured are: Patrick Casey, employe of the stockyards, not seriously; Maurice Maloney, fireman, overcome by smoke and heat, will recover; P. F. Shearn, broken leg; Henry Walsh, employe of the stockyards, slightly burned; William Donnan, fireman, injured by falling timber, will recover.

The Dexter Park Pavilion stands only a few yards southwest of the main horse market, which is an immense frame affair, covered by a huge dome. For the latter building to have caught fire would have meant the destruction of the greater portion of the stockyards. The pavilion contained 500 horses, and it was with the greatest difficulty that they were rescued.

Patrick Casey, an employe of the stockyards, discovered the fire, and, after turning in the alarm, ran with three companions into the pavilion to release the horses. Many of them were in pens, and it was an easy matter to turn them loose, but a very different thing to get them out of the building. Casey and his companions narrowly escaped being trampled to death by the maddened animals as they endeavored to drive them through the doors. Casey was knocked down once and badly bruised, and Henry Walsh, who was also trying to release the horses, was injured in the same manner.

Neither man was seriously hurt, however. It was found impossible to get a single horse to leave the pavilion until the men by main strength dragged one through the doorway, and then the others followed rapidly. The flames spread so rapidly that not all of them could be saved, but it is not thought that many were destroyed.

The chief losses resulting from the fire are as follows: Dexter Park Pavilion, containing eight barns, \$50,000; feed in pavilion, \$6,000; freight cars belonging to the Union Stock Yards and Transit Company and the Chicago and Alton Railroad, \$10,000.

Twenty-eight residences and stores were damaged by the flames, the loss in each particular instance being small. The damaged buildings include all those between 4501 and 4103 Halsted street, not one building in the block between Forty-third and Forty-fifth streets, however.

During the progress of the fire the wild excitement was prevalent in its vicinity. People dragged their belongings out upon the sidewalks and began loading them into wagons and carts, and anything else that could be utilized to carry them away.

The body of the unknown man who was burned to death while attempting to save the horses was not recovered to-night. Rachel Cohen, 4 years old, was reported to be burned to death, left alone in her home, could not be found afterward.

YALE MEN AT HARVARD. The Cambridge Institution Is Filling Up With Them.

BOSTON, MASS., Oct. 6.—Yale's colony at Harvard is growing and never contained so many distinguished young graduates of the New Haven university as this year. Some of the most prominent athletes and other members of the class that was graduated from Yale last June have entered the Cambridge institution.

Fred Towsey Murphy, captain of last year's Yale football eleven, has just entered the medical school. Another of Yale's stars at Harvard, who has gone to Harvard, Harry Letton, Lyman Bass, for three years end rush on the Yale eleven, has also entered the Harvard law school. He is a nephew of Senator Tappan.

Dean George of Albany, son of the prominent philanthropist, will enter the law department. He was a football substitute for two years. Another member of last year's graduating class at Yale who will join them at Harvard is A. C. Johnson. He is a social right. W. S. Hubbard Jr., D. S. Tate and Reuben Hitchcock of last year's graduating class are all in Harvard's law school this fall.

Hitchcock is a member of the Phi Kappa Psi fraternity. Yale's fullback of '95, has entered the Harvard law school, and Lloyd W. Smith and Knight B. Wade, '95, are also in the school.

BY A MAJORITY OF ONE. The Peruvian Chamber of Deputies Adopts a Gold Standard.

SEVEN PERSONS PERISH BY FIRE

Holocaust in the South Dakota Industrial School.

Instructress and Six of Her Charges Cremated at Midnight.

Twenty-Five Others Escape With the Greatest Difficulty—No Fire-Fighting Apparatus.

Special Dispatch to THE CALL. PLANINGTON, S. D., Oct. 6.—One of the worst disasters in the history of the State occurred last midnight, when seven lives were lost by the burning of the girls' dormitory at the State Industrial School. The dead are:

Tillie Hooper, instructress. Mabel Tobert, aged 9, of Sioux Falls. Bessie Merry, aged 14, of Hot Springs. Ida Warner, aged 16, of Watertown. Christina Bergman, aged 11, of Yankton. Nellie Johnson, aged 13, of Grafton, N. Dak.

Lillian West, aged 11, of Sioux Falls. The burned structure was of wood, three stories in height and was but recently completed. The origin of the fire is unknown. The watchman saw the flames bursting from the upper windows while he was in a building some distance away. There was no fire-fighting apparatus at the school, and the buildings being over a mile from town, no aid could be rendered. In a short time the entire annex was enveloped in flames, and in less than twenty minutes from the time the fire was first seen the building was destroyed. Nothing whatever was saved. There were about twenty-five persons in the school, who escaped in their night clothes with the greatest difficulty.

Search for the bodies was commenced as soon as possible, and this afternoon all had been recovered and will be immediately buried. Each was burned beyond recognition.

FEITH AMBOY CONFLAGRATION. Estimate Smelting Works Destroyed, With a Loss of \$250,000.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The Guggenheim Smelting Works at Feith Amboy, N. J., were destroyed by fire last night and the loss is estimated at \$250,000. The property of the smelting works is about thirty acres in area.

Flames shot up from the smelting-room and the hundred workmen fled for their lives. The fire gained such rapid headway that before the firemen were on the scene the buildings were enveloped in flames.

The smelting works were the largest of the kind in the country. Yesterday Mr. Guggenheim went to an insurance agent to renew his policies, and it is thought that the loss is fully covered. The cause of the fire is not known.

BRAZIL'S FINANCIAL CRISIS. The President Gives Assurance That Her Obligations Will Be Met.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 6.—A Herald special from Buenos Ayres says that the President has given his personal assurance that all Brazil's obligations will be met despite the financial crisis in Brazil.

A big cargo of arms and ammunition intended for the Brazilian rebels in Rio Grande do Sul has been seized by the Government.

The prospects are excellent for a good wheat crop in Argentina. The locusts have not done as much damage as was expected.

For Supreme Judge of Nebraska. OMAHA, NEBR., Oct. 6.—The State Committee of the National Democratic party met at Lincoln yesterday and nominated Warren Switzler of Omaha to be candidate for Supreme Judge instead of James M. Woolworth, who resigned.

Switzler was chairman of the convention in this city, and attracted considerable attention by reason of his speech on that occasion.

CHESTER, ENGLAND, Oct. 6.—The doctors of the asylum for the insane in which Edward Langtry, the former husband of Mrs. Langtry, the actress, is confined, believe he is suffering from concussion of the brain.

The brain of an ant is larger, in proportion to its size, than that of any other known creature.

At the First Christian Church a series of dramatized sermons will commence within the next two weeks. The first will be given a week from Sunday and will be in the nature of a "good-time service." The church will be lighted by candles only, hymns are to be lined and the singing led by an old-fashioned leader with a tuning fork. The text of the sermon for that day will be "Seek ye the old paths." The first of the dramatized or illustrated sermons will have either "The Prodigal Son" for the subject, or "Seven, Seventeen and Seventy." These dramas will be given every second or third Sunday.

The Rev. Frank Ford, it will be remembered, was the originator of this style of church work. He gave at his church some months ago the illustrated parable of the "Seven Foolish Virgins." Mr. Ford is a great believer in originality, and believes in utilizing every means in his power to attract to his church the many who would not care to go to hear an ordinary service. Through the sense of sight, he says, sometimes a much more powerful lesson may be taught than in any other way.

FEVER GERMS IN EVERY QUARTER

New Orleans Board of Health Practically Powerless.

Forty New Cases and Five Deaths the Record of Yesterday.

Two Hundred and Fifty Patients Under Treatment—Sanitary Measures Ignored.

Special Dispatch to THE CALL. NEW ORLEANS, LA., Oct. 6.—Even as early as 6 o'clock this evening the day had proved a record breaker, both as to the number of cases and as to the number of deaths that had been reported. The increase of cases to-day was not unexpected. The weather has been warm during the afternoon especially, and the large territory of the Board of Health has to cover makes perfect scrutiny impossible. Germs are being distributed which, if the totality of cases was fewer, would easily be restrained.

While the number of cases under treatment to-day is in the neighborhood of 250, there are many houses which have not yet been infected, but in which the patients have been declared well. Less restraint than usual is imposed on the inmates of such premises, and the result has been that the number of foci has been increased. But the total death rate is still small in proportion to the number of cases. At 6 o'clock forty new cases had been reported and the following deaths: Jeanne M. Corte, Isolation Hospital; Emma Wall, 1521 Canby (Carrollton); Adelaide Rogers, 2250 Hospital; Robert Parry, 3801 Laurel; M. P. Brady, Jackson Barracks.

Two of the day's new cases are in Algiers, making seven that have appeared in that suburb. The disease has apparently died out at Ocean Springs.

Discrepancies in Court Accounts. SAN JOSE, CAL., Oct. 6.—The Finance Committee reported to the Board of Supervisors that numerous errors had been found in the books of Justice I. Herrington of Santa Clara, Justice J. D. Beggs of Los Gatos and ex-Judge W. H. Dwyer, formerly of this city. It appears that the officers have collected several hundred dollars that they are not entitled to under the fee bill. Justices Herrington and Beggs have been summoned to appear before the board to-morrow and explain these discrepancies. It is not known what action will be taken in Dwyer's case, as he is threatened with prosecution for immoral conduct if he ever returns to San Jose, and on such condition was allowed to resign his office.

IMPORTANT SOCIALIST MOVE. Menace to the Conservative Majority in the Prussian Diet.

HAMBURG, GERMANY, Oct. 6.—The Socialist Congress, sitting in this city, today adopted a resolution indorsing the decisions of the Zurich Congress in aid of the protection of labor, and also a resolution proposed by Herr Bebel, one of the Socialist leaders in the Reichstag, in favor of the Socialists taking part in the next Prussian elections.

This action of the congress is important. Under the present Prussian electoral system it is almost impossible for the Socialists to elect a representative to the Diet, but they are said to be willing to form an alliance with the advanced Liberals. Their participation in the elections, therefore, may result in breaking the Conservative majority in the Diet.

Captain Langtry's Unfortunate Plight. CHESTER, ENGLAND, Oct. 6.—The doctors of the asylum for the insane in which Edward Langtry, the former husband of Mrs. Langtry, the actress, is confined, believe he is suffering from concussion of the brain.

The brain of an ant is larger, in proportion to its size, than that of any other known creature.

FLYING ACROSS THE CONTINENT

Officers and Seamen to Join the Cruiser Baltimore.

Scheduled to Run From New York to Mare Island in Ninety-Six Hours.

The Lieutenant in Charge Will Later Head a Relief Expedition to the Yukon.

Special Dispatch to THE CALL. OMAHA, NEBR., Oct. 6.—A dozen naval officers and 101 seamen are aboard a special train hurrying across Nebraska tonight to San Francisco. The marines and the seadogs are on their way from New York to Mare Island. They have been ordered from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast to join the United States cruiser Baltimore, which is being fitted out for a voyage, presumably to Honolulu.

The special train bearing the party arrived in Council Bluffs about midnight, and the men were there transferred to another special of four cars on the Union Pacific Railway. The men left New York on Monday at 10 A. M. and are due in San Francisco on Friday at 10 A. M., taking but ninety-six hours to cross the continent. It is estimated that this is the fastest run that has been made across the continent since the Jarrett & Palmer train in 1876, which made the trip in eighty-one hours. The route is via the Pennsylvania from New York to Chicago, the Milwaukee from Chicago to Council Bluffs, the Union Pacific from Council Bluffs to Ogden and the Southern Pacific from Ogden to San Francisco.

The party is in charge of Lieutenant G. M. Stoney, flag lieutenant of the Pacific station. Lieutenant Stoney will remain in San Francisco and head an expedition to the Yukon River. It will be in the nature of a relief expedition, but he does not expect to be able to render any aid before spring, though the expedition will be pushed as far north as possible at once.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS AS A NAVAL RESERVE. Forty-Two American Vessels Would Be Available If Needed.

Navy Department Collecting Information as to Others That Could Be Utilized.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 6.—A dispatch from Washington says: The Navy Department has sent letters to the leading steamship agents, whose vessels have American registry, asking for information as to the displacement, speed and general adaptability of the vessels for war purposes. All ships of great tonnage now built in this country are so constructed that they would readily meet the requirements of the navy as auxiliary cruisers, should their services be required.

The navy at present carries on its list of vessels that would be available as commerce destroyers in war time the names of forty-two ships, thirty-two of which are on the Atlantic coast, six on the Pacific and the rest on the great lakes. The Chief Constructor Hitchborn, under whose construction plans are being drawn by which the St. Louis type of vessels could be converted into formidable modern auxiliary cruisers, estimates that he can send the St. Louis to sea in three weeks, fully equipped with an effective battery and with the vitals well protected by a system of coal bunkers. He estimates that the navy now has about one dozen ships which could be quickly converted under the plans already perfected, and states that others could be made available in a little more time.

He anticipates that at least five years will be required to complete plans for the full list of vessels carried on the list of merchant ships that could be used for war purposes, and by that time rifles will have been delivered at the navy-yard for every one of such ships.

Captain O'Neil, the ordnance chief, will, in his annual report, now in preparation, urge that \$500,000 be provided with

which to manufacture guns for reserve purposes. These guns he proposes assembling at New York, Norfolk and League Island, with cargoes and equipment complete, so that they can be mounted on shipboard at short notice.

FANATIC SINGING FALLS. Taken by Brazilian Troops After Desperate Fighting.

RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL, Oct. 6.—Canudos, the stronghold of the fanatics under Antonio Conselheiro, has fallen. It has been captured by the Government troops after a desperate engagement with the revolutionists. Antonio Conselheiro has been taken prisoner.

This is the third announcement from Rio Janeiro since April last of the capture of Canudos by the Government troops, but the first time that Antonio Conselheiro, the leader of the fanatics, has been reported among the prisoners.

If this extraordinary individual, a strange combination of priest, warrior and man of affairs, has fallen into the hands of the Government troops the cause of the fanatics has suffered the most damaging blow it has yet received.

"Antonio, the Counselor," as he is called by his followers, has been from the outset the backbone of the insurrection in Bahia, and without his presence and direction it is likely to collapse.

OBLITERATED ALL RECORDS. Remarkable Honeymoon Trip of the Kaiser Wilhelm.

PLYMOUTH, ENG., Oct. 6.—The North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Captain Engelbart, from New York for Bremen, arrived here at 3:05 this afternoon. The time of passage from New York to Plymouth was five days, fifteen hours and ten minutes. The big ship's average speed was 21.91 knots per hour, and her highest speed, 24.5 knots per hour. The best time heretofore was that of the Hamburg liner, First Bismarck, six days, nine hours and twenty-four minutes.

War Gave the South a Flower. A Southern man tells the Washington Post that a daisy was never known in the South until after the war. Now every part of the South visited by the Union army is covered with daisies. "Sherman brought them to us," he said, "and the march to the sea can be followed in the summer time by keeping where the daisy grows. The seed seems to have been transported in the hay that was brought along to feed the horses. This is the only explanation that has ever been made of it."

NEW TO-DAY. NEW CURE FOR ALL DISEASES!

In this age of deep thought, profound reasoning and scientific research, almost every day gives birth to some new invention or valuable discovery. In the great battle of health against disease, our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL CURE stands pre-eminent and alone. It is unequalled and is the most advanced and successful method of treatment for all classes of diseases ever known.

There are many diseases which are positively incurable through electrical or medical treatment, but which can be quickly cured by way before the combined influence of these two great agents which form our NEW ELECTRO-MEDICAL CURE.

This wonderful combination of electricity with medicine is mighty and magical in its action—one penetrating the system from without and the other from within, hand in hand, and ferreting out the most minute lurking places of disease, thus neutralizing it, and exterminating it, vitalizing the entire system, quickly healing and restoring to the most moribund and despairing patients to grand and glorious health.

SUFFERERS, YOUNG OR OLD. Victims of that death-dealing disease, Nervous Debility, whether resulting from youthful indiscretions or from excesses in adult life, followed by exhaustive diseases which sap the vitality, weakens the body and mind, and causes all manner of most horrible ailments, waste no time nor money on old worn-out methods of treatment, for in our NEW ELECTRO-MEDICAL CURE you will find what you long have sought, a sure, safe, speedy and scientific annihilator of disease even in its most aggravated forms.

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HOWARD SPRINGS, LAKE COUNTY. UNDER THE ABLE SUPERVISION OF MRS. L. E. HEBB. Accommodations strictly first-class. Electric light, and every facility for families. P. O. and telephone, Round trip \$10. S. F. Office, 615 Market St., S.F.

SKAGGS' HOT SPRINGS, Sonoma Co., only 4 1/2 hours from San Francisco, and but 9 miles staging. OPEN UNTIL NOVEMBER 1. J. F. MULGREW, Proprietor.

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DR. COOK SPECIALIST FOR MEN 855 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

NEW YORK POLITICS IN A QUEER Muddle

Tammany and Croker's Ticket Meet With Rebuffs on Every Hand.

Republican Dissensions May Cause the Defeat of Tracy-Henry George's Chances.

Special Dispatch to THE CALL. NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Tammany is in a turmoil. It is meeting with rebuffs on every side and the outlook for Mr. Croker's ticket is far from rosy.

Colonel William L. Brown, a member of the Tammany executive committee, and Dr. William J. O. Sullivan, counsel for the Central Labor Union and the medical expert of Carrie Harris fame, sent their resignations to John Sheehan to-day.

Colonel Brown's loss is a severe one to the Wigwam. He is editor of one of the two newspapers that supported Tammany and Bryan in the national campaign and it is probable that his paper, the Evening News, will declare for Henry George in a few days. Colonel Brown, in his letter of resignation, affirmed his personal friendship for Sheehan and his opposition to the return of Crokerism and the dictation of candidates.

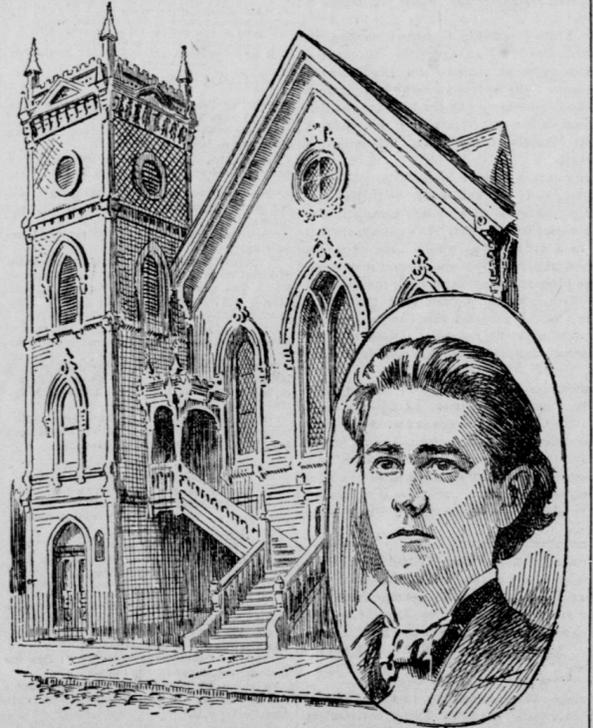
To-night Seth Low made the opening speech of his campaign at Cooper Union. His talk was cleverly made, but it was hardly more than a repetition of the Citizens' Union platform. Whenever General Tracy's name was mentioned it evoked applause, whereas Mr. Low's remarks were received with only moderate enthusiasm.

The followers of Henry George seem eager, but the single-taxer's ranks are apt to be split by jealousy. There are many contenting factions, and the promise tonight is that there will be no less than three tickets in the field, with George at the head of each, and George is liable to be sold out by any of these for some minor office.

So far as the Republican situation goes there is no appreciable change. The responsibility for non-union against Tammany Hall rests with the Citizens' Union, and no amount of evasion, no excess of quibbling, can alter the fact. To the last minute, before making nominations the Republicans stood ready to accept a compromise candidate on whom all anti-Tammany voters could unite. It never has changed its position. Even now, to save New York from Tammany, it would unite upon a candidate acceptable to the great mass of honest government voters. But the Citizens' Union says: "No, it must be Low or nobody."

TO PRODUCE "THE FIRST BORN." Chicago to Be Treated to the Great San Francisco Success.

CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 6.—The Columbia Theater of this city has made arrangements for the production the latter part of this month of the San Francisco dramatic sensation, "The First Born," which has such a phenomenal run in San Francisco.



At the First Christian Church a series of dramatized sermons will commence within the next two weeks. The first will be given a week from Sunday and will be in the nature of a "good-time service." The church will be lighted by candles only, hymns are to be lined and the singing led by an old-fashioned leader with a tuning fork. The text of the sermon for that day will be "Seek ye the old paths." The first of the dramatized or illustrated sermons will have either "The Prodigal Son" for the subject, or "Seven, Seventeen and Seventy." These dramas will be given every second or third Sunday.