

WEDDING BELLS AT A DINNER

Luis Loaiza Chooses a Strange Place for His Marriage.

HIS BRIDE AN OLD SWEETHEART.

A Pretty Romance That Began Years Ago in Guaymas, Mexico.

WERE CONSTANT SEVEN YEARS.

Justice Kerrigan Unites Lovers Who Remained True Despite Parental Objection.

Luis Loaiza, the scion of the wealthy Spanish family of that name, chose a queer time and place for his wedding to the girl of his choice. It will be a surprise to the friends of the dashing Luis to know that he is married at all, yet the fact is that he was united on the evening of October 30 to Enriqueta E. Donde, a handsome girl of Castilian lineage, in a private room at Marchand's restaurant.

W. Loaiza, the head of the firm of W. Loaiza & Co. of 218 and 220 Sansome street, is the father of the groom and is one of the wealthiest of the Spanish business men of San Francisco.

The marriage came as a surprise to him, as well as to the rest of the proud family that bears his name.

In fact, the marriage is the end of a romance which began several years ago. The Loaizas came here from Guaymas, Mexico, where for generations back they occupied a high social as well as commercial position.

Nearly if not altogether, equal in rank was the Donde family, of which she is now Mrs. Luis Loaiza was the pride and pet.

A friendship that soon ripened into love sprang up between young Don Luis and the handsome Enriqueta, but there was an objection to their union in the shape of an old feud, such as often divides the old Spanish families.

Years passed on and many of Loaiza's San Francisco friends wondered why he remained single, while the same query entered the minds of the girl's friends.

Then came a change and Miss Donde obtained the permission of her parents to visit friends in San Francisco, and her coming to California was communicated to the waiting Luis. He met his sweetheart at the steamer and vowed that had been made year before were renewed.

A license was quietly procured and Justice Kerrigan was asked to perform the ceremony. The couple could not reach his office before closing hour, so it was necessary to see him later.

Judge Kerrigan was engaged as toastmaster at a banquet that evening, and it finally happened that the lovers should meet him there.

Just before the banquet began a hack dashed up to the restaurant and Loaiza, his bride and a notary's clerk, who was to act as witness, alighted. Judge Kerrigan was called and in a private room the ceremony that made the couple one was performed.

Buying in the City.
The efforts of the Manufacturers and Importers' League to bring county merchants to the city to make their purchases of stock are meeting with success. In the past the custom has been for those having stores in the various parts of the State to make their purchases from Eastern druggists and pay no thought to the fact that in this State there are manufacturers of every commodity that the average customer desires, and that the prices are reasonable. The plan of the league is to provide those who make their purchases in this city with tickets entitling them to free transportation to their homes. This offer is attracting many, and in consequence the local producer is being benefited. Yesterday a dozen county merchants registered at the headquarters in the Mills building. Their purchases in this city amount to from \$500 to \$2000.

Postmasters Use It.
Uncle Sam selects locations well exposed to the sun's rays. You can secure the same effect by using Myers' open-front oil heater. This is the kind that heats you first and the room at the same time. It is cheaper for sunlight heat on a frosty morning or wet night than the doctor. John F. Myers & Co., 947 Market st.

Three Insolvent Debtors.
Owen McCann of 3107 Twenty-sixth street has filed a petition in insolvency, with debts amounting to \$2412.90 and no available assets. J. H. Dolan holds Mr. McCann's papers for \$3347.50. The insolvent's real estate is valued at \$5000, but as it is a mortgaged house creditors can get out of it.

Louis Vincent, a San Francisco butcher, has filed a petition in insolvency, with liabilities amounting to \$2162.20 and assets worth \$292.50. Frederick Jantzen, a salesman, is insolvent. He owes \$1310.45 and has no available assets.

NEW TO-DAY!
RED ROUGH HANDS
Itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails, and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scaly scalp, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA, Soap, and gentle anointing with CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure.

Cuticura
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CAPRON'S GENEROSITY

Regretted That He Had Given His Property to Stepchildren.

Judge A. L. Fitzgerald Represented as the Dead Man's Jealous Adviser.

More Than Twenty Grains of Morphine Administered Daily by His Physicians.

Mrs. Hattie M. Kearney was the most interesting witness in the John S. Capron will contest yesterday. She gave a detailed account of the daily life of the Capron household for several years prior to the death of her stepfather, Mr. Capron.

First of all Mrs. Kearney declared that she was never cruel or unkind to Mr. Capron. This was in contradiction of statements made by Judge A. L. Fitzgerald of Nevada, who recalled conversations in which the decedent had declared that he was cruelly treated by Mrs. Kearney.

A photograph of Mrs. Capron, mother of the witness, was presented in evidence, on the back of which Mr. Capron had noted the fact that Mrs. Capron had died June 16, 1887.

Mrs. Kearney remembered a Christmas dinner in 1884, and also recalled that Mr. Capron was not in the house on April 16, 1897. She recollected the date because it was Good Friday, and she and her sisters were compelled to break their engagements so that they could attend to him, he being ill. The witness said:

My father's health became better, and on Easter Day we wanted him to go to the cathedral to listen to the music, which was especially attractive, and which we thought would get ready in time. We offered to help him. He got behind the portieres, and we heard him tearing or ripping something, and found him had ripped and torn a leg of his trousers, and he was in a very violent humor, saying that Judge Fitzgerald had told him that he was foolish to have given his property to his stepchildren.

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This appears to have been the beginning of the disturbance in the Capron household, for after that there were frequent outbursts of passion on the part of Mr. Capron. Mrs. Kearney continued:

Mr. Capron began to talk this way about July, 1895. The burden of it was that Judge Fitzgerald had told him of his foolish act in giving the property to us. He would take issue with me, and he would say that I ministered by the doctors hypocritically. We never advised such treatment. We were opposed to it, and we were not to be deceived. He said he was an old man, and he thought it did him good. Every time that Judge Fitzgerald came to see him, he would say that he was distressed and passed sleepless nights, and had his bad attacks in consequence of the conversations. So we told Judge Fitzgerald that we were not to be deceived. He said it had a bad effect. We advised the Judge to talk about the theater or books or something besides business, and he said he would.

In Mrs. Kearney's opinion Mr. Capron was of unsound mind from August 1, 1896, until he died. She said that the first violent attack was when she tried to give him bromide to quiet his nerves in 1896. He objected to the medicine, and when she pressed him to take it he flew into a rage and referred to what Judge Fitzgerald had suggested about the property.

There was an intimation of antagonism to Judge Fitzgerald's family in the statement that the witness and her sisters had declined to meet Judge Fitzgerald's daughter in a social way when the young lady called at their house. They told Mr. Capron to give any excuse he desired, as they had no desire to meet Miss Fitzgerald. Subsequently they met her in a business way, when they were all called together in order that Mr. Capron might give to Miss Fitzgerald to understand that the property had been transferred to his stepchildren, and that the money on account of Judge Fitzgerald's debt was to be paid to the children.

All the hypodermic injections given to Mr. Capron, the witness said, were administered by his physicians, Dr. J. Perrault and Dr. E. L. Perrault. The morphine was taken by Mr. Capron at first to relieve the pains of sciatica, and after that he took it at his own desire. She said that her sisters made a contract to pay Dr. E. L. Perrault \$50 a month for his medical attention to Mr. Capron, including the hypodermic administrations of morphine.

The patient took morphine also in the form of a potion. An offer was made to cure Mr. Capron, but he objected, saying that he had no desire to quit, as it was the only thing that gave him relief.

WILL CHANGE THE LIST.

Colonel Sullivan Planning to Strengthen the New Democratic Executive Committee.

The local branch of the Democracy, headed by Colonel W. P. Sullivan, engaged permanent headquarters at 850 Market street yesterday. A meeting of the new executive committee named by Sullivan to succeed those who were standard and went into Rainey's camp will be held to-night, and an effort will be made to amend the constitution. Sullivan and his advisers realize that the committee is not as strong as it might be, as some of the new members have in the past been actively engaged in politics with Rainey and Buckley.

As the constitution of the party now stands, it was necessary to select the executive committee from the field, and the general committee. In several districts Sullivan was unable to find members who had not been at some time followers of Rainey. Under the circumstances he named those whom he thought might have tired of their allegiance to the old Democratic bosses. To get rid of the doubtful ones and permit of the selection of men who are not allied to either boss it was necessary to amend the constitution so that the committee may be selected from the body of the party and not from the old general committee.

Citizens' Republican Party.
The County Committee of the Citizens' Republican Party, headed by Martin Kelly and Senator Mahoney, will be called together during the week to make preparations for taking a hand in the election for freeholders next month. Some of the members favor the plan of placing an independent ticket in the field, but it is not improbable that they will insist on the nominees of one of the other conventions.

Coughs and colds cured with Low's
honey cough syrup, price 10c, 417 San some st.

BIDDING FOR ALASKA TRADE

Local Merchants Keenly Alive to the Coming Situation.

This Is the Best Outfitting Point on the Western Coast.

Will Make Tempting Offers for the Patronage of Travelers to the Klondike.

The Alaska trading committee of the Merchants' Association is to hold a big meeting to-day in the rooms of the City Board of Trade, at 202 Market street, at which there will be present representatives of the other leading bodies and of the transportation companies. It was not until the association took hold of the matter of saving to this city the trade that is going to Alaska that anything was done. The cities of the north saw their opportunity and made a great bid for all of the Alaska business that their citizens knew would surely go to the far north during the coming year. After money had been raised on the advantages of Seattle, Portland, Tacoma and other points in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia had been magnified so as to make the Klondike travelers believe that these were the best outfitting points the Merchants' Association of this city began to wake up.

Since then the committee of this body has been looking after the trade in a manner that indicates that no further tricks will be lost. The other commercial bodies of San Francisco have joined in the movement in a way that shows their sincerity. Support also comes from several shipping companies that are interested in the northern trade. Aside from the vessels now afloat others are to be built. At present it is known that six companies are to construct steam vessels that will enter into the competition for this trade. One company will build three steamers and the others at least one each, and maybe more. These will have a tonnage from 10,000 and upward. Nearly every prominent merchant and outfitter in the city is interested in the movement to secure the bulk of the coming trade, and in the next meeting some means will be devised to accomplish the desired end. F. J. Parsons, the vice-president of the City Board of Trade, in discussing the matter says:

There can be no possible question as to the desirability of this movement for the purpose of securing the immense trade that is sure to go to Alaska during the coming season. In order to do so, however, it is absolutely necessary that the business men of this city should move quickly. There is not a minute to lose. Other places are working as they never worked before for any purpose. We may reasonably expect to draw at least 75,000 people to San Francisco en route for Alaska. If proper measures are immediately adopted, few realize the immense advantages to the city that this means. Each person will spend \$250 or more, thus making the enormous sum of \$18,750,000. I would suggest as one way of spending the money secured by the committee that of sending men East with stereopticons, or better, animatomes; also the opening of a bureau of information that will furnish information as to where to purchase, what to purchase and how to outfit. I would also have men meet parties on the road before reaching San Francisco.

There will certainly be thousands of people that will start for the Klondike who, upon reaching San Francisco, will cease of the impossibility of getting through owing to the congested conditions at St. Michael. These will remain here and many of them will locate in the State, going into our mines and on our farms. We certainly have better advantages in California for making money than can be found in Alaska, and the committee should properly present them. Our mines are ready for work and no prospecting is necessary. It remains to be seen whether our business men will meet the emergency.

A Protest on Teas.
Thomas D. Riordan is preparing the papers for a suit to enjoin Collector Jackson from detaining a lot of Canton tea shipped from that port to Chinese merchants in this city for consumption here. The tea was condemned by Tea Inspector Tooley, and under the regulations of the department it will have to be shipped out of the country by the consignees or destroyed by the collector within six months. Mr. Riordan contends that the tea board did not make any standard for Canton tea and that therefore the tax-examiner has no jurisdiction.

John Mooney, His Wife and Her Brother, Michael Dromey, the Victims.
The accident happened Saturday, but the bodies were not found until yesterday.

John H. Mooney, Kate Mooney, his wife, and Michael Dromey, a brother of Mrs. Mooney, were found dead in their beds from accidental asphyxiation by natural gas at their home, 325A Fremont street, last evening.

The bodies were discovered by Charles Martin and Officer Royston at about 7 o'clock in the evening, and had evidently lain where they were from Saturday night. Mr. and Mrs. Mooney were in an alcove of the room occupied by Dromey, and five of the gas jets were open and another one was partially open.

The people are well-to-do, a bank book showing that Mrs. Mooney had on deposit \$2883 11 in the Hibernia Savings and Loan Bank. Mooney owned the house in which he lived, occupying with his family the upper portion and renting the lower part to a family named Peterson.

The brother, Michael Dromey, has been employed for the last twenty years as a stevedore driver on the Montgomery-street line. At the time of his death he was all ready to make a visit to his old home in Ireland and had among his effects a railroad ticket from San Francisco to New York and a second-class steamship ticket from New York to Queenstown. A draft for \$150 on the Donohoe-Kelly Banking Company of San Francisco and New York and a duplicate draft for \$462 13 on the Bank of Ireland, Dublin, both drawn in favor of Dromey, were among the possessions found in his room.

Mooney was foreman in the shops of the Hammond Car Company, and was a sober, industrious man. He was a stout 55 years old, his wife 40 and Dromey 45.

Charles Martin, who discovered the bodies, roomed in the house with the Mooneys and also worked in the Hammond carshops. He was taken to the Central police station last night, and after making his statement was released. He said he went to his room at 11 o'clock Saturday night and heard Mr. and Mrs. Mooney talking. The next morning, Sunday, he left the house at 8 o'clock and returned about 7 in the evening. He smelt something peculiar, but thought it was paint, as the house was being repaired. Yesterday morning he got up at 6:30 and went to work. Mooney did not show up at the carshop and a man was sent to the house to see what was the matter. He could get no answer to his knock at the door, and on his return to the shops Martin went with Officer Royston, entered the house and found the bodies.

Dromey was married and lived at 248 Clementina street. His wife has been sick with pneumonia for the past three months, and last Friday he left the house to get a doctor, saying that he would return soon. This is the last time his wife saw him.

The police say that Dromey was quite a heavy drinker at times. It is supposed that he became intoxicated and instead of going home went to his sister's room and the accident was the result of his condition.

A NEW CHILEAN CONSUL ARRIVES.

Colonel Leoncio E. Tagli of Santiago.
President Don Frederico A. Errazuriz of the Republic of Chile has sent here to be Consul at San Francisco a hero of the Peruvian war, Colonel Tagli, who was formerly Secretary of State and Governor of one of the provinces of Chile.

The new Consul is comparatively a young man. His light brown hair, reddish mustache and florid complexion do not suggest that he is from South America any more than the fair skin and beautiful auburn hair of his charming young wife indicate a tropical race.

Colonel Tagli was educated twenty-four years ago in the East, but has not since been in the United States, and his English has suffered from long disuse. He has, however, in latter years been to France and speaks French.

OPEN GAS JETS TELL THE STORY

Three More Unfortunates Meet Their Death by Asphyxiation.

THE RESULT OF AN ACCIDENT.

John Mooney, His Wife and Her Brother, Michael Dromey, the Victims.

TRILY WERE WELL-TO-DO PEOPLE.

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SHOT IN HER BREAST.

Mrs. Griffin Found in a Bathroom Room Dangerously Wounded.

She Explains the Strange Circumstances as Being Caused by Domestic Trouble.

The police are investigating the case of a married woman who was shot in the left breast Sunday morning either by herself or by somebody else.

The woman is Mrs. James Griffin, 411 Tenth street. She is about 35 years of age and has two children, a boy and a girl. Her husband is a machinist in the employ of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company.

The police did not know about the shooting until yesterday morning and Captain Spillane at once detailed Detective O'Dea to make an investigation.

The result of O'Dea's inquiries was that Mrs. Griffin had attempted to commit suicide Sunday morning, between 10 and 11 o'clock, when she went into the bathroom, locked the door, and shortly afterward her sister, Miss Ashton, was startled by hearing two shots fired from the direction of the bathroom.

Mrs. Griffin is a machinist and his duties compel him to work at all hours. He worked all Saturday night and did not reach home till about 11 o'clock Sunday morning when his sister-in-law told him that she had been shot and had been unable to open the bathroom door.

Griffin forced open the door and found his wife lying unconscious on the floor, with a revolver beside her. Two chambers were empty. He at once summoned Dr. E. P. Driscoll, who made an examination and found that there was a wound in Mrs. Griffin's left breast, near the heart.

A SEA STORY

First Mate John Johnson Accused of Sickening Brutality.

The Mate Arrested for Cruelly Breaking the Arm of a Sick Seaman.

The Administration of the Associated Cycling Clubs Blamed.

THREATS OF MANY WITHDRAWALS.

Chairman Welch of the Receiving Board Censured for His Severity.

A case of alleged cruelty on the high seas was brought to the attention of United States Commissioner Heacock yesterday morning by two sailors of the American ship John A. Briggs. The men are Charles Jarvela and George Nichols. Both are suffering with scurvy, caused, they say, by scanty and improper food.

The crew of fourteen men shipped from Baltimore for the voyage to this port, Captain J. W. Balch being the skipper and John Johnson being the first mate. From the very start the men say that they were placed on a meager allowance, consisting of two slices of salt junk cut as thin as ordinary strapping paper, half a loaf of bread and a couple of potatoes at each meal. Five times a week they had a watery soup which the captain facetiously called pea soup at one time and bean soup at another time. On Sundays they were treated to canned meat.

According to their story they had not been more than a month on the way when the supply of potatoes became exhausted, so that for the remaining five months of the voyage the crew were without vegetables. The ration of bread in the absence of potatoes was too small, and when the men demanded a more liberal allowance Captain Balch acceded to their demand and allowed them a whole loaf at each meal, but with a rare sense of Nero-like humor instructed the cook to make the loaves a little smaller than half a loaf.

The men became so hungry that they used to eat the grease which was used for lubricating the machinery, and they were obliged to endure their treatment, for every complaint was answered with a blow from the fist of the mate, John Johnson. In fact it was his habit, say the complainants, to enforce all his commands with a blow in the face of the miserable sailor who might be the object of his attention for the time being. On one occasion, on July 23, Jarvela was ordered by the mate to move faster. Jarvela replied that on account of the scurvy he could not move any faster than he was doing, whereupon Johnson struck him a heavy blow in the face with his fist, knocking him down so forcibly as to dislocate his arm. On August 2 the mate beat him again and broke his nose, kicking him in the ribs by way of variety.

During the voyage of 162 days the other scurvy-stricken sailor, George Nichols, was beaten more than 100 times, according to his own system of computation.

Abel Peterson is another of the crew who says that he was brutally beaten by the mate. He was not only beaten with fists, but was also knocked down with the blow of a broom-handle and remained senseless for fully five minutes.

The captain is alleged to have been a witness of all these cruelties, but never remonstrated with his mate or attempted to save the men from his fury.

Nichols is worse afflicted with the scurvy than his companion in misery. He showed the Commissioner what when a stick his finger on his body a deep wound was seen, the skin not having sufficient energy to spring back.

Jarvela and Nichols each swore to separate complaints against Mate Johnson being heard and warning seamen on the high seas, and the warrant was served by a United States Deputy Marshal late in the afternoon.

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DAY CITY WHEELMEN ARE ANGRY

Think That Krafts and Kenna Have Been Badly Treated.

LATTER MADE A SCAPEGOAT.

The Administration of the Associated Cycling Clubs Blamed.

THREATS OF MANY WITHDRAWALS.

Chairman Welch of the Receiving Board Censured for His Severity.

A new element, and one that may change the complexion of affairs, has been injected into the battle between the California Associated Cycling Clubs and the North California Division, League of American Wheelmen, for supremacy in cycling affairs on the Pacific Coast.

A strong element in the Bay City Wheelmen, the main support of the association in this city, has taken umbrage at the manner in which the members of the club have been handled and they are openly saying that unless the administration of the organization changes they will refuse to ride in its meetings or participate in any of its affairs.

The blame for the present condition of affairs is laid at the door of Chairman R. M. Welch of the racing board of the association, who is styled a "dictator," a "disturbing spirit" and other things quite as complimentary. With the association here and its objects the cyclists are heartily in accord.

The trouble began over the placing of Krafts, the crack road-rider of the Bay City, in the professional ranks. It was claimed that the steward hero of the road was no more entitled to be retired from the amateur ranks than dozens of others, and that a confidence was violated when he was to ride in a little meet where no prize was offered, and his objects are heartily in accord.

Then came the suspension of J. R. Kenna, the Bay City's track pet, who was put on the shelf for a year because he dared to ride in a little meet where no prize was offered, and his objects are heartily in accord.

It is pointed out that riders who have competed in open L. A. W. meets were an admission was charged were only suspended for thirty or sixty days, and that it was clearly the intention of making Kenna a scapegoat that prompted Welch to give him such a severe sentence.

His only offense was riding at a meet where no admission was charged. The most severe disciplinarians say that six months of the track would have been ample punishment, and really more than the officials warranted.

The utterance of the chairman of the racing board regarding the Academic League and other organizations are brought up as evidence that he is assuming the functions of a dictator. Those who have the interests of the association most at heart point out that his policy should have been to affiliate with such organizations as the Academic Athletic League and the Pacific Coast representatives of the Amateur Athletic Union rather than to antagonize them.

The officers who shape the policy of the Bay City are determined that the club shall stay in line with the association, but they are having a hard time to control the element that would withdraw from the association.

NAMED FOR FREEHOLDERS.

Citizens From Among Whom the Charter Convention Will Select Its Nominees.

The special order of business at the Charter Convention next Thursday evening will be the election of fifteen nominees for freeholders. It was originally intended to select the nominees from the body of the convention, but on the recommendation of a sub-committee appointed to pass on the eligibility of the members to serve in the event of their election as freeholders, it was decided to allow members to place in nomination the names of citizens who are friendly to the principles of the convention. The nominees will be as follows: Six Republicans, six Democrats and three who are not identified with either of these parties.

It was found that 62 of the number were eligible as freeholders, but a number of them declined to serve. The nominations for candidates outside of the members of the convention closed at noon yesterday, and it is believed that not a few of the members will withdraw their names at the convention who are eligible and have not thus far declined.

Republicans—P. A. Bergerot, Joseph Britton, F. S. Chadbourne, H. N. Clement, George Davis, R. E. Birt, John T. English, George K. Fitch, George R. Fletcher, William Fries, Warren A. Gregory, C. E. Grunsky, S. C. Hammond, A. Herbst, Hugo D. Keil, Herbert E. Law, John J. Maloney, Frank Maskey, John Nightingale, C. N. Nohmann, Lippman Sachs, Leon Samuel, A. Starbore, F. P. Stone, Vanderlyn Siew, M. F. Taylor, L. J. Truman and C. A. Zinkand.

Democrats—James Butler, A. Comte Jr., J. H. Grady, Isidor Gutie, M. C. Hassett, William T. Hess, Sheldon G. Kellogg, P. H. McCarthy, Stewart Menzies, Joseph O'Connor, T. I. O'Brien, E. B. Pond, Osmond Putnam, E. R. Taylor, E. P. E. Tracy, A. A. Watkins, James G. Webster and W. F. Wilson.

Other parties—J. A. Anderson, Alfred Crigoe, Oliver Everett and A. W. Thompson.

In addition to the above-named the following citizens, not members of the convention, have been placed in nomination: Republicans—Edward Danforth, A. S. Hallidie, M. H. Hecht, Louis Sloss Jr., George D. Squires and George W. Dow. Democrats—W. F. Good, Patrick Holland, William J. Biggy, P. M. Weilin and T. C. Van Ness.

BENNETT AGAIN A PRISONER

Captured by the Police of British Columbia.