

MET JARVIS' PARTY NEAR CAPE HOPE

Tilton and His Men Supplied With Provisions.

Relief Expedition Guide Sent to Lead Them Southward.

Evidence That the Mission of the Bear's Crew Has Been Accomplished.

HAS SAVED THE WHALERS

Third Officer of the Belvidere the Bearer of Reassuring News.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

PORTLAND, April 6.—G. F. Tilton, third officer of the whaler ship Belvidere, now frozen in northern waters near Point Barrow, arrived in Portland to-day on the steamship Albion. He says he has eighteen typewritten pages of his ship's log, which were copied for him by a friend at St. Michael, but he is imbued with the idea that his story is worth a fortune and will say very little about his trip. However, he denies the report that he knows anything about Andree. His story merely relates to the sufferings of his fellow seamen and the condition of the fleet when he left it. He came down from the ship with dogs, and, when asked what became of them, and big bears sprang to his eyes as he said: "They froze to death."

With Tilton were K. Klotchoff, guide of the expedition under Lieutenant Jarvis that was sent on the revenue cutter Bear last fall to rescue the whalers, and two natives, a man and a woman, who came from Northwestern Alaska with Tilton and Klotchoff. The men could not keep their mouths wholly closed on their voyage down, which occupied ten days, and to the officers of the ship and to passengers they dropped remarks that gave some indication of their mission.

After being about the middle of October that Tilton left his ship with the best equipment he could get and started alone to travel out overland from the ice-bound whaling fleet in the Arctic Ocean. His object was to reach St. Michael, about 600 miles southwesterly. He picked up the native couple to assist him on the trip, and very important service was rendered by them.

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A little schooner carried the party from Kodiak Island to Port Etches, about forty miles this side of Port Valdes, where they arrived in time to board the steamship Albion, which ran down for water. They boarded the Albion on March 25 and came through her.

SALE OF DIRECTOR AND RED WILKES

Two Famous Stallions Disposed Of at the Cloverdale Stock Farm.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—The great stallions Director and Red Wilkes were sold at auction to-day on the Cloverdale stock farm of the late Andrew H. Moore at Colmar, Pa. Director, four years old, was sold for \$15,000, and Red Wilkes, three years old, for \$12,500. The sale was held by Robert McAfee of Allegheny, representing the Louest Grove stock farm of Newcastle, Pa. Red Wilkes was bought by William C. Hendrickson, proprietor of the Bellemeade stock farm of Bellemeade, N. J., for the small sum of \$900. Director Moore, 4 years old, half brother of Nancy Hanks, was sold for \$12,500 to M. Wilson of Reading, Pa.

Director is one of the finest-bred trotters in the world, but he is 22 years of age and his future usefulness in the stud is problematic. Red Wilkes is 24 years old and is the best of his kind. He is a trotting list, including fourteen that have trotted a mile under 2:15. Among the thoroughbreds sold to-day were: Mudron record 2:20; James Butler, East View, N. J., for \$12,000; Margaret S. 2:12 1/2; to W. H. Achuff, Philadelphia, \$10,000; a yearling, bred by Nancy Hanks to P. Duryea, Lexington, Ky., for \$500.

ON EASTERN TRACKS.

Tom Collins Wins the Climax Stakes at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 6.—Four and a half furlongs—Grace Darling won, Miss Trux second, Miss Meade third. Time, 1:51 1/4. Six furlongs—Stamper won, Daily Regent second, Romany Rawny third. Time, 2:04. Climax Stakes, one mile—Tom Collins won, Lady of the West third. Time, 1:50 1/4. Six furlongs, selling—Galgo won, Terrant second, Denial third. Time, 1:50. Six furlongs, selling—Jim Hood won, Lucky Monday second, Bill Dawdy third. Time, 1:45 1/4. Four furlongs, selling—Little Ocean second, Pop Dixon third. Time, 1:30 1/4. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 6.—Six furlongs, selling—Whirlaway won, Minnie Weidon second, Lady Britanna third. Time, 1:13. Four furlongs—Palarm won, Four Leaf C second, Emma third. Time, 1:10. Five furlongs, selling—Spanish Princess won, Wofford second, Achieve third. Time, 1:34 1/4. Capital Hotel Stakes, four furlongs—Deering won, Katie Gibbons second, Eleven Slipper third. Time, 1:09. Handicap, one mile—Paul Kauvar won, Asignee second, Banquo II third. Time, 1:46 1/4. Six furlongs, selling—Nichols won, Jane second, Tony Honing third. Time, 1:18.

Californians in New York. NEW YORK, April 6.—E. Marx of San Francisco is at the Stuart House, and A. L. Letter and S. Lites of San Francisco are at the Vendome.

SETTLERS FLEE FROM THE BASE OF ST. HELENS

Smoke and Sulphurous Gases Pouring From the Crater in Greater Volume.

TACOMA, April 6.—Smoke and sulphurous gases are pouring from one crater and the great crack on the north side of Mount St. Helens, situated eighty miles from the city. They were observed yesterday morning by ranchers living on the north and west sides of the mountain. For four hours before clouds obscured their vision dark smoke was seen rising in great volumes, bearing evidence of probably greater eruptions to follow. A southwest wind blew the smoke to the northeast toward Mount Tacoma.

Yesterday afternoon settlers began arriving at Castle Rock, bringing reports of the eruption. Some of them came within fifteen miles of the mountain's base, where smoke was seen as plainly as though coming from some great chimney near by. The odor of sulphurous fumes was in the atmosphere. At noon yesterday clouds came up and the smoke could be seen no longer. Reports from Castle Rock this evening state that it has been cloudy all day. More settlers have reached there and others are going to Toledo, on Cowlitz River. They will remain in these towns for a few days at least, being fearful of violent seismic disturbances or showers of ashes which would cover their farms. Castle Rock is thirty miles west of Mount St. Helens.

St. Helens has long been known as the most violent of the supposedly extinct volcanoes in the Cascade Range. Its Indian name is "Lah-Me-La-La," meaning "Fire Mountain." Indians are living who have seen fire and lava issuing from its craters. All Northwestern Indians are afraid of it, and, excepting Chief George Leschi, who ascended it five years ago, they cannot be persuaded to go within fifteen miles of it. Indians on the south side of the mountain who saw yesterday's smoke are reputed to be moving down into Klackitauk County.

In 1843 and 1854 St. Helens threw clouds of ashes to The Dalles, fifty miles away. It broke into eruption on November 23, 1843, burning until February 16, 1844. Dense masses of smoke rose from the craters and at night the mountain's top was brilliantly illuminated. This programme was repeated for several days early in 1854. In August, 1851, ash clouds thrown out made the day as dark as night for forty miles around, except for a slightly lurid appearance. The atmosphere was filled with ashes for days after, and fires out of doors burned with a bluish flame, as though mixed with sulphur. When the ash clouds cleared away the snow on the mountain sides was found to be brown with ashes. At that time lava was emitted.

St. Helens is 9750 feet high. Its two craters are on the north side, 2000 feet below the summit. Near them is a huge fissure, through which came part of the smoke of yesterday.

ATTACKED HIM WITH AN AX

Sensational Allegations in a San Rafael Divorce Suit.

George W. McMillan Tells of Alleged Cruelties of His Wife. An Unhappy Husband, Who Dodged a Clock Sent Flying Toward His Head.

SAN RAFAEL, April 6.—In a complaint for divorce filed to-day in County Clerk Thomas S. Bonneau's office by George W. McMillan, a story of domestic troubles of a strange character is revealed. The plaintiff, George W. McMillan, was, until a few days ago, the proprietor of a San Rafael photographic gallery. Mrs. McMillan is connected with one of San Francisco's best families.

The couple were married in Oregon about twelve years ago and have two children. Their wedded bliss was brief. As weeks grew into months and months into years a change came and Mr. and Mrs. McMillan frequently quarreled. The husband accused the wife of being unfaithful. She, the complaint alleges, would display an uncontrollable temper and proceed to demolish everything within sight. Furniture, crockery, glass and even the clocks were used as weapons and after the scene was upon the wreckage would lie about in heaps upon the floor.

One scene is described by McMillan to support his allegations of cruelty. He alleges that while engaged in taking a flash-light picture at one time he received severe burns and when his wife saw him in his suffering condition she added to his woes by throwing a clock at his head and threatening to kill him. Not satisfied with this display she attempted to pour coal oil over his head and apply a match for the purpose of burning him.

From bad to worse the domestic troubles of the marriage and his wife went until in March, 1937, the wife started in to wreck the place and business, and when he interfered she turned about and assaulted him. In February of the present year, so the complaint alleges, Mrs. McMillan made another attempt to wreck the photographic gallery, and succeeded in smashing a huge glass picture frame.

On March 15, 1898, Mrs. McMillan changed her tactics, and instead of her lists as a weapon she procured an ax and made threats to use it upon her husband. On the following day she carried out her threats by wielding the ax in an artistic manner, "wrecking everything in reach. The blade of the ax made inroads upon the furniture, and she proceeded to chop the bedstead into splinters, finally ending up by making an assault upon the mattress with the ax.

Upon this showing the photographer has applied to the Superior Court for a decree of divorce. The summons in the case was served and filed to-day, insuring a prompt trial.

FORCED TO THE WALL. The grain firm of Jonas Erlanger & Co., doing business at 308 Davis street, has failed through speculation in various forms. The direct cause of the failure was the sale and purchase of several grain contracts by the caller yesterday, under the rules of the Produce Exchange Call Board Association. Erlanger, who, despite the "Co." is the only member of the board, is the only member of the side of the deal and was forced to the wall.

HILL GOES MILLING HIS DEATH

Murder of His Wife Avenged at San Quentin.

Bravely the Condemned Man Mounts the Gallows.

Admits His Guilt and Hopes for a Pardon After This Life.

NOT A TRACE OF FEAR.

Delivers a Brief Speech in Which He Tells of His Conversion in Prison.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

SAN QUENTIN PRISON, April 6.—Wearing blind to the lapel of his coat a tiny sprig of geranium taken from a bunch of flowers sent to him yesterday by his boy, Benjamin L. Hill, the coolest and bravest man who has ever suffered death upon the San Quentin gallows, was executed this morning at 10:33 o'clock, in the presence of a small party, composed of the most part of newspaper men and prison officials.

Ten minutes after the trap door was sprung and Hill shot into eternity the doctors pronounced life extinct and the corpse was cut down, lowered into a coffin and sent to his relatives.

Hill's neck was broken immediately and three respirations were recorded. His pulse after five minutes became too faint to be perceptible and exactly ten minutes after the drop his heart ceased to beat.

Hill's last hours were in no way out of the ordinary. He retired at about 11 o'clock last night and slept five hours. Arising at an early hour he sat at the table in the death chamber and wrote a number of letters to his wife and relatives. Not once did he exhibit a trace of fear. During the morning he was visited by Chaplain Drahm and Staff Captain George Reid of the Salvation Army. The ministers were with the condemned man when Warden Hale delivered the death warrant, to read the death warrant. Hill waived this formality and after bidding him good-by Warden Hale withdrew from the chamber and the prisoner was prepared for the execution.

His arms were strapped to his sides and at 10:30 the procession started for the execution chamber. Chaplain Drahm led the way, closely followed by the chaplain and his wife. Behind them, between Amos Lunt, the hangman, and Guard Jones of the death watch, Guard Abrogast brought up the rear. There was not a sign of timidity upon Hill's face as he walked behind and almost smiling.

Warden Hale announced that Hill had a few words to say and the condemned man stepped forward and facing the spectators spoke in a low tone. Said he: "I testify to-day to the great saving and healing power of Jesus Christ. I have been a great sinner, but, praise the Lord, I have a great savior. I am about to suffer for my crime justly. I am guilty. This has caused me great sorrow, but I have placed my dependence in Jesus' hands and I am satisfied. He helps us in all circumstances. For a year and a half I have been in almost solitary confinement and he has kept me. I recommend you all to Jesus. I am this minute satisfied. As soon as I leave this body I will be with Jesus and I shall never be parted from him. As he finished, a smile overspread his features and he stepped back onto the trap. Amos Lunt placed the rope around his neck and Hill leaned over and bowed his head back. After he had over his head kissed the cheek of Chaplain Drahm. The chaplain held one of Hill's hands while Captain Reid held the other. The rope was drawn tight and the signal given.

Through the trap the body shot and Hill had paid the penalty. Not a movement was perceptible. Hill's crime was committed on a street of Oakland on January 11, 1896, when he shot his wife in a cold-blooded murder. He was convicted and sentenced to be hanged. Appeals were taken and the Governor was asked to interfere, but while delays owing to legal proceedings were being had Hill had finally died upon the scaffold and satisfied the demands of the law.

Born in Wisconsin, he was 37 years old, strong, healthy and stout, weighing about 200 pounds. After his confinement in Murderer's Row he evinced a great interest in religion and among the murderers condemned to die he organized a Bible class, probably the strangest of its kind that ever existed. When Hill was brought to trial he set up the plea of insanity, but was duly convicted of murder.

His friends waged a gallant fight for his life and great influence was brought to bear on the Governor to commute his sentence to life imprisonment.

TO AID PRINTERS.

Carpenters' District Council Offers a Helping Hand to the Strikers.

At a meeting of the Carpenters' District Council last night it was unanimously decided that the heartiest sympathy be extended the printers in their struggle for a nine-hour day, and that the Council would aid the cause in any and every way within its power. The District Council is a central body in which all the Carpenters' Unions in the city are represented, and its support will be of great assistance to the strikers.

An effort will be made to increase the membership of the Carpenters' Unions and increase enthusiasm as much as possible. To further this the District Council is planning to hold a series of weekly meetings open to all carpenters, where trade matters will be freely discussed and the value of a working card from the Building Trades Council particularly emphasized. There has been no noticeable falling off, the unions have not grown as rapidly as has been desired, and it will be the object of these meetings not only to bring in outsiders, but to awaken members to a fuller realization of their duty.

Francis Cutting Springs a Leak.

The steamer Francis Cutting of the North American Commercial Company, which runs between San Francisco and Alaskan ports, sprung a leak at the Valjeo-street wharf, where she is tied up, about 10 o'clock last night. The tug Active lay by to render any assistance that might be needed. The Francis Cutting has been all the winter in Oakland Creek and has just come out of dry-dock. The leak is thought to be due to some defective pipe in her boiler-room.

INVENTS LIES JUST TO PROVE THEM FALSE

Boss Rea of San Jose Hits Upon a New Form of Slander.

Tries to Injure a Candidate by Accusing Him of Remarks Which Were Never Uttered.

SAN JOSE, April 6.—"Jim" Rea made use of the City Board of Education to-day in an attempt to injure one of the candidates on the New Charter Club ticket. He first caused a false report to be spread that W. E. Crossman, the Charter Club candidate for Councilman in the First Ward, had stated at one of the tent meetings held by the Charter Club in the Second Ward that the school teachers, as well as other employees of the city, were compelled to pay an assessment of \$13 50 a month each for political purposes. Utilizing this report, Rea caused a special meeting of the Board of Education to be held. Instead of undertaking to make an investigation of this startling report, and without even an attempt to examine Mr. Crossman, the Board of Education proceeded to adopt the following remarkable resolution:

Whereas, It has come to the Board of Trustees of the public schools of the city of San Jose that it has been openly stated that certain politicians of the city of San Jose have levied and demanded an assessment from the teachers of the public schools, to sustain the municipal ticket supported by such politicians, or else lose their positions, and that such rumors are spread over the city and openly asserted by W. E. Crossman, a candidate for Councilman upon what is known as the Charter Club ticket, and such rumors, whether true or false, tending to the injury of the public schools of this city; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the Trustees of the School Department of the city of San Jose, offer a reward of \$500 to any person who shall furnish to this board reliable information of any teacher who has ever paid to any one in the city of San Jose any sum of money whatever to obtain his or her position, or to retain same, or who has ever been approached by any one to pay an assessment for political purposes at this or any other municipal election during the term of any officer of the present board or for the past four years.

E. H. WEMPLE, President. M. J. GRAHAM, CHARLES KENYON.

In an interview published in the News, the afternoon "gang" organ, Charles Kenyon, a member of the Board of Education, had this to say of the affair: "I don't think it was necessary for the Board of Education to take any action upon a mere campaign romance, but I have had a score of messages by telephone this morning from the teachers in the various grades of the schools, who are anxious that the statement should be either substantiated or denied. They deplore that they are all under a cloud until the matter is cleared. It is for this reason that the board decided to hold a meeting this afternoon and take up the matter."

W. E. Crossman, when his attention was called to the article in the News and the action of the board, made the following statement: "There is not one word of truth in the entire article. I never made any statement either at the meeting held in the Second Ward, or at any other time, that any fund was being raised by teachers in this city. What I did say was that a friend of mine, a business man whom I had every reason to believe, said to me that a lady teacher came to him and asked him to vote for eight men of the appointing board as a personal favor to her. As an argument she stated to him that in case the Charter Club romances of the appointing board were elected she would lose her position."

"I then continued my speech by saying that at no time, in a meeting of the Charter Club, or of the members of the Charter Club, or of gentlemen who had been selected as candidates for the appointing board by the Charter Club, had any such proposition been spoken of—that is the dropping of any teacher or any employee of the city who was competent to fulfill his or her duties to the city. Further than that, it has been the expressed wish of every candidate of the New Charter Club that every faithful employe of the city be retained in his position, no matter how that position was obtained, or through whom.

"I stated further at that meeting that if the citizens of this city would elect the candidates of the New Charter Club no employe of the city would in future be held up and be obliged to do homage to any human being. "The Evening News, which published the false statement this afternoon, did not even take the trouble to send to me to inquire whether it was truthful or not, and has thus shown by its attack upon me its entire subserviency to the 'gang' and to the disreputable policy pursued by those people in their efforts to again secure control of the city government of San Jose."

On being asked if he could name the men whom the school teacher wished his friend to vote for as members of the appointing board Mr. Crossman replied that he could not and gave the following as the names of those whom the teacher had evidently been instructed by the "gang" to work for: P. P. Austin, A. G. Bennett, H. Bookin Sr., Rush McComas, J. K. Seord, Francis E. Spencer, Frank Stock and C. D. Wright. It will be noted that this confirms the statement published in The Call on Tuesday to the effect that the "gang" has decided to sacrifice six of its candidates nominated for the appointing board. Those who are to get the knife in their back at the hands of the "gang" are Milton Campbell, E. E. Chase, A. G. Col, H. J. Fikes, D. H. Hartman and John Leffer.

It is such dastardly methods as that described in the foregoing that have brought the "gang" into general detestation and the city of San Jose into disrepute. There is but one way to eradicate these men and with them their methods; it is by the election of the Charter Club ticket from Mayor to the last member of the appointing board.

In the present contest for good government the people of San Jose are making a final and decisive test of the momentous question: Shall San Jose be governed by the "gang" and permeated with corruption, or shall it be governed by the people honestly and economically?

This is no campaign merely for office and for spoils. It is a war between corrupt forces and those that stand for honesty, decency, progress and prosperity. Never before have the anti-gang people been so thoroughly united, so amply equipped with the ammunition of political warfare, so completely organized, so enthusiastic and so energetic. In no previous campaign has the outlook for success been so promising. The period of education during this campaign has been a long one and every salient fact showing where corruption lies, who is responsible for it and what the effect of its existence has been on San Jose, its people and its interests have been fully stated in the columns of The Call. Whoever has desired to become posted on the actual conditions has been given every facility to do so.

No attempt has been made on the part of the "gang," either through its local organ or by means of its adherents, to deny these important facts: That the city government of San Jose is infested by a horde of corrupt tax-payers; that these vampires on the body politic hold their positions through the influence and efforts of Boss Rea and his gang; that they are absolutely under control of the boss; that they have fattened their purses at the expense of the taxpayer; that this has caused a high tax rate and an unfairly high valuation of assessable property; that by reason of these last mentioned facts capital and population have been deterred from coming to this city, and that in consequence stagnation, if not retrogression, has resulted.

In the face of these undeniable and undenied facts the boss and his "gang" who alone are responsible for all the evils in public affairs of which the people complain, have had the audacity to concoct in star-chamber and offer to the people a complete ticket of candidates for city offices. This ticket they have masked with the name of "People's Municipal Ticket." On that ticket, it is true, are the names of several men who stand high in this community as men of ability and integrity. But the selection is but the result of tactics adopted by all corrupt political bosses when the people have been aroused to action. The political hook is concealed with the most tempting bait obtainable. Despite the individual standing of some of the men on the "gang" ticket, it is a fact, nevertheless, that every candidate on that ticket can be shown to be under obligation, either directly or indirectly, to the political boss of this city and of this county, and to be, therefore, under his control. No man on that ticket, if elected, but will be amenable to the orders or influence of "Jim" Rea.

As has been before stated, this is not a campaign of candidates. The issue is in no sense a personal one. It is a campaign of principle to decide whether the "gang" shall be allowed to remain in power or whether it shall be defeated and San Jose released from the thralldom of bossism. If the people desire to achieve victory—to obtain honest government, economical administration, low taxes, enhancement of property values, increased capital, population and prosperity—they must vote for the entire Charter Club ticket, at whose head stands the name of Sanford E. Smith.

Among the charter provisions is one that fixes the tax rate at \$1 on the \$100. The present tax rate is \$1 25 on the \$100. It is claimed by the "gang" that this limitation on the tax rate will prevent the imposition of past extravagance in the collection of taxes and extravagance in their disbursement. They are using the fact of this limitation to further their cause. Such a thing as a tax-rate limit has never been known to prevent a "gang" of corruptionists from bleeding the tax-payers. They usually find it an easy matter to adhere to the tax limit and equally easy to raise the assessed valuation of the property to be taxed. Should the "gang" by any possible misfortune or accident again secure control of the city government the people will be cinched just as cruelly as they have been in the past twenty years.

The fac-simile signature of Charles Kenyon is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

OPINION IN JAPAN EXCITED

Feeling That the Nation Must Secure a New Foothold.

How the Public Regards English Occupation of Wei-Hai-Wei.

General Sentiment That the Government Should Assert Itself in Asiatic Affairs.

SECRET UNDERSTANDING.

An Arrangement by Which Great Britain Is to Advance Money to China to Pay Indemnity.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

LONDON, April 6.—The Yokohama correspondent of the Times says: "For the first time public opinion in Japan is vehemently excited. There is no general opposition to a British occupation of Wei-Hai-Wei, but there is a feeling that Japan must assert herself and secure some other foothold on the Asiatic continent.

The Government is hampered by financial considerations, but will probably be obliged to yield to public pressure. Sober people and the officials generally favor a British occupation of Wei-Hai-Wei and an Anglo-Japanese entente, pour parlers for which are proceeding favorably.

The Daily Mail says this morning: "We learn from an authoritative source that England and Japan are in complete accord regarding Wei-Hai-Wei, but secrecy is entailed until a complete settlement has been achieved, which, it is believed, will include an arrangement whereby England will advance the money to enable China to pay the indemnity in full and thus to obtain a Japanese evacuation of Wei-Hai-Wei."

CHINESE MOB MURDERS AMERICAN MISSIONARIES.

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 6.—Advices per Empress of Japan report that telegrams received at Shanghai report that a chapel in Chung King, Kansu province, belonging to an American mission, has been attacked by rioters and some persons of the mission have been murdered. The United States Consul has demanded from the Toatal, first, that the soldiers shall be disbanded; second, that the murderers shall be put to death; third, that the ringleaders arrested; third, that 500 taels be paid as compensation for the chapel destroyed, and fourth, that full protection be given to missionaries when they return.

PRINCE FERDINAND IN DEADLY PERIL.

BERLIN, April 6.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Sofia says that on March 29, at Sestrimo station, an attempt was made to wreck a train carrying Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria. The attempt was discovered and frustrated by a peasant. The culprits were arrested.

HARNES-HORSE REGISTRY.

CHICAGO, April 6.—The American Trotting Register Association met in annual session last afternoon and decided that in the future a deeper tinge of blue must characterize the blueoa applicants for registry upon its books as standard trotting or pacing stock. The qualifications of both antecedents and progeny were made more rigid by far than has heretofore been the case. Five seconds were clipped from the time allowed for a mile, and the former being placed at 2:25 and the latter at 2:30.

Allen of Pittsfield, Mass., was elected president and J. H. Steiner of Chicago secretary.

TAKE A man whose hands tremble and whose voice is weak and you will find that he is but half a man as a rule. His knees shake, too, and he is but a weakling. He sees spots before his eyes and has no confidence in himself. He has in some way abused the privileges which are his by right. And he possessed them once. It is for cases of this sort that "Hudyan" is given by the grand doctors of the Hudson Institute. "Hudyan" brings to weak men full vitality and grand manly vigor. From being puny a man becomes full of fire and big and great manhood. Is that not worth the having? Why do you want to continue as you are? Your happiness is dependent on your ability to enjoy life. Then why not get back the vitality that has drained away from you? Write and ask what "Hudyan" has done for weak and erring mortals. Testimonials and circulars about it are quite free to you, and so is best medical advice. There is blood taint in some people when they are not aware of it. Ulcers in the throat, pimples on the body, copper-colored spots, the falling out of hair, show it. "30-day blood cure" removes all the taint at once. Circulars and testimonials of it are free to you. Write to-day

HEED. Hudson Medical Institute, Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts., SAN FRANCISCO.