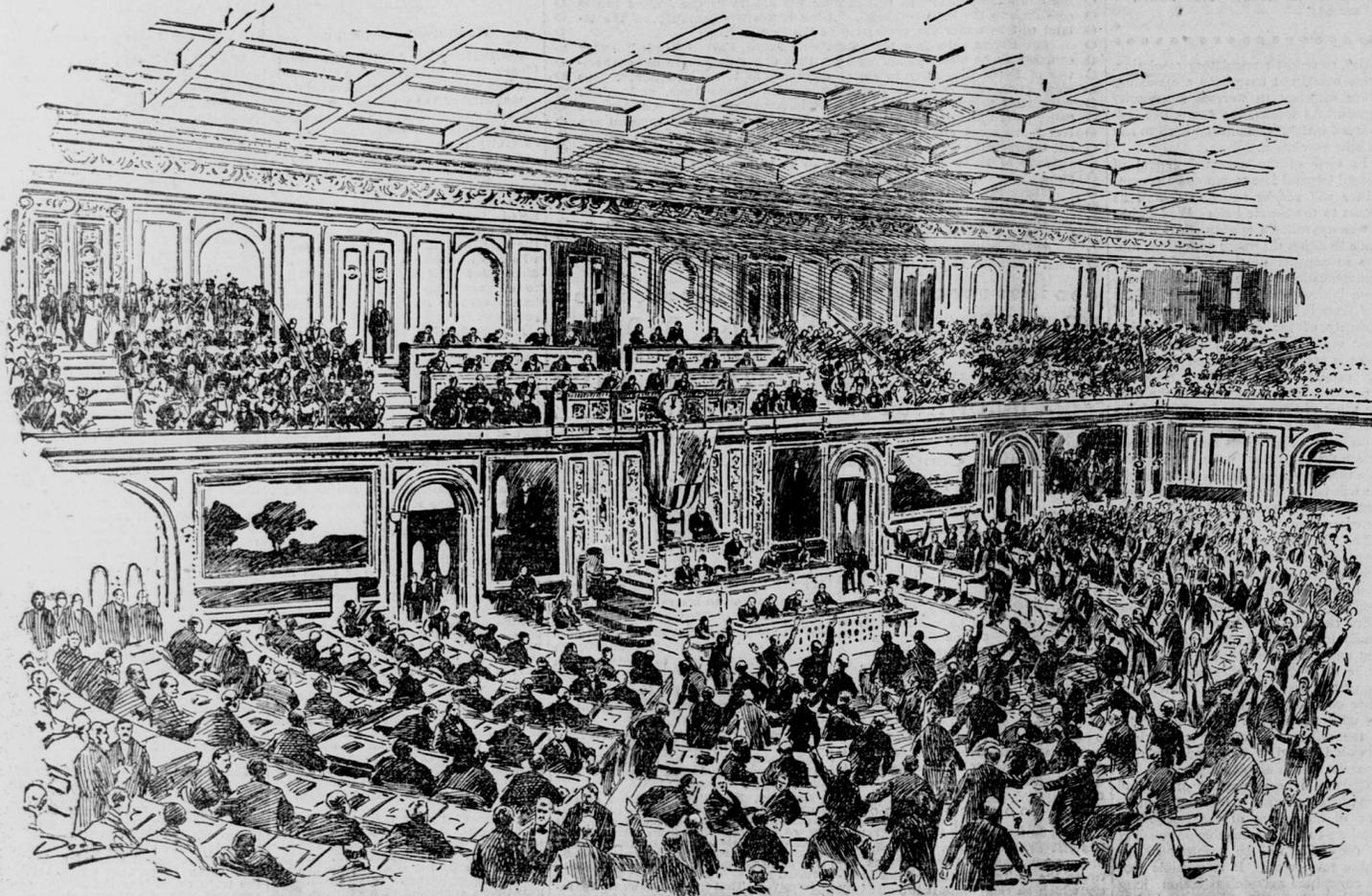


THE PRESIDENT FAVORS ARMED INTERVENTION



THE MESSAGE IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(From a Description by Telegraph.)

PROOF OF THE TREACHERY OF GEN. WEYLER

Lee Has Documents Convicting Spain of Destroying the Maine.

Congress Will Act on Wednesday, and Probably in the Form of a Declaration of War.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The Herald's Key West correspondent sends the following: There now seems no doubt that Lee will present documents to President McKinley proving absolutely that Weyler placed mines in Havana harbor and planned destruction for any American warship that might visit Havana...

Upon this Lee's mind dwelt when, just before the Fern raised anchor on Saturday evening, he proposed a sentiment which concluded with the open charge that a Spanish mine caused the death of the officers and men of the Maine.

One of the attaches of the Consulate in Havana, who is here yet, awaiting orders which will probably come from Washington to-morrow afternoon, assured me that Lee carries indisputable proof of Weyler's perfidy. My informant has for months been very close to Lee and certainly knows whereof he speaks.

These papers are in most cases original documents and are fully attested. One places Weyler in the position of a self-confessed butcher who would willingly sacrifice the lives of hundreds of human beings for the simple reason that they happened to be connected with an American warship.

In other words he openly boasted his ability to blow out of water any Yankee ship that entered Havana harbor, no matter what position might be taken. The mines were so carefully arranged that they commanded every anchorage in the harbor.

My informant also intimated that Lee carried to Washington a plan of the harbor, showing the location of the mines and the methods and means of operating them from the arsenal.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The Herald's Washington correspondent telegraphs: With the American Congress quarreling over the President's message in an effort to formulate a line of policy, Spain will have a reasonable time for negotiating for terms of peace with the Cubans.

The situation as it exists to-night is perhaps none the less threatening;

but one point has been gained for Spain—delay.

President McKinley is a great believer in time for curing all evils, and he is optimistic enough to still believe that peace may be evolved out of the complicated situation. He has made up his case for Congress and is willing to share the responsibility with that branch of government in carrying out any measures that

MADRID RIOTS THE EVIL WORK OF WEYLERITES

Victory That Has Been Gained by the Diplomacy of McKinley Appreciated in Spain.

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MADRID, April 11.—Doubtless exaggerated accounts of the disturbances last night will be sent out. The whole affair was a most harmless thing. There was no rising of popular sentiment as is sought to be represented by the yellow press. About one hundred hungry vagabonds, hired at a cheap price, at from one and a half to two pesetas each, by Robledo, Weyler & Company, were told where to go and what to do.

It was a holiday, and as usual on such days there were thousands of idle people, glad of the opportunity of creating public sentiment against the Government of the United States.

When the hoodlums were beginning their movement, General Woodford was quietly strolling with his daughter and another young lady, wearing the happy countenance of a man who considered peace in sight.

The Governor of Madrid, grasping the nature of the demonstration, decided up to a late hour to let the people shout to their hearts' content. Then when their noise began to disturb those desiring to sleep the police arrived and the disturbers, like a pack of sheep, dispersed.

To-day, by a printed proclamation, notice is given that the nonsense must not begin again, otherwise the disturbers will be summarily punished.

Numerous groups in the Puerta del Sol and in front of the offices of the Minister of the Interior this evening raised the cry "Viva Espana." The gendarmes and the police scattered them and occupied the square, but the groups quickly reformed several times, until finally the gendarmes charged the crowd. Many were injured or arrested.

Throughout the evening demonstrations continued in various quarters. The police and gendarmes repeatedly dispersed large crowds and there have been several arrests in the lower quarters.

Calm has finally been restored, but the gendarmes are patrolling the streets and other precautions are maintained.

LONDON, April 12.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "The most important feature in the

AMERICAN FLAG MADE A TARGET FOR VOLLEYS OF OVERRIPE EGGS

Typical Demonstration of Spanish Malice Manifested in a Theater at Santiago de Cuba.

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KINGSTON, Jamaica, April 11.—In an interview to-day Dr. Caminero of the United States Marine Hospital at Santiago de Cuba, who arrived here a few days ago with the United States Consul there—Mr. Hyatt—told me of an incident illustrating the intense feeling against Americans among the Spaniards in Cuba.

"Four or five days before the Brooklyn left Santiago," Dr. Caminero said to me, "there was a performance in one of the theaters for the purpose of raising a patriotic fund for the Government of Spain. During the evening there were cries from the audience of 'Death to Americans!' and 'Long live Spain!' At the performance a United States flag was shown, and with shouts of 'Death to Americans!' the Spaniards pelted the flag with stale eggs and rotten fruit. Before this performance the Spanish local committee came to me and asked me to buy a ticket to aid the fund. I told the committee to 'Go to —!'"

"We could see torpedoes in the harbor of Santiago as we left. They had been placed there two or three days before. We left the United States Consulate in Santiago and relief supplies intended for the reconcentrados in charge of the British Consul there. Spanish troops in Santiago are dying rapidly of malaria, yellow fever and kindred diseases. The death rate of the population of the town is as high sometimes as 105 a day. On the contrary, the insurgents are vigorous and there is little disease among them. They are positively getting fat on the war.

"Almost the entire white population of the island favors annexation to the United States, and the feeling is growing. I think annexation is destined. While in Cuba I refused to pay taxes, and must now owe the Spanish Government several thousand dollars. I know of at least ten or fifteen Americans who were left behind. If not taken off they will probably go into the interior. Exit from Santiago is easy."

According to Dr. Caminero, the instructions to Consul Hyatt to leave Cuba came first to United States Consul Dent here from Washington and were here translated into the British cipher code by the British Consul and then sent to the British Consul—Mr. Ramson—in Santiago. Mr. Ramson communicated the orders to Mr. Hyatt, but Mr. Hyatt refused to leave the island without direct instructions from Washington. The steamship which was to take the American officials away was compelled to wait twenty-four hours until Mr. Hyatt heard from Washington.

best course to follow, according to the march of events."

SAYS SPAIN WILL WIN ON THE SEAS.

Admiral Beranger Does a Little Boasting to Bolster the Frightened Dons of the Navy.

MADRID, April 11.—El Heraldo de Madrid publishes an interview with Admiral Beranger, former Minister of Marine, in the course of which he expressed his confidence in the ability of the Spanish navy to win in the event of war with the United States. "There is no fear," said Admiral Ber-

anger, "of our Cuban ports being exposed to a night attack, inasmuch as Havana, Cienfuegos, Nuevitas and Santiago de Cuba are defended by electric and automatic torpedoes with a large radius of action. The late Senor Canovas del Castillo, who paid attention to these matters, decided in accord with myself to send to Cuba 130 torpedoes which must have been placed in those harbors. Chacon, the well known torpedo expert, undertook to convey and place the engines. "I have already said that by sea we shall be victorious. I will give you my reasons. The first is the excellent discipline maintained on our warships; the second is that on board the American vessels, as soon as firing is opened, a panic will set in, since it is common knowledge that their crews comprise

men of every nationality. Pitted ship against ship, then, we have nothing to fear."

CARDINAL RAMPOLLA HOPEFUL OF PEACE.

LONDON, April 11.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs that he has had an interview with Cardinal Rampolla, the Papal secretary of state, who expressed himself as satisfied with the present phase of the situation, and is hopeful concerning the outcome of the Pope's action. He declined to go into details, but indicated that he expected a dispatch from Washington announcing an approaching solution of the difficulty.

NEWS OF THE DAY. FIFTH PAGE. New Bohemian Club President. SIXTH PAGE. Editorial. The President's Message. Please Explain. Postal Savings Banks. Tweedledum and Tweedledee. A West Indian Station. Panama or Nicaragua. Stories From the Corridors. Our Naval Victories. SEVENTH PAGE. News From Across the Bay. Features of Local Playbills. Extensions for the Orpheum. EIGHTH PAGE. Racing at Emeryville. NINTH PAGE. Births, Marriages and Deaths. TENTH PAGE. Labor Wins Over Kelso. News Along the Water Front. Shot by an Ex-Convict. ELEVENTH PAGE. Scared by Coffins at Tiburon. Ferry Frauds to Be Unearthed. Troops Ready to March to War. Word From Imprisoned Whalers. TWELFTH PAGE. The New Charter. NINETEENTH PAGE. The Commercial World. TWENTIETH PAGE. Sharkey and Jeffries Matched. Shooting in Abbott's Dive. Kelso Divorce Suit In Off. Quarrel Almost Led to Death.