CAMP MERRITT CONDITIONS CAUSE ALARM IN THE EAST

CALIFORNIA promptly responded to both calls of the President for volunteers, and without delay filled the quota under each call.

Apart from this contribution of men for the country's service fully 2000 Californians have enlisted in the regular army and other organizations. Excellent men for the Third and Sixth United States Artillery, Fourth United States Cavalry, First, Fourteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-third United States Infantry, and the Engineer, Hospital and Signal corps were recruited in San Francisco. In the formation of infantry regiments of the volunteer service preference was given to the men who were associated with the National Guard when the first call was made for troops to go to the front. Due attention, however, was given to local considerations, to the end that all sections of the State should have representation in the regimental organizations.

The celerity of California in responding to the call for volunteers and in providing equipment for the troops entering the United States service, won from General Merriam and other officers of the army expressions of commendation.

While everything connected with the enlistment and organization of the troops is going along with so much satisfaction and precision in this State reports emanate from Washington that California is slow in filling the second quota. Coincident with these misleading statements come hints that W. H. H. Hart, formerly Attorney General of California, is seeking permission to recruit a regiment or brigade in this State; or, rather, asking for assurance from the President that if an independent brigade is raised it shall be accepted.

No one in this region of the country is urging Hart to tender troops from California to the President. His scheme for raising an army of invasion or defense is purely a personal enterprise. His right to tender his own services in any capacity from private to major general is not questioned. Indeed, the acceptance of his services by the War Department would not be profoundly regretted, but the people of this State would regret exceedingly to hear that Hart had been commissioned to open a recruiting office to enroll Californians in the volunteer service of the United States.

Additional forces can be readily enrolled in California and if they are needed the President can get them without delay by indicating to the Governor that they would be accepted. Under another call several counties in the mountains would stand a chance of getting larger representation than they were able to secure under the first and second requisition for troops. Nothing in a military sense could be more unfortunate for California than a grant of Federal authority for Mr. Hart to raise a regiment or brigade of volunteers in this State.

Telegrams sent to Washington in behalf of the Seventh California elicited this response from the Secretary of War:

Washington, July 19, 1898.

Hon. George C. Perkins, San Francisco: I have received many telegrams concerning the Seventh California. It is the present intention to forward that regiment with the next expedition to Manila. Whether that arrangement will be changed or not will, of course, depend upon the report of General Merritt. The whole matter was left to General Merritt when he went to San Francisco.

R. A. ALGER,
Secretary of War.

LOYAL LEGION A ROYAL HOST.

Officers of the Army and Navy Entertained at the Presidio Club.

BETWEEN the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Officers' Club of the Presidio presented a scene of social intercourse that was most unique and interesting in its nature. The occasion was the reception tendered by the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, Commandery of California, to the officers, both regular and volunteer, of the army and navy now in San Francisco. Veterans of the late war who have settled and buried their differences these many years, along with the young soldiers who are now upholding the honor of Old Glory, mingled together and pledged each other's health and the success of the national flag in the loving cup that was kept full to the brim.

The assembly room of the club was the scene of the reception and the interchange of the courtesies. It was appropriately decorated for the occasion, and the music was furnished by the Fourth Cavalry band, which formally opened the reception by playing "The Star-spangled Banner." The guests began to arrive promptly at the appointed time, and from 2 o'clock on until within an hour of the time for the gathering to disperse officers dropped in for a few minutes to pay their respects and partake of the hospitality of the Loyal Legion. The reception was in the nature of a compliment to Colonel Smith and officers of the First Tennessee Regiment. This gallant commander did not arrive until nearly 4 o'clock. When he entered the room the band struck up "Dixie," which provoked cheers from those present, and Colonel Smith and his officers acknowledged the compliment paid them by bowing to the guests.

Colonel William R. Smedberg introduced President Hugh Craig of the Chamber of Commerce, who, in a few well-chosen remarks, welcomed Colonel Smith and his officers. In replying to Mr. Craig's welcome, Colonel Smith said:

"Gentlemen: When I entered your doors I recognized by your badges that you were members of the Loyal Legion, and when the next moment the strains of 'Dixie' greeted my ears I knew beyond the shadow of a doubt that the Mason and Dixon line had been obliterated forever. We are brothers now, for there is no North or South, and to-day I thank God that we are shoulder to shoulder. Back in the sixties I followed the fortunes of the Lost Cause from Seven Pines to Appomattox. I fought out our differences with the sword, and I lost but that is in the past, and to-day there is no man more ready to defend or no man more loyal to the national flag than myself."

After the cheers following Colonel Smith's remarks had subsided General Charles King was introduced, and in a few appropriate remarks he thanked the Loyal Legion for the honor that it had done him and the people of California generally for the hospitality that they have extended to him since he has been here. He also alluded to the excellent condition and soldierly bearing of the men of the First Tennesseee. General King was followed by Colonel Berry of the Seventh Regiment, who spoke of the generosity with which his command has been treated by the Tennessee officers. The speech-making was followed by the playing of the national anthem, and a round of toasts for the success of the flag and the safety of the men who are carrying it to victory.

In addition to the regular officers the Presidio there were also present officers from nearly every volunteer organization now here. The following members of the Loyal Legion were present:

Commander, John C. Currier; senior vice commander, Rear Admiral Joseph N. Miller; treasurer, Captain C. M. Kinne; chaplain, Major William N. Meserve; Colonel W. R. Parnell, Captain C. A. Sumner, Captain P. F. Walsh and many other companions.

DEATH IN CAMP.

Pathetic Incident in Connection With the Demise of a Seventh California Soldier.

Five deaths have marked the last two days at Camp Merritt.

On Friday James E. Stafford, Company C, First Tennessee, died from a complication of pneumonia and measles, and Cecil Flowers, Company L, Twentieth Kansas, died from spinal meningitis.

Yesterday Curtis S. Rollins, Company K, and Louis W. Baker, Company L, Seventh California, expired after a week's suffering from pneumonia. The same malady also caused the death of Corporal D. S. Newsome, Company H, Fifty-first Iowa.

A pathetic incident attaches to the death of young Rollins of the Seventh. His father arrived yesterday from San Bernardino to visit his boy and see how well he stood up under a soldier's life. He presented himself at the guard tent of the regiment and upon asking for his son was abruptly told by a thoughtless guard that the boy had just passed away. With a heart-broken moan the old gentleman buried his face in his hands and fell senseless to the ground. All day yesterday he tossed in hysterical grief and the result of the blow is greatly feared.

In the death of Corporal Newsome the Iowas lose one of their best soldiers from the ranks. Although a sergeant major of the State organization he enlisted as a private at the first call. He was studious, well up in drill and tactics, and had a future of promise. His death has caused widespread grief among his comrades.

The remains of Private Stafford of Tennessee were interred yesterday at the Presidio.

RIO JANEIRO SAILS.

As She Passes Along the Water Front She Receives the Usual Enthusiastic Send-Off.

At 9 o'clock yesterday morning Major General Merriam, accompanied by Major Rathbone, left military headquarters and proceeded to the water front, where at the Clay street wharf he met Brigadier General Harrison Gray Otis, to whom he gave final instructions as to the voyage of the City of Rio Janeiro to Manila by the way of Honolulu. A few minutes later General Otis stepped on board the steamer General McDowell and was conveyed to the Rio Janeiro.

At about 10:30 the anchor of the transport was hoisted and she began moving slowly toward the Golden Gate. She passed close in to the water front, and was heartily cheered by the crowds collected on the various wharves, and the music of the First South Dakota band and the cheers of the soldiers were distinctly heard in response. The port side of the steamer was crowded with the departing soldiers, and on the masts and yardarms and rigging were boys in blue, who kept waving their handkerchiefs in answer to similar signals from the shore. The stately craft moved majestically down the stream, presenting a beautiful sight on the calm bay. She was given the usual steam whistle salutes from the various craft, and at about 11 o'clock she passed out of the Golden Gate.

The Rio Janeiro will be followed by the St. Paul some time this week, and by the Scandia and Arizona in about two weeks. The St. Paul is now in charge of a guard from the Third Battalion of the First South Dakota, which will be among the troops that are to sail on this vessel.

An almost entirely new crew will have to be secured for the Scandia, as the German officers desire to return to their native country. Major Ruhlen was very anxious to at least retain the captain, who is a very competent man, but was unable to induce him to remain.

The local United States Steam Vessel Inspectors, Captains Bolles and Bulger, have thoroughly inspected the Scandia, and in their report to Major Long state that she is in excellent condition in every respect, her hull, boilers, engines and equipments all being in first class order. The engines are triple expansion, 3300 horsepower, 53¼ intermediate, 84⅝ low pressure cylinders, 55 stroke of piston, with piston valves. The three Scotch marine boilers are each 19.4¼ long, 12.9½ diameter, all steel plate, 13.16 thick, built in 1889, and allowed 180 pounds steam pressure per square inch. The boilers are in perfect condition, no grease nor scale nor deterioration being observed in the examination.

The steamer Humboldt is due here Thursday, and it is said that she will at once be put in condition to carry one battalion of the First New York Regiment to Honolulu. Colonel Barber, who is spending Sunday in Monterey, will sail with this battalion.

The remaining battalion of the First South Dakota, under Lieutenant Colonel Stover, has been assigned to the First Brigade under Brigadier General Marcus P. Miller. Orders were issued last evening to Lieutenant Colonel Stover to detail a non-commissioned officer and six privates, with six days' rations, to guard the steamer St. Paul.

KANSAS REGIMENT.

High Officers Reconciled—Lieutenant Scott Under Arrest for Insubordination.

The case against Lieutenant Colonel E. C. Little, Twentieth Kansas, is happily settled for the present and it is hoped for good and all. Concessions have been made by each side, and matters bid fair to run along smoothly hereafter.

The charge of physical incapacity against Little was yesterday withdrawn, and the recommendation for a board of survey rescinded. Little has gone back to the duties of his post, and no further action against him seems imminent.

Lieutenant Scott, Company G, Twentieth Kansas, has been ordered to his quarters under arrest for insubordination. His case will come before the general court, which will convene on Monday.

Scott yesterday disputed the authority of his suprior officer, Captain Elliot, while the company was being drilled, and upon being reproved cursed the captain roundly.

The case was reported to Colonel Funston, who immediately ordered Scott's arrest.

CAPTAIN HODGSON HERE.

Commander of the McCulloch Ordered to Washington.

Captain W. Hodgson, of the dispatch boat McCulloch of Admiral Dewey's squadron at Manila, arrived from the Orient yesterday, by way of Victoria, and left on the afternoon train for Washington, whither he had been hurriedly summoned by the Navy Department.

He used every strategy to avoid reporters, but he was caught at Port Costa and surrendered at discretion. In response to a question as to whether he had any news from Manila, he replied:

"No, I have no particular news to give you. All I want to say of the battle is that Dewey came and saw and conquered. When I left Manila on June 17 everything was quiet. With reference to the victory at Manila I will say that it was all the result of intelligence and good gunnery. The McCulloch was one of the first American boats to be fired on by the Spanish. We went into Manila Bay about midnight, and it took just two and a half hours for Admiral Dewey's fleet to knock them out. Then the boys had breakfast, taking about an hour to it, and then we started in to finish up the Spaniards.

"I left Manila under orders from the department at Washington, and when I arrived at Hongkong I found that there was no steamer there under the American flag and would not be until July 5, so I took the Empress of India, which was the earliest, leaving on June 29. From Vancouver I came down on the Northern Pacific, and I am hurrying to Washington as fast as I can get there.

"The American fleet cannot be too highly praised. There has been no sickness, but the rainy season has just started in and I cannot tell what may happen.

"So far as the Philippines are concerned, I think the war is over. Dewey would have defeated the Spaniards even if they had forty fleets. Dewey is king down there. I brought Aguinaldo to Manila from Hongkong, after I had carried to Hongkong the first news of the victory at Manila. Aguinaldo is a bright young man, about 28 years old, and was educated in Paris, I believe. I don't think there will be any trouble down there."

Captain Hodgson said he did not know what significance, if any, should be attached to his call to Washington. He did not know why he had been summoned. He was of the opinion that the Philippines would be a rather rich acquisition for the United States, and he would advise young Americans to go thither. In mercantile pursuits in that country there were the best of prospects, but Americans did not know much about the islands.

It is believed that the captain has been summoned for a conference with President McKinley and the Secretary of the Navy, and that he bears important dispatches from Admiral Dewey with reference to the attitude of Aguinaldo and the army of the insurgents.

EIGHTH CALIFORNIA.

Chaplain Oliver C. Miller Will Assume His Duties With Services To-Day.

CAMP BARRETT, Sather Station, July 23.—The following order was issued at regimental parade this evening:

Headquarters Eighth Regiment, California, United States Volunteer Infantry, Camp Barrett, July 23, 1898.

Order No. 3.

1. In compliance with instructions contained in telegram dated July 21, 1898, to the United States mustering officer, Sather, California, Major Albert K. Whitton, Eighth California United States Volunteer Infantry, is hereby detailed as recruiting officer for the regiment.

Major Whitton will report to the regimental commander for instructions.

2. In order to equalize the distribution among companies of the enlisted men serving as band musicians the following transfers are hereby made, viz.: Private Joseph Bettencourt from Company C to Company A; Private James W. Byrnes from Company E to Company D; Private W. J. Blumberg from Company F to Company L; Private Eugene Finane from Company I to Company A. By order

COLONEL HENSHAW.

D. A. SMITH, First Lieutenant, Eighth Regiment, California, United States Volunteer Infantry, Adjutant.

The detailing of Major Whitton as a recruiting officer is for the purpose of having some one who can swear in any musicians or others who may be wanted. Several companies have men who, for one reason or another, could not be mustered in with the company, but who have been carried right along on the rolls. Any of these yet unmustered can now be mustered into the volunteer service.

Chaplain Oliver C. Miller arrived in camp this afternoon in his new uniform, and will hold the first religious service as a regimental officer from 9 to 10 to-morrow (Sunday). It is more than probable that there will be two services each Sunday hereafter, but it is not likely that more than one will be held to-morrow. The matter of attendance on services is left optional with the men of the regiment. There are a number of earnest Christians in the regiment, who will assist the chaplain in conducting the meetings. This evening Rev. Mr. Bovard of the Alameda Methodist church conducted services in the Army Christian Commission tent. It developed to-day that while the army regulations require the band to play sacred music for religious services, there is no provision for the purchase of any music, and to get it there must be an appeal to the public or friends of the regiment. The band will not play at to-morrow's services on this account.

The regiment has received all of its equipment except shoes, and they are expected early next week. In this it has done better than any of the three which preceded it or any which has come from another State. All of the honor is laid on Lieutenant Colonel Carrington's shoulders, as he, having been a regular army officer, understood the methods, and benefiting by his experience, placed the requisitions so that they were filled at once.

The first serious illness in camp is that of Private Von Hootte, of Company D, San Jose. He was brought to the hospital yesterday with pneumonia, and it was feared the case would be fatal, but the developments of twenty-four hours have been favorable, and if all goes well he may recover.

Company F, Captain L. E. Wenk, Oakland, was presented with a commodious dining tent to-day by the Oakland Red Cross Society. The gift is greatly appreciated, as heretofore the men have had to eat standing out of doors. Now tables and benches will be arranged and the meals enjoyed in a more homelike manner.

The band, under the leadership of Chief Musician Gomez, has so advanced in its work that a public concert will be given to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon from 2 to 3:30 o'clock in front of Colonel Henshaw's headquarters.

The detail to-night for guard duty consisted of Captain H. L. Partridge, Company B, San Jose, officer of the day; Lieutenant J. G. Estep, Company H, Redding, officer of the guard, and Lieutenant W. H. Cobbledick, Company F, Oakland, super officer of the guard.

IOWA INFLUENCE.

Adjutant-General of the State Coming Here to Inspect Camp Merritt.

The impression has gone abroad in the East that General Merriam and the authorities here are neglecting the sanitary condition of Camp Merritt. Reports that have gone out from San Francisco as to the actual condition of things at the camp have caused an immense amount of worry in the homes of the regiments that have been quartered here and have precipitated an avalanche of influence at Washington toward the cure, or at least the betterment of things.

Iowa has already taken active steps toward the eradication of the conditions existing, as is demonstrated by the following telegram received last night from The Call's Des Moines correspondent:

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 23.—To-morrow Melvin H. Byers, adjutant general of Iowa will start for San Francisco. He will go for the purpose of inspecting Camp Merritt, about which much complaint has come from Iowa troops. He has lined up Washington influence to secure a change in the location of that camp. General Byers will also try to heal up some difficulties between Colonel Loper and Lieutenant Colonel Miller.

To-day a telegram from San Francisco announced that Daniel S. Newsome, a Des Moines man, corporal in Company B of the Fifty-first, died this morning from pneumonia contracted in Camp Merritt. He leaves a young widow and a mother whose husband, Dr. James T. Fellows, was this afternoon thrown from his carriage, dragged for some distance and injured, probably fatally.

CAMP MERRITT'S STRENGTH.

The Number of Officers and Enlisted Men of the Eighth Army Corps Still in the Richmond Tents.

The sailing of the Rio de Janeiro left 8077 officers and enlisted men tented at Camp Merritt. These figures comprehend four regiments, a battalion each of the Eighteenth and Twenty-third regiments, United States Infantry, and the South Dakota Volunteers. The rest are recruits awaiting transportation to their regiments at Manila.

The remaining South Dakota Battalion will sail in one week, and will be accompanied by the Thirteenth Minnesota recruits.

The following table gives some idea of the distribution of the troops:

Fifty-first Iowa Volunteers, Colonel John C. Loper	1,334
Seventh California Volunteers, Colonel Berry	1,331
First Tennessee Volunteers, Colonel Smith	1,307
Twentieth Kansas Volunteers, Colonel Funston	1,315
First Battalion South Dakota Volunteers, Lieutenant Colonel Stover	325
Eighteenth United States Infantry, Major Paul	495
Tenth Pennsylvania recruits, Lieutenant Colonel Barnett	260
Twenty-third United States Infantry, Major Goodale	446
Oregon recruits, Lieutenant Seckler	313
Colorado recruits, Major Diggles	306
Thirteenth Minnesota recruits, Major Diggles	320
Nebraska recruits, Captain Kilian	325
Total	8,077

THANKS FROM MONTANA.

The Good Work of the San Francisco Catholic Truth Society Appreciated.

The Catholic Truth Society of this city has received from Governor Robert B. Smith of Montana the following letter, dated Helena, July 18:

"Kind Friends: I have learned through the officers and men of the First Regiment of Montana Volunteers, recently stationed at Camp Merritt, of the kind and generous ministration of your society to our sick and needy soldiers, and I take this method of expressing to you the thanks and appreciation of our people for the generous, patriotic and tender sympathies you have shown our soldiers, and for the substantial donations made to the sick. I trust that your good work will meet with deserved recognition both in this world and the life to come.'

OREGON RECRUITS.

The Governor of the State Needlessly Alarmed About the Condition of the Troops.

A letter from the Governor of Oregon to headquarters complains that the recruits from that State are suffering from the need of clothes enough to keep them warm and from a half dozen other lacks and shortcomings. A thorough investigation made yesterday discovered that the three companies of Oregon recruits were about as well disciplined and contented a lot of soldiers as can be found in camp. They have ample clothing and by the last of the week their equipment will be complete.

There is little sickness, no cases of a serious aspect, and the boys are putting in good hard work at drill and sentry duty.

Private Glen Benedict, of Company L, became suddenly insane two nights ago while on guard duty, and tried for a short time to police the whole camp. His aberration is supposed to be only temporary, and pending his recovery he is detained in his quarters.

Eighth Army Corps.

Lieutenant Smith, First South Dakota, is confined to the battalion hospital with an attack of tonsilitis.

Yesterday morning the Fifty-first Iowa troops were reviewed in regimental drill by Brigadier General King. Their clever drilling won them several high compliments from their brigade commander.

The Oregon troops have been taken from the command of Major Diggles of the Thirteenth Minnesota recruits and Lieutenant Seckler, Twentieth Kansas, has been detailed to the duties of the command.

The following active officers have been selected: First sergeants—B. F. Burnett, L. Holland, L. R. Willoughby and S. F. Fouts; second sergeant, F. E. Edwards; third sergeant, Don W. Holgate; sergeant major, H. L. Holgate; quartermaster sergeant, George W. Jones.

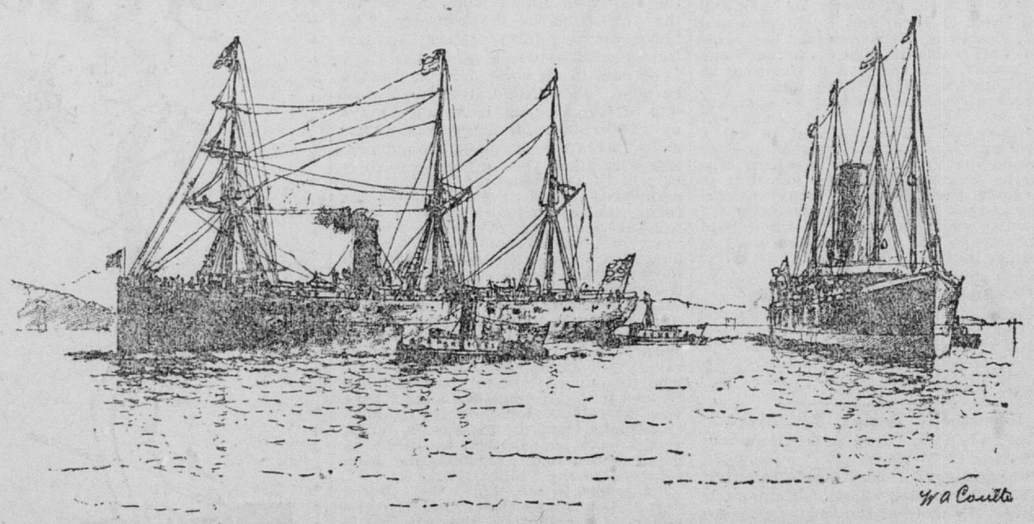
The Nebraska recruits have a blooded game cock and a pot of money that they want to put up against somebody else's game cock and money. They are willing to back their bird against all comers and they particularly want a chance at the pet of the Kansas volunteers, a well-spurred thoroughbred known as Sampson.

Despite the announcement of two morning contemporaries Private Alverson of the Pennsylvania recruits yesterday presented to his commanding officer testimony sufficient to prove that he has not yet died from pneumonia and, furthermore, was in no immediate danger of "snuffing out." Alverson is very much worried for fear that the report of his death will reach relatives and friends and cause them needless sorrow.

Women's Sewing Company.

The members of the Women's Sewing Company will hold a meeting at Pythian Castle, 919 Market street, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. M. E. Squires will act as chairman, and there will be other speakers present. A cordial invitation has been extended to all interested to attend.

RIO DE JANEIRO OFF FOR MANILA.



The Transport Rio de Janeiro Got Under Way Yesterday Morning and Started With Her Contingent of Troops for Manila. As She Passed Down the Bay the Big Transport Arizona Was Hoisting Her Anchor and Getting Ready to Dock at Folsom Street Wharf. The Rio Took Away About 950 Soldiers, While the Arizona Will Accommodate all of 1500.

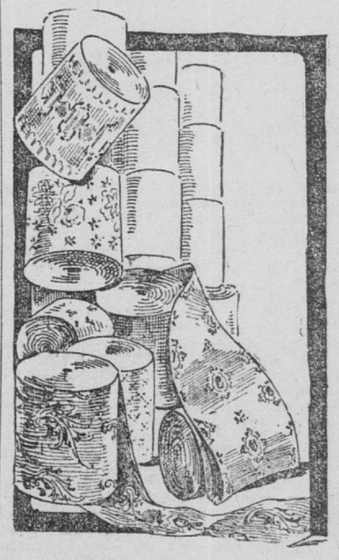
ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONCE IN A LIFETIME

Only once in a lifetime are such opportunities presented for purchasing all kinds of floor coverings so far below the regular price as occur here, commencing to-morrow morning.

TWO CARLOADS; 640 ROLLS OF

WILTONS, AXMINSTERS,
VELVETS, MOQUETTES,
BODY BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRY BRUSSELS



Bought at the great auction sale of the Alexander Smith & Co. Carpet Mills in New York City June 15th and 16th. Almost every large carpet firm in the United States was represented at this sale and 50,000 rolls of Carpet were disposed of in two days. Every pattern a gem. No larger or handsomer or better assorted stock has ever been shown on the Coast. Prices quoted are sewed and laid without lining.

At $1.25 Royal Axminsters, magnificent in appearance and wear; very heavy; royally rich colorings; Empire borders. A grade that fetches $1.50 in all carpet stores.

At 95c those famous Smith Moquettes that the Empress Alexandra ordered for the Imperial Palace at St. Petersburg. Established price $1.25. Better patterns than elsewhere at a price lower than others have to pay the manufacturer.

BIGELOW AXMINSTER CARPETS, the finest high pile Carpets made; complete assortment of parlor patterns, with borders, yard **$1.25**

ALEX SMITH & SONS' AND HARTFORD AXMINSTER CARPETS; best quality made; large selection of new patterns; regular $1.40 quality, with borders, yard **$1.15**

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, including Higgins' double star and Smith and Sanford's extra qualities; immense assortment; fall colorings and styles; regular price 75c yard **55c**

ROXBURY TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, Smith and Sanford 10-wire makes; all new designs, with and without borders; real value 95c. Yard **77½c**

WILTON VELVETS—75 rolls genuine, including very latest fall creations in styles and colors, with and without borders; real worth $1.25. Yard **$1.00**

BODY BRUSSELS, genuine Lowells and Whitalls, Alexander Smith & Sons'; the very best quality; choice designs and colorings; with borders only; should be $1.40. Yard **$1.20**

INGRAIN CARPETINGS, extra superior quality; excellent selection of styles; also hall and stairs to match; there's a saving at 50c yard; still more at, yard **40c**

ALL-WOOL INGRAINS, extra super quality; 25 new fall styles to select from; every yard cheap at 85c; yard **60c**

NOTE—Samples of all of our Ingrain Carpet sent FREE. Write for them.

Best extra heavy CARPET LINING, all white cotton filling and sewed **5c**

Hunting Furniture.

Said a purchaser: "I got Pattosien's prices, then hunted the town over to do better, but returned and bought Pattosien's furniture." That tells the story—this is a lively store, little profits, but many sales.

DON'T FAIL TO

See the three and five piece Parlor Suites, priced $19, $25, $30, $35, $45, $50, $60.
See the luxurious overstuffed Parlor Suites, priced $65, $85, $100, $125.
See the comfortable Couches, priced $8, $12, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50.
See the Dressing Bureaus, priced $13, $15, $18, $25, $35, $50.
See the Metal Beds, priced $3, $4, $5 50, $7 50, $10, $12, $18, $25, $50, $75. See the beautiful Chamber Suits, $40. Special patterns at $15, $18, $22, $25, $30, $35, $40, $42, $47 and up to $175.
See our Lace Curtains at 75c, 90c, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2 50, $4, $6, $8, $15, $25.
Our catalogue of Lace Curtains free to country customers. Write for it.

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