

# AGUINALDO AS BUT A PUPPET IN GERMAN HANDS Urged by the Kaisers' Officers to Attempt Treachery to Admiral Dewey.

Special Correspondence of The Call. CAVITE ARSENAL, July 9.—This quaint old port, the most important prize to Admiral Dewey's prowess, is in full possession of the first American expeditionary army under General Anderson. We are waiting, as nearly as I can gather, for the second expedition. How soon that will come no man knows, but its arrival is looked for daily. The insurgents, under General Aguinaldo, are not sitting—at all events say they are not. I had it to-day from an officer of the staff of the "Dictator of the Republic of the Philippines," for so my cables will have informed you he has proclaimed himself, that the insurgents are being concentrated for a general assault on the Spanish lines of defense to-morrow. As they do not expect their fighting at that means an assault at, say 4 o'clock Sunday morning.

Admiral Dewey would stop it, as he could easily enough, if he believed there was danger of success. The truth of the matter is Aguinaldo has been playing fast and loose with the Americans, and he has been and is being abetted in this by the Germans. Their purpose—in this is plain. They would desire nothing better than for the Spaniards to meet and fight at Manila in order that the Kaiser and a small force of Americans to protect lives and property in the town, and in order that the necessity for foreign intervention should become apparent. Do not believe the Americans here would be found wanting, nor do I believe, as I said before, that Dewey would fall any more than he failed at Cavite to uphold the honor of the American flag and the admiral both understand their business. They will keep order, and if the second American expedition reaches here with the Monterey being sent to meet the Spanish fleet, Manila will be taken in good time. The Spaniards would surrender now if General Anderson would take the responsibility of protecting them.

There have been a number of parties out on the lines to reconnoiter the insurgent position. I have been out several times, but have seen little more yet than desultory fighting. The insurgents are most active in the morning, but you should not get up there, wherever you stop at a house, and everything they have is at your disposition. Their intrenchments are peculiarly constructed, of matted reeds, and are eight feet high, and are filled with sand. On the interior side about four feet from the top is a narrow firing platform. These they build as they advance, and they are ready to be taken day by day. Their outposts under General Moreau at Pasoy, according to the map, is about three miles from Manila. The fighting takes place, as I have said, at the most part at night. At about 4 a. m. you hear heavy cannonading, and then there will be the sharp "pit-pit" of Mausers. Then you will know there has been some sign of life among the Spaniards being an insurgent barricade, and that the whole force along the line has opened fire. There may have been an insurgent killed, and there may not. But you can be assured that if a Spaniard has emptied his rifle magazine an insurgent has rushed forward and cut one man down with his machete. The advance of the Filipinos is made as the advance of a force of quail. One man runs quickly from the long, lush, tropical grass, giving the Spaniards a target. Then the whole volley will be poured upon him as he drops, the shots going over his head. As the shots whistle, the Filipinos will all rise, rushing forward and shooting as they run. If they reach the Spaniards there is a slaughter by the long machetes. How deadly this may be is shown by reports of last night's battle. It is said that 1000 Spaniards were killed, and 25 Filipinos. If the rush does not reach the Spanish lines there is another volley and another fight. By these tactics the Filipinos have advanced and so terrified the Spaniards that little can be done against them.

The California boys keep in better health than the Oregonians. This is due to the fact that the California boys are not so fat as the Oregonians, and none of it is serious. For the most part it is a diarrhea caused by bad water and fresh fruit. But the California boys have been given less liberty than the Oregonians. Their officers do not permit the men to frequent the town very much, and men who stay out of the town do not get into serious trouble. There will be no serious fighting until the next expedition arrives, and then the men to frequent the town will be no fight put up by the Spanish. It is the pacification of the insurgents that will give the boys trouble. The Filipinos, however, you may despise him for his small stature and bad blood, will fight, and fight hard. Also he will live and thrive where pestilence will kill the heavier American, whom he looks up to with awe and calls "the grande soldado."

By the way, I forgot to say that a lot of California boys went swimming yesterday and were badly stung by a species of large jellyfish. Nobody was badly hurt, and the doctors have stopped that amusement now. SOL N. SHERIDAN.

AGUINALDO A CLOWN. HIS MEN RUFFIANS Are Cruel to Captured Women and Have Not the Sense of the American Indian. WITH THE EXPEDITIONARY FORCE AT FORT SAINT FRANCIS, Cavite, July 7.—To-day news as late as July 1 has reached us from the outside world. Everything is in statu quo. Stores are still being landed and the strict policing of the arsenal continues unabated in energy. The quarters are gradually presenting a cleanly appearance. The drains are being built to carry off surplus water. The rainfall is heavy, although without wind or much change in temperature. The men are experiencing certain difficulties which change of climate has brought about. The harvest of the rice crop has been a very high temperature, some of the patients reaching 104 degrees, with a strong bounding pulse. This is treated medicinally, but the fever remains. There is also a complaint of vomiting with cool water. With each abdominal bandage the Red Cross Society issued a small circular setting forth that mangoes might be eaten with impunity. The harvest of the rice crop has been a very high temperature, some of the patients reaching 104 degrees, with a strong bounding pulse. This is treated medicinally, but the fever remains. There is also a complaint of vomiting with cool water. With each abdominal bandage the Red Cross Society issued a small circular setting forth that mangoes might be eaten with impunity.

HOIT'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS (LIMITED). Large corps of teachers. Superior home accommodations. Next term opens August 3, 1898. IRA G. HOIT, Ph. D., Principal.

MISS WEST'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. 2014 Van Ness ave.; opens August 15. Certificate admits to Vassar, Wellesley and Smith colleges. Accredited to the University of California. Kindergarten in connection with the school. Number of house pupils limited.

THE HAMLIN SCHOOL (Van Ness Seminary), 1849 Jackson St., S. F. Term opens August 4. Departments school work from Kindergarten to College Preparation. MRS. EDNA SNELL POULSON.

IRVING INSTITUTE. Select boarding and day school for young ladies. 2129 California St., San Francisco. Will receive for day and boarding. Primary and high department for children. Carriage will call. REV. EDWARD B. CURCH, A. M.

THE LYCEUM PREPARATORY SCHOOL. This school prepares students for the university, law and medical colleges; its graduates are admitted to every university in California. University and Cooper College on recommendation of the principal; references, President Jordan or any Stanford professor. Phelan building.

American outposts, in the midst of bamboo forests, in the thatched hut of these measly, scrawny natives, I have found the plant that the better of the carved walnut bedsteads that American curio seekers would give hundreds for. With an intense hatred of the priests the native looted his church and impudently carried off the statue of the saint clinging to the old faith. You will meet but few without the scapular of his patron saint, some with two. Douviers, one of Aguinaldo's lieutenants, who told me of the fate of the priests being shot, said that there was a great difference between the religion and the man sent out to the Philippines to teach it.

Skrimishing goes on daily between Aguinaldo and the Spaniards, and Spanish prisoners are continually arriving. This is not brought about by reason of brilliant feats of arms, but more by reason of hunger. Since Dewey interfered with the Spanish fleet, the Spaniards have been faring better than they did in their own army. At 5 o'clock I can hear desultory firing going on in the town. Aguinaldo is between one and one-half miles off, but his will elude the Spaniards. An English gentleman, who yesterday sought the protection of the English Consul and who has dwelt in Manila a long time, I learn that the Spaniards have destroyed a great number of the beautiful drive called the Luneta, and also the unrivaled collection of tropical trees in the botanical gardens. They have planted sharp bamboo palings for a space of ten feet wide of the Luneta, and have dug a trench inside of the bamboo palings at a distance of ten feet. These precautions against an attack by American troops are worthy of that thoughtless Chinese warrior, Mr. Confucius, but have no place in modern warfare. Flour is \$27 a sack and meat and other necessities correspondingly high. This condition prevails when August might easily make a famine of the American soldiery. If Aguinaldo carries the town before the arrival of the American reinforcements there will be looting and pillage, ravishment and cruelty. Then the Spaniards, who will be the first to be visited upon the boons of years! Unjust treatment has bred rancorous hate, and the sins of their forefathers will be visited upon the modern Spaniards.

SICK REPORTS SHOW MARKED IMPROVEMENT Six Men Discharged at the Cavite Hospital Where Four Are Received. FORT SAINT FRANCIS, CAVITE, July 8.—The sick reports of the brigade today show a marked improvement. Where six men are discharged four are taken in. This is gratifying to the overworked physicians, who have been unremitting in their efforts with the men. It may also be due to the fact that there is no longer so much fatiguing duty being done and that the transports are all unloaded. All loading or unloading is done by lighters, or "casco." The transports are still here waiting ballast. Lieutenant McCaine, U. S. A., yesterday in company with some newspaper men and ten privates of the Fourteenth, made a reconnaissance, in the direction of Manila, to the insurgent outposts. From what I can learn the statements of Mr. Allison, who has been completely taken in by the Spanish coupé up in the city, but owing to different reasons, he will never be able, without assistance, to take the town. It is given out by some of his staff that he will attempt a general attack on the town Sunday, but this is pooh-poohed by our naval men. There is great activity in the shops of the insurgents, cartridges are being repolished, ammunition for cannon is being fixed. Cannon that the Spaniards had spiked on their departure are being repaired and the machinery is humming. The Filipino is clever at almost any trade and does not appear to be as lazy as most South Sea people. The women do nearly all of the heavier ordinary daily labor, such as agricultural work or the carrying of heavy parcels. They are also the financial managers. They present a quaint and picturesque appearance as they come with a pair of small Chinese horses, with a pannier on either side and an immense wicker hat. The horse is almost lost to sight. To-day is bright and sunny, with a cool wind blowing. An ideal day.

SOL N. SHERIDAN. Advances made on furniture and pianos, with or without removal. J. Noonan, 1017-1023 Mission.

The first envelope ever made is in the possession of the British Museum.

FROM ARTFUL DODGER TO TRANSPORT SHIP Spanish Steamer Which Eluded Sampson's Guns Will Carry Troops to Spain. Special Cable to The Call and the New York Herald. Copyrighted, 1898, by James Gordon Bennett. PORT ANTONIO, Jamaica, Aug. 13.—

### ADVERTISEMENTS.

TWO REMARKABLE CURES. Two Happy Men, Well-Known Residents of San Francisco, Testify to the Grand Results Received From DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT. Dr. Sanden's method of making use of the life-giving power of electricity has proven its merit. The men who say it cured them of general debility, of wasting weakness; the men who have become strong and vigorous by following Dr. Sanden's advice, are the best evidence of the worth of his system. There are thousands of them, and they speak aloud in praise of Dr. Sanden and his noble work. His work is noble—it is grand—because it lifts men from despondency, it gives them hope, ambition, strength of mind and body—makes them love life for the pleasure of living. There must be something in a system of treatment that can show such cures as these:

### AN ENGINEER CURED. CURED OF PARALYSIS.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT. Is a grand remedy for all weakness in men. It assists Nature by a general reinforcement of vital energy by infusing a mild, warming, invigorating current of electricity into the nerves, and by supplying the system with the very essence of nerve vigor and nerve strength.

### ARE YOU THE MAN YOU SHOULD BE?

DR. SANDEN'S BOOK, "THREE CLASSES OF MEN." If you lack in any respect the powers you should possess send or call at once for this scientific book, which will spread before you the only true and permanent restoration of mental, physical and vital vigor. Call or address,

DR. A. T. SANDEN, 702 Market Street, Corner Kearny, San Francisco. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 1. Branches at Los Angeles, Cal., 204 1/2 South Broadway; Portland, Or., 253 Washington street; Denver, Colo., 931 Sixteenth street; Dallas, Tex., 252 Main street.

SEVERAL LIONIZED BY THE BOSTONESE. BOSTON, Aug. 13.—Admiral Cervera of the Spanish navy and his suite of officers passed through Boston to-day en route to Portsmouth, N. H., to visit the prisoners who formerly manned the admiral's ships. The officers accompanying Admiral Cervera were Paymaster Eduardo Uriapileta, Lieutenant Cervera, the admiral's son, and Junior Lieutenant Marcla Diaz. Almost every step of the Spanish admiral was attended by a throng who cheered, applauded and even patted the old gentleman on the back. At the Union station several thousand persons gathered and when Admiral Cervera came out of the dining-room hundreds rushed at him like football players. They seized his hand and shouted and cheered until the rounds echoed. All through the ordeal he smiled pleasantly and bowed, tipping his hat to the throng. With great difficulty he reached his train.

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Real estate owned by company..... \$415,323 75 Loans on bonds and mortgages..... 1,155,675 31 Cash market value of all stocks and bonds owned by company..... 2,242,546 22 Amount of loans secured by pledge of bonds, stocks and other marketable securities as collateral..... 150,000 00 Cash in company's office..... 23,125 32 Cash in banks on other than interest due and accrued on all stocks and loans..... 10,726 07 Premiums on fire and marine insurance..... 216,377 60 Due from other companies for reinsurance..... 491,994 42 Total assets..... \$5,098,954 29

LIABILITIES. Losses adjusted and unpaid..... \$538,318 07 Losses in process of adjustment or not reported..... 206,111 44 Losses reserved, including expenses..... 706,111 44 Gross premiums on fire risks running one year or less; reinsurance 50 per cent..... 1,550,173 12 Paid for reinsurance on fire risks running more than one year; reinsurance pro rata..... 250,208 54 All other demands against the company..... 219,531 96 Total liabilities..... \$2,259,459 69

INCOME. Net cash actually received for fire premiums..... \$5,560,675 38 Received for interest on bonds and mortgages..... 46,281 22 Received for interest and dividends on bonds, stocks, loans and from all other sources..... 95,658 88 Received for rents..... 20,388 77 Received from all other sources..... 31,241 14 Total income..... \$5,754,321 39

EXPENDITURES. Net amount paid for fire losses, including \$518,000 of losses of previous years..... \$2,276,997 22 Dividends to stockholders..... 575,000 00 Paid for allowed for commission or brokerage..... 706,111 44 Paid for salaries of few and other charges for officers, clerks, etc..... 236,125 48 Paid for State, national and local taxes..... 61,850 13 All other payments and expenditures..... 188,560 19 Total expenditures..... \$3,229,672 44

Fire. Losses incurred during the year..... \$270,997 22 EMIL F. MITHKE, Vice-President. RUDOLF BERNDT, Secretary. Subscribers and sworn to before me, this 24th day of March, 1898. HENRY N. DEIDERICH, United States Consul at Magdeburg.

GUTTE & FRANK, Managers Pacific Coast Department, 303 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

MAKERS OF PERFECT FITTING SPECTACLES & EYE GLASSES. Henry Kahn & Co. OPTICIANS PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS, SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS. 642 MARKET ST. UNDER CHRONICLE BUILDING. CATALOGUE FREE.

W. T. HESS, NOTARY PUBLIC AND ATTORNEY AT LAW, Tenth Floor, Room 1915, Claus Spreckels Building. Residence, Telephone 3058, 2157 Broadway, San Francisco, Cal., California st., below Powell, San Francisco.

NEW WESTERN HOTEL. KEARNY AND WASHINGTON STS.—REMODELLED AND RENOVATED. KING, WARD & CO. European plan. Rooms \$10 to \$150 day and cold water every room. Free rates in every room; elevator runs all night.

LASH'S BITTERS. BETTER THAN PILLS. Weekly Call, \$1.50 per Year

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THE SPANISH STEAMSHIP LEONORA, which successfully hid from the American fleet throughout the war, has been chartered to transport part of the Spanish troops from Santiago to Spain. The Leonora remained in hiding in Kingston while the American vessels were patrolling the Indian waters. She has already proceeded to Santiago, and will leave for Spain on Saturday morning. The Red Cross steamship Wanderer arrived here from Santiago to-day. Persons on board report that the conquered city is quiet, healthy and clean.

WHAT THE WAR HAS COST US. Expenditures Amount to One Hundred and Fifty Million Dollars Up to Date. WASHINGTON, Au. 12.—Although the war with Spain lasted only 114 days it is estimated that it has cost the Government so far \$150,000,000, of which \$88,000,000 has been actually paid out of the treasury. Beginning with March 1, when the first increases in the expenditures in anticipation of war became apparent in the daily cost to the treasury, the actual disbursements of this account have been, approximately, as follows: March—Army \$600,000; navy, \$2,400,000; total \$3,000,000. April—Army, \$1,200,000; navy, \$9,800,000; total, \$11,000,000. May—Army, \$12,000,000; navy, \$7,000,000; total, \$19,000,000. June—Army, \$16,500,000; navy, \$5,500,000; total, \$22,000,000. July—Army, \$29,500,000; navy, \$5,500,000; total, \$35,000,000. To August 13—Army, \$5,500,000; navy, \$1,500,000; total, \$7,000,000. Total charged to War Department, \$85,000,000; total charged to Navy Department, \$32,700,000; grand total, \$117,700,000. The appropriations made by Congress on account of the war aggregated about \$360,000,000 and cover the time to January 1, 1898.

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WHITELAW REID MAY SUCCEED SECRETARY DAY. Indications Point to His Selection as the Head of the State Department. NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—The Washington correspondent of the Herald telegraphs: When Secretary of State Day is appointed a member of the commission which will determine the final disposition of the Philippines and negotiate the treaty of peace with Spain, it will have been stated in the Herald, definitely retire from the Cabinet. In view of the certainty that there will be an early vacancy at the head of the State Department, President McKinley is giving attention to the question of Secretary Day's successor at the same time that he is considering whom he shall appoint as other members of the peace commission. Ambassador Hay, I understand, is being seriously considered for the place, but indications point strongly to the selection of Mr. Whitelaw Reid. Mr. Reid's familiarity with public affairs and his experience would qualify him for the place, and he has also the advantage of sufficient wealth to enable him to entertain on a scale commensurate with the dignity of the head of a department charged with the conduct of the foreign relations of the Government.

SEVENTEEN LIVES LOST. Houses Swept Away by a Cloudburst in Tennessee. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 13.—A special cable from Chattanooga, Tenn., says: News has just reached here that a cloudburst has occurred at Beech Creek, a remote locality in Hawkins County, nearly twenty miles from Rogersville. Seventeen persons lost their lives. Thirty bodies have been recovered. The dead were members of poor families. The cabins in a narrow valley were swept away in the flood following the cloudburst.

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THE SPANISH STEAMSHIP LEONORA, which successfully hid from the American fleet throughout the war, has been chartered to transport part of the Spanish troops from Santiago to Spain. The Leonora remained in hiding in Kingston while the American vessels were patrolling the Indian waters. She has already proceeded to Santiago, and will leave for Spain on Saturday morning. The Red Cross steamship Wanderer arrived here from Santiago to-day. Persons on board report that the conquered city is quiet, healthy and clean.

WHAT THE WAR HAS COST US. Expenditures Amount to One Hundred and Fifty Million Dollars Up to Date. WASHINGTON, Au. 12.—Although the war with Spain lasted only 114 days it is estimated that it has cost the Government so far \$150,000,000, of which \$88,000,000 has been actually paid out of the treasury. Beginning with March 1, when the first increases in the expenditures in anticipation of war became apparent in the daily cost to the treasury, the actual disbursements of this account have been, approximately, as follows: March—Army \$600,00