

REFUSE DINE WITH AMERICANS Dons Fear Sentiment at Madrid.

FRIENDLY CALLS EXCHANGED

ADDITIONAL DETAILS OF TEXT OF THE PEACE TREATY.

The United States to Pay for the Repatriation of the Spanish Troops From All of the Colonies.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—The United States Peace Commissioners rested to-day after the long strain of daily conferences and almost daily sessions with the Spaniards, the intensity of which they hardly realized until it was over.

To-day several members of both commissions exchanged calls. The American Commissioners anxiously informed the Spaniards they would be glad to have the two commissions dine together.

Several members of the United States Commission were inclined at first to publish the text of the treaty, but Senator Frye made a strong plea yesterday for the observance of courtesy toward the United States Senate and his arguments prevailed.

The further details, however, have been learned as to the wording of the treaty, which provides that Cuba is to be relinquished and that Porto Rico and the Philippines are to be ceded.

The Spaniards are to return all prisoners held by them. They are to relinquish possession of all military stores and munitions of war in the Philippines and of such ships as have not been captured.

The commercial treaties between the two nations which the war ruptured are to be renewed at the convenience of the two nations.

The United States Commissioners have been almost overwhelmed with offers of dinners in England, prompted by the desire of prominent Englishmen to emphasize the Anglo-American entente, but they will remain in Paris until the day before sailing for the United States.

They will make formal calls upon President Faure and high officials here to thank them for official hospitality and official hospitality to the United States Commissioners has been ostentatiously lacking in Paris.

MADRID, Dec. 11.—The Government recently approved the memorandum of protest against the action of the United States Commissioners filed by Senor Montero Rios at Paris.

El Liberal says: "The Paris negotiations offer a far more auspicious than the ones which are bringing back our repatriated soldiers, deplorable as the condition of the latter is."

The Cabinet, it is said, will meet the Cortes intact, and Senor Sagasta will introduce a bill for the cession of the Philippines.

The Cabinet will then declare, as it finds itself at a crisis, it cannot admit any debate and will, therefore, demand the immediate adoption of a bill after which Senor Sagasta will submit the question of confidence to the Queen Regent.

El Herald says the Government believes that, in the present circumstances, the holders of the Philippine debt will accept the arrangement arrived at and considers the Cuban bondholders should demand of the future Government of Cuba a fulfillment of the contract by claiming the guarantee on the customs which guarantee the debt.

The memorandum protests against the refusal of the Americans to surrender the securities deposited in the treasuries of Cuba and Porto Rico by private Spaniards, remarking that "never has a civilized nation committed such an act of violence."

Secondly, it protests against the ultimatum demanding the Philippines.

Thirdly, it protests against the position in which those Spaniards are placed who desire to remain in Cuba.

Fourthly, it protests against the agreement to the construction of the Maine in President McKinley's message to the United States Congress. On this point the memorandum says:

"Spain has proposed arbitration, but the United States refuses to give the right which is granted to a criminal, namely, the right of defending herself. The Spanish Commissioners leave the care of fixing the responsibility for the explosion to the United States, which will say whether those are responsible who desire the truth or those refusing to seek it."

The newspapers generally express relief at the signing of the treaty. The independent press, most of the provincial papers and the Carlist and Republican journals attack both political parties, Conservative and Liberal, reproaching them equally with having brought the country to the present pass.

El Imparcial alone publishes the contents of the treaty, which produces a less unfavorable impression than had been expected, owing to the commercial and other concessions to Spain.

WILLIAM MEETS THE REICHTAG PRESIDENTS

The Emperor Discusses the Eventuality of a Serious Anglo-French Conflict.

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—Emperor William today received the recently elected Presidents of the Reichstag. In the course of a general conversation he said that, although Germany was on a peaceful and friendly footing with all the powers, the international situation required great attention, "as, indeed, every layman can see for himself."

Therefore, his Majesty urged, it was necessary to carry out the proposed completion and perfecting of the army. "What I propose," he remarked, "is certainly not much, but consideration for the tax-paying capacity of the country would not permit more to be proposed."

LONDON, Dec. 11.—Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says: "I have not been able to procure an authentic record of Emperor William's conversation with the Reichstag officials, but I have reason to believe that it covered a large field in foreign politics. The Emperor, I understand, discussed the eventuality of a serious Anglo-French conflict, expressing the opinion that England was in earnest and was pursuing her political objects with unusual tenacity, as the United States did before the late war."

FIERCE FIGHTING ON PANAY ISLAND

Natives Claim a Victory, but Spaniards Report a Slaughter of Insurgents.

MANILA, Dec. 11.—According to reliable advices received from Iloilo, capital of the Island of Panay, in the Visayas group, the insurgents attacked Iloilo on the night of December 1, and captured all the Spanish trenches except one. They then notified General Rios to remove the women and children and threatened to renew the attack the following night.

When these advices left Iloilo, General Rios was expecting reinforcements and field guns, and the plan was for the Spanish gunboats to shell the town if the insurgents effected an entrance. The foreign residents were greatly alarmed, and all merchants have been ordered outside the harbor in order to allow the gunboats to operate. Meanwhile, the Spanish authorities have been advised that the Tulisano troops are looting, in disobedience to orders, and cannot be restrained.

On the other hand, the Spanish transport Isla de Luzon reports that the insurgents around Iloilo were repulsed with great slaughter on December 6, while attempting to storm the last entrenchment. According to this story 500 insurgents were killed or wounded by the machine guns.

GOOD GOVERNMENT DEMANDED AT DETROIT.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 11.—The resignation of Police Commissioner Ralph Phelps Jr. was demanded to-day at a mass meeting of representative citizens, held in one of the leading churches. This action is the direct result of recent agitation toward the enforcement of law and abolishing of vice by the Good Government League of Detroit and others.

Phelps is charged, among other things, with being on fifteen liquor bonds prior to his appointment as Commissioner, when the law expressly provides that no one shall sign more than two, and with not being released from the bonds after his appointment, with absenting himself from this city for almost a year while Police Commissioner after having accepted the responsibilities of office and with not being in full sympathy with the enforcement of laws.

The Good Government League sprang into existence at the last election and took a prominent part in it. A few weeks ago several local divines commenced a crusade against so-called "still saloons" and have been since warring relentlessly upon them and other forms of vice as well. This mass meeting of to-day, which embraced in the audience a number of the city's prominent business men and politicians, partook of the nature of a combining of the forces of the Good Government League and all the others who are active in the present movement for the enforcement of laws and prevention of vice.

The members of the league say that to-day's action is merely a starter, and that unless a change is made in the policy of other city officers more charges and demands of resignation will follow.

RALLY OF THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 11.—The annual convention of the American Federation of Labor will be called to order at 9 o'clock Monday morning. There will be a full attendance of delegates, according to the present outlook, and an important meeting is looked for by the leaders. Delegates are here from all parts of the country; they have been arriving since Friday and the last delegation will not be here until to-morrow morning.

President Samuel Gompers was the life of all groups. The so-called fight on Gompers' re-election has not yet developed. On the surface there appears to be no material opposition to him. Gompers refuses to discuss his re-election. "That rests with the party of the second part," he said to a reporter, "if I am elected I want to enter upon my duties untrammelled by pledges, so that I may do for my chosen people what I think the interests of labor demands."

Gompers refuses to say what the probable action of the convention will be in regard to the Socialist pronunciamento, which some delegates will demand, or what will be the outcome of the fight in the convention for the endorsement of free silver. "In the past we have defeated the Socialists," he said. "And in the past, likewise, we have come out for silver. But since the latter has been made a political issue, the action of the convention this year may be different."

FRANCE PREPARING A NAVAL PROGRAMME.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—A Washington special to the Herald says: France is preparing a naval programme which will soon be submitted to the Chambers for authorization. Information received at the Navy Department indicates that this programme is not as extensive as would seem to be due to the critical condition of affairs existing between Great Britain and France, but it is pointed out that no matter how many ships the French Government might lay down at this time, they would not be completed in time to participate in a war of the near future.

Frenchmen generally, however, thought that the liberal ideas of the Minister of Marine would cause the recommendation of a much larger programme than he contemplates.

All told the Minister will ask for two battleships, two cruisers and thirteen various torpedo-boat destroyers and torpedo boats. The battleships are to be of 14,500 tons displacement, each will have armor protection over their whole length and will be provided with coal bunkers distributed along their sides, which will protect their vitals and give them a large steaming range. Their armament will consist of four twelve-inch breech-loading rifles, ten 5.5-inch rapid firing guns and thirty smaller quick-firing guns. It is estimated the battleships will cost £1,200,000 each, the cruisers £220,000 each, and the destroyers £40,000 each.

POISONED TWO OF HER MANY HUSBANDS.

FERRY, Oklahoma, Dec. 11.—Mrs. Lulu Johnson, 60 years old, has been indicted by the Grand Jury, charged with the murder of her last two husbands, Shirley and J. W. Johnson. She had six or seven husbands altogether, and has been a widow as many times. The body of Johnson was taken up recently, and arsenic was found in the stomach and liver by Professor Edward Barlow, chemist, from the University of Kansas. Her next previous husband, Shirley, with whom she lived near Caldwell, Kans., died four years ago. Professor Barlow has now found Shirley's liver well preserved by the arsenic in it. Johnson was strong and healthy, but soon after his marriage he began to have attacks of nausea and headaches, and finally succumbed after an illness of thirty hours. No doctor was called, and Mrs. Johnson and her little boy were the only persons present at the death. Some time after the funeral there was so much gossip among the neighbors that the body was taken up and examined. Mrs. Johnson's husbands were: Leonard, Davis, Humphreys, Parks, Shirley and Johnson. Her trial was set for Friday.

DEATHS AMONG THE AMERICAN TROOPS AT MANILA.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Major General Otis, commanding at Manila, has made the following report of deaths in his command: MANILA, Dec. 11.—Following deaths have occurred since last report: December 3—Amasa J. Hawkins, private, I, Thirtieth Minnesota, small-pox.

December 4—Harry A. McDowell, private, M, First Colorado, suicide by cutting throat.

December 5—Frank S. Glover, private, A, First Nebraska, typhoid fever.

December 7—William P. Vance, private, I, Twentieth Kansas, typhoid fever, on board transport Indiana in Manila Harbor.

December 8—Fred J. Norton, private, F, Second Oregon, dysentery; Frank M. Hibbs, private, A, Second Oregon, dysentery, heart failure.

December 9—Harry G. Hibbard, corporal, K, Second Oregon, typhoid.

DREYFUS WILL SOON BE RETURNED TO PARIS.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—Le Solr this evening announces the return of Dreyfus at an early date. It also asserts that the Government formally decided upon this course, and has ordered a body of soldiers to be in readiness to escort him from the port of landing to Paris.

La Libertad says the temporary release of Colonel Picquart has already been ordered.

ASHES OF COLUMBUS WILL BE HONORED

Military and Sacerdotal Ceremonies Attending Their Departure From Havana.

HAVANA, Dec. 11.—The ashes of Columbus will be transferred with military and sacerdotal ceremonial to-morrow from the Cathedral to the Conde de Vendo, and the cruiser will sail for Cadiz, conveyed by two gunboats.

Great destitution prevails among the laboring classes in Havana. There has been no steady employment since the blockade was lifted last April, the only food available being cornmeal. The local authorities can do nothing more, as their funds are exhausted. Doctors, nurses, medical supplies, rice, condensed milk, crackers, bacon and canned beef are sold at once and in sufficient quantities for 20,000 people.

The United States transport Roumania with the First North Carolina Regiment entered port this morning. The regiment will probably land to-morrow afternoon, going to the Quemados camp. By the end of the week probably 6000 American troops will be encamped at Playa de Mariano.

REPRIEVE FOR WARK

Dying Statement of Jane Yates Operates the Lieutenant.

ESCAPES SEA AND GALE, BUT NOT TO LIVE

Horrible Suffering of John Hicks.

JUMPS FROM BURNING SHIP

GAINS THE BEACH FIFTEEN MILES AWAY.

Clad Only in Underclothes He Wanders for Days in an Alaskan Storm and Dies After Being Found by Indians.

BY HAL HOFFMAN.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

JUNEAU, Alaska, Dec. 5. (By Steamship Farrallon to Port Townsend, Dec. 11).—John Hicks, the passenger lost from the steamer Utopia, while she was off Cape Panayaw in Frederick Sound, on the night of November 17, reached shore in safety, after a battle with a heavy sea and icy water that is almost incredible. His awful experience is almost without precedent.

The story comes from S. R. Moon, a missionary at the Kake Indian village. In a letter sent by Indians to Wrangell, Hicks and two other men occupied a room next to the captain's. The fire broke into the room, and they rushed into their underclothes. Hicks jumped into a boat that was hanging over the side by one rope, the other line having been burned away. It was capsized, and went drift. There were no oars, Hicks, by good fortune, got hold of the boat again in a few minutes.

Sometimes he held to the keel and sometimes sat astride of it until pitched into the water.

Thus he battled with an angry sea for nearly twelve hours, being washed off every few minutes. Eventually he drifted ashore on Kupreanof Island, near Portage Bay, a distance of about fifteen miles from the place in Frederick Sound where the boat went adrift.

Hicks had no idea where he was. He was a stranger in a strange land, and dressed only in his underclothes. Wringing the water out of them, he set out to find some habitation, when there was nowhere a habitation of any kind within a few miles. The weather was cold, and the gale still howled. The mercury was down to 30 or 40.

Hicks traveled for eight days under these conditions, crawling in his nakedness, and he had to be more than twice his own weight in order to keep himself warm. In the morning the moss was frozen. He stood in sea water to his neck, and the water was being a little warmer than the atmosphere.

He finally gave up in despair, and lay down to die on the beach, where the high tide would carry his body away. He did not wait for his body torn to pieces by wild beasts.

Before he lost consciousness he heard singing. Had the heavens opened and the voice of a rescuing angel come down, it would have been more astonishing to him. Indians in Alaska sing to keep themselves warm. It has a peculiar stimulating effect upon the circulation and vital organs.

He stood up and saw a canoe laden with Indians coming around a point. They took him with them into camp, and provided him with blankets and food. His feet were badly frozen.

He and an Indian took him to the Kake village. There he was cared for by Missionary Moon, but soon after being put to bed lost consciousness. He was sent to Wrangell in a canoe in care of Indians, for that was the best thing to do under the circumstances, but he died on the way, and the Indians buried him on the beach, where his grave was marked.

Hicks believed that the Utopia was destroyed by fire, and that he was the only survivor. He was tall, dark, and about 26 years of age. He gave his mother's name as Lizzie Hicks, and her residence Tacoma, Wash.

To-night a party landed on the Cottage City for the Utopia, and she will leave for the Sound as soon as she can be beached and the propeller attached.

TO DAWSON WITH A HORSE IN WINTER

Two Alaskan Prospectors Start With a Pony tohaul Their Outfits.

PORT TOWNSEND, Dec. 11.—The steamer Farrallon arrived from Skagway, Alaska, to-night, with the following news:

The first attempt to reach Dawson in winter with a horse was made on December 4 from Skagway by Joseph Reilly and Joseph Achenbach, old miners and prospectors. Their party weighs 600 pounds and their outfit consists of two sleighs and 1070 pounds of provisions and clothing. They expect to reach Dawson in thirty days.

The United States Court is in session at Juneau and the docket shows the largest number of criminal cases since the organization of that district of Alaska. The Grand Jury is still turning out indictments, principally cases of selling liquor to Indians. The court has taken up the matter of suppressing witchcraft practiced among the Indians, who are very superstitious. When one of the tribe becomes sick with some disease which the shaman or doctor is unable to cure he pronounces the patient bewitched. Then the relatives of the sick Indian will accuse one of the tribe of witchcraft. This accusation is equivalent to a death sentence, as the accused is immediately tortured to death.

United States District Judge Johnson in his charge to the Grand Jury asked for a patient inquiry into the offenses growing out of the superstition.

The steamer Utopia, which escaped destruction by fire, was wrecked in Alaskan waters, and was afterward seriously battered by an Alaskan blizzard, has been partially repaired at Juneau and is now on her way down.

The first United States mail for Tanana River left Dyea, December 5, in charge of Alfred I. Smith. He has two dog teams of seven dogs each. The weight of the mail exceeds 1000 pounds.

BOYCOTT THREATENED.

Publisher of Two Chicago Papers Refuses to Unionize His Office.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—Victor F. Lawson, publisher of the Morning Record and Evening News, refuses to unionize his office. A committee of union men will wait upon him again in the morning. If he persists in the refusal a boycott of both publications will be declared by the Publishers' Association, which won its fight in July against the stereotypers, has been weakened by the withdrawal of the Inter-Ocean, no concerted action can be taken to aid Lawson.

GREAT HAVOC WROUGHT TO THE PLATES AND INTERIOR

Battleship Massachusetts More Seriously Injured by Striking a Reef Than Was at First Supposed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—It was impossible to ascertain yesterday the full extent of the injuries received by the battleship Massachusetts, which struck a reef or sunken obstruction near Diamond Reef off Castle William, Governors Island, on Saturday while on her way from the navy yard to the anchorage off Tompkinsville, Staten Island. It was found, however, that the damage wrought was considerably greater than was at first supposed, and it is believed fully ninety days will be required to put the vessel in condition to go to sea, even if she is not vitally hurt.

The big vessel now lies at the old coal dock at the navy yard, and the crew was kept busy throughout the day discharging the ammunition preparatory to putting her into the drydock. A gang of yard workmen, assisted by a portion of the ship's crew, worked all Sunday examining the interior of the vessel's hull and putting her in condition for floating to the dock. A diver was sent down this morning, but the keel being buried in the soft mud at the time prevented a thorough examination. Unusual reticence was observed by Captain Ludlow and the officers of the Massachusetts, as well as by Admiral Bunce, the commandant of the yard, and Chief Naval Constructor Bowles. It was learned, however, from several members of the crew that in crashing upon the reef or sunken obstruction in the harbor the big vessel had her hull plates on the port side smashed in for a distance of at least fifty feet and havoc was wrought in her interior.

CONFIRMATION AT ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH

FIVE HUNDRED CHILDREN RECEIVE THE SACRAMENT.

Eloquent Address by Archbishop Riordan—First Communion Administered in the Morning.

After months of assiduous application and careful direction in the fundamental principles of the Catholic religion, the sacrament of confirmation was solemnly administered to a class of over 500 boys and girls yesterday afternoon at St. Joseph's Church by Archbishop Riordan.

The ceremony began promptly at 4 o'clock and was both impressive and inspiring. It was an interesting and solemn spectacle to view the procession of girls, robed in immaculate white costumes, with the white veils indicative of purity hiding their countenances, followed by the young men and boys, wearing the confirmation badge. The procession slowly wended its way from the assembly hall of the monastery on Howard street down Tenth to the entrance to the church.

The main aisles of the church were devoted to those about to be confirmed. The surrounding aisles, and, in fact, every available space in the entire edifice, was crowded with people from all sections of the city and by the parents and friends of the children confirmed.

Immediately after the administration of the sacrament the total abstinence pledge, conditional upon membership in the League of the Cross, was taken by all the boys, with but few exceptions. The prayers were read from the altar and the various conditions under which the pledge was taken were first read by the Archbishop and afterward repeated by those willing to abstain from the evils of drinking until the age of 21 years.

The following is a complete list of those confirmed: James Walsh and William Taylor acted as sponsors for the boys, while Miss Augusta Kelly and Miss Lina Bohannon acted as sponsors for the girls. It was a very important and necessary duty for the young ladies.

At the 8 o'clock mass in the morning the following boys and girls of St. Joseph's parish received their first communion: Madge Bolger, Josephine Britt, Mary Broderick, Mary Connell, Agnes Calhoun, Katie Carolan, Nellie Cronan, Rose Coyne, Maggie Brosnan, Katie Dunigan, Annie Doherty, Dame Doherty, Gertrude Egan, Margaret O'Neil, Josephine, Nellie Hurley, Mary Hurley, Lela Hoffmann, Rose Hurley, Edna Heeney, Helena Johnson, Alice King, Katie Kelly, Mary Gibson, Emily Lalby, Mary Lynch, Mary Lyons, Rosa Moran, Anna McKenna, Eliza McCann, Mary McDonald, Agnes O. Eberich, Fannie Osa, Julia O'Hagan, Julia O'Connell, Maggie O'Connell, Maggie O'Connell, Monica O'Neil, Frances O'Neil, Peter, Margaret Ryan, Annie Richards, Alice Rafferty, Nellie Sweeney, Helena Sullivan, Angelina Sartorius, Almond Sartorius, Shannan, Katie Sharkey, May Tracy, May Williams, Mattie Williams, Margaret O'Leary, Mabel Shea, May Sharkey, Alice Philby, Madge Pendergast, Jennie Morris, Frances Foley, Mary Nolan, May McCormack, Essie Murphy, Edna Price, Ada Conlan, Mamie Welch, May Keenan, Katie Callahan, Millie Holmes, Mollie Nolan, Alice Brophy, Hazel Nugent, Florence Wilkenon, Madge Lutzer, Katie Byrnes, Lulu Brown, Katie Tracer, May Delany, Agnes Cochran, Lettie O'Neil, Frances Rogers, May Daggat, Mary Gilson, Nellie Hubbard, Mabel O'Connor, Emily Wilson, Margaret Moran, Ethel Allen, Agnes Hogan, Elsie Hall, Katie Garry, Winetta Dowling, Gertrude Knapp, Maud Sweeney, Agnes Kiernan, Mary Knapp, Irene Fox, May Lynch, Josephine E. Murray, O'Neill, E. Peterson, M. Porter, T. Roach, R. Reynolds, D. Scanlan, J. Short, C. Smith, E. Serrano, J. Sullivan, J. Vaughan, J. Warren, D. Desmond, T. Burley, G. Hogan, G. Ward, F. Holmes, G. Courage, P. Eddy, E. O'Neill, E. G. Barrymore, C. Vocke, N. Black, B. James, F. Igou, C. Guehring, L. Lanthier, C. Lawler, J. Conner, G. Corbett, E. Murray, A. Sanderson, J. Fitzgerald, E. Gleason, A. Horan, E. Smith, E. Pongelly, A. Ryan, J. Sweeney, D. Dunn, J. Hennessey, N. Berg, G. Farnsworth, N. Foley, M. Coll, J. McKean, T. Moran, C. Smith, D. Kelly, D. Kelly, H. Dwyer, M. Painter, G. Tainter, E. Dunn, T. McCarthy, J. Hochman.

A Benefit Ball. A grand entertainment and ball was given last night at the Turk street Temple, under the auspices of the Liberty Branch of the Socialist Band. It was a large number of people present, and the dancing, which was kept up until a late hour, was greatly enjoyed.

Mary Imelda Corbett, Hazel Marie Downey,

James Walsh and William Taylor acted as sponsors for the boys, while Miss Augusta Kelly and Miss Lina Bohannon acted as sponsors for the girls. It was a very important and necessary duty for the young ladies.

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At the 8 o'clock mass in the morning the following boys and girls of St. Joseph's parish received their first communion: Madge Bolger, Josephine Britt, Mary Broderick, Mary Connell, Agnes Calhoun, Katie Carolan, Nellie Cronan, Rose Coyne, Maggie Brosnan, Katie Dunigan, Annie Doherty, Dame Doherty, Gertrude Egan, Margaret O'Neil, Josephine, Nellie Hurley, Mary Hurley, Lela Hoffmann, Rose Hurley, Edna Heeney, Helena Johnson, Alice King, Katie Kelly, Mary Gibson, Emily Lalby, Mary Lynch, Mary Lyons, Rosa Moran, Anna McKenna, Eliza McCann, Mary McDonald, Agnes O. Eberich, Fannie Osa, Julia O'Hagan, Julia O'Connell, Maggie O'Connell, Maggie O'Connell, Monica O'Neil, Frances O'Neil, Peter, Margaret Ryan, Annie Richards, Alice Rafferty, Nellie Sweeney, Helena Sullivan, Angelina Sartorius, Almond Sartorius, Shannan, Katie Sharkey, May Tracy, May Williams, Mattie Williams, Margaret O'Leary, Mabel Shea, May Sharkey, Alice Philby, Madge Pendergast, Jennie Morris, Frances Foley, Mary Nolan, May McCormack, Essie Murphy, Edna Price, Ada Conlan, Mamie Welch, May Keenan, Katie Callahan, Millie Holmes, Mollie Nolan, Alice Brophy, Hazel Nugent, Florence Wilkenon, Madge Lutzer, Katie Byrnes, Lulu Brown, Katie Tracer, May Delany, Agnes Cochran, Lettie O'Neil, Frances Rogers, May Daggat, Mary Gilson, Nellie Hubbard, Mabel O'Connor, Emily Wilson, Margaret Moran, Ethel Allen, Agnes Hogan, Elsie Hall, Katie Garry, Winetta Dowling, Gertrude Knapp, Maud Sweeney, Agnes Kiernan, Mary Knapp, Irene Fox, May Lynch, Josephine E. Murray, O'Neill, E. Peterson, M. Porter, T. Roach, R. Reynolds, D. Scanlan, J. Short, C. Smith, E. Serrano, J. Sullivan, J. Vaughan, J. Warren, D. Desmond, T. Burley, G. Hogan, G. Ward, F. Holmes, G. Courage, P. Eddy, E. O'Neill, E. G. Barrymore, C. Vocke, N. Black, B. James, F. Igou, C. Guehring, L. Lanthier, C. Lawler, J. Conner, G. Corbett, E. Murray, A. Sanderson, J. Fitzgerald, E. Gleason, A. Horan, E. Smith, E. Pongelly, A. Ryan, J. Sweeney, D. Dunn, J. Hennessey, N. Berg, G. Farnsworth, N. Foley, M. Coll, J. McKean, T. Moran, C. Smith, D. Kelly, D. Kelly, H. Dwyer, M. Painter, G. Tainter, E. Dunn, T. McCarthy, J. Hochman.