

FATAL FLOODS ALONG THE BANKS OF YELLOWSTONE

Overflow Causes the Drowning of Over a Dozen Persons and Great Property Loss.

THE DEAD.

MRS. S. W. SNYDER.
MISS NELLIE REGAN.
EUGENE F. O'CONNOR.
MISS ROSE WYBECHT.

JAMES SULLIVAN.
MRS. JAMES SULLIVAN.
SIX SULLIVAN CHILDREN.
SEVERAL MISSING.

GLENDIVE, Mont., April 9.—Mrs. S. W. Snyder, Eugene F. O'Connor, her brother, her niece, Miss Nellie Regan, and a visitor, Miss Rose Wybecht, lost their lives last night while trying to reach the Northern Pacific Railroad tracks near their ranch, half a mile above Glendive, during the overflow of the Yellowstone River, which was filled with ice.

The fifth member of the party, Joseph Myers, was rescued from a tree this morning at 5 o'clock by several daring men, who risked their own lives to save him.

The party of five left the ranch to reach the track, but before they covered half the distance the water was waist deep, and they were assisted to a tree by Myers getting up first and O'Connor assisting from below. O'Connor was the first to be washed from the tree, Mrs. Snyder second and Miss Wybecht third. A huge piece of ice struck the tree and broke it in two, carrying Mrs. Snyder and Miss Wybecht down.

When Myers found the tree was falling, he jumped onto a piece of ice, and, thinking he would have to swim, removed his shoes and outer clothing. Finding no opportunity to reach the high land by swimming, he grasped the first tree he came to and climbed into the branches. After seven hours' exposure in his under garments he was taken from the perilous position and is now rapidly improving.

Another neighbor remained on a roof until daylight this morning, when he got into a canoe and paddled ashore. It is thought the family of James Sullivan with five or six children were swept away by the overflow, as no trace of them can be found.

The ice began moving at 7:50 o'clock in the evening and continued until 10:30, when it gorged. During this time the ice demolished two of the ice breaks in front of the piers of the steel wagon bridge over the river at Glendive. When the gorge broke it took the combination span over the slough in the west side of the bridge, breaking it into kindling wood. It was during the gorge that the four persons with Myers were drowned.

The lowlands along the river for miles are under water and ice and the northern Pacific track was flooded for a half-mile west of town. Hundreds of hickories were swept away by the overflow. Meager reports from above and below town are slow in coming in and here is no knowing what damage will result. The usual wild rumors are afloat as to heavy loss of life, but the latest reports received here indicate the total number drowned will not exceed fifteen, twelve known, and three possibly. The property losses will not exceed \$200,000, largely livestock and outbuildings. The giving way of the bridge caused the gorge to pass harmlessly down the river with comparatively small damage.

ANACONDA, Mont., April 9.—Specials to the Standard from various parts of Montana show that the recent chinook has made raging torrents of most of the rivers, in many cases breaking all records. The Yellowstone has caused the greatest loss of life and property. Ice jams have backed the water up at Glendive and Miles City, where the greatest damage has been done.

At Miles City the ice jammed at the mouth of Tonque River, forcing the water back until the entire south side of the city was under water. Seventy-five houses had to be abandoned, the people having to be rescued in boats, so quick had been the rise of the water. Later in the afternoon the water broke over the track into Main street, which ran a torrent.

Dynamite has been used and it is supposed the wash is over. The loss cannot yet be estimated. Washouts are reported all along the Northern Pacific and passenger trains are stalled all along the line, but the details are slow in coming in.

TWELVE PERSONS HAVE PERISHED

ANACONDA, Mont., April 9.—A special to the Standard from Glendive, Mont., says: Later developments today found eight more persons who were victims of the overflow, making twelve in all. They comprised the entire family of James Sullivan, wife and six children, whose residence was 200 yards from the nearest point of the Yellowstone River. When Sheriff Aiken and Charles Parker crossed the river amid floating ice, they found the Sullivan residence with doors and windows open and the entire family dead in the room.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 9.—A special from Glendive, Mont., to the Pioneer Press says: Twelve persons are known to have been victims of the overflow caused by the ice in the Yellowstone River below Glendive Friday night. Ten bodies have so far been recovered and searchers expect to find the other two to-morrow.

WARLIKE TALK OF THE GERMANS

Act of Kautz Considered an Insult.

ATTITUDE OF THE KAISER

DECLARES NEW GOVERNMENT IN SAMOA ILLEGAL.

Sentiment in the Empire Favors a Demand Being Made Upon the United States for Satisfaction.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

LONDON, April 10.—The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says: After receiving Mr. White, the United States Ambassador, and Sir Frank Lascelles, British Ambassador, last week and explaining to them Germany's attitude regarding Samoa, Emperor William sent instructions to the German Ambassadors in London and Washington to the general effect that Germany considers the new government in Samoa illegal and the action of the British and Americans a clear violation of the Samoan act.

The report of the behavior of Admiral Kautz toward the German cruiser Falke has given umbrage throughout the empire, and it is considered certain that the report is confirmed, the United States will readily admit Germany's right to satisfaction and will repair Admiral Kautz' errors. It is hoped, however, that the accounts are exaggerated.

BERLIN, April 9.—The National Zeitung, discussing the situation at Samoa, declares that all changes which have occurred there since the middle of March are invalid, and that the conditions of the joint proclamation of the consuls on January 4 are still legally in force. While admitting the "amicable attitude of the American Government," the National Zeitung says:

"It must remain undecided for the present whether Admiral Kautz has assumed the honor of the German flag. If this should prove to have been the case we have the fullest confidence in the ability of the Government not only to keep the actual solution of the Samoan question in view, but also to secure adequate satisfaction for the moral interests of the German empire."

WELLINGTON, N. Z., April 9.—The Imperial Government has accepted the offer of the Colonial Secretary to dispatch a boat to Samoa, but the troops offered are not required.

THOMAS J. HAVEMEYER DIES.
NEW YORK, April 9.—Thomas J. Havemeyer died this morning at his home in



MEMBERS OF THE FRENCH COURT OF CASSATION.

END OF DREYFUS AFFAIR IN SIGHT

Thus Declares Premier Dupuy.

RESTS WITH THE COURT

PUNISHMENT TO BE METED TO THE GUILTY.

French Government Reiterates Its Intention to Repress All Policies Which Assail the Army.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

PARIS, April 9.—The testimony of General Billot, former Minister of War, before the Court of Cassation in the Dreyfus case, as published in the Figaro, was mainly of a negative character and did not contain any new facts, except the assertion that the brothers of Dreyfus told General Sandherr on December 13, 1894, that they were ready to offer their whole fortune for the discovery of the real culprit. This was the beginning of the Dreyfus campaign taken up by Colonel Picquart.

PARIS, April 9.—Premier Dupuy, in the course of an important speech to his constituents to-day at Le Puy, said the situation both at home and abroad was eminently satisfactory. He referred approvingly to the recent agreements with Italy and Great Britain and said France was "now free for industrial and commercial development and a large field of colonizing." Reverting to home affairs, he said:

"The agitations are only on the surface. Beneath are calm, industry and security. The end of the Dreyfus affair appears to be in sight and the complication will be unraveled by the Court of Cassation, whose judgment will be acknowledged by all. The Government, however, attaches importance to reiterating its determination to repress all policies which call the national army into question. As soon as the Court of Cassation has given judgment the Government will take the necessary measures to determine responsibilities and will act accordingly, if that should be necessary, but these acts and the punishment of individual faults will not affect the army, which is our hope for the future and the indispensable guardian of the constitution and the law."

"If certain people think otherwise let us leave them to their despicable folly and let ourselves continue to look toward the army, full of gratitude and confidence."

Continuing his publication of the evidence given before the Court of Cassation in the Dreyfus case, the Figaro gives to-day the depositions of General Zurlinden, the Governor of Paris, and General Chanoinne, formerly War Minister. General Zurlinden deposed that when he entered the Dreyfus affair, but he knew nothing of the general staff. There was no malice in the designation of the culprit, and therefore the legend of the "entrapped Jew" must be set aside. General Zurlinden proceeded to show by technical details that the particulars indicated in the bordereau were highly important to a foreign nation. With reference to a phrase, "am going to the maneuvers," he said the military students were wont to attend the maneuvers, but on August 27, 1894, the day to which the phrase in the bordereau referred, they did not attend. This fact, he

said, he regarded as having great bearing on the discovery of the author of the bordereau.

Proof of the culpability of Dreyfus, he insisted, existed outside the depositions of Lieutenant Colonel Henry and Colonel Paty du Clam, and he appealed to the court to reject revision, which, he said, he would have demanded himself in the name of the army if he had as did have the slightest doubt of the guilt of Dreyfus. He knew nothing, he asserted, of the relations between Comte Esterhazy, Lieutenant Colonel Henry and Colonel Sandherr, or of the communication of secret documents to the court-martial in 1894, nor had he any knowledge respecting the correctness of such rumors. In conclusion he remarked that the whole army wished the fullest light to be thrown upon the affair.

General Chanoinne testified that he had received the permission of his Norwegian colleague to delegate a couple of officers to attend the autumn maneuvers in Norway. To the surprise of all here the permission was refused.

The Crown Princess is suffering from inflammation in her eyes, and her doctors have forbidden reading.

ENDS HIS LIFE IN AN OMAHA HOTEL

Suicide of a Man Who Registered as A. J. Smith of Salt Lake.

OMAHA, Neb., April 9.—A. J. Smith, registering at the Millard Hotel from Salt Lake City, committed suicide in his room this morning. The man was discovered at 5:30 o'clock by a chambermaid, who saw Smith lying on the bed, dressed, at his side, on a chair, was a small bottle of chloroform and a package of cyanide of potassium, part of the contents having been used.

On a small table in the room were three letters—two to the hotel proprietor, including money to pay his bill and containing instructions for the disposition of his body and effects. The second was directed to the Omaha Medical College, bequeathing his body to that institution. The third letter was a brief one to the chambermaid of the hotel, inclosing a bill of \$1 for taking care of his room.

On Saturday morning the Chief of Police received a telegram from W. A. Snyder of Fort Collins, Colo., asking if A. J. Smith had killed himself at one of the hotels. An investigation failed to reveal any such person. Nothing more was heard about the matter until this morning, when Smith's death was reported.

SLOOP GOES DOWN WITH FOUR ABOARD

Small Craft Wrecked Between Malcolm and Vancouver Islands During a Storm.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 9.—George Schnoeter, otherwise known as "Dutch George," was here to-day and boarded the Umattila for San Francisco. He is the sole survivor of a shipwreck between Malcolm and Vancouver Islands on the 17th ult. The sloop on which he and Tom Hackett of Seattle had been selling liquor to the northern Indians was lost in a storm while all on board were intoxicated. The drowned included Hackett, an Irish laborer known only by his first name, Charlie, and two half-breed women. It is supposed that it was the wreckage of this craft that was mistaken for that of the yacht Thistle, the latter craft with her party, being safe at Albert Bay.

Senator Teller Improving.

DENVER, April 9.—United States Senator M. Teller has been quite ill with fever, resulting from a severe cold contracted while in Chicago, but it is announced that the crisis has been passed and that he will be able to be out again in a few days.

RABBI SCHULMAN AGAINST ZIONISM

Vigorously Attacks the Movement.

IS REPUGNANT TO JUDAISM

THE SCHEME DECLARED TO BE VISIONARY.

Proposed Establishment of an Independent Hebrew State in Palestine Denounced as Repugnant.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Rev. Samuel Schulman, associate rabbi of Temple Beth-El, delivered a vigorous attack this morning upon the Zionist movement. The movement aims at the establishment of an independent Hebrew state in Palestine in order to express the unity of the Hebrew nationality.

In the beginning of his discourse the rabbi described the scattering of Hebrews over the civilized world after the destruction of the second temple by the Romans, the persecutions in the middle ages and the beneficent effects which the French revolution had in giving recognition to the Hebrews and protecting them by legislation. The result has been that the Hebrews felt that any part of the world could be their country and they could love it with the natural attachment of one born on its soil.

Continuing, Dr. Schulman said: "To the occidental Jew, thus denationalized, a great surprise has come in the movement which has been agitated during the last two years, which is known as Zionism. Providence has taught us during the last hundred years not to go back further into the past, but that the best field for developing the Jewish spirit to its full powers and to do our mission adequately in the world is in Europe and America, where Jewish genius is to be married to non-Jewish culture."

"The purpose of the movement to reestablish Jewish nationality is not only visionary, but it is repugnant to Judaism as a religion. It is visionary because neither the money needed to buy the land from the Sultan can be produced, nor will the powers of Europe consent to a resurrection of Jewish nationality. It is repugnant to Judaism because, while orthodox Jews officially pray for Palestine, it waits for the coming of the Messiah."

MESSENGER BOY ELSEY ARRIVES AT NEW YORK

Racing From London to California to Deliver a Letter at Hanford.

NEW YORK, April 9.—James Elsey, the London messenger boy who left London on April 1 for California to rival the recent trip of Jagers, the messenger boy sent to Chicago, arrived here this evening on the Cunard liner Etruria. The lad was met at the dock by a representative of a Broadway tourist agency, and after having been photographed was rushed to the Christopher-street ferry. He left later for the West over the Delaware and Lackawanna and Western road.

Elsey, who is 15 years old, is dressed in the messenger uniform. He was sent to this country by Henry McCalmont, Member of Parliament for Newmarket, in the Conservative interest, and well known as a sportsman. He is to deliver a letter at an address at Hanford, Cal.

Alleged Catholic Cruelties.

LONDON, April 10.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Shanghai: An American Protestant missionary at Hankow, a Chinese treaty port on the Yangtse Kiang, makes sensational allegations against the Roman Catholics burning Protestant chapels and torturing Protestants. He gives the name of a priest concerned, and pictures a reign of terror in certain districts.

GENERAL UPRISING OF TARTARS FEARED

Most Serious Situation Has Developed in Southeastern Russia.

LONDON, April 10.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: A very serious situation, which has recently developed in the Province of Kasan, in Southeastern Russia, a territory inhabited principally by Tartars, is likely to result in a general uprising. Famine and typhus, that have long been devastating the Volga territory, created such terrible havoc in that province that the Government was compelled to send aid, food and Red Cross sanitary agents.

Unfortunately, rumors were circulated with the assistance of fanatical priests, that the representatives of the Government really wanted to convert the Mohammedans. A genuine religious panic ensued and the Government's agents everywhere met with a hostile reception being stoned or otherwise maltreated, so that it became impossible to distribute the aid sent. The Government is now endeavoring to reassure the misguided Tartars.

The Government of Kasan, which is traversed by the Volga and Kama, has a population of 1,700,000 souls. During the sway of the Tartars of the Golden Horde, the province was included with the present Russian Governments of Viatka, Perm, Simbirsk and Penza, in the kingdom of Kasan. It was originally peopled by Finns, who were vanquished by the Tartars. In 1552 Ivan Vassilyevitch II, by the taking of the city of Kasan, long celebrated for its educational establishments and entrepot of the commerce between Siberia, Bokhara and Southern Russia, destroyed the Tartar power and annexed the territory to Russia.

TRUSTS WILL BE MADE THE ISSUE

Plans of Leaders of the Democracy.

SILVER TO BE SUBORDINATED

BRYAN AND HIS HOBBY MUST BE SIDETRACKED.

Attempt Will Be Made to Charge the Republican Party With Fostering Centralization of Capital.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The Washington correspondent of the Herald telegraphs: "Down with the trusts" will be the battle cry of the Democrats in the next Presidential campaign, if the plans of some of the leading men in that party can be carried out.

When Mr. Bryan was nominated in 1896 an effort was made to have him subordinate the silver issue in his campaign and put opposition to trusts in the foreground. Bryan urged that, if he would do this, he could hold in line many of the Democrats in the East who would not follow him in opposition to sound money. He refused to take this course, and went down to defeat on the silver issue. Now the same element of the party is trying to sidetrack Mr. Bryan and put up some other man on a platform in which the silver issue will be subordinate to the trust issue.

Republican politicians are alive to the situation, and some of the shrewdest men in the party believe that steps should be taken at once to put the party in a position to meet the opposition on this issue.

Landis of Indiana, who has returned to Washington after a visit to his district, talked yesterday with Secretary Gage and other members of the administration, urging that some action be taken at once to put the party on record against trusts. He said the people of the Middle West were aroused in antagonism to the trusts; that small interests were being sacrificed and that if the administration did not take action, not to be misused, avow its antagonism to the trusts, the question would become very prominent in the next campaign and dangerous to the Republican party in that section.

Landis is not the only man who hopes that the administration will be placed on record squarely in opposition to trusts, and while it will not be admitted that the present activity of the Department of Justice in instituting suits under the anti-trust law is intended for political effect there is reason to believe it is largely due to a desire to have a record to point to that will contradict any charge that may be made by the Democrats that the Republican party favors and fosters trusts and combinations of capital. Considerable progress has already been made in the direction of making a record for the administration in opposition to trusts.

Since Mr. McKinley became President suits under important suits that have been won by the Government under the anti-trust law—the Traffic Association suits—have been decided by the Supreme Court of the United States. Another important case—that of the pipe trust—is now before the court, and within the last week a suit has been brought in Cincinnati by direction of the Department of Justice against the Chesapeake and Ohio Association, which controls the output of the soft coal mines of the Kanawha Valley in West Virginia.

Other trusts are under investigation by the department and it is probable suits will be instituted under the pipe trust case or the Chesapeake and Ohio case is won by the Government a precedent will be established that will enable successful suits to be instituted against many more trusts and combinations.

Whether these suits are won or not the Republican party will be able in the next campaign to meet the Democratic charges by pointing to the record of administration in the enforcement of the anti-trust law. It will be contended that everything has been done by the McKinley administration that is possible under the anti-trust law, which enables the Attorney General to proceed against trusts only when they operate as a restraint upon commerce between the States or with foreign countries.

MRS. GEORGE TRIES HYPNOTISM ON JURORS

Said to Have Placed Talesmen Under the Spell of Her Smiles and Her Eyes.

CANTON, Ohio, April 9.—Rumors were freely circulated here to-night to the effect that trouble was being worked in the jury box in the Mrs. George murder

TRIAL BY THE HYPNOTIC INFLUENCE OF THE DEFENDANT.

One story, which was repeated with confidence, but without a name, had it that one of the juror's talesmen had changed his mind after he had been summoned for examination. This change had been brought about, he said, by Mrs. George, who, by gazing at him, had placed him under a spell and made him subservient to her will.

Attorneys for the defense scout these rumors as utterly preposterous. Attorney Fritz Gerstenberg, on the other hand, says there is no doubt that Mrs. George believes she has the power of hypnotism. Mr. Pomeroy said to-night that the defendant has sought to influence the jury by her smiles and the power of her eyes, and every one connected with the trial in some way, he said, has been of her success, however, and said that her conduct could have no other result than to prejudice her case.

MANY CANDIDATES FOR THE OFFICES

San Rafael's Municipal Election Gives Promise of Being Exciting.

SAN RAFAEL, April 9.—The municipal election to be held to-morrow will doubtless develop a heated contest on account of the large number of candidates for the various offices. The Socialist Labor party has entered the arena because of a wrangle over the water question, but it is not believed this will cut a material figure with the result of the balloting.

For the office of City Attorney Thomas P. Boyd has no opponent. John J. Bustin also is the sole candidate for City Clerk. The most bitter controversy will be over the election of members of the Board of Education. The candidates for the various positions are as follows: City Trustees—Henry Eickhoff, George Fitzroy, Fritz Gerstenberg, Henry C. Gieske, Henry Schlosser, Matthias Vlerck. Members of the Board of Education—P. H. Cochran, only a few dollars. L. F. Dunand, Thomas Hansen, Dr. W. F. Jones, John Stratton. Assessor—W. F. Dougherty, Tobias Hock. City Attorney—Thomas P. Boyd. Clerk—John J. Bustin. Marshal—John E. Healy, Augusto F. Pacheco. Treasurer—R. W. Johnson, J. S. Malone, Arthur J. Schottler. Recorder—Edwin Gardner, J. J. Murray, J. F. Schottler.

Meets Death in Flames.

SACRAMENTO, April 9.—A small fire in a frame building on Front street at midnight last night damaged the interior of a room in the second story to the extent of only a few dollars. This morning the body of Adolph Brodbeck, an elderly man who occupied the room, was found there by persons who missed him. Brodbeck was only a few days from leaving for the body of Adolph Brodbeck, an elderly man who occupied the room, was found there by persons who missed him. Brodbeck was only a few days from leaving for the body of Adolph Brodbeck, an elderly man who occupied the room, was found there by persons who missed him.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Prescription Accuracy—

Drug Purity—Lowest Prices. These three items receive the greatest attention in our daily business. There is nothing too good for us in the Drug Line.

- Cuticura Resolvent \$1.00
- Vin Mariani \$1.00
- Peruna85c
- Todd's Sarsaparilla 75c
- Ayer's Sarsaparilla \$1.50
- Chester's Pennyroyal 40c
- Kilmer's Swamp Root 40c and 80c
- Injection Brou 75c
- Big G 75c
- Santal Midy 75c
- 7 Sutherland Sisters Hair Restorer 75c
- McCormick Hair Dye 85c
- Stewart's Dyspepsia Tablets 40c and 80c
- Ayer's Hair Health 70c
- Dr. Williams' Pink Pills 75c
- Mellin's Food 35c and 55c
- Herlick's Malted Milk 40c and 75c
- Pierce's Medical Discovery 70c

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS.

THE 10 PERCENTAGE DRUG CO.

949-951 MARKET ST. NEXT TO HALE BROS.

NERVITA RESTORES VITALITY AND MANHOOD

Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases. All effects of self-abuse, or excess and indigestion. A nerve-tonic and blood-builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for \$2.50, with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Nervita Medical Co., Clinton & Jackson Sts., Chicago. Owl Drug Co., Sole Agents, 1123 Market St., S. F.

Radway's Pills

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Female Irregularities, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. 25c a box. At Druggists, or by mail. RADWAY & CO., New York.