

NATIVES WILL BE WELL CARED FOR AT SALINAS

The system of unanimity is a feature which the United States has previously strongly insisted upon, in quoting President Harrison in 1892 on this. The papers also deduce that, even accepting the American interpretation of the treaty, Admiral Kautz has put himself in the wrong.

The officials of the United States Embassy are well satisfied with Baron von Bulow's speech, which agreed with his previous statements to the United States Embassy, Mr. White, who considers his speech to have been moderate and pacific, and he called Washington's.

The correspondent of the Associated Press here learns that both the United States and Great Britain are satisfied with the hope that the unanimity principle would not be carried to an unreasonable extent, which might easily frustrate the whole purpose of the commission and result in a deadlock if one power stood out against the other on every question.

The Government has appointed Counselor von Knebet de Heritz of the Ministry of the Interior and Baron von Bismarck as commissioners to proceed to America and investigate the methods of the New York Life Insurance Company and the Mutual Life Insurance Company. Both the commissioners are on the point of starting.

The correspondent of the Associated Press has had an interview with a high official of the Government, who bitterly complains of "many erroneous statements floated by the London press regarding the Samoan middle." He claimed that in nearly every instance these statements were evidently untrue for the purpose of creating unfriendliness against Germany in the American press or with the intention of causing an anti-American feeling here. He mentioned the reported encounter between an American soldier and a German officer, saying there was "not a word of truth in the story, although much has been made of it by both the English and American press."

The appointment of a Samoan commission and the final acceptance by Great Britain of the German proposal as to its scope and methods is hailed with joy by the entire press, and the belief is expressed that something like order and harmony will now be re-established in the islands and thus remove one of the main disturbing factors standing in the way of an understanding between the three countries.

BRITONS SORE OVER SALISBURY'S BACKDOWN

LONDON, April 15.—Germany has drawn the first blood in the Samoan negotiations at the expense of Great Britain in securing the important point of unanimity in the decisions of the commission against which the Marquis of Salisbury held out until Germany's resistance forced him to kneel under. Up to the last moment inspired notes emanating from the British Foreign Office, declared that Great Britain would not assent to unanimity. Only the night before the German Minister of Foreign Affairs, Baron von Bulow, made the announcement that Great Britain had agreed to unanimity, and after the Associated Press had announced from Berlin that Great Britain had agreed to unanimity, at the same time that he announced Great Britain's acceptance of unanimity, announced a distinct score for German diplomacy.

Baron von Bulow and Count von Hatzfeld-Wildenburg, the German Ambassador at London, can claim the credit for this victory. It was due to their firm attitude and able handling of the negotiations.

Baron von Bulow was careful in the Reichstag yesterday to make it clear that the United States had not opposed Germany's proposal for unanimity, and that the Marquis of Salisbury alone offered objections until an assent was given to him.

The note of well-earned self-satisfaction ringing throughout the German Foreign Minister's announcement that Great Britain had yielded has caused the contents of the newspapers this morning. The Morning Post speaks caustically of Baron von Bulow's "misplaced parade of firmness" in reference to the maintenance of German rights, and complains that he announced the agreement as to unanimity "in the tone of a Minister who had achieved a great and glorious diplomatic victory."

All the English papers were opposed to unanimity, declaring that the commission could never under such circumstances come to an agreement.

The Spectator expresses the belief that "the rule of unanimity appears to be intended to reduce the commission to a mere group of reporters."

The selection of C. N. F. Elliot of the British Embassy at Washington to represent Great Britain on the commission has given satisfaction.

The Spectator, referring to Mr. Elliot's appointment, remarks: "A man who has learned so much apparently without effort can be trusted to grasp the situation in Samoa rapidly and deal with the persons concerned with minimum friction."

The English newspapers have naturally boomed the "brothers in arms"; the British and American blue-jackets at Samoa, and portraits of Admiral Kautz have figured prominently in the papers.

SALINAS, April 15.—The delegates to the Grand Parlor of the Native Sons, when they arrive in this city from April 23 to 30, will not only find Salinas people most generous in their entertainment, but will discover that the Santa Lucia Parlor of Native Sons and Aleli Parlor of Native Daughters have left absolutely nothing undone that could be accomplished to give the delegates a royal reception, a series of entertainments and a good time in general. The whole city will be ready to entertain the delegates. The city had a celebration for some time, and now that good crops are assured and the Spreckels sugar factory is to operate this season, not only the influential business men but people in general are donating

A FEAR THAT DREYFUS IS ALREADY DEAD

Continued from First Page.

ly was not granted, though why he does not know.

Dreyfus repeatedly said that his defense was in the hands of his wife and Lawyer Demagne.

INTERESTING TESTIMONY GIVEN BY DETECTIVES

PARIS, April 15.—The Figaro publishes this (Sunday) morning the evidence given by Detectives Guence, Tomps and Desvernie before the Court of Cassation. Guence deposed that Colonel Sandherr, after Dreyfus was arrested, commissioned him to investigate his private life. Guence reported that Dreyfus was addicted to gambling and association with women. He notably frequented the house of a woman named Bodson, where a scandal broke out. Sandherr's officer threatening to disclose Dreyfus' connection with Germany. The Bodson woman intervened to prevent it.

Henry sent Gribelin to Guence with Dreyfus' photograph. Guence admitted he knew, but refused to reveal the bearer of the bordereau to Matin. He admitted the report he made concerning Dreyfus was based upon the gossip of servants and others, but when pressed to give names refused on the ground of professional secrecy.

Tomps deposed that he was ordered to discover the bearer of the bordereau to Matin. When the evidence he obtained pointed to Teyssoyevier, one of the handwriting experts against Dreyfus, Henry dropped Tomps and employed Gribelin to continue the investigation.

Desvernie deposed that Piquart employed him to spy upon Esterhazy, whom he saw four times at the German Embassy, otherwise his evidence was unimportant.

WAS RUSSIA BEHIND DREYFUS' CONVICTION?

PARIS, April 15.—Still another novel and interesting explanation of why the highest authorities inflexibly oppose the reopening of the Dreyfus case is now put forward to this effect: Dreyfus was originally denounced to the French Government by the Russian Ambassador, who declared that he had been furnishing information to Germany.

LAWTON'S MEN HAVE LANDED AT CALAMBA

NEW YORK, April 15.—A cable to the Sun, dated Manila, April 15, 9 p. m., says: The bombardment of Calamba was heard by the garrison at Agulid. General Lawton's men had landed at Calamba, but the absence of communication from there except by water delays the receipt of detailed news.

BISQUE FIGURES AND ORNAMENT DAY

Some articles cost 60 per cent. ODDS AND ENDS, HALF PRICE. GREAT AMERICAN IMPORTING TEA CO. Stores Everywhere.

SALINAS NATIVE SONS

Who are RECEIVING the GRAND PARLOR

Portraits and roles include: A.L. McCANDLESS SECRETARY, C.Z. HEBERT FINANCE, L.U. GRANT DECORATIONS, F.E. ZABALA CHAIRMAN, CLARENCE TYMAN RECEPTION, E.J. HARRIS ACCOMMODATIONS, K.E. McCANDLESS ENTERTAINMENT, R.F. MILLER HALLS, C.W. CLOUGH TRANS. ORATION, M.P. MERRITT PRINTING, J.A. AYERS TREASURER, J.A. ANDERSON BALL, H.R. FARLEY PARADE, E.A. EATON BANQUET, D.A. PORTER MUSIC.

liberally to the entertainment fund and contributing in other ways to either decorate their own premises during Natives' week or assist the committee in its beautifying the city.

Sailors are preparing to accommodate a vast gathering of visitors. During two days of the celebration excursions will be run from Monterey, Del Monte and Pacific Grove, Santa Cruz, Watsonville and Hollister. The programme of events during the week's festivities insure a large concourse of guests. To add diversity to the amusement the committee has planned a trip to and through the Spreckels plant, the largest sugar factory in the world; a barbecue on the river bank; an excursion to Del Monte and Monterey, including a trip around the famous 17-mile drive, and a luncheon in old Colton Hall, the first Capitol building in

BRIBES OFFERED BY THE STANDARD

How Oil Trust Tried to "Square" Cases.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 15.—Attorney General Monnett filed in the office of the clerk of the Supreme Court today the long-promised history in detail of the alleged attempt of representatives of the Standard Oil Company to have him withdraw the suit brought to have the company adjudged guilty of contempt of an order of 1892 declaring it a trust. Mr. Monnett gives some information as to the attempts made to influence former Attorney General Watson, and then comes to attempts made to corrupt him. He declines to give the names of the alleged guilty parties, but asks for an order of court commanding him to produce the testimony.

He says men are known to him and to D. K. Watson, his predecessor, but these and details of the attempts are here in such a way that it can only be elicited by an investigation by the court.

The opening pages of the statement recite the cause of the litigation. He then passes into specifications showing how repeated attempts have been made to interfere with the department of justice in this case:

AGUINALDO WILL QUIT FOR MONEY

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The War Department to-night received the following list from General Otis of casualties not heretofore reported:

KILLED.

Third Artillery, April 13—Company H, Sergeant John E. Lang; Company I, Private A. Seifert.

WOUNDED.

First Washington, April 9—Company D, Corporal Cal Webbone, hip, slight; Twenty-second Infantry, Company K, Private Robert H. Haley, forearm, moderate; Thirtieth Minnesota, April 11—Company C, Private Charles Still, knee, slight; Company D, Private Charles Conley, clavicle, slight; April 12—Company F, Corporal Robert Kohlher, leg, severe; First Montana, April 13—Company B, Private Joseph Wright, thigh, severe; Third Artillery, April 12—Company K, Lieutenant Conrad H. Lanza, leg, moderate; Private Ralph Golden, cheek, severe; Company I, Private Henry V. T. Jarnell, thigh, severe; Private George C. Samples, cheek, slight; Private Robert Moles, hand, slight.

ADDITIONAL LIST OF KILLED AND WOUNDED

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BUSINESS HOUSES RAZED BY FLAMES

Million-Dollar Fire at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 15.—Almost half the block of business houses bounded by Lake, Bank, Academy and St. Clair streets was wiped out by fire this afternoon, the damage amounting to almost a million dollars. The flames broke out in a straw goods factory, where a large number of girls were employed, and that none of them lost their lives is remarkable. The following persons were injured:

August Marquardt, fireman of engine company No. 3, head cut and stunned.

Frank Hughes, engineer engine company No. 3, head, face and hands burned.

Frank Kane, hook and ladder company No. 7, head and face burned.

Mrs. Mary Mylet, 84 Marion street, burned about her hands and chest.

Patrick Jordan, engine company No. 1, burned about head and hands.

Frank Brunner, engine company No. 1, burned about face.

Frank Murphy and Sherwood Hoyt, engine company No. 1, burned on foot and hands.

John Rauschert, 69 Bozetta street, badly burned on head, face and arms; will recover.

The damage done is as follows:

Four-story brick building at 99 Bank street, owned by F. Roddenfeld and occupied by Meyer Jaskulek, packer of leaf tobacco; loss \$75,000.

Four-story brick block, 81 Bank street, owned by E. I. Baldwin estate and occupied by L. H. Whitcomb & Co. and A. W. & J. Sampiner, cloak manufacturers. Baldwin estate loss, \$10,000; L. H. Whitcomb & Co., loss, \$35,000; Sampiner, loss, \$100,000.

Six-story brick block 85 Bank street, owned by the Baldwin estate and occupied by Reed Bros. & Co., wholesale milliners. Baldwin estate loss, \$50,000; Hart & Co., loss, \$450,000.

Four-story brick block at 81 Bank street, owned by the Bradley estate and occupied by H. Black & Co., cloak manufacturers. Estate loss, \$5,000; Black & Co.'s loss, \$50,000.

Four-story brick block at 75 Bank street, owned by C. H. Foote and occupied by Reed Bros. & Co., milliners and importers of straw goods. C. H. Foote's loss, \$5,000; Reed Bros. & Co.'s loss, \$75,000.

Five-story brick building, 9 Academy street, owned by the Bradley estate and occupied by Comey Johnson, straw hat manufacturers. Estate loss, \$25,000; Comey & Johnson's loss, \$150,000.

Two-story frame building owned and occupied by E. Rosenfeld, cigar manufacturer; loss \$5,000.

Six old two-story dwellings and a small livery stable on Academy street were damaged to the extent of about \$500.

The fire started in the rear of the second floor of Comey & Johnson's factory and in a few minutes the whole building was ablaze, the 300 girls and women employees getting out by means of fire escapes. The flames then communicated to the block occupied by Hart & Co., and thence spread to the other blocks.

Mrs. Mylet sustained her burns while escaping from the straw hat factory. The injuries to the firemen were not inflicted in one spot and merely go to show in what close quarters they were compelled to fight the flames.

BUDD IS PITTED AGAINST WHITE

Division in the Ranks of Democracy.

LOS ANGELES, April 15.—The fact has dawned upon the local Democracy that, while it is early to attempt manipulation in furtherance of the aims of favorite sons, the aggressiveness on the part of some Democratic leaders impels those who would let matters slumber a while to be in the first trenches. The statement of General A. W. Barrett that ex-Governor Budd was in the race to lead California's Democratic delegation in the next national convention, and that Populists and Silver Republicans would be cast aside, may be called the entering wedge, and it has caused a division in the sentiment of the rank and file of the party.

S. G. Todd, the secretary of the Silver Republican County Committee, speaking of this matter to-day said: "General Barrett is not the whole thing and he speaks for his adherents only." The issue as to whether there are two kinds of Democrats will be fought out at the primaries. The supporters of Bryan will be in the battle and we expect him to be nominated just as certainly as the Democratic National Convention will convene.

"Barrett may personally oppose Senator White and pit ex-Governor Budd against him as a party leader, but we consider White the most available man to lead the delegation. This new Democracy, which aligns itself with the masses against trusts, injunctions and corporate power, is a factor that must not be overlooked in the running."

"That White got into the stream in the meeting of the New Democracy Club last night is recognized, but we and, although he said he would not accept any gift within the power of the people, his adherents are insisting that he is the most powerful and prominent Democrat in California at this time and the future will show that his chances two years hence to be returned to the United States Senate will not be dimmed by any obstacle which may be erected at this time."

Republican leaders are realizing that James V. Kelley has been doing effective work in this section in the interest of U. S. Grant. The supposition gains strength that Dan Burns and Governor Gage know more about the prospects of an extra session of the Legislature than surface indications warrant. Grant's adherents persist in the statement that they do not propose to be led into a somnolent condition, and that they have been preparing for and are proof against any sudden political combination that may be effected. To lay the situation as it is known in the south before the Republican machine as now constituted, Walker F. Parker has been called to San Francisco, where he is in consultation with Burns and his people, to perfect plans that will checkmate the efforts of the Grant forces in this neck of the woods.

SEE YUP MAN SHOT.

SAN JOSE, April 15.—Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning Ah Foon, a See Yup, was shot in the head and mortally wounded while walking along Taylor street near Sixth, Chinatown. The murderer was seen by several Chinese who say he is a Sam Yip man, but escaped in the darkness. A bitter enmity exists between the two societies, and trouble has been brewing for some time.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Nature and people are very much alike--the former must have rain and sunshine; the latter must have pure blood in order to have perfect health.

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Hood's purifies the blood thoroughly, thereby quieting the nerves to perfection.

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