SCORES OF BODIES IN RUINS OF THE TORNADO'S TRACK

Heartrending Scenes of Death and Desolation in Storm-Swept Towns.

KIRKSVILLE, Mo., April 28.—As a result of the tornado that swept through the eastern portion of this city last evening demolishing half of the residences and other buildings two hundred families are homeless and and nearly fifty dead bodies and seventy injured persons have been recovered from the ruins. More than a dozen of the injured will die. Although rescuers have been searching the ruins ever since the storm spent its fury many are still missing and it is thought that a considerable number of the unfortunates were consumed in the flames that broke out soon after the storm had ceased. The work of rescue continues, but it may be days before the total number of victims is known. As far as known the names of the dead and injured are as follows:

DEATH LIST.

THEODORE BRIGHAM, ex-merchant.
MRS. HENRY BILLINGTON.
A. J. GLASEE and wife.
MRS. W. W. GREEN.
MISS BESSIE GREEN.
MISS LENA BROWN of Moberly.
DR. W. B. HOWELL.
THREE CHILDREN of Henry Lowe.
MRS. JOHN MAHAFFEY SR.
MRS. BLUEPANCHOTT and baby.
SETH FEATHER, eight-year-old boy.
MR. ELLIOTT.
MRS. WILLIAMS.
SAMUEL WEAVER, ex-contractor.
MRS. JOE WOOD.
J. A. GLAZE and wife.
J. B. LARKIN, retired merchant.
MRS. A. R. BOWMAN.
CHILD OF J. T. MAHAFFEY.
MOTHER AND A NIECE OF J. T. MILLER.
DR. WHEATON.
MRS. H. F. SHERBURNE.
MRS. JOHN T. MAHAFFEY.
F. McCLAY and wife.
MISS ORA MILLAN of Woodland, Mo.
CHILD OF REV. ALBERT BURR.
MISS L. WHALEY.
MISS MARY RORABAUGH.
MRS. LOU MITCHELL.
HARRY MITCHELL.
J. K. ANDERSON.
DR. BILLINGS.
JAMES CUNNINGHAM.
DREW BOWMAN.
MRS. ELLIOTT.
C. A. AVIS.
MRS. C. AVIS.
MRS. HEAMAN.
MRS. ANNA MILLER.
JOHN C. WEAVER.
JOSEPH WOODS.
MRS. WOODS.

The severely injured were: Miss Della White, Mrs. Peck, fatal; Cal Little's niece, fatal; W. R. Park, Mrs. Theodore Brigham, legs and chest crushed; Robert Milliay, Miss Weaver, Mrs. Oliput, Miss Moss, fatal, broken back; John B. Kirk and wife, Mrs. Forbes, Mrs. D. D. Feathers, Elmer L. Dennison and wife, Harry Mitchell, Mrs. Lou Mitchell, leg broken; Cal Little and wife, serious; Herman K. Sherburne, head injured; O. H. Beeman's child, Mrs. P. Hill, leg broken and otherwise crushed; John Condon, slight; Oscar Ingold and mother, Mrs. W. B. Howell and child, dangerous; Norman Yankee of Sedalia, Mrs. W. H. Vincent, Mrs. Ella Weaver, both legs broken; Daniel McGonigle, John J. Mahaffey's daughter, Ben McGowan's daughter, T. J. Miller and whole family injured, Mrs. W. H. Phillips, serious; Mrs. Munson, V. Brigham, serious; Stella Weaver, Joe Weaver, George Weaver, Ella Weaver, M. A. Romjue, H. E. Myers, Miss Cupp, K. E. Ashford, J. W. Brown, Mrs. Lulu Byrnee, M. Schney and wife, Mrs. Clem, Thomas Dinsmore and wife, Miss Wheeler Douglas, Charles Douglas and sons, Mrs. J. B. Hobson, J. D. Kirk, Willie Kellogg, Hollis Kellogg, C. Kellogg, Mrs. Oilphant, Mr. and Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Dr. Howell, Mrs. Mary Orabaugh, Mrs. Rowe and daughter, D. S. K. Kraggs, P. B. Warren, Mrs. O. Miller and child, Mrs. N. Johnson, Mrs. Sarah Reager, Miss Belle Mahaffey, M. Schoonfield and wife, Albert Whaley, Mrs. M. F. Hernon.

The tornado struck the city last evening when most of the residents were at supper, cutting a clean path one mile long and 600 feet wide through the residence section and leaving death and destruction in its wake. Buildings were demolished or twisted apart and scattered to the four winds. A conservative estimate places the aggregate amount of damage at $200,000, the individual losses ranging from $100 to $8000.

The wind played many pranks and there were some miraculous escapes. J. T. Coonfield and his family were eating supper when the tornado struck their home. The house was picked up and carried across a slough and dumped up against a hill. The building was not completely wrecked, and the family escaped without anything worse than a severe shaking up. Houses on both sides of the residence of W. M. Hull were blown into splinters, but the wind was content with twisting his house off its foundation and leaving it intact. The house was in the center of the district, and it was used as a hospital after the storm.

P. J. Rieger, a prominent attorney, ran right into the path of the storm to save his family, who were helpless with fear. Dashing into the house, he carried his wife and children into the cellar. As he stumbled into the place of safety the building was leveled to the ground. He was just in time to save his loved ones and is happy, although his loss by the cyclone amounts to $2000.

Among the first of the buildings wrecked was the $10,000 residence of Mrs. Hensley, in the southeastern part of the city. Not a vestige of it is left. The Catholic Church, a fine brick structure in the eastern part, was unroofed and otherwise damaged. The dwelling of Judge Andrew Ellison, in the same locality, was stripped of its second story. He and his family and John Dogheny took refuge in the cellar and were saved. The residence of H. Lowell, just outside of town, was twisted into a heap of ruins and three of his children killed and burned in the debris. Other large residences were lifted from their foundations and literally torn into kindling wood.

For a time the people in that portion of the town not touched by the storm were panicstricken, but as soon as they recovered their wits they immediately went to the aid of their unfortunate townsmen. Calls were sent to surrounding towns and were quickly responded to. The wounded were carried to the homes of hospitable people in the neighborhood. Twenty-five doctors from Moberly, Macon and other points along the line of the Wabash railroad came to Kirksville last night in response to urgent calls for medical assistance. The visiting doctors co-operated with the local physicians and the work of caring for the wounded was expedited.

Hundreds of persons visited the stricken district ot-day and a large number of sightseers came from neighboring towns. The special officers would not allow any one without authority to go through the ruined district. Kirksville streets have been hub deep in mud ever since the first spring shower, and the rain that followed the tornado has made them impassable for wagons. This state of affairs hinders the work of gathering the dead and makes the compilation of the great list of victims impossible for the time being. All business has been suspended, and the only stores open for business are those dealing in drugs.

The scenes of the rescuers were horrifying. An aged man and his wife had evidently been eating their evening meal when the cyclone struck and carried their home away. They had clasped each other in their arms and were found dead on the ground some distance away from where their home had been. No trace of their house has been seen. Several of the dead were found in spots which would have been the center of the house had the building not been blown to splinters. This was the case with Mrs. Panschott, who suffered a most terrible death. Her headless body, with its arms clasping her lifeless baby, was discovered on the floor of the house, which was left as a razed platform in an open field. The head was as nicely severed as if it had been done with a knife and was about twenty feet distant. Two children had been lying in a cot in one of the destroyed homes.

The house was carried away, but the floor of the first story and the foundation were left, the wind lifting the house from the sills and tumbling it a long distance. The cot on which the little ones lay was lifted up with them on it and carried fully a block and a half and set down on the ground. Neither of the children was hurt. Along the railroad track between the depot and Kelloggs Crossing, a distance of a half mile, was a mass of debris. The wrecks of many homes were scattered along there and the trees were filled with bedclothing and other household goods.

Mayor Noonan, assisted by a number of citizens, opened an intelligence bureau at noon. Messengers were sent through the stricken district in search of persons who were known to have resided in that section of the town. Every citizen made it his duty to report at the bureau of information all cases of death, injury and of persons missing. In this way some little degree of order was brought out of chaos.

At 2 o'clock it was said at headquarters that the injured so far numbered seventy-four, with about a dozen cases which are sure to result fatally. This list is not complete, however.

There are two undertakers in Kirksville, and together they had all they could do taking care of the dead. A meeting of citizens, at which the Mayor presided, was held this afternoon at the opera-house. Committees were appointed to systematize the work of clearing away the debris, and finding shelter for the homeless ones and raising funds for their temporary care. There are at least 1000 homeless people in Kirksville to-night.

The freaks of the storm were many, but one of the strangest occurrences was the finding of a crooning baby out in a field far from any house. The child was scarcely scratched. No one has called for the baby and it has not been identified. Another baby was found where it had been bruised to death by the violent wind. This baby also has not been identified.

Among the horrors of the storm was the finding of the corpse of a 16-year-old girl, with a two-by-four scantling driven through her body. The body of a little child was found, with the limb of a tree sticking through its neck. A citizen was found after the storm standing over the body of his dead wife. The head had been crushed and severed from the body.

DESTRUCTION AND DEATH IN STORM-SWEPT NEWTOWN

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., April 28.—Scenes of utter distress and desolation were pictured to-day in the little tornado-swept burg of Newtown, forty miles north on the St. Paul Railway. A day of ceaseless search in the ruins for the injured and suffering followed a night of despair and gloom. Fifty families are homeless, there are about fifteen dead and over thirty injured, while one-half of the place is in ruins. A complete list of casualties will not be known for several days. The known dead are:

S. DESPER, wife and three children.
LABAN EVANS and two daughters.
WILLIAM HAYES, wife and two children.

The injured:

Three children of William Hayes, Ella Evans, A. J. Jones, wife and two children; Mrs. Mary Gregory and daughter, Mrs. Price and sister, Mrs. Flagg, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Timsey, Dave Stanford, wife and three children; Mr. McQuiston and wife, Mose Guyman and wife, Mrs. Johns.

The storm struck Newtown at 6:15 in the evening, coming from the southwest. It came without warning and few were able to take advantage of their storm cellars. Striking the eastern end of town, it cut a clean swath 500 to 600 feet wide through the best portion of the place, sweeping everything before it. Over thirty houses were torn to splinters. On one street alone a row of ten houses was entirely demolished. Here scarcely any one escaped death or injury. The walls of buildings fell with a crash that sounded above the roar of the storm, burying people in the ruins. Frame buildings were twisted and lifted from their foundations, others were utterly demolished, pieces of them being carried for miles. Others shifted in their position, apparently unhurt; one was turned squarely around, while another was turned upside down.

Samuel Desper, at the appearance of the black cloud, started with his family for a neighboring cellar, but his house was blown over them as he reached the front door. His two daughters were caught with him by the timbers and killed instantly. His wife was seriously injured, though still alive. Mrs. William Hayes was killed while running up the street in search of shelter. The mutilated trunk, with the head missing, was found in the street later.

Mrs. Hayes' husband and two children met death within a few feet of each other.

The storm lasted five minutes. When it had ended the sun came out for a few minutes and shone brightly over a scene of ruin. Women and children ran shrieking through the streets, while men busied themselves attempting to restore order. A thunderstorm followed and darkness gathered quickly. The night proved a most dismal one. Numbers of citizens plied the ruins incessantly, answering the cries of the injured from this place or that, carrying the dead to the depot and the wounded to places of safety. Houses of the survivors were thrown open to the unfortunates and all possible done to allay the suffering. Chillicothe sent a squad of physicians, who materially aided the Newtown rescuers.

All Salaries Advanced.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 28.—Five thousand employes of the Tennessee Iron and Railway Company were given notice to-day that on May 1 their salaries would be advanced 10 per cent.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"What Headaches Mean."

The dreadful headaches which women suffer mean nineteen times out of twenty that there is more trouble than headache.

There is probably some unhealthy condition of the delicate organism of womanhood and often added to this the digestive functions are out of order; these two conditions cause nearly all the headaches from which women suffer.

There are two great remedies specially adapted to these ailments invented by the chief consulting physician of the famous Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. R. V. Pierce. His world-renowned "Favorite Prescription" is the most successful medicine ever known for the cure of distinctly feminine ailments and his "Golden Medical Discovery" is the one supremely effective cure for digestive difficulties.

Taken in conjunction they completely rejuvenate the nervous system of weak and debilitated women; giving health, strength and capacity to the nerve-centers; renewed power to the blood-making glands and energetic force to the entire body.

A lady living in Coshocton Co., Ohio, Mrs. W. T. Stanton, of Blissfield, writes: "I had female weakness very bad for nearly three years. Had dragging down pains in and above my hips and such dreadful pains in the back and top of my head (just as though someone was lifting me by the hair). Had no ambition, would try to work a few days then would have to lie in bed for a long time. No tongue can express the suffering I endured. I had much pain at monthly periods. I doctored most of the time with as good a physician as there is in the state, but had no ease only when I was quiet and off my feet and then I had more or less pain in my head. When I began taking Dr. Pierce's medicines I weighed 102 pounds, and was very pale and weak. I took twelve bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' and seven of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' Now I feel like a different person. Have no pain in my head, can do all my work for self, husband and one child; am gaining in flesh. I feel it is through God's mercy and your wonderful medicines that I am cured."

Where constipated conditions exist Dr. Pierce's mild and agreeable "Pleasant Pellets" should be occasionally used in connection with the "Prescription."

MYSTERY OF STARR'S FATE IS NOT SOLVED

LOS ANGELES, April 28.—Four days have elapsed since Hillary S. Starr, the young superintendent of the Oak Knoll ranch, near Pasadena, suddenly disappeared, under circumstances strongly pointing to murder. Up to a late hour to-night no solution of the tragical mystery has been found, although officers have continued the search and have investigated every clew.

Wilson Lake, the historic body of water at the base of the old Mission Mill, has been thoroughly dragged for the body of the missing man, but nothing was found that would lead to the conclusion that his captors or abductors had attempted to conceal the crime by throwing Starr's body into the lake. While the public belief in Pasadena still leans to the theory of murder and robbery, there are those, including some officers, who incline to the opinion that Starr may have taken this sensational method to voluntarily disappear from his home.

As Starr is admitted to have possessed a gloomy disposition, he may have wandered away while temporarily insane, but his friends contend that his family relations were of the best, and that Starr would hardly smash his own lantern and have a buggy concealed in the woods and use it to spirit himself away.

Residence of the Missing Superintendent of Oak Knoll Ranch.

Where Superintendent Starr Was Last Seen.

The presence of blood near the lantern in the pump house has been explained by the fact that one of the bloodhounds used to track the footprints cut his foot on the glass of the broken lantern. Mrs. Starr, who lives on the ranch, and who is being cared for by the Maccabees, has been interviewed, but she advances no theory or solution for her husband's disappearance. A private detective has been employed by friends of the family to hunt for the missing man, and it is stated that he will confine his search to some clews in the immediate vicinity of Pasadena and the ranch.

ANCIENT BED OF KLONDIKE RIVER

Bench Claims Yield Big Returns.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

TACOMA, April 28.—John Galbraith of Sturgis, S. D., who returned to-day from Dawson, was one of the most fortunate prospectors who went to the Klondike last year. He brought out $60,000 in drafts, over $1600 in cash and several pounds of nuggets, which represent the net proceeds of his single bench claim during the past year.

Galbraith started north a year ago, accompanied by J. C. Brown of Montana. They reached Dawson in May. After resting for a few days they started to prospect. Ten miles out they spent the night at a cabin. The next morning they commenced panning gravel on the hillside above them. Coarse colors were found in each pan, and they decided to sink holes at a place where 20 cents to the pan was realized. Each took up a claim, Galbraith getting a Discovery claim of 250 by 1000 feet. A stampede followed their recording and the hillsides were staked for miles. Galbraith ran a tunnel, which is in 180 feet.

As they progressed inward the frozen gravel became richer, indicating they had struck the ancient bed of Klondike River. Galbraith's tunnel has produced over $100,000 in gold. He employs twelve men. This, together with the royalty, cost of wood and other expenses, reduced his net proceeds to $63,000. The unwashed gravel now taken out will yield $25,000 at the June clean-up. Galbraith estimates the gold-bearing value of his claim at $1,500,000.

Brown has remained to look after their interests. His claim is producing almost equally well. Galbraith's claim has made the best record as a producer of any bench claim.

The shooting of a Katha Indian named John by his hunting companion, Alexander, last month caused excitement among the Dawson Indians. Alexander was trailing moose when he noticed a movement in the bushes and fired, thinking an animal was coming toward him. The bullet pierced both of John's lungs and he died immediately. Rev. Mr. Totty, a missionary, saved Alexander from arrest.

Two Circle City miners recently fought a duel over a pretty dressmaker. The principals were named Thompson and Sullivan. One man had a revolver and the other a knife. Sullivan loved Annie Blank and was visiting at her cabin. Thompson came along and demanded admittance. When refused he started to break down the door. Doors being expensive at Circle City Sullivan decided it was cheaper to open the door and stab Thompson. He undid the fastenings and plunged his long dirk knife into Thompson's lung. The latter drew his revolver and shot Sullivan through the body. Both were expected to die.

Sophomores Name an Editor.

STANFORD, April 28.— The sophomores to-day elected H. L. Langnecker of New Brighton, Pa., as editor in chief of their annual.

WILL FILL A SAN FRANCISCO PULPIT

Dr. Garrett Coming From Portland.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

PORTLAND, Or., April 28.—Rev. David Clayborne Garrett, rector of Trinity Episcopal Church of this city, has accepted the call from St. Luke's Episcopal Church of San Francisco. At a meeting of the vestry of Trinity Church this afternoon Dr. Garrett formally tendered his resignation, to take effect on September 1. About two months ago the call from St. Luke's was extended to Dr. Garrett, but he decided he could not leave the work which he had entered upon here. After further deliberation and the adjustment of church affairs here he decided to accept the call from San Francisco.

Mr. Garrett was born in Burlington, Iowa, on December 23, 1857. He was educated in the public schools of Burlington, Griswold College at Davenport and Harvard University, where he received the degree of A. B. in 1882. In 1883 he was ordained rector of Trinity Church, Davenport, where he served for seven years until 1890, during which time he aided in building up the parish from a small congregation to a large and flourishing church, clearing off all indebtedness, erecting a rectory and doubling the number of communicants. In 1890 he was called to Seattle, where he duplicated his work in Davenport. While changes occurred in the pastorate of very church in Seattle, Mr. Garrett remained through all the "hard" times, declining numerous calls to larger parishes. After three years he was called to go back to his old parish in Davenport and also to Christ Church Cathedral, New Orleans.

In 1896 he was elected rector of Trinity Church, Portland, but felt it his duty to decline. The next spring, through his efforts, the handsome new St. Mark's Church was built. Then Trinity Church of this city sent a second call, having gone a whole year without a rector, and Mr. Garrett came to Portland. Principally through Mr. Garrett's efforts the debt of $40,000 on the parish was virtually raised by the issue of bonds.

Mr. Garrett was married in 1886 to Miss Lillian S. Elmer of Boston, and has three children.

SALE OF SUGAR STOCK.

HONOLULU, April 22.—What was a well defined rumor on the arrival of Messrs. Macfarlane, Hecht and Strassberger from San Francisco the first of the week regarding the control of the Hawaiian Sugar Company's stock to-night assumes the appearance of actuality. Owing to differences among brokers in San Francisco the option for placing the majority of the stock in London or New York, perhaps partly in each of those cities, probably will be exercised next week. H. P. Baldwin will be here then to close the details. A strong syndicate is organized, including Colonel Macfarlane and Alexander & Baldwin, representing local interests, to carry out the deal.

Makaweli, the plantation involved, was originally floated in London by Colonel Macfarlane at a capitalization of $2,000,000, and has proved a fine investment. For the five years since its first crop was manufactured it has yielded dividends yearly ranging from 12 to 25 per cent. The plantation now pays a regular monthly dividend of 2 per cent.

TWO LEFT FOR SPEAKERSHIP

Contest Has Narrowed Down.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

Call Headquarters, Wellington Hotel, Washington, April 28.

The Speakership has been narrowed down to Henderson of Iowa and Sherman of New York. There is a rumor that Senator Hanna may throw the weight of his advice and influence to a man who hails from somewhere west of the Wabash. These appear to be the salient features of the Speakership gossip of the day.

Some Representatives now in Washington declare their belief that neither Mr. Hopkins nor Mr. Cannon will withdraw in favor of the other, nor submit to the dictation of a caucus of the delegation. If that attitude is persistently maintained it will remove Illinois as a factor in the case, although efforts will be made, it is said, to keep the delegation intact and cast its vote as a whole for some other candidate.

Word is going around that Senator Hanna, who may be expected to be consulted by his Republican friends in the House upon the contest from time to time, is averse to the election of an Eastern man. It is said that he favors a man from the far West, although no choice has been mentioned by name.

If this proves to be the case an interesting battle may be expected between Senator Hanna and Senator Platt in influencing the contest, for of course these two great leaders will have something to say in the outcome, notwithstanding the general supposition that the House settles its own elections. Mr. Platt is generally supposed to be backing Mr. Sherman for the Speakership.

It is not believed that Ohio will have a candidate. General Grosvenor and Mr. Burton are willing, but they are being held in leash, it is thought, to be set loose if it is found that the candidacy of an Ohio man is necessary to break a deadlock.

KYTKA QUALIFIES AS AN EXPERT ON INK

WILLOWS, April 28.—The Murdock note case has been at a standstill as regards evidence for the past two days, as the attorneys have been arguing on the admissibility of testimony. The defense put a witness on the stand Wednesday to prove that William Murdock had plenty of money when the $100,000 note was given. This question has been argued for the past two days and submitted to the court yesterday at 5 o'clock. This morning Judge Pirkey sustained the objection which shuts out all such evidence.

The defense then called Ames, the handwriting expert. The affidavit of Samuel Murdock, which was signed before Justice of the Peace Kirkpatrick in 1878, was shown to Ames and he attempted to prove that the affidavit was made years later than 1878. Under cross-examination Ames said he could not tell the age of the document by its appearance. It was not written within the past month, but might have been written within a year.

Expert Kytka was recalled and qualified as an expert on ink. He was asked how different inks looked when photographed. He had photographed the affidavit under discussion and explained that ink which had yellowed by age took on a much darker hue. He said the photograph showed the ink was diluted. Black ink which was undiluted would appear thirty years from now a perfectly solid and even line, while in the diluted ink in the instrument there appeared ragged lines, caused by the coloring matter flowing out to the edges and lodging there. There was not a single instance in the 800 documents admitted in evidence where diluted ink had been used except in the case of the affidavit.

HARRY GREGG CONFESSES.

REDLANDS, April 28.—Harry Gregg, the nine-year-old would-be train-robber, appeared before Justice Tisdale to-day, and confessed to having placed a section of rail upon the track. He said he did not expect to wreck the train. The boy declared that Clarence Goth, aged 8 years, helped him. Goth testified against Gregg at the trial.

SLOANE GRANTED ABSOLUTE DIVORCE

And His Ex-Wife Weds Perry Belmont.

FREED WOMAN ACTS QUICKLY

AT ONCE RE-ENTERS THE SEA OF MATRIMONY.

These Proceedings a Duplicate of Those in Which Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt Figured Before Marrying O. H. P. Belmont.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Henry T. Sloane, the well-known and wealthy society man, was to-day granted an absolute divorce from his wife, Jessie A. Sloane. The decree was handed down by Justice Stover in the Supreme Court and was based upon the report of a referee. The name of the co-respondent was kept secret. The custody of the Sloane children—Jessie, Emily and Eleanor—was given to Mr. Sloane. He was also accorded the right to marry, and the defendant in the suit, it was stated, should not lawfully marry again until after the death of Mr. Sloane.

"But," the decree continued, "the remarriage of the said parties to this action is not hereby prohibited."

Mrs. Sloane is deprived of the right to any part in Mr. Sloane's property. The separation of the couple was announced last December.

Perry Belmont and Mrs. Jessie A. Sloane, the divorced wife of Henry T. Sloane, were married at 8:30 to-night at Greenwich, Conn., by the Rev. Walter M. Barrows, pastor of the Second Congregational Church of that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Belmont will go to Washington, where they will be the guests of Mrs. G. H. Howland, Mr. Belmont's sister, for several days. Mr. Belmont will then take his bride to Kentucky to visit his stock farm.

Before leaving this city to-night and at Mr. Belmont's request, the new Mrs. Belmont conveyed her home at 9 East Seventy-second street, the house that has been recently given to her by Mr. Sloane, and all its contents to the State Trust Company, with instructions to convey it back again to Mr. Sloane. The property is valued at $550,000. If he shall refuse to accept it the trust company is instructed to invest the proceeds of the sale of the house for the benefit of the Sloane children.

It was learned that the referee in the divorce case was William L. Turner, and that he had been appointed by Justice Francis M. Scott on March 25 last. The referee held two hearings. Mrs. Sloane did not attend either.

SUES THE SAN JOSE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Kindergarten Teacher Declares She Was Ousted to Make Way for a Trustee's Wife.

SAN JOSE, April 28.—The right of the City Board of Education to remove a kindergarten teacher without cause is to be tested in the Superior Court. Miss Kittie McGinley is the plaintiff, and in a suit brought against the Board of Education, composed of M. J. Graham, E. H. Wemple, C. S. Kenyon, T. O'Neil and R. J. Langford, a writ of mandate commanding the defendants to reinstate her and pay $90 salary for the two months she has been deprived of following her vocation is asked for. She also wants Trustee Graham removed from office.

On August 20, 1898, Miss McGinley was elected a teacher in the kindergarten department and assigned to duty as first assistant in the Sarah B. Cooper Kindergarten. Her salary was $45 a month. The Board of Education on November 26 decided to close the kindergartens, but the first of the year four of the schools were reopened. Among these four were the Sarah B. Cooper Kindergarten, but Miss McGinley was not placed in her old position.

The complaint recites that Trustee M. J. Graham engineered the scheme, and that his only object in not giving plaintiff her position was to provide a place for his wife, Mrs. Ella Graham. To accomplish this, it is charged, the board proceeded fraudulently and illegally.

SLEPT AT HIS POST.

SAN QUENTIN PRISON, April 28.—"Hank Voges," one of the peculiar characters at the prison, who had been employed for several years as a guard, was forced to resign his position to-day by Warden Hale. Voges was formerly the Town Marshal at Randsburg and was imported by the warden at a time when Hale appeared to think nobody suitable to officiate as guard unless he were a "gun-fighter." Voges' feats of tongue have long been the marvel of the prison. It was only a short time ago that he alarmed the whole prison and turned things topsy turvy by emptying his revolver at a dog in the belief that it was an opium planter. Voges was discovered sleeping at his post last night and admitted his fault when brought before the warden to-day. Voges was permitted to resign instead of suffering the ignominy of a discharge.

New National Bank.

HONOLULU, April 22.—F. M. Hatch and Cecil Brown are drafting the papers for incorporation under Hawaiian laws of the bank which is ultimately to become the First National Bank of Hawaii. By Monday or Tuesday next the shares allotted to Hawaii of the $1,000,000 capital stock will be opened for subscription, and with the assurance that the entire allotment of $300,000 will be taken up in forty-eight hours. Colonel George W. Macfarlane completed arrangements for making the start while on his recent visit to the United States.

Honolulu's Sewer System.

HONOLULU, April 22.—By to-night's mail advertisements are ordered for publication in San Francisco inviting tenders for the construction of the sewer system of Honolulu. Telegrams go forward to New York apprising possible bidders there of the opportunity. All material is to be supplied to the contractors by the Hawaiian Government.

PRINCETON CHAIR FOR CLEVELAND

NEW YORK, April 28.—The Princeton alumni and friends of the university who are conversant with its affairs have not waited for the trustees to meet and act upon the recent anonymous gift of $100,000 to endow a professorship of general politica in the institution, but have settled upon former President Grover Cleveland as the occupant of the chair. It is even said that the donor of the fund had Mr. Cleveland in mind, and that the place has been created in order that he may be formally attached to the university in which he has shown such a lively interest since he last left the White House.

As the university already has a professorship of jurisprudence and politics, which is filled by Professor Woodrow Wilson, there was some speculation as to the purpose in creating a new chair for general politics until Mr. Cleveland's name was mentioned in connection with the place. It was explained that the new professorship would embrace international law, political science, diplomacy and the fundamental principles of government. The field to be covered will be supplementary to that covered by Professor Wilson.

OLD GLORY FLIES AT BLUEFIELDS

Americans Hoist Stars and Stripes.

SEEK FLAG'S PROTECTION

GOVERNOR TORRES ATTEMPTS TO COLLECT DUTIES.

Checkmated by the Action of American Citizens, He Seizes Their Goods in the Government House.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

NEW YORK, April 28.—A special to the Press from New Orleans contains the following news from Bluefields under date of April 22:

For three days the American merchants as a measure of protection have been flying the United States flag over their places of business. Since April 19, all of the American firms doing business have been closed.

This morning Governor Torres, through the Chief of Police, ordered at once all who were flying the United States flag to explain why they had raised the emblem of liberty. It seems that a former decree or proclamation issued many years ago makes it an offense to fly "Old Glory" except on holidays and Sundays. The merchants informed the Chief that as a threat had been made to seize their goods they had closed their places of business and raised the flag, believing that under its folds they were safe.

Having been checkmated by the merchants in his attempt to make a forced payment of the duties demanded, General Torres yesterday had all the goods and merchandise in the Government house at the bluff belonging to those involved in the demand seized. It has not as yet been possible to ascertain the amount of value in dollars of the seizure.

The cruiser Detroit arrived and anchored three miles off the bluff this afternoon at 1 o'clock. She brought from Greytown Joaquin Sanson, the Nicaraguan Minister of Foreign Affaires; Mr. Merry, United States Minister to Nicaragua, and Consul Sorsby.

The American officials remained aboard the warship all night in conference, discussing the questions and issues involved. They will come ashore to-morrow to meet the Nicaraguan officials.

To-day General Torres temporarily suspended the embargo on nineteen plantations placed under the ban last week. The laborers are allowed to cut fruit and receive money for their labors. This is effect No. 1 of the presence in port of the Detroit. Others will follow rapidly.

INTERESTS THE COAST.

Volunteers Who Have Been Ordered Discharged From the Service.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—By direction of the Assistant Secretary of War, telegraphic instructions directing the discharge from the service of the United States by the commanding general, Department of California, of Wagoner Herbert A. D. Lowe, Company I, First Colorado Infantry, are confirmed. The following enlisted men, now en route to San Francisco, will upon arrival be discharged the service of the United States by the commanding general, Department of California: Private Samuel Pickard, Company A, Thirteenth Minnesota Volunteer Infantry; Private Siegfried C. Rasmussen, Company K, First California Volunteer Infantry.

Pensions have been granted as follows:

California: Original—Jonathan A. Green, Riverside, $8; John Riley, Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles, $12. Additional—Marcellus Ross, San Jose, $10 to $12. Restoration and reissue—Joseph McPherson (dead), Stockton, $12. Increase—Lester E. Walker, San Jose, $6 to $10.

Washington: Original—Martin V. Elliott, Spokane, $6. Increase—Charles R. Robinson, Aberdeen, $8 to $10; Benjamin F. Emmerson, Goldendale, $6 to $8.

Oregon: Original—Joseph D. Smith, Weston, $8.

WHAT THESE NUMBERS SIGNIFY IS OF VAST IMPORTANCE.

YOU MAY be athletic, you may be strong, but this does not signify that such will be the case always. The strongest constitution must give way sooner or later. The blood—the fluid of life—must carry the elements necessary to build up the tissues of the body. It must not only do this, but it must carry the waste matter of the body as well, and discharge it through the proper channels. If certain organs, the liver or kidneys, for instance, become sluggish, or inactive, this waste matter is not eliminated as it should be. The blood becomes overcharged with impurities, gathers force in the weakest spots, and so disease and suffering must ensue. Take into consideration—

Rheumatism and heart trouble—those two diseases that are so often associated, and from which few adults are entirely free. It is the foreign elements in the blood—the acids that INFLAME the muscles and joints—that destroy the heart structure, that cause the severe pains and aches.

HUDYAN—That great remedy for the blood—that great remedy that will purify the blood—will correct this evil. It will counteract and remove all poisons from the blood.

Do you suffer with headaches, vertigo, dizzy spells (Fig. 1), coated tongue (Fig. 2), palpitation or pain over region of heart (Fig. 4), pain in shoulders (Fig. 3), pain in arms (Fig. 5), pain in hips (Fig. 6), pain in legs (Fig 7)? If you do, it indicates rheumatic heart trouble. HUDYAN will relieve you. It will not only relieve you, but it will cure you.

If you have pimples or eruptions on the skin, if you have a muddy complexion, if you have that tired and worn-out feeling, then your blood is out of order. HUDYAN is not equaled by any other known remedy in its curative effects upon blood disorders. It will correct your bowels if they are constipated. It will stimulate and strengthen the liver and kidneys.

Come to our offices and see the evidence of HUDYAN'S cures. There is no evidence so good as that of people who have been cured by HUDYAN.

HUDYAN will cure any disorder due to impure or contaminated blood. Disease germs that live and multiply in the blood under ordinary conditions are destroyed and eliminated from the system by HUDYAN. HUDYAN is nature's own remedy for overcoming disease.

HUDYAN cures all Stomach, Liver, Kidney, Heart, Nervous and Blood Diseases. Its curative influence is thorough and reaches every nerve and fiber in the human system.

HUDYAN is for sale by druggists—50c a package or six packages for $2 50.

If your druggist does not keep HUDYAN send direct to the HUDYAN REMEDY CO., corner Stockton, Ellis and Market streets, San Francisco, Cal.

You Have the Privilege of Consulting the Hudyan Doctors About Your Case Free of Charge. Call or Write.