WILL SEARCH FOR BURIED TREASURE

Mrs. Hitchcock Organizes an Expedition.

TO DIG ON COCOS ISLAND

GOLD WAS BURIED THERE BY PERUVIANS.

Party Also Expects to Find Rich Gold Deposits in the Alluvial Sands of the Islands.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 21.—Mrs. Mary D. Hitchcock is to search for the buried Cocos Island treasure. She will organize an expedition to be headed by Captain Fred Hackett, who commanded the expedition which went from here two years ago on the steamer Aurora to endeavor to find the $30,000,000 of gold, silver and jewels hidden there many years ago by the Peruvians, for which many have searched but none have unearthed. The last expedition to go from here to search was that headed by the fleet admiral of the Pacific fleet, Admiral Palliser, on H. M. S. Imperieuse.

Mrs. Hitchcock has offered $10,000 for the steamer Saga, tied up at Vancouver since the Alaskan rush, to carry the expedition, which is to be but a side issue of a much more extensive exploration and scientific research party, which Mrs. Hitchcock proposes to send to the South Seas, an expedition on a much larger scale than that of Professor Harriman, who, by the way, is married to a daughter of Mrs. Hitchcock.

Leading representatives of the different branches of science will accompany the expedition, and like the treasure-hunting party to be landed on Cocos Island, when they have completed their work will be picked up by the steamer. A staff of prospectors will also go, for Mrs. Hitchcock hopes to find rich alluvial sand on the islands of the South Seas. To-day she received a sample of sand from an island discovered by one of the northern prospectors which, when assayed by provincial assay, went $2880 in gold and 35 ounces silver.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

RUNNING SORE

Solid Sore from Knee to Instep. Thought have to be Amputated. Walked with Crutch. Almost Wild with Pain.

Physician Said "Never could be Cured." Tries CUTICURA. Sleep after First Application. Cured in Eight Weeks.

I was afflicted with a terrible sore leg, caused by a cut. It became so inflamed that it was thought it would have to be amputated. My physician said that "it could never be cured, that it would remain a running sore on account of the poisonous state of my blood." When I got out of bed I could hardly stand the pain, and had to get along with a crutch. I tried all kinds of blood and other medicines without success, my leg getting worse until it became a solid sore from my knee to instep. Utterly discouraged and almost wild with pain, I gave up in despair, making up my mind that death would be a sweet relief. Casually picking up an old paper, I noticed the description of a man who had been cured by CUTICURA remedies, afflicted like myself. I immediately procured the CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA SOAP, and CUTICURA (ointment). The *first application of* CUTICURA (ointment), after carefully washing my leg with warm water and plenty of the CUTICURA SOAP, *gave me so much relief that I was able to sleep over half of the night*, and after the third day I rested well every night. I went on improving, and in exactly eight weeks from the time I began the use of CUTICURA remedies I was able to return to my trade (carpentering), well and sound.

T. C. BRISCOE,
Aug. 19, 1898. 160 W. Hunter St., Atlanta, Ga.

CUTICURA

Begins with the Blood and Ends with The Skin and Scalp.

That is to say it purifies the blood and circulating fluids of HUMOR GERMS, and thus removes the *cause*, while warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), greatest of emollient skin cures, cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, allay itching, burning, and inflammation, soothe and heal. Thus are speedily, permanently, and economically cured the most torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Humor," free.

BABY'S SKIN SCALP and HAIR Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

INVEST BUT FIRST INVESTIGATE!

Then, if satisfied, put your money in the

TAR CANYON OIL COMPANY.

Its lands are located in the celebrated Kreynhagen District, surrounded by flowing wells.

This company is a legitimate corporation, founded for the purpose of producing and placing upon the market the oil that undoubtedly exists on its lands.

A limited number of shares are for sale at 50 cents, after which prices will be governed by the condition of development.

PROSPECTUS FREE.

852 MISSION STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Oculists' Eye-Glasses

Are not an experiment. When made by us they fit. Nor do they tilt or waver with the new clip. 50 cents.
Oculists' prescriptions filled. Quick repairing. Factory on premises. Phone Main 10.

CITES ENGLAND AS AN EXEMPLAR

Roosevelt on the Nation's Destiny.

MUST CONQUER THE SAVAGE

WAR, HE SAYS, WILL PAVE THE WAY FOR PEACE.

What Great Britain Is to Africa the United States Should Be to the Islands Across the Pacific.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 21.—Music Hall could not contain all wanting to hear Governor Roosevelt and Senator Foraker at the mass-meeting here to-night. Governor Roosevelt arrived in the morning and was entertained at a series of dinners by Judge Taft of the Piccadilly Club and others. This evening he was escorted from the St. Nicholas Hotel to Music Hall by one of the largest processions ever seen in this city, including a battalion of 100 Rough Riders, all veterans of the Spanish war. In addition to the torches and blazing illuminations along the line of march there was a great display of fireworks. The hall was filled before the parade reached it. Governor Bushnell and staff were in the city for the annual police inspection and drill, but were not at Music Hall.

County Chairman Kushman opened the meeting and presented Senator Foraker, the presiding officer. Senator Foraker made a stirring address of an hour in support of Judge Nash for Governor and the indorsement of President McKinley.

Governor Roosevelt spoke as follows:

A grimly comic feature of the present international conspiracy against America and civilization is the way in which the adherents of Aguinaldo in the Philippines and his apologists here pat one another on the back, and another striking feature is the wild invective, the savage and incoherent violence of the language employed by these apostles of peace.

Yet, after all, it is but natural. They are repeating precisely the tactics of the Copperheads of the Civil war. Those of you who are old enough will remember that the Copperheads who denounced the Union army always denounced them in the name of the new gospel of peace. Their cry was "Peace," even "Peace at any price," and it was these apostles of peace, who by their furious denunciation of Abraham Lincoln and of the Northern people and their frantic invectives against every measure of the Government finally stirred to madness the dark and gloomy souls that are always to be found on the outskirts of such a movement. In 1863 the preachers of the doctrine of cowardly peace were responsible for the terrible and bloody outbreaks in New York City, which we now know by the name of the draft riots. In 1865 these same craven preachers of peace were responsible for the murder of Abraham Lincoln. Nowadays their successors, who use their exact language in denouncing our conduct in the Philippines, have stained their own souls with the blood of our soldiers and of their Philippine foes.

The other day Ohio sent to New York as a preacher of the new dispensation Congressman Lentz, a fit and worthy successor of Vallandigham. In his speech in New York Mr. Lentz divided his time between eulogizing Altgeld, the man who pardoned the anarchist bomb throwers, and eulogizing Aguinaldo, whose success would mean and could only mean the slaughter of the American soldiers and the dishonor of the American flag. He likened Aguinaldo to Patrick Henry, and called him one of the heroes of the world, and he denounced the war which we are carrying on for the suppression of savagery as more brutal and cowardly than that carried on by George III against us. He took the position that Aguinaldo was a hero for killing our soldiers, but that if they slew him it would be murder.

While Mr. Lentz was thus preaching treason Aguinaldo was sending over a message, which has only the other day been published. He had evidently not heard of Mr. Lentz, but he had heard of some of the minor heroes of the anti-expansion (that is, anti-American and anti-patriotic) movement, and he praised them in terms which, if the men were capable of one thrill of American feeling, would make them shudder with horror of having won and deserved such commendation from an enemy of their country. Finally, with a simple sincerity which Aguinaldo's party allies here would do well to imitate the proclamation of the Philippine chief continues in so many words to state that his hope of successful resistance to the authority of the United States is based on the triumph of the Democratic party. Continuing, he says:

"Therefore we must show our gratitude and maintain our position more resolutely than ever. We should pray to God that the great Democratic party may win the next Presidential election, and imperialism (that is, the American people) fail in its mad attempt to subjugate us by force of arms."

In other words, Aguinaldo is fighting for the Democratic party and the Democratic party for him; the arms of his men who shoot down our soldiers are nerved by the aid and encouragement given them by the anti-expansionists of the United States, and he continues the bloody war in the Philippines because he hopes ultimately to win through their assistance. No more burning indictment of the Democratic party under its present leadership and of the preachers of treason who have taken the lead in denouncing the course of the United States could be framed by any American. Bear in mind that this arraignment of the Democracy is unconsciously given by their friend Aguinaldo, the man who at present stands as the typical representative of savagery, the typical foe of civilization and of the American people and as the peculiar protege of the men who in the United States in 1899 are repeating the arguments of those who in 1861 and 1865 sought to bring us to ruin.

Every argument that can be made for the Philippines could be made for the Apaches; every word that can be said for Aguinaldo could be said for Sitting Bull. As peace and order and prosperity followed our expansion war on the lands of the Indians so they will follow us in the Philippines. If we had refused to expand over the West, do you think that the West would be peaceful now? If, instead of your forefathers settling here in Ohio, you had left Ohio to the Indians, do you think the country would have had peace? Indeed it would not. Just so long as there was an independent Indian power on your borders you were exposed to the certainty of constantly recurring war. If now the United States were to walk out of Alaska or out of any of our Indian reservations, as our opponents wish us to walk out of the Philippines, war would promptly ensue—war among the natives themselves or between the natives and the white intruders; and if we do not again step in and settle the matter, why, some other great nation would have to undertake the work which we had proved ourselves too feeble or too foolish to perform.

Last summer the United States had the honor to take what was, on the whole, the leading part in the Peace Conference at The Hague. We were able to play that part solely because during the preceding year we had fought to a victorious conclusion the most righteous foreign war in which any nation has been engaged for half a century. Our power to further the cause of peace as among the civilized nations of the world has been immeasurably increased because we have shown ourselves able and willing to do our part in policing the world, in keeping order in the world's waste spaces.

If we shrink from going on with the work which we have begun we shall merely lose our influence for good. When a coward or a weakling preaches peace but little good results, but, as was shown at The Hague last year, when a mighty people, not afraid to do its duty in the world, stands up for peace, the good result is immediately manifest. When throughout the world barbarism has given place to civilization then, and not till then, the reign of peace will be at hand; and expansion is at the moment the way in which this nation can best do its duty, can best help bring about that hoped-for day.

Remember that the war in the Philippines is absolutely and without qualification a national war. With characteristic perversion of the facts, our opponents have spoken as though this was unnecessary, as if it were now waged by President McKinley on his own authority and without the warrant of Congress. In the first place, what we have done was inevitable, so far as the administration and the American people at large were concerned. There was just one chance of avoiding war. If the anti-expansionists, the peace-at-any-price people, had not delayed the treaty in the Senate; if by their loose invective they had not misled the Tagals, we should probably not have had any war in the Philippines. Aguinaldo's proclamation proves beyond shadow of doubt that the insurgents have held out on the strength of the hoped-for aid from the Democratic party and from the anti-expansionists here in our home. Had those men not given the impression that the American people were divided; had they not worked for delay, there would probably have been no revolt and no bloodshed. By their clamor and by their obstructive tactics in the Senate they not only delayed the acceptance of the treaty but gave Aguinaldo and his people the idea that they would receive moral support in a war against our flag; and, moreover, they have actually given this support. They are primarily responsible for the war. We are the true party of peace, for a lasting peace can only come through the course of conduct we advocate.

Remember that expansion is not only the handmaid of greatness, but, above all, it is the handmaid of peace. Great civilized powers are, I firmly believe, growing more and more able to live in permanent peace with one another; but no civilized power is or ever has been able permanently to keep peace with savage, barbarous or semi-barbarous peoples, because these latter are not able to so conduct themselves as to render peace possible.

The day when universal peace is possible can only come when the nations of the world have grown civilized. In some places this state of things can come about merely by growth of civilization in the state itself; elsewhere it has to come about by the expansion of the great, orderly, peace-loving powers. We of the United States are not in the slightest danger of any trouble with the Canadians of the north, nor with the Mexicans on the south; it is not conceivable that a difficulty should arise with either that could not be settled by peaceable methods. So in the Pacific, I most firmly believe that we shall be able to work hand in hand with England, with Germany, with Japan, with every civilized power that has interests in that greatest of all oceans. With every orderly, peace-loving, civilized country, great or small, we can work with perfect harmony. But with savagery there can be no peace until we have first made evident our strength.

The whole history of our century shows a diminishing tendency to war between civilized powers, and shows also that the existence of a savage or barbarous state inevitably means war sooner or later. Every expansion of a civilized power is a conquest for peace. Remember that even this great country of ours, as well as all European countries, paid tribute to the Moorish pirates as late as 1830, and piracy in its most abhorrent form was not abolished in the Mediterranean until the French expanded into Algiers and the Turk was driven from Greece. Then peace came to the Mediterranean. What the French have done in Algiers, the English have done in Egypt and the Soudan. While Egypt was under Arabi Pasha and the Soudan under the Mahdi, the two countries were sinking steadily back into mere savagery; until they were held by a strong and civilized race no advance was possible. Now peace and prosperity have come to both countries. Turkistan was a mere chaos of murder and lawlessness until the wave of Russian expansion swept over the country, to the great good of mankind and brought peace in its train. Now Germany has the Carolines, and under her administration they will doubtless flourish in peace.

What she has undertaken to do in the Carolines, are we to shrink from doing in the Philippines? Are we alone among the great nations of the world to announce ourselves too weak to do our share of the task, too timid to bear our part of the burden in extending the reign of law, of order, of peace, over the whole world? That is what expansion means. It means not only the extension of American influence and power, it means the extension of liberty and order and the bringing nearer by gigantic strides of the day when peace shall come to the whole earth.

In view of this attitude of certain of our people, the struggle was inevitable. When Dewey smashed the Spanish fleet, it meant that the islands would fall into chaos unless either the United States or some other strong power took possession; unless we were willing to see the fleet of another power sail into the harbor as Dewey's fleet sailed.

The treaty with Spain was finally ratified by the Senate, but it was not ratified by the Spanish Government until a fortnight after Congress had adjourned, leaving the President to act as the nation's representative. The lower House had, meanwhile, taken its share in the ratification (the opposition was so small as to be insignificant) by passing the appropriation of $20,000,000, as required by the treaty. The islands thus, by the ratification of the treaty and by the action of the Senate and by the House of Representatives in passing the $20,000,000 appropriation bill, became part of the United States; and it is just as much the President's duty to keep order in them by the use of the army, as it would be his duty to keep order in Arizona by the use of the army in case of an Apache outbreak.

Nor is this all. In passing the army bill, Congress explicitly recognized the fact that there was a Philippine insurrection and that it had to be put down by the use of our armed forces. It provided for an army of over 60,000 regular and over 30,000 volunteers, especially with a view of meeting the present exigencies; it is set forth that the army should be kept up to these figures for two years. In other words, Congress explicitly provided an army of nearly 100,000 men for the purpose of carrying out the Philippine war. Under such circumstances the talk of this war being unauthorized by Congress can be due only to ignorance or willful intention to suppress the facts.

The taking of the Philippines was inevitable. The outbreak was rendered inevitable by the conduct of those who opposed the taking of the Philippines and who gave moral aid and comfort to Aguinaldo and his men. The President has acted in the only way in which he could act and remain loyal to his oath of office and to the great trust delivered by the people into his hands. We are doing but our simple duty in introducing the reign of law, order and peace into the Philippines, and we cannot shrink form it without shame and dishonor. The path of expansion is a path of national honor, the path toward universal peace. You, my countrymen, cannot refuse to tread it unless you are willing to renounce your claims to be the heirs of the ages and to abandon all pretense of following in the footsteps of Washington, of Lincoln and of all the great Americans who have made our past history mighty and glorious.

It is a pleasure to be shaved and take a refreshing bath at Valvo's shaving parlors, 528 Broadway; private entrance to baths.

BADLY INJURED IN A PRIZE FIGHT

James Hill in a Critical Condition.

HEART PUNCH FELLED HIM

HAD BEEN HAVING THINGS ALL HIS OWN WAY.

Fight Was Arranged by a Number of Racetrack Followers Who Are Now Under Arrest.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

COVELLO, Oct. 21.—Montague & Wants' pavilion last night was the scene of the wildest excitement. An audience of 500 people had gathered to witness a finish prize fight for a purse of $300 between George Coxey of Eureka and James Hill of Marysville. Pandemonium reigned when in the sixth round Hill, who apparently had the fight well in hand, received a right-hand uppercut on the jaw and a left-hand heart punch that felled him like an ox, knocking him completely out. He did not recover consciousness for over two hours, and his condition to-night is critical.

The contest, though an impromptu affair, was a clever and spirited exhibition, and its arrangement was due to a large number of racehorse men and followers being stormbound here after the annual race meet, who raised the purse of $300. The contest was billed as a fight to a finish, and seats were sold for from $5 to 50 cents each. The casualty, which looks dubious for Hill's recovery, occurred in the latter half of the sixth round. Hill, although the smaller man, showed up to better advantage over his sturdy opponent and punished Coxey unmercifully in each round, and odds of 10 to 1 on Hill went begging, and just before the knockout blow was administered 20 to 1 found no takers. The knockout blow is regarded as purely accidental.

The doctor to-night pronounces Hill's condition critical. Hill is a well-known race follower. Coxey claims relationship with "General" Coxey of the Coxey army fame. The authorities have detained Coxey and the fight promoters pending the result of Hill's condition.

WISCONSIN GIVES YALE A HARD RUB

Only by the Most Stubborn Work Do Old Eli's Sons Score at Football.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 21.—The University of Wisconsin football eleven had their colors lowered by Yale here this afternoon in a contest, the final score of which was Yale 6, Wisconsin 0, but the Yale men required nearly all of the fifty minutes' play to secure the single touchdown and goal which constituted her victory over the young men who came from the West to wage the battle. The game in many respects was the finest ever witnessed on the Yale gridiron, for it was not until within the last five minutes of the play that the Yale men were able to cross the coveted goal line. At that the play was of an extraordinary character, and the scoring came only after a thrilling run of sixty-five yards by Richards, the Yale halfback, who was carried by magnificent interference past the Wisconsin's rush line, and then, being left to his own resources, wiggled his way through the entire Wisconsin back field, eluding the four crack backs of the Badgers and ultimately planting the ball squarely behind the goal posts.

Two twenty-five-minute halves were played, and throughout the two periods the Wisconsin men carried consternation to the hearts of the Yale rooters by samples of football which seemed to be invincible. When nearly every spectator had concluded that the game would end in a tie at 0 to 0, Richards, a Yale halfback, who replaced Chadwick in the second half, was given the pigskin. He received it on Yale's forty-five-yard line and in a trice pocketed himself in a bunch of clever interference, which protected him to the rush line.

Here matters became exciting and he broke away from his interference and darted out into the open with the four Wisconsin backs converging upon him. The first one he dodged, the second he eluded with a clever foot movement, the third he bowled over with his free arm and then proceeded to run around and away from the last opponent, who went tearing after him as the fleet runner sped toward the line. He touched down and a goal was kicked, rendering a score of 6.

The most striking feature of Wisconsin's play was found in the sole dependence of the Westerners upon Captain O'Dea's kicking ability. Not more than a half-dozen times during the game did the visitors undertake to advance the ball by rushes, it being almost the invariable rule to send it back to O'Dea for a booting. This marvelous man displayed a kicking prowess which has never been equaled on the Yale field, and the honors were all his way in this department of the game. He was placed at a disadvantage in the matter of drop kicking, for his team seemed unable to get within striking distance. However, he made four attempts at goals from the field and all were failures. Two of them were out-and-out misses, and twice his kicks were nicely blocked by Yale men.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 21.—Harvard, in defeating Brown University eleven in to-day's game ran up against its hardest proposition thus far, and it is to Brown's credit that the crimson had to play a stiff game. Harvard's offensive and defensive work were magnificent, but the team went against opponents who resorted to combinations of trick plays and quick runs around the ends.

Too Drunk to Fight.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 21.—MikeLeonard of New York and Bob Thompson of Los Angeles were scheduled to box twenty rounds before the Los Angeles Athletic Club to-night, but at the end of the first round Referee John Brink discovered that Leonard was much the worse for liquor and stopped the fight, declaring Thompson the winner. Leonard was looked upon by the sporting element as a sure winner.

FIRST COUNCIL OF THE ROYAL ARCANUM

OAKLAND, Oct. 21.—Oakland Council, Royal Arcanum, will be instituted here next Thursday night, with a membership of about fifty representative citizens, principally business and professional men. At a meeting held last night the officers for the first term were elected and these will be installed on Thursday as follows: Past regent, Cary Howard; regent, Asa V. Mendenhall; vice-regent, F. D. Bacon; orator, Charles Husband; secretary, Henry W. France; collector, George A. Gray; treasurer, Thomas Lindsay; chaplain, Walter M. Bird; guide, J. S. de Lancey; trustees—Charles L. Sturm, Charles C. Clay, Dr. Walter F. Lewis; medical examiner, Dr. J. F. Lilly; deputy grand regent, Dr. L. R. Le Lande.

Butchers' Annual Carnival.

OAKLAND, Oct. 21.—The ninth annual prize carnival and masquerade of the Journeymen Butchers will be held at Germania Hall next Wednesday night. The grand march will begin promptly at 9 p. m. and at 10 o'clock there will be a grand cakewalk. A juvenile cakewalk for boys and girls under 12 years of age will also be given, for which two prizes are to be awarded. Couples entering for competition in the cakewalk are expected to masque or appear in black face and all entries will close at 9 p. m. on the night of the carnival. In addition to the usual valuable prizes given every year for costumes and characters the committee offers cash prizes for the best cakewalkers. No effort is being spared to make the affair an unprecedented success.

Socialist Labor Meeting.

OAKLAND, Oct. 21.—An address will be given on Sunday evening at Grand Army Hall, 419 Thirteenth street, Oakland, by Professor John C. Merriam of the University of California. The address will commence at 8 o'clock and will be followed by questions and discussion. The lecture is under the auspices of the Socialist Labor party.

Reception and Dramatic Reading.

ALAMEDA, Oct. 21.—Mrs. W. B. Wellman of 1617 Central avenue entertained a large number of guests yesterday afternoon at a dramatic reading given by Mrs. Samuel Lovett, assisted by her sister, Miss Hobart of Oakland. There were about ninety ladies present, in spite of the inclemency of the weather. The parlors and reception hall were beautifully decorated with smilax and the national colors. Refreshments were served.

Alameda News Notes.

ALAMEDA, Oct. 21.—The members of the Encinal Club will give a "gentlemen's night" at their rooms on Park street on Friday evening, October 27. An excellent programme is being arranged by the committee in charge of the affair. An enjoyable evening is assured those who attend.

City Attorney E. K. Taylor and party, who have been on a hunting trip for several days aboard the yacht Emerald, returned home last night.

An entertainment will be given in Lafayette Hall next Friday evening, the proceeds of which will be applied to the funds of St. Joseph's Church.

The hounds Metallic and Emin Pasha, belonging to John Halton of this city, won their first races for the American Waterloo cup at the great trial at Dallas, Texas, yesterday.

An invention of Austrian origin for shutting railway carriage doors has been tried near London. The apparatus enables the guard to close and, if necessary, lock all the doors of a train by simply turning a handle in his van. Compressed air is the agent employed.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

UMBRELLA NEWS!

For Ladies and Men.

For Misses and Boys.

ENDLESS STYLES OF HANDLES, ENDLESS QUALITIES OF SILK, ALSO GLORIAS, VETIAS, CAROLAS, UNIONS and GINGHAMS, from

50c up to $25.

THESE ARE A FEW OF OUR SPECIAL BARGAINS:

For ladies and men—Fine quality Vetia, 8-Rib, Natural Wood and Congo Handles..50c
For ladies and men—Silk Carola, 8-rib, steel rod, paragon frames, taffeta silk cases, with natural wood, wood trimmed, Dresden and horn handles, 26 and 28 inch..$1.00
For ladies—Silk Carola, 8-rib, steel rod, paragon frame, taffeta silk case, with natural wood, silver trimmed, Congos, pearl, horn, ivory and Dresden handles, 26 inch $1.25
For men—Silk Carola, 8-rib, steel rod, paragon frame, taffeta silk case, with sterling silver, trimmed Congos, buffalo horn and celluloid handles, 26 and 28 inch.$1.50
For ladies and men—Union silk taffeta, 8-rib, steel rod and case, silver trimmed, imported boxwood and furze, silver, deposited pearl, ivory and Dresden handles...$1.95
For ladies and men—Pure silk serge, with fine imported natural handles.....$2.50
And any quantity of fine gold and silver, pearl, ivory and imported Dresden handles of beautiful design.

We have a fully equipped umbrella factory, and at short notice can put your broken umbrella in first-class condition.

....HEADQUARTERS FOR UMBRELLAS....

THE GLOVE HOUSE, 800 MARKET STREET Cor. Grant Ave. and O'Farrell St.

THE FUTURE UNVEILED!

MRS. DR. F. CLARK

HAS PERMANENTLY LOCATED AT..... 205 Turk Street, Near Jones.

No Matter What Trouble You May Have With Yourself or Others, Come and She Will Guide You. She Advises You With a Certainty Higher Than Human Power.

IT'S NOT WHAT SHE HAS DONE FOR OTHERS, BUT WHAT SHE WILL DO FOR YOU.

She is a living connection between the unseen existence and this world. She can read the innermost thoughts of souls, see the past, present and future as in a mirror, and by her mysterious power can tell how to avert evil, how to succeed in business and obtain good fortune. She locates mines and buried treasure, minerals, old estates, lost friends, etc.

CONCERNING BUSINESS AFFAIRS.

She gives dates, facts and figures, reliable and important advice and information on all matters of interest in business transactions, lawsuits, contested wills, life insurance, damage suits, divorces, deeds, mortgages, claims, collections, speculations, adventures, gold mining stocks and all financial difficulties. Truly predicts the success or failure of new inventions, patents, pending pension claims, etc.; tells whether you will receive fair dealings with partners. If you care to know what business you should follow to be successful, where you should go and whom to avoid; if you intend to make any changes or to start a business, buy or sell property, or, in fact, take any important step, don't fail to consult Dr. Clark. Her advice may be the means of saving you thousands of dollars and a great deal of trouble.

Remember your prospects of to-day may be your fortune to-morrow if rightly handled.

LOVE OR COURTSHIP.

If affairs of the heart or emotions of love interest you, she gives exact and truthful revelations of all love affairs, settles lovers' quarrels, enables you to win the esteem and affection of any one you desire, causes speedy and happy marriages; tells if the one you love is true; also date of marriage; restores lost affection, peace and confidence of lovers and discordant families; gives you the full secret how to control, fascinate and charm the one you love; also those you meet, and how to make a person at a distance think of you.

ASSISTANCE FOR TROUBLED OR UNFORTUNATE.

If you are in trouble of any kind, discontented, unhappy, or not satisfied in life, or have domestic or love or business troubles, you will be told how to overcome all troubles. Your wish and object in life can be obtained. A SECRET you should know the power to control.

MRS. DR. F. CLARK'S MAGIC BELT

(A fac-simile of which is presented here) is the most powerful talisman that has ever been made. The impressions on its face, as shown here, give a partial idea of its wonderful magic powers.

THE GREATEST OF ALL TALISMANS.

A charm (also called a talisman or amulet) possesses the power to protect its possessor against any evil, and promotes his luck, happiness and health. This power it obtains from its manufacturer, who, from and through her supernatural power, transmits the same to the talisman.

A charm can be made for any purpose. It may serve as a protector on a journey or at home, against accident or evil influence, which it destroys; it may guide you safely through any perilous enterprise; may help you to complete your business transactions profitably, insuring you against loss, and thus assist you to acquire wealth.

It may be of a mesmeric character—drawing others' affections toward you, and thus securing for you friends among strangers, and even converting enemies into friends and bringing esteem, love and friendship from all.

IT MAY POSSESS A HEALING POWER AND CURE DISEASES BY ITS SIMPLE APPLICATION.

THE MAGIC BELT

Contains Within Itself the Virtues of Several or All Other Single Charms Combined, and is the Most Powerful Talisman That Has Ever Been Made.

What is your vocation in life? How have you prospered? What are your hopes for the future?

Every person is specially adapted to some particular business, profession or trade, which may justly be termed their true vocation, and yet more than half of you are fighting against an unknown fate for fame, fortune and position which you do not and cannot obtain until you find your true vocation.

If you are contented with your present work you have found your true vocation and success will attend you; but if dissatisfied and all is going against you, it is an evidence that you have not found your true vocation. A visit to Mrs. Clark will soon settle this all-important question and your true vocation will be pointed out to you, and if possessed of only a moderate degree of brains and energy success will be sure to attend you. She advises you with a certainty by a higher than human power as to the proper course to pursue in life. Her descriptions of your friends and enemies are as real as though they stood before you. Call and test the madame to your heart's content, and you will depart thoroughly satisfied that there is at least one reliable medium and clairvoyant now in your midst. Nothing in life too obscure for her to reveal.

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