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NICHOLAS OF RUSSIA STILL ALIVE

Dispatches Denying Rumor of Czar's Death.

Report Is Freely Circulated, but Confirmation Is Lacking.

NO NEWS AT THE EMBASSIES

Latest Bulletin From the Sick Ruler's Bedside Indicates the Crisis Is Past.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The rumor of the Czar's death appears to be unfounded. Nothing to confirm it has been received at the Russian embassies in Berlin and Paris, and the embassy here has received nothing since the bulletin yesterday (Thursday).
Better news has been received at Copenhagen as to the Emperor's condition. A courier has arrived with news that the doctors believe the crisis has passed. Similar favorable intelligence has reached Berlin. Grand Duke and Duchess Sergius, who arrived in Vienna yesterday from Florence, were expected to start immediately for Livadia, but on receipt of favorable telegrams they decided to remain at the Austrian capital until Sunday, unless there should be an unexpected change for the worse.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 22.—To-day's bulletin from Livadia apparently indicates that the crisis is past.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 22.—A private telegram from Paris makes the assertion that the Czar is dead. There is no confirmation from any other source.

The Figaro has received nothing and disbelieves the report. The Paris office of the Associated Press says it has received no such news. Such a rumor was, however, current in Paris last evening. At the Russian embassy and at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs they declared the story to be unfounded.

SUPER STEALS FROM NETHERSOLE'S COMPANY

During a Performance He Leaves Suddenly, Taking With Him Money and Jewelry.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Several members of Miss Olga Nethersole's company at Wallack's Theater would like to meet George Leslie again. Some of Captain George McClusky's men, too, would like to make his acquaintance. Mr. Leslie was a "super" in "Sapho" at Wallack's Theater until last Thursday night. That evening he left the playhouse suddenly and a lot of money, jewelry and other valuables belonging to members of the company went with him. The matter was reported to the police at once and all last night and to-day Detective Manning was looking for Leslie, but up to a late hour to-night no trace of him had been found.

The detective did manage, though, to learn a great deal about Mr. Leslie's past history—for one thing, that Leslie isn't his real name; for another, that this is not the first time that he and other people's property have disappeared together and that in consequence on several occasions, for various periods, he has been housed and boarded at the expense of the State. In fact, one such period ended only three months ago.

The detective also secured evidence that Leslie belongs to a respectable family and that his mother resides in this city on upper West Side. Leslie, who is a tall, fine looking fellow with a manner that inspires confidence, applied for a position as "super" in Miss Nethersole's company at the beginning of the season.

APACHE KID IS SAID TO HAVE BEEN KILLED

President Joseph Smith of the Mormon Church Returns From Mexico With the News.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 22.—A special to the Globe-Democrat from El Paso, Texas, says that President Joseph F. Smith of the Mormon church, who has arrived there accompanied by O. A. Woodruff and Dr. Seymour, after a tour among the colonies in Mexico, reports the killing of the notorious Apache Kid in the recent Indian raid at Colonia Pacheco. Mr. Woodruff was one of the party that pursued the retreating Indians and assisted at the burial of the kid, who is now positively identified as the notorious Apache killed. Mr. Woodruff said they will put in an application for the reward offered for him in the United States.

COLOMBIAN TROOPS CRUSH REBEL FORCES

COLON, Nov. 22, via Galveston.—The rebels at Buena Ventura have been completely crushed by the Colombian troops, which captured two cannon and two generals. General Alban, the Governor of Panama, personally directed the operations on board the British steamship Taboga, seized by the Colombian authorities, and saved the situation there.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Nov. 22.—The Venezuelan Consul in this city has received a cable dispatch from Caracas that the rebels seized the principal seaport of Colombia. The news was conveyed by a steamer which arrived at La Guayra to-day from the west.

CZAR OF ALL THE RUSSIAS AND FAMILY.



NICHOLAS II, BORN IN 1868, MARRIED IN 1894 PRINCESS ALIX OF HESSE, GRANDDAUGHTER OF QUEEN VICTORIA. THREE DAUGHTERS HAVE BEEN BORN TO THEM—GRAND DUCHESS OLGA (SEATED IN FRONT), BORN NOVEMBER, 1895; GRAND DUCHESS TATIANA, BORN JUNE, 1897, AND THE GRAND DUCHESS MARIE (IN ARMS), BORN JUNE, 1899.

POSSE CLOSELY PURSUES DARING TRAIN ROBBERS

It Is Now Believed That the Masked Bandits Who Held Up the Cannon Ball Express Secured a Big Sum of Money.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 22.—Reports to-night from the vicinity of last night's train robbery on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad show that the robbers are still at large. The posse to-day was close to the fugitives, and it was thought capture was certain. Officers are confident that the robbers are still around Gifford, where the robbery occurred, and it is suspected one or more of the gang joined a posse to throw the authorities off the clew they are working on.

Accurate descriptions of the men have been secured from the train crew and several arrests are likely to be made soon. Governor Jones could offer no reward today, the State reward fund having been exhausted.

A Gazette special from Hot Springs tonight says: The indications are that the robbers of the express car on the Iron Mountain train last night near Malvern secured a large sum of money, though it was reported that only a small sum was taken. It is positively known that a man in Hot Springs telephoned to Malvern just before the north-bound train arrived yesterday afternoon to ascertain if the express company would have the large safe in the car en route north opened and deposit therein \$15,000 which he desired to send away. The agent at Malvern replied that the safe was to go through and would not be opened.

The money was sent and hence must have been placed in the small safe, which was blown to pieces and robbed of its contents.
ST. LOUIS, Nov. 22.—The Cannon Ball train which was held up by masked men at Gifford, three miles from Malvern, Ark., last night, reached here at 10 a. m. to-day. Sam R. Avery, the express messenger, who was injured in the attempt to dynamite the through safe in the express car, was the only one of the crew who came through with the train. He is not seriously injured, though his face was badly cut by flying splinters. The messenger could not tell just how much the

TWO AMERICAN PRELATES WHO MAY GET RED HATS

At the Next Papal Consistory It Is Believed Monsignor Martinelli and Lelegate Chapelle Will Be Created Cardinals.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The approaching Papal Consistory at Rome is attracting much attention in the highest ecclesiastical circles of the Catholic church, owing to the growing impression that honors may be conferred upon one or more of the representatives of the church in America. Private advices received recently from sources close to the Vatican express the belief that Monsignor Martinelli, the present Papal delegate to the United States, will be elected to the cardinalate. This is entirely unofficial, and until the Consistory assembles on December 17, there can be nothing definite, but the sources of the information are such as to strengthen the belief that the appointment is under consideration and will be announced at that time or soon thereafter. The name of Archbishop Chapelle of the archdiocese of

WILL DEMAND REDRESS FOR EXPULSION FROM TRANSVAAL

BERLIN, Nov. 22.—The Pan-German Association has taken up the cause of several hundred Germans who were expelled from the Transvaal by the British. It announces that it "will force the Government to make an energetic demand upon Great Britain for adequate damages."
BLOEMFONTEIN, Nov. 22.—The Boers under Brand were defeated November 18 at Baderspan, with heavy losses, the Lancers charging through the Boer line, doing deadly damage, as a number of riderless horses demonstrated. Brand himself was wounded. The British casualties were not serious.

PORTER'S EXECUTIONERS WILL BE PROSECUTED

Governor of Colorado Insists That Mob Who Lynched the Negro Be Punished.
DENVER, Colo., Nov. 22.—District Attorney McAllister of Colorado Springs has ordered Sheriff Freeman of Lincoln County to proceed against the members of the mob who burned Preston Porter Jr. at the stake last week. The order was issued after a correspondence between Governor Thomas and Mr. McAllister.
Just how the Grand Jury will be chosen has not yet been decided. Mr. McAllister says it will be composed of men who will do their duty at all hazard. The Governor insists upon a prosecution.

KRUGER RECEIVES A GREAT OVATION FROM THE FRENCH

Upon Landing at Marseilles Former Transvaal President Is Enthusiastically Welcomed—Says the Boers Will Never Give Up.

MARSEILLES, Nov. 22.—To-day proved a triumph for Paul Kruger such as even the Boer delegates and his most ardent admirers failed to anticipate. The enthusiasm which marked every step of his progress from the time he landed until the hotel was reached was a revelation, even to the people of Marseilles themselves. It fully equalled if it did not surpass the frantic demonstration of patriotism with which France opened her arms to Major Marchand at Toulon on his return from Fashoda.
An assembly of such masses, exceeding even the most sanguine estimate, might perhaps be partly explained by the ceremonious obsequies of the Bishop of Marseilles, including an imposing religious procession from the cathedral, but nothing can minimize the spontaneous explosion of sentiment displayed toward Mr. Kruger by the entire population of the first port and one of the largest cities of France.

Yet the grandeur of this demonstration perhaps ranks in importance to the emphatic manifestos of "No compromise" which Mr. Kruger delivered in a low voice, but one vibrating with emotion, accompanied by energetic gestures of the right hand, stirring the hearts of all within hearing. The last sentences of his declaration were uttered with a vigor and a decision which bore out his reputation as the incarnation of iron will and stubborn resistance. His mere delivery of a declaration of such far-reaching importance testifies to the independence of his character, as it came as a surprise even to his intimate political advisers, who, up to the last, were in ignorance of his determination.

Fearless Determination.

He announced to the world this morning that the Boers would be a free people or die and the faces of the men about him—Fischer, Wessels, Groebler and the other Boer representatives—bore the look of fearless determination, reflecting the spirit that Mr. Kruger declared animated every man, woman and child of the Transvaal.
The unfortunate occurrence at the hotel on the main boulevard alone marred the character of the demonstration, which, up to that time, had been unanimously and exclusively a tribute of sympathy and admiration. "Vive Kruger," "Vive les Boers" and "Vive la Liberte" were the cries that formed a hurricane of cheering and swept over the city. Unfortunately the reprehensible foolishness of half a dozen persons in throwing small coins into the crowd as Mr. Kruger passed acted like magic in conjuring up an anti-British outburst, which it needed all the promptitude and energy of the police to prevent becoming a serious disturbance. The hotel remained for the rest of the day in a state of siege, while at one time a procession several thousand strong marched in the direction of the British Consulate, shouting "Down with the English" and raising other threatening cries. The result was that a strong body of police was compelled to disperse the demonstrators, although it was not found necessary to make more than a few temporary arrests.

Students Denounce England.

Throughout the evening, however, large bands of students and other youths marched up and down in front of Mr. Kruger's hotel and of the hotel which was the scene of the unfortunate incident, cheering in chorus for Mr. Kruger and the Transvaal and denouncing England. These demonstrators were more noisy than dangerous and the police wisely left them to relieve their feelings by shouting instead of interfering with them, which might have created disorder.
The incident was the main topic of conversation this evening and indignation was universally and vigorously expressed, but the adult better classes did not seek to magnify its importance. The Mayor, immediately on hearing of what had occurred, issued vigorous instructions for the discovery and prosecution of the culprits.

Every one expressed astonishment at the robust and healthy appearance of Mr. Kruger, considering his advanced age. He walked firmly, leaning but lightly upon his cane, when he crossed the landings stage to the landau in which he drove with Dr. Leyds and MM. Pauliat and Thourer. The landau was followed by five carriages containing Boer officials and these were followed by six others conveying the officers of the Gelderland and the members of the Marseilles reception committee, all forming a procession, headed by various societies with handsome banners and escorted by a large police force.

Mr. Kruger repeatedly acknowledged the acclamations of the crowds that filled the sidewalks and balconies of the houses, black with sightseers waving hats and handkerchiefs. At several points along the route several bouquets were presented to him and on the balcony of the Military Club stood a group of officers in gala uniforms, who joined in the ovation. On arriving at the hotel Mr. Kruger's ears were greeted with the strains of the Boer hymn, played by a local band, while the standard-bearers drew up in two ranks at the entrance and waved the standards as Mr. Kruger, bareheaded, passed between them to his apartments.

Kruger's Thrilling Speech.

Replying to the addresses of welcome of the presidents of the Paris and Marseilles committee Mr. Kruger spoke in Dutch and in a low voice, accompanying his words with energetic movements of his hat, which he held in his right hand. He said:
"I thank the president of the Marseilles committee and the president of the central committee of the independence of the Boers for their welcome. I thank all this population assembled in great concourse

Former British Vice Consul in Disgrace

LONDON, Nov. 22.—At the Old Bailey to-day F. F. Hodgkinson, a former British Vice Consul at Bremerhaven, was sentenced to eighteen months' penal servitude for trying to sell a Foreign Office code book to an agent of a foreign power.

to greet me, for although I wear mourning for the misfortunes of my country and although I have not come to seek festivities, still I nevertheless accept with all my heart these acclamations, for I know they are dictated to you by the emotions which are inspired in you by your trials and by your sympathy for our cause, which is that of liberty, which awakened you. I am truly proud and happy at having chosen as my point of landing a port in France, to set foot on free soil and to be received by you as a free man. But my first duty is to thank your Government for all the tokens of interest that again only recently it was pleased to give me. I believe England had she been better informed, would never have consented to this war, and since the expedition of Jameson, who wished to seize the two republics without the necessity of firing a rifle shot, I have never ceased to demand a tribunal of arbitration, which up to now has always been refused.

"The war waged on us in the two republics has reached the last limits of barbarism. During my life I have had to fight many times the savages of the tribes of Africa, but the barbarians have to fight now are worse than the others. They even urge the Kafirs against us. They burn the farms we worked so hard to construct, and they drive out our women and children, whose brothers and husbands have been killed or taken prisoner, leaving them unprotected and roofless and often without bread to eat. But, whatever they may do, we will never surrender. We will fight to the end. Our great imperishable confidences repose in our God. We know our cause is just and if the justice of men is wanting to us, He, the eternal, who is master of all peoples, and to whom belongs the future, will never abandon us.

"I assure you that if the Transvaal and the Orange Free State must lose their independence it will be because all the Boer people have been destroyed with their women and children."

Soon after, in response to a thunderous ovation, he appeared on the balcony and repeatedly bowed, but as some ten minutes elapsed without a sign of abatement in the enthusiasm, he spoke a few words which were interpreted in French by Dr. Leyds and were followed by a renewal of the enthusiasm.

Presses Tri-Color to His Heart.

Finally, to testify his gratitude, he took in his hand a corner of the French tricolor that was flying from the balcony between the Transvaal and Free State flags and pressed it to his heart again and again. The enthusiastic people cheered him until he withdrew to his rooms, which he found half-filled with bouquets and garlands presented by his admirers.

The Prefect and Mayor then called to pay their respects, the latter, M. Flattersieres, making an eloquent speech in sympathy with the Boers.

Mr. Kruger replied briefly, declaring how deeply he had been touched by the unexpected warmth of his reception in Marseilles and by the sympathy of the French people.

After luncheon and a little repose Mr. Kruger descended to the hall of the hotel, where he received the delegations. He sat in a gilded chair immediately in front of the fireplace, Dr. Leyds and Messrs. Fischer and Wessels standing near him. Dr. Leyds briefly interpreted the addresses of the various speakers, but it was evident that Mr. Kruger was fatigued and found it a great strain to follow the gestures of orators speaking a language unintelligible to him, but he listened attentively with his hand to his ear as Dr. Leyds gave him the gist of what had been said.

Eventually becoming fatigued, he asked that the other addresses be presented to him in writing and then withdrew again to his apartments, where he passed the evening quietly, receiving no one.

Dr. Leyds represented him at the banquet given in his honor, where all the Boer officials and members of the pro-Boer committees were present, and read the following message from him:
"I am fatigued and am in mourning. Moreover, I never attend banquets. Otherwise I should have liked to spend a few minutes with you and to thank you. I shall never forget the warm welcome I have had in your beautiful city. Your reception of me has surpassed all I could have expected even from the city which gave France her admirable national hymn, that 'Marseillaise' which is the song of all the peoples whose independence is threatened and who are struggling against invaders. I would that your acclamation could have been heard by all those Boers in arms who are encamped in our mountains. They would thank you from the bottom of their hearts. I thank you in their behalf. Could I have been with you I should have also expressed my thanks to all France and would have raised my glass in honor of her worthy President, M. Loubet."

Dr. Leyds then said:

"In the name of President Kruger I have the honor to drink to the health of the President of the French Republic."
"Mr. Kruger will leave for Paris at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning."
For the Paris Reception.

PARIS, Nov. 22, 1:40 p. m.—The committee of Boer independence has posted a placard in Paris calling upon Parisians to give Mr. Kruger the warmest possible welcome.
"Welcome him," says the appeal, "in the name of that liberty which you all have at heart. Give him a most positive testimony of our most profound admiration for his ardent sympathy with the race of heroes of which he is a magnificent incarnation. Paris should say to Mr. Kruger that she is entirely with him in his sacred mission."