SWINDLING WITH BOGUS POLICIES

Indictment of Four Men Who Are Accused of the Conspiracy.

Wholesale Traffic in Dead Bodies Between Bellevue Hospital and a Certain Undertaking Establishment.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Believing that they were the victims of "graveyard" insurance swindlers, officers of the Colonial Life Insurance Company of America, located in Jersey City, to-day caused the arrest of Thomas Martin, editor of a Union Hill (N. J.) newspaper; William Necker, an undertaker in Union Hill, and Thomas J. Kelly, a pugilist, whose right name is said to be Thomas Waldron and who until recently was an agent for the company. Dr. Richard Jaher, a West Hoboken physician and formerly the medical examiner in Union Hill for the company, went to police headquarters, but, after making a statement, was not placed under arrest. Secretary and Manager Ernest Hoppenheimer of the insurance company said he did not think Dr. Jaher had been guilty of criminal intent, but he had been careless in signing papers presented by Kelly.

Martin, Kelly and Necker were each released on $1000 bail. An indictment has been found against the four men upon the charge that they had conspired to secure the insurance upon the life of Robert Brenner, a boy of 17, who was the brother of Martin's wife. The insurance was secured in August last when Brenner was an inmate of Bellevue Hospital. Martin was the beneficiary. Brenner's application had been secured by Kelly as agent; he had been examined and passed by Dr. Jaher and his body had been buried by Necker, the undertaker. It was charged that Brenner was dying with consumption when the policy was granted.

Manager Hoppenheimer said that Kelly, while agent of the company, had taken very bad risks on which the company had paid money to Necker and Martin as beneficiaries. He said that three cases had been found in which Kelly and the others had defrauded the company. It was believed there were other cases. The company had noticed a high death rate among the persons insured by Kelly and refused to insure Brenner for more than $282. The policy was made out by Kelly for $484. When Brenner died in October last, soon after the policy was secured, the company started an investigation of Agent Kelly's work and soon afterward dismissed him and Dr. Jaher.

Mr. Hoppenheimer also said that one of the men insured by Kelly had been in Bellevue Hospital shortly before the insurance was placed and died soon afterward. One case was so flagrant that the company heard of it and Necker, having reason to fear trouble, accepted a return of the premium. In this case the policy was for $1000. In the other suspected cases the insurance was for smaller amounts. The company canceled several policies written by Kelly on persons who have since died of lingering diseases.

It is said that the Colonial Insurance Company has been swindled out of large sums of money secured on bogus policies and that there has been a wholesale traffic in dead bodies between Bellevue Hospital in this city and a certain undertaking establishment in Union Hill, N. J.

Thomas J. Kelly of New York, said to be an agent of the Colonial Insurance Company, has been arrested and locked up in the Jersey City Jail.

How Charley Ross Died.

Senator Plunkitt of Manhattan last night introduced in the Senate a bill punishing kidnaping of children under 16 years of age by fixing the limit of imprisonment for such offense at twenty-five years. Senator Plunkitt said he had facts in his possession concerning the abduction of Charlie Ross in 1874 which had never been published. He said: "The abductors of Charlie Ross were New York River thieves—Mosher and his companions. The wagon in which Ross was carried away was hired in New York by Mosher and driven to Philadelphia so as to prevent any possible discovery of the offenders. The wagon was driven about thirty miles out of Philadelphia and was there abandoned. Mosher and his companion, accompanied by their victim, taking passage on the train to New York. Fear kept Charlie Ross quiet. Upon arriving at New York Ross was taken on one of Mosher's river craft and finally, to prevent detection, Charlie was thrown overboard in the bay after being tied to iron so as to sink and make coming to the surface impossible.

"The New Yorker who let the horse and wagon to Mosher never claimed his property for fear of being charged with complicity.

"When Mosher was shot while attempting to rob the Van Brunt mansion at Bayride he attempted to explain the Charlie Ross affair, but death came as soon as the name passed his lips."

Committee of Fifteen.

President William H. Baldwin Jr. of the committee of fifteen gave out a significant interview after the committee had been in executive session for two hours in their office in the United Charities building. Mr. Baldwin declined to go into any details regarding the meeting, but he said:

"You may rest assured that our hired investigators will get all the evidence there is and that when Lewis Nixon's committee of five gets through we will be able to take up their work there and carry it to a finish. The Tammany committee is all right and is doing good work. It will accomplish its purpose. Matters of such magnitude and importance and so far reaching were discussed by our committee that it is absolutely impossible for me to say another word."

Californians in New York.

S. Loeb is at the Hoffman; G. W. Maxwell is at the Broadway Central; M. A. Frank is at the Herald Square. All are from San Francisco.

TILLMAN SAYS HE "TORE CLEVELAND TO PIECES."

Speaks of the Enthusiasm Aroused at the Recent Jefferson Banquet at Omaha.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Senator Tillman has returned to Washington from attendance at the Jefferson Club banquet held in Omaha last Monday night. Speaking of the dispatches telling of strained relations between him and William J. Bryan he said: "I have filed no plea for a political separation from Mr. Bryan. I told him, as I told the people at the Jefferson banquet, that it is too early for me to commit myself to any candidate or any specific platform which might be binding in 1904. I do not believe the gentlemen at the banquet misunderstood me and I do not believe Mr. Bryan misunderstood me. When he reached Chicago he stated there that he intended to take his place as a private in the Democratic ranks. I do not regret going to Omaha. On the contrary I am glad I went, because I had a royal good time. I set them crazy when I pitched into Cleveland. I wish you could have heard them shout when I tore him to pieces and the rest of that gang who worship at the Cleveland shrine and who want to reorganize the Democratic party and go to the polls on election day and vote the Republican ticket."

CERVERA'S CONDITION IS ALMOST HOPELESS

His Illness Has Steadily Grown Worse and There Is but Scant Hope for His Recovery.

MADRID, Jan. 10.—A dispatch from Puerto Real, near Cadiz, where Admiral Cervera is lying ill, says his condition has grown worse and that his recovery is almost hopeless.

Burnham Is Nominated.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 10.—Judge Henry E. Burnham of Manchester won the nomination of the Republican members of the Legislature for United States Senator over William E. Chandler and other candidates. Burnham won upon the first ballot. Chandler received 47 votes; Burnham 198, Congressman Sulloway 23, Henry M. Baker 29, Henry B. Quinby 22, H. W. Blair 1.

RED MEN ARE RAISED UP BY GREAT COUNCIL CHIEFS

An Unusual Ceremony in the Native Sons' Hall in Public.

TWO OF THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE WHO MADE THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE INTERESTING CEREMONY OF INSTALLING EIGHTY ELECTED CHIEFS OF THE RED MEN.

THE unusual ceremony of raising up or installing eighty elected chiefs of the Improved Order of Red Men was witnessed last night in Native Sons' Hall by many members of the order and palefaces. The body of the hall had been arranged in the form of the great council chamber. The stage was occupied by Mrs. Jennie Weisel, the great Pocahontas and past great Pocahontases and other great chiefs of the degree of Pocahontas, the women's branch of the order.

The overture was followed by the kindling of the council fire by Sachem W. C. Rowley, Senior Sagamore L. H. Enemark, Junior Sagamore J. G. Wintgen, Prophet Dr. W. W. Brackett, Chief of Records A. Jones, Keeper of Wampum G. S. Graham, First Sannap Thomas Roche, Second Sannap U. A. Lewis, Guard of Wigwam P. L. Hoff and Guard of Forest Mr. Bloom.

This was followed by the entrance in solemn procession of the following great chiefs of the Great Council of California, who performed the very impressive ceremony of raising up: Great sachem, F. D. Brandon; great senior sagamore, James Boyes; great junior sagamore, E. Lastreto; great prophet, E. B. Wilson; great chief of records, Porter L. Bliss; great keeper of wampum, William J. Smith; great sannap, J. A. Ellert; great mishnewa, J. H. Hutaff; great guard of wigwam, A. Hausman; great guard of forest, M. J. Maguire.

Then followed the elected chiefs of tribes to whom was administered the obligation and the charges by the several chiefs. Those who were inducted into office are:

Manzanita Tribe No. 4—Sachem, C. J. Tucker; senior sagamore, J. J. Kennedy; junior sagamore, A. F. Mason, prophet, R. Horber.

Miantonomah Tribe No. 9—Sachem, O. Cutler; senior sagamore, W. W. Field; junior sagamore, J. G. Wintgen; prophet, W. Greenblatt.

Pohonachee Tribe No. 10—Sachem, W. Doxey; senior sagamore, S. M. Webb; junior sagamore, S. Harman; prophet, T. A. Brown.

Pocahantas Tribe No. 11—Sachem, W. F. Conolley; senior sagamore, C. H. Yearian; junior sagamore, R. F. Reed; prophet, Dr. Z. T. Malaby.

Sotoyome Tribe No. 12—Sachem, W. D. Allen; senior sagamore, C. Hedquist; junior sagamore, J. Riedle; prophet, J. Flynn.

Seminole Tribe No. 54—Sachem, R. Estarziau; senior sagamore, J. Mialocq; junior sagamore, J. Savignac; prophet, J. Meillette.

Modoc Tribe No. 57—Sachem, M. Burns; senior sagamore, P. Maunders; junior sagamore; G. von Glahn; prophet, H. A. Sloss.

Winnemucca Tribe No. 61—Sachem, M. J. Astiz; senior sagamore, E. A. Lemoine; junior sagamore, W. Diaz; prophet, A. Dawson.

Osceola Tribe No. 71—Sachem, R. Phillips; senior sagamore, H. Stussy; junior sagamore, W. F. Willke; prophet, C. W. Le Barron.

White Eagle Tribe No. 72—Sachem, W. B. Kessel; senior sagamore, F. H. Bieg; junior sagamore, A. Lynn; prophet, L. Linkesisch.

Bald Eagle Tribe No. 75—Sachem, B. A. Johnson; senior sagamore, H. G. Tanner; junior sagamore, H. C. Wehr; prophet, L. H. Enemark.

Arapahoe Tribe No. 76—Sachem, J. Pearson; senior sagamore, W. D. Ohlandt; junior sagamore, T. R. Laubach; prophet, G. H. Rosenbohm.

Montezuma Tribe No. 77—Sachem, W. R. Bell; senior sagamore, W. H. Kline; junior sagamore, L. F. Klein; prophet, Hon. George H. Cabaniss.

Oshonee Tribe No. 78—Sachem, P. Regnier; senior sagamore, M. Platschek; junior sagamore, A. L. Pringle; prophet, G. Mosbacher.

Altahmos Tribe No. 87—Sachem, R. L. Apple; senior sagamore, A. E. Wessling; junior sagamore, H. Cills; prophet, A. A. Perrin.

Awashte Tribe No. 89—Sachem, F. D. Ritchie; senior sagamore, E. P. McEntire; junior sagamore, E. F. Dullea; prophet, J. Lord.

Monadnock Tribe No. 100—Sachem, J. McLeod; senior sagamore, J. Byrne; junior sagamore, J. D. Hammel; prophet, W. C. Rowley.

Yosemite Tribe No. 103—Sachem, William Goldman; senior sagamore, F. C. Adams; junior sagamore, C. Granz; prophet, J. H. Jordan.

Seneca Tribe No. 104—Sachem, R. Lyons, senior sagamore, C. de Cleer; junior sagamore, W. J. Weekes; prophet, F. W. Bredhoff.

Blazing Arrow Tribe No. 107—Sachem, George W. Phelps; senior sagamore, L. C. Miller; junior sagamore, A. E. Lee; prophet, M. H. Haas.

Then followed the quenching of the council fire by Sachem F. D. Ritchie, Senior Sagamore S. M. Webb, Junior Sagamore A. F. Mason and Prophet Dr. Z. T. Malaby.

The ceremony was conducted by a committee of one from each tribe, of which P. S. Seymour was president, Emil Lastreto, vice president; J. H. Hutaff, secretary, and Henry A. Chase, treasurer. The ceremony was followed by a ball under the direction of the following named committees:

Floor manager, John W. Kelly; assistant floor manager, T. M. Searey; floor committee—O. Cutler, A. Jones, C. Fowler, A. Dawson, L. J. Fortro, Dr. E. G. Eisen, W. E. Morrow, W. C. Rowley; reception committee—J. Arees, E. H. Culver, H. C. Wehr, G. S. Graham, M. Bloom, C. de Cleer.

CADET FIGHTS AT WEST POINT

Chairman of the Scrapping Committee Gives Testimony.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Jan. 10.—Before the members of the Congressional investigating committee resumed their inquiries to-day into the charges of hazing at the Military Academy they visited the camp grounds at Port Clinton, where many fights between cadets have occurred. Colonel Clayton, who is a graduate of the academy, explained the arrangements of the tents in the summer encampments to his brother committeemen, and when they visited the rink in the rear of the camp the "stretching" process, by which several cadets were hazed, was discussed.

Cadet William R. Bettison of Kentucky was the first witness. He testified that Cadet Breth was his classmate and that Cadet Booz was a fourth class man, while he (the witness) was a third class man. He never knew of Breth being hazed. The witness said he knew of five fights between cadets during his first year and was present at two of them.

Witness said that there were nine fights during the year 1899-1900 and seven during the present year. Bettison recalled the names of the participants in nearly all of these fights. He said none of these fights had been investigated by the authorities, and consequently no one had been punished. He had never been a principal in a fight, but had officiated at several, and was the chairman of the "scrapping committee," which decided when a fight was to be arranged.

Bettison described the fights as bare-knuckle affairs, under Marquis of Queensberry rules, except that the rounds were two minutes each. He said the principals stripped to the waist and fights were usually to a finish.

"Then you here hold fights of a brutal nature, which the laws of forty out of forty-five States in the Union have prohibited?" said Mr. Driggs.

Bettison made no reply.

Mr. Driggs then inquired if hazing or assisting at hazing cadets was violating the oath administered to a cadet on his entrance to the academy. After some evasion the witness said that violations of the academy regulations were not considered by the cadets as violations of the articles of war and were not looked upon as military disobedience.

HOTEL IN CLOVERDALE NEARLY BURNED DOWN

For a Time the Safety of the Entire City Was Greatly Endangered.

SANTA ROSA, Jan. 10.—Cloverdale was the scene of a very destructive fire this morning when the United States Hotel was almost completely destroyed. At about 6 o'clock fire was discovered in the dining-room. The blaze originated in a defective flue. A volunteer bucket brigade was formed and despite their efforts the old landmark was badly damaged.

For awhile the entire business portion of the town was threatened, the absence of a north wind being all that saved it.

The building was fully covered by insurance and M. Menihan, the owner, said that he would at once commence the work of rebuilding the hotel.

SNOWBOUND PASSENGERS RESCUED BY POLICE

For Several Days Suffered the Severest Privations Not Far From Odessa.

ODESSA, Wash., Jan. 10.—Police, firemen and physicians have rescued 470 passengers from five trains which have been snowed in for several days, after enduring the greatest suffering. A force of 4000 workmen is clearing the tracks to Odessa. For four days the mail has been stalled up.

SHOT BY WOMAN HE WRONGED

Mrs. Philip H. Kennedy Kills Her Husband in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 10.—Phillip H. Kennedy, agent for the Merchants' Dispatch Transportation Company, was shot four times and killed by his wife, Lulu K. Kennedy, at his office in the Newbridge building, in the heart of the city, late this afternoon.

At 5:30 o'clock this afternoon Mrs. Kennedy appeared at the entrance of the office of the Merchants' Dispatch Transportation Company and seeing her husband, Phillip Kennedy, inside, requested him to step into the hall. He had barely passed through the door into the hall when his wife opened fire on him with a revolver, shooting him four times and killing him instantly. The woman kicked the lifeless body of her husband as she exclaimed:

"Now you will never wrong another woman!"

Mrs. Kennedy, who was formerly Miss Lulu Prince, married Kennedy December 4, 1900, and the groom's actions during the ceremony indicated that he was not a willing party to the contract. The father and brother of the bride accompanied the couple during the marriage ceremony.

Last Tuesday Kennedy brought suit to annul his marriage with Miss Prince. He alleged in his petition that he was forced into the marriage by threats to take his life if he refused and that the threats were made not only by the father and brother of the young woman, but by her also. The petition said that he never lived with her as his wife.

The girl's family claims that she and Kennedy were engaged to be married, when he met another young woman and fell in love with her. He broke the engagement with Miss Prince, they say, and the cards were out announcing his marriage with the other young woman when the father and brother of Miss Prince took a hand in the affair.

Kennedy was about 50 years of age, and his wife is 20.

HUSBAND CHARGED WITH MURDER OF HIS WIFE

William Holst of Port Blakeley Is Arrested at Manila, His Wife Being Found Dead.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 10.—News was received by the Empress of Japan that on December 6 Mrs. William Holst of Port Blakeley, Wash., was found in a Manila hotel murdered. Her husband was arrested. Both were among the crew of the bark Topgallant, which sailed from Hongkong November 9 for Port Blakeley and was almost wrecked by a typhoon and driven to Manila, where the crew refused to go to sea in her.

PAT CROWE MAY BE IN CITY OF VANCOUVER

Pinkerton Men Said to Be Seeking the Abductor, Who Is En Route to Australia.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 10.—Two mysterious individuals, said by the Vancouver police to be Pinkerton detectives, have been in the city for the last two days. Their mission is said to be to arrest Pat Crowe, the alleged abductor of young Edward Cudahy of Omaha. Crowe is expected by these detectives to attempt to sail for Australia on the Miowera tomorrow.

Sentenced for Life.

BAKERSFIELD, Jan. 10.—Anton Reyes, a peon Mexican who killed a fellow countryman, Joaquin Marcial at Kern City last October, was to-day convicted of murder in the first degree. The jury recommends him to the mercy of the court, which amounts to life imprisonment.

SAYS THE POPE IS GRATIFIED

Former Chaplain to Duke of Norfolk Speaks of the Latter's Address.

Fears, However, That the Italian People May Resent the Expressions Relative to Temporal Power.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The Rev. A. Fasanotti, D. D., now a resident of New York, but formerly chaplain to the Duke of Norfolk, in England, speaking of the Duke and the scene in Rome attendant upon his address to the Pope, in which he expressed the hope that the temporal power would be returned to the Holy See during the new century, said:

"I am afraid that the Duke has stirred up a hornet's nest. I am an Italian myself and, having resided in Rome for a long time, I know well the susceptibilities of the Italians in regard to any utterances which might advocate or imply the destruction of united Italy. The speech of the Duke at the reception of the English pilgrims at the Vatican, coming as it does from a prominent member of the British aristocracy, cannot but excite their feelings and I should not be surprised if violence was to be offered the English visitors to the Eternal City on this account, as was the case of the French pilgrims in 1891.

"Up to the present time the Italians have always considered the English people and their Government in sympathy with the efforts they have made toward the independence and unification of their country, which could not possibly have been obtained without the disappearance of the temporal power of the Pope.

"Just now," said the speaker, "the Pope has insisted that foreign prelates and prominent Catholics should take up the advocating and defending of such rights to temporal power and the recent utterances of Archbishop Ireland and of Cardinal Vaughan amply testify to this fact.

"Personally, the Duke is not concerned if the Pope has lost his temporal power. He has always been an earnest admirer of the Italian people and of their efforts at unity and independence. His present visit to Rome at the head of the English pilgrimage is a kind of reparation for his and the English Catholics' neglect during the holy year, in the whole course of which no English representation of the Catholic church visited Rome and the Pope.

"As to the effect of any assertion of the rights of the Pope to temporal power, it is hard to make any prediction. Perhaps the Pope wishes that some sort of foreign pressure be exercised on the Italian Government to make it relinquish the dominion of at least the city of Rome to the Holy See. It is persistently rumored in Rome and abroad that the outcome of the present agitation will be the definition of the necessity of the temporal power of the Pope as a dogma of the Roman Catholic faith and in that case all Catholics will be obliged to admit the doctrine and do their utmost for the return to the Pope of a temporal sovereignty.

"English Catholics, however, do not at present concern themselves very much about such matters, unless, which I hardly think possible, the utterances of the Duke of Norfolk in Rome might begin to stir English public opinion. One thing is certain, however, and that is that Leo XIII will be very much pleased that his pet wishes have found an echo in the words of the most prominent member of the English nobility."

BILL AIMS TO CLOSE ALL POOLROOMS

Will Permit Making of Wagers Only at Place of Contest.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Jan. 10.—The first of the pool-selling legislation appeared to-day in a bill by Belshaw, which limits the selling of pools to the place where the contest upon which the pools are sold takes place. The bill is the result of action by the people of Sausalito, primarily, and it is backed by strong influence from Marin, Alameda and San Francisco and San Mateo counties. The bill is numbered Senate bill No. 4. It is in full as follows:

Section 1. No person or persons shall keep, or in any capacity assist in keeping any room, shed, tenement, booth, building or place of any kind, or any part thereof, with or without any book, instrument or device whatsoever for the purpose of receiving, recording or registering bets or wagers upon or selling pools upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance, of, by, or between men, animals or machines, or upon any chance, casualty, uncertain or contingent event, or shall, either as owner, agent or employe, receive, record, register, wager or sell any pool or carry on any bookmaking upon the result of any such trial, contest or event, or shall receive or contract to receive any money or representative of money or other property, either as agent, carrier, commission broker, servant or employe, or in any representative capacity, or other capacity whatsoever, for the purpose of making, placing, receiving, recording or registering any bet, wager, pool or book upon the result of any such trial, contest or event; or, being the owner, lessee or custodian of any room, tenement, tent, booth, building or other place, or any part thereof, shall knowingly permit the same to be used or occupied for any purpose prohibited by this act.

Sec. 2. Provided, however, that the foregoing provisions of this act shall not apply to, except to prohibit the sale of pools or bookmaking on any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of, by or between men, animals or machines when said pools are sold or said bookmaking is carried on within the racetrack enclosure, fair grounds or building wherein such trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of, by or between men, animals or machines shall be held and occur, and upon the days when such trial or contest actually occurs or is had.

Sec. 3. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than two hundred ($200) nor more than one thousand ($1000) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. Any person who upon conviction as aforesaid shall fail, neglect or refuse to pay any fine or part thereof imposed upon him in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be imprisoned in the county jail for a number of days equal to the number of dollars of said fine or part thereof which said convicted person fails, neglects or refuses to pay, provided, however, that such imprisonment shall not exceed one year.

Sec. 5. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

KELLY DENIES THAT A COMPACT WAS MADE

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Jan. 10.—Boss Martin Kelly was in the Assembly lobby when Speaker Pendleton announced the standing committees. Whatever opinion others may entertain regarding the unworthiness and unfitness of the various assignments, the fact is significant that Boss Kelly gives his unreserved commendation of the appointments. Kelly strenuously denies that a bargain was entered into before the Palace Hotel conference was held. He insists that the San Francisco bunch had such implicit confidence in Pendleton that no pledges were exacted.

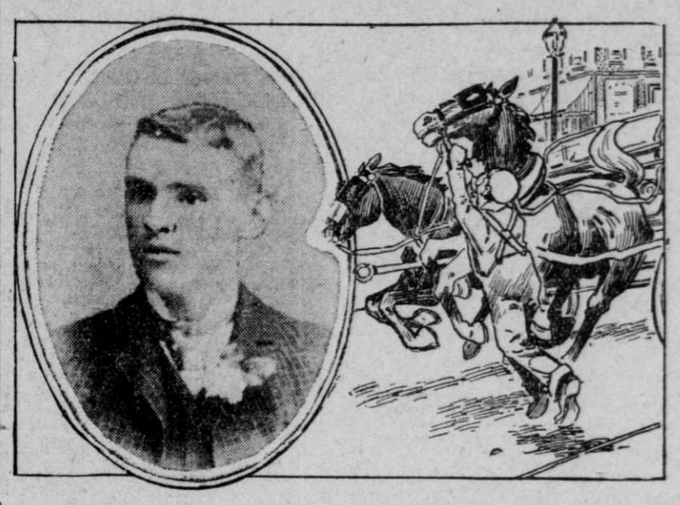
The announcement recently made in The Call to the effect that the Speaker had been elected to membership in the Good Government Club, of which Sam Rainey is president and Martin Kelly secretary, is declared to be premature. Rainey was here yesterday and looked the Speaker over, but the subject of his election was postponed until after the announcement of the standing committees. It will now be considered and the Speaker's election is regarded as certain.

Jere Burke of the Southern Pacific is here again. He returned from San Francisco last night. Herrin came no farther than Sixteenth street, Oakland.

The Legislature would be gratified to see the new president, Charles M. Hays, and again receive renewed assurances that the company is out of politics. It is safe to run up at night and place the car over behind the icehouse.

ICEMAN JOHN MAHONEY PROVES TO BE A HERO

Bravely Stops a Runaway Team on Golden Gate Avenue.



JOHN MAHONEY, AN ICE WAGON DRIVER, BRAVELY IMPERILS HIS LIFE IN ORDER TO SAVE WOMEN AND CHILDREN ENDANGERED BY RUNAWAY HORSES.

THE presence of mind of John Mahoney, a driver for the Consumers' Ice Company, saved the lives of a number of women and children on Wednesday morning at Golden Gate avenue and Jones street.

Shortly before noon a two-horse wagon belonging to the Chicago Brewing Company ran away from the corner of Golden Gate avenue and Market street and dashed up the avenue.

Women and children were on the streets at the time and were in peril of their lives, but Mahoney jumped from his wagon and made a rush for the uncontrolled team. He caught the horses by the bridle and by sheer strength stopped them in their mad career, amid the plaudits of the onlookers. The horses ran for three blocks before they were stopped by Mahoney.

The brewery horses ran for three blocks before they were stopped by Mahoney.

A milk wagon and a buggy owned by a collector for an awning maker were demolished by the runaway team before Mahoney, at the risk of his life, stopped them in their flight. The team which caused a commotion on Golden Gate avenue on Wednesday morning is the one that ran away on Polk street about eighteen months ago and caused the death of a woman by running over her.

TO BUILD SHIPYARDS IN THE CITY OF FAIRHAVEN

Citizens Will Assist C. E. Fulton, Projector of the Plant, to Carry Out His Plans.

SEATTLE, Jan. 10.—Fairhaven, Wash., is to have a shipyard with capital sufficient to place it on a competitive basis with other sound cities. C. E. Fulton is the projector of the plan. At a meeting of the Fairhaven Commercial Club last evening the matter was presented. Mr. Fulton asks that $3000 be raised in aid of the industry, one-half to be returned at the completion of the first boat and the other half at the completion of the second boat. The club took very favorable action in the matter, and appointed a committee consisting of E. M. Wilson, M. Earls and F. J. Wood to look into the matter and make a report.

Already two contracts have been secured by Mr. Fulton, one for the building of a steamer at a cost of $150,000 and the other for a schooner at a cost of $50,000.

SHARP COLLOQUYS OVER REORGANIZATION BILL

Pettigrew Attacks Shafter, but Plan to Advance Retiring Grade of Latter Is Passed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Considerable progress was made by the Senate to-day with the army reorganization bill, but the final vote upon the measure seems to be as far off as ever. To-day's proceedings were characterized by several sharp colloquys, some of which were of a decided personal nature.

Consideration was concluded of the committee amendments of the army reorganization bill, and the Senate took up the amendments proposed by individual Senators. The amendments providing for the appointment of General James H. Wilson, Fitzhugh Lee and General Shafter to be major generals of the regular army and retired precipitated an extended and, on the part of Pettigrew, a bitter debate. The amendments prevailed, however, despite the opposition.

LONG'S WISHES GRANTED REGARDING NAVY BILL

Committee Agrees to Recommend Two New Battleships and Two Cruisers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Secretary Long has won almost all of his contentions regarding the naval bill, which was to-day practically completed by the House Committee. The question of the increase of the navy has been left to Secretary Long. His request for two battleships and two cruisers will be provided in the bill. The committee has also provided for the enlistment of 5000 men, as he recommended, instead of 3000, tacitly agreed upon yesterday. The bill will carry a provision to commission two classes from the Naval Academy now cruising, and also to commission the present senior grade immediately upon graduation in June. This is done to provide officers, of which the department is greatly in need, and will supply 150 of them.

STRANGE IS THE EFFECT OF A PLUNGE INTO BAY

Lewis Hope, Hostler, Emerges From the Waters of the Bay a First-Class Musician.

Lewis Hope, an employe of the quartermaster's department at the Presidio, while endeavoring to rescue his hat which a gust of wind had lifted from his head and blown overboard, came within an ace of losing his life. In reaching for his hat from the wharf he lost his balance and fell into the water. The weight of his clothes carried him under, and had it not been for the prompt action of a couple of fishermen he would have drowned. He was taken to the Post Hospital, where the surgeons succeeded in bringing him to.

Before taking his impromptu bath Hope had been discoursing on his abilities as a veterinarian, claiming to be able to cure the aches and pains of any animals, particularly the army mule. When taken from the water his mind had undergone a complete change. He had forgotten all about his ability as a horse doctor and insisted that he was the greatest musician of the age, and that with the help of a few friends, not quite so great as himself, he intended to organize an orchestra before which the present leaders would be ashamed to perform. After being thoroughly warmed up he issued passes to every one within reach for his opening performance, which will take place when he gets his trunk, in which he says is stored his musical instruments.

Orders were received at the quartermaster's department yesterday calling for the erection of a number of new tents in Model Camp. They are to be occupied by the men of Second Provisional Battalion, which is about to be formed. There are about 200 unassigned recruits at the Presidio ready for the new command.

First Lieutenant John W. Barnes, Twenty-fourth Infantry, has been assigned to duty with the recruits at Model Camp.

Lieutenant R. F. Gardner has assumed command of the post at Fort Baker, relieving Lieutenant L. H. James, who goes to Angel Island.

Fish Commissioners Sued.

A. Trapani sued Fish Commissioners Vogelsang, Gould and Morrison in the Justice Court yesterday to recover the sum of $299. In his complaint Trapani alleges that he purchased 2200 pounds of fresh salmon in the open market for the purpose of curing the same and thereafter selling it as dried salmon. Thereupon, it is alleged, the Fish Commissioners unlawfully took possession of the salmon and disposed of the same to their own use.

SOUGHT DEATH IN THE PRESENCE OF HER LOVER

Louisa Eichenberg Shoots Herself, but Is Not Very Seriously Injured.

SEATTLE, Jan. 10.—Louisa Eichenberg, aged 23 years, made a desperate but unsuccessful attempt to commit suicide in the presence of her lover, Edward Berner, at her home on Salmon Creek, Alaska.

Berner is said to be engaged to the young woman, whom he met last fall at Fort Bragg. He said good-by and was about to return to Dawson when Miss Eichenberg asked him to wait a moment. She went into the house and returned in a few minutes with a .22-caliber rifle. Berner says that before he could prevent it she placed the butt of the gun on the ground and leaning over the muzzle pulled the trigger. The bullet hit her directly over the heart, but was deflected. What was at first thought to be a fatal wound proved to be not serious.

Is Granted a Franchise.

STOCKTON, Jan. 10.—The Sacramento and San Joaquin Valley Railway Company was this evening granted a franchise on West Weber avenue on condition that the company commences actual work within six months and the road, including a drawbridge across Stockton channel, be completed to Sacramento within three years. Captain Cross, president of the road, has secured nearly all the rights-of-way to Sacramento.

THE DAY'S DEAD.

M. Hattin.

WINTERS, Jan. 10.—William Meek Hattin, one of the oldest citizens of Winters, died early yesterday evening at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Cannon. He had been suffering for some time with stomach troubles, and this, combined with old age, hastened the end. Mr. Hattin was 81 years of age and a native of Missouri. He came to California in the early fifties, landed in Stockton Valley and proceeded to seek a fortune in the Golden State. Besides his daughter he leaves four grandchildren—George, Reuben and Edward Cannon and Mrs. Driever of Santa Rosa. A number of great-grandchildren also revere his memory.

Walter Steele.

READING, Pa., Jan. 10.—Walter Steele, one of the founders of the Carpenter Steel Works, died last night after an illness of five weeks from blood poisoning and gangrene, resulting from the irritation of the large toe of his foot by his shoe. He was general manager of the Philadelphia Steel and Iron Works. He was born in England.

George Staffler.

SANTA CRUZ, Jan. 10.—George Staffler Sr., a retired capitalist and prominent citizen, dropped dead shortly after 1 o'clock this morning at his home. Mr. Staffler has been prominently identified with this city since 1868 and was one of its most highly honored and respected citizens. He was a native of Germany and 63 years of age.

Rear Admiral Phelps.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Rear Admiral Thomas Phelps, retired, of Washington, D. C., died at the New York Hospital tonight of pneumonia. He was taken to the hospital only yesterday from the hotel where he was stopping. He had come to this city to be with Mrs. Phelps, who is sick at the New York Hospital.

Major Nat Burbank.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 10.—Major Nat Burbank of the Picayune, widely known as a dramatic critic and as the author of the humorous column of that paper, died suddenly in a street car to-day. He came here with the United States army during the Civil War and had been associated with the Picayune for many years.

David Graham Adee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—David Graham Adee, brother of Assistant Secretary of State Alvey August Adee and well known as an author, died this morning. He had been an invalid for many years. The deceased was of old Scotch lineage on both the father's and mother's side.

General Lambert.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—General Lambert, Senator for the department of Finisterre, is dead after a short illness. He commanded in the defense of the Mansion, made famous by the battle painter, Alphonse de Neuville, in the painting known as the "House of the Last Cartridge."

C. Y. Brown.

MARTINEZ, Jan. 10.—Hon. C. Y. Brown, District Attorney of Contra Costa County and brother of Dr. E. E. Brown, died last night at his home here. Mr. Brown was a native of this county and was 40 years of age. He was a past president of Mount Diablo Parlor No. 101, Native Sons. He was unmarried.

E. D. Tyler.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Jan. 10.—E. D. Tyler, one of the best known men in the theatrical profession and associate manager of a New York theater, died here to-day of lung trouble.

Hon. W. H. Redman.

MONTEZUMA, Iowa, Jan. 10.—Hon. W. H. Redman, Speaker of the Iowa House in 1888, died suddenly at his home in Newton to-day.

PROF. ANDREE'S PRESENTIMENT

Foreshadows His Fate Before Departing for the North Pole.

In His Will the Noted Explorer Wrote That He Felt He Was Approaching His Doom.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—A dispatch from Vienna says: Professor Andree's will, in which he gave instructions that it should be opened at the end of 1900 in case he had not returned from his balloon excursion to the North Pole, has now been read. It is accompanied by a series of letters from prominent scientists, encouraging him in the dangerous enterprise, and one from M. De Fouvelle, warning him against it. On this letter Andree had written in pencil:

"It is possible he may be right, but now it is too late. I have made my preparations and cannot now draw back."

The will itself is very short and the introduction seems to show that Andree expected the fate that awaited him. The text begins:

"I write to-day probably my last testament, and therefore it is legally valid. I write on the eve of a journey full of dangers such as history has yet never been able to show. My presentiment tells me that this terrible journey will signify my death."

The remainder of the will divides Andree's property between his brother and sister.

Agrarians Again Score.

A Berlin special says: The Agrarians scored another point in behalf of agriculture in the Reichstag to-day, during the debate on the estimates of the Department of the Imperial Chancellor, in procuring the reference to the Budget Committee of a resolution by which Russian corn consigned to Prussian Baltic ports will, in future, be obliged to pay higher freight charges on German railways, unless destined for export over the sea.

Von Kanitz, the Agrarian leader, emphasized that while the Conservatives were constrained to support the movement they still attached the greatest value to the maintenance of the friendship with Russia.

Frenchmen Must Be United.

A Paris special says. M. Deschanel, in resuming the presidency of the Chamber of Deputies to-day, said he would exercise his office with perfect impartiality and hoped the deliberations would be calm and fruitful. The new century, he said, was likely to see profound transformations. All Frenchmen, therefore, must remain closely united. They should be more moderate in polemics and more tolerant and respectful toward others' convictions. They must have an active diplomacy, supported by a powerful army, united and respected, and by a finance carefully controlled.

The Senate has re-elected M. Fallieres as president of that house without opposition.

Abdication of a King.

A Paris special says. The Danish Minister here, J. H. von Beggermann-Lindencrone, in an interview regarding reports from Copenhagen that the King of Denmark, Christian IX, was disposed to abdicate in favor of his son, Prince Frederick, said:

"Such a story greatly surprises me, as the King, in spite of his years, is in such vigorous health that the little differences of international politics do not fatigue him. He is still very capable of governing, but, of course, he may decide otherwise. I cannot say what he will do."

Cotton Cargo on Fire.

The British steamer Tanagra, Captain Marster, arrived at Bremen yesterday from Savannah and Norfolk, via Falmouth, with fire in her cotton cargo, 300 bales already having been damaged by fire and 300 by water.

SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA GROWS WORSE

Kitchener's Dispatches More Laconic Than Were Roberts'.

LONDON, Jan. 11, 5 a. m.—The situation in South Africa grows worse rather than better. Lord Kitchener's dispatches are more laconic than those of Lord Roberts and little else of importance is allowed to come through.

The Times in an editorial to-day finds comfort in the thought that "the process of attrition is doing its work and must shortly lead to the inevitable result."

In other quarters, however, there is less satisfaction with the condition of affairs, which has practically necessitated the fortification of Cape Town.

No steps have been taken to comply with Lord Kitchener's demands for reinforcements.

Lord Coleridge, in a letter excusing his non-attendance at a political meeting, says:

"I loathe and detest this war and the policy which brought it about, the mode in which it is conducted and the undignified excitement over the defeat of a handful of peasants defending their country at the hands of ten times their number of trained soldiers, backed by the wealth of England."

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