INGLORIOUS END OF BILL PROVIDING FOR A STATE QUARANTINE

QUARANTINE BILL FINALLY WITHDRAWN

Assembly Committee on Health Deals It a Death Blow.

Result of Conference With Chamber of Commerce and Ship-Owners' Association.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—As a result of the conference of the Assembly Committee on Public Health and Quarantine with the representatives of the Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade and Ship Owners' Association at the Chamber of Commerce in San Francisco yesterday and its visit afterward to Angel Island, and more particularly as a result of the change of heart of the State Board of Health, due to the strength of the opposition that has developed against their pet measure, endangering the desired $100,000 appropriation, Assembly bill 294 was withdrawn this morning.

The bill was that providing for the appointment of a State Quarantine Officer, and was a forerunner of the three more recent Pendleton bills relating to quarantine, which are the subject of the contest between Governor Gage, with the State Board of Health behind him, and the commercial bodies of San Francisco.

When the guns of the San Francisco business men were turned on the quarantine measures the former partisans of bill 294 promptly repudiated it. Dr. Matthews, secretary of the State Board of Health, asserted at the joint meeting of the Senate Health and Hospital committees Tuesday night that the board was not interested in the passage of that measure. The same attitude of indifference toward Assembly bills 558 and 559 has become manifest. If the Governor and the State Board of Health can secure the appropriation of $100,000 to add to the $28,000 already in its emergency fund, to use in joining issue with the Federal quarantine service, they will evidently be satisfied to let the others be sacrificed.

The committee report which resulted in the withdrawal of bill 294 this morning was as follows:

Your committee on public health and quarantine, to whom was referred Assembly bill No. 294, an act to provide for the appointment of a State quarantine officer by the State Board of Health, and to abolish the office of quarantine officer to the Board of Health of the city and county of San Francisco, have had the same under consideration and respectfully report that for the purpose of carefully considering that same and acting under instructions from your honorable body, we have visited San Francisco and the Federal quarantine station at Angel Island. We find that the United States Government has appropriated about $400,000 for the equipment of said station, which is modern in all respects and thoroughly efficient and able to meet all the demands which are liable to made upon it. Your committee is of the opinion that the need for the appointment of a State quarantine officer or the establishment of a State quarantine station does not exist, and it respectfully reports the bill back with the recommendation that it do not pass and that the author be permitted to withdraw the same.

HASSON, Chairman.

The $100,000 appropriation bill is not yet out of the Senatorial woods, however, for Rowell has submitted a minority report from the Health Committee of the Senate, in which he declares that the appropriation is needless and unwise at this time, as any emergency of the kind contemplated can be provided for by the Board of Examiners out of the fund already provided.

The minority report of the Senate Health Committee on the $100,000 appropriation is as follows:

The undersigned minority of the Senate committee on health and quarantine, to whom was referred A. B. 560, respectfully recommend that said bill do not pass.

Our reasons for so doing are as follows:

In 1893 the Legislature passed an emergency act during the excitement attending the introduction of cholera into our Eastern coasts, creating a fund of $50,000, to be used by the State Board of Health under the direction of the Governor.

In seven years there was used of this fund $12,595 44.

Since the beginning of 1900 there has been used $8201 73, leaving a balance in the fund of $28,202 83. This in our judgment is sufficient to meet any emergency likely to arise in the near future, and if an emergency should arise, the State Board of Examiners would have power to authorize the necessary expenditures.

The raising by taxation of $100,000 at this time for possible but improbable use we consider inadvisable and calculated to augment the feeling of uncertainty and fear in California and elsewhere relative to health conditions in San Francisco.

CHESTER ROWELL,
H. L. PACE.

HOURIGAN'S MAIDEN SPEECH IN ASSEMBLY

Astonishes Fellow Statesmen by Requesting That His Measure Be Laid Over.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—Hourigan of San Francisco, maker of telephone bills, made his first speech in the Assembly this morning. He has spoken several times in Republican caucus and has made his mark by his unique style, so that when he was called upon to explain his Assembly bill 214, on the third reading file this morning, every member tilted back in his chair and gave the member from San Francisco his attention.

"This here bill," began Hourigan, assuming a Martin Brady pose, "fixes de workin' hours fer laundries. It keeps de guys wot runs de laundries from workin' de gools overtime. On de square, it's a good bill, but I want it passed."

Every one supposed he wanted it passed, but his tone caused the Speaker to ask:

"You want the rollcall now if there is no debate?"

"No, I want it put over, see? Yes, dat's it—passed on de file."

There wasn't a member who would have voted against the bill, and Hourigan attempted no explanation of why he desired delay. However, no one objected to the author of the bill preventing its immediate passage if he so desired. Assemblymen are wondering if Hourigan is expecting a delegation of laundrymen to call upon him in regard to the financial loss they will suffer if the bill becomes a law.

MAYOR PHELAN CONFESSES

Continued From Page Two.

ness, "that we were investigating Chinatown and that we had evidence of police corruption. The Chief said that he was sorry to hear it and I suggested that we work together to catch the guilty police officers. He agreed to this. We went over the evidence together. I told him of the signs put out by the gamblers that gambling was safe and that Sergeant Mahoney had given orders that no raids were to be made without consulting him. The Chief said he would try to catch Mahoney in corruption, and it was decided that two good men were to be placed on the Chinatown squad in place of two men who had resigned. It was agreed that Chief Sullivan would report everything to me so that we could have an exclusive story for the Examiner. Three days later Sullivan called on me and said he feared the stories about Mahoney were true. Sullivan agreed to put some good detectives to watch Mahoney and the Chinatown squad. Now to show the caliber of Sullivan I want to tell how he broke faith with me. I was surprised to read in the evening papers one day that he had removed Mahoney from Chinatown. I sent for Sullivan and asked him what he meant by giving news to the evening papers without consulting me, and he said that the evening papers would only make a small item of the matter, but as we had all the details we could make a big story of it."

The commission thought that Mr. Robert had said enough for one day and excused him until this morning, and then adjourned until 10 a. m. to-day.

HOURIGAN INTRODUCES NEW SHORTER WORKING DAY BILL

Framed by Bureau of Labor Statistics and Has Indorsement of State Federation of Labor.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—Hourigan of San Francisco has introduced an 8-hour bill which is designed to remedy the defects in the statute which Judge Hall of Alameda County has just declared unconstitutional. The bill was framed by the State Bureau of Labor Statistics, and has the indorsement of the State Federation of Labor. Labor Commissioner Meyers to-day said of it:

"The endeavor in this bill is to do in a clearer and stronger way what the old statute tried to do, namely, to require of an officer of the State who lets a contract for State work to require that the contractor shall not work his men more than eight hours per day on such contract. The attempt is made in this bill to put it in line with the principle that the United States courts and the courts of several States have upheld that the State has the same right as the individual to impose conditions upon a contractor. And this bill makes it mandatory that the State officer letting a contract shall impose the eight-hour day as a condition, with a monetary forfeit in case of violation of such condition. Failure on the part of the State officer to impose the condition is made a misdemeanor."

Melick will introduce to-morrow a constitutional amendment relating to water and water rights, which has been approved by the National Irrigation Association. A similar measure is now pending in the Montana Legislature. Melick's amendment is as follows:

"The water of all streams shall forever remain subject to public control. Beneficial use shall be the basis, the measure and the limit of all rights to water. The right to water for irrigation rests in the user and becomes appurtenant to the land irrigated. Water for irrigation is hereby declared to be a natural want."

Senator Pace has introduced a bill which raises the price of the unsold remainder of the 500,000 acres of school lands, or lands selected in lieu thereof, from $1 25 to $2 50 an acre.

Senator Smith of Los Angeles has introduced a bill repealing the law requiring vaccination among school children.

Senator Wolfe introduced a bill that is a substitute for Senate bill 8, which refers to the sale of stocks of goods. The substitute provides that no merchant, except in the ordinary course of trade, may sell his entire stock of goods unless after at least five days' notice filed with the Recorder. The Judiciary Committee had agreed to report favorably upon such a bill, and as soon as it was introduced the committee sent in a favorable report, and the bill was ordered to print and to the file. It is a measure designed to protect creditors.

WILL GRADUATE FROM STANFORD

Registrar Elliott Posts List of Hundred and Forty-Nine Names.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Feb. 7.—Registrar Elliott has posted the list of provisional graduates next May. There are 149 names, of which 31 are in law and 12 in English. The list follows:

Classical Philology—F. C. Murgotten, E. L. Rea, Miss M. Weir.

Latin—Miss Helen Dorset, Miss G. Evans, Miss Lucy France, Miss A. L. Hamilton, Miss M. Meredith, A. N. Merritt, Miss F. Taylor, Miss V. Townsend, Miss B. K. Turner, Miss J. Wagner, J. N. Snell.

German—Miss B. R. Bacher, Miss L. M. Carver, Miss H. M. Hogue, Miss C. D. Keller, Miss R. Merritt, Miss E. K. Roth.

Romanic Languages—Miss S. D. Barnwell, Miss V. Nicolas, Miss B. M. Shaw.

English—F. C. Bailey, L. M. Bowman, C. M. Bradley, Miss E. H. Cone, Miss M. A. Coulter, Miss A. M. Cowdery, Miss L. B. Everett, Miss E. T. Gray, Miss R. Harris, Miss Herzinger, Miss M. Ibs, Miss B. Kalloch, J. A. Koontz, C. M. Marrack, P. L. Mitchell, D. Montgomery, Miss E. O'Farrel, Miss L. E. Osborn, Miss L. I. Ripley, Miss M. Stanford, Miss Edna Weh, Miss E. H. Zucker.

Education—Miss S. L. Cooke, Miss L. Goodwin, E. L. Mitchel, A. L. Walker, J. B. Wootten, F. E. Thompson.

History—Miss J. Ballard, Miss G. Barneberg, Miss O. L. Brown, Miss A. Butterfield, Miss A. M. Cole, F. J. Cummins, Miss Edna Dellinger, H. J. Edwards, W. K. Gray, Miss L. Hall, Miss M. Harris, Miss J. J. Haskell, Miss M. E. Hyde, S. P. McCrea, Miss H. L. Matthews, A. E. Monteith, W. A. Morris, Miss S. G. Morrison, W. C. Morrow, Miss I. M. Rounds, W. S. Tipton, Miss E. M. Wood.

Economics and sociology—F. Adams, E. M. Card, W. C. Day, H. A. Friedman, E. T. Maples, C. F. Riddell, R. W. Thompson.

Law—W. F. Bourland, H. Brickell, L. H. Brown, E. L. Brune, C. A. Cantwell, H. W. Chappel, G. T. Cochran, R. W. Coleman, W. M. Cranston, J. H. Crippen, R. P. Cross, R. S. Crow, M. C. de Carli, T. M. Diviny, F. H. Drake, J. F. English, L. Ferrari, Hugh Foster, A. M. Free, H. R. Fry, C. B. Gillespie, A. R. Hicks, C. E. Holbrook, W. G. Hudson, E. N. Mabrey, G. W. Mordecai, C. L. Richards, A. B. Stewart, L. H. Susman, Eugene Warren, W. J. Wood.

Mathematics—Miss Yrene Pitcher, Miss C. Taber, W. E. Whittier.

Physics—J. G. Brown.

Chemistry—A. J. Cox, J. E. Holmes, J. Marx, A. L. Moeller, F. J. Reidy, C. S. Wells, R. Wheeler.

Physiology—A. W. Baird, Miss M. Barnard, J. A. Bentley, G. A. Castagnetto, H. L. Day, F. K. Gilman, Miss E. McFadden, C. W. Page, Miss A. Pollock, J. L. Sobey.

Zoology—W. K. Fisher, E. Heller, Miss H. H. Mills.

Geology—H. L. Haehl, H. H. Holley, T. J. Hoover, J. M. Hyde, B. N. Jackson, A. R. Lemmon, L. D. Mills, W. M. Parkin, F. W. Rush.

Civil engineering—E. Breen, F. M. Brookie, H. N. Keucher.

Electrical engineering—N. G. Symonds.

ANTI-SALOON PARTY WINS.

San Diego Supervisors Pass Stringent Liquor Law.

SAN DIEGO, Feb. 7.—The anti-saloon element won quite a victory to-day before the Board of Supervisors in securing the passage of a new liquor law which will probably result in closing most of the saloons outside of the incorporated cities. It requires the applicant for a license to secure the signature of 50 per cent of the electors residing within the precinct where it is proposed to locate the saloon. The present ordinance requires the signatures of only ten electors.

GIRLS NARROWLY ESCAPE DEATH

Helen and Dorothy Baker Thrown From a Carriage at San Rafael.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

SAN RAFAEL, Feb. 7.—The two little daughters of Mrs. L. L. Baker are lying at their mother's home in Ross Valley severely injured as the result of a runaway accident on the outskirts of this city late this afternoon. The coachman, Thomas Bell, who was driving the team at the time, is suffering from a bruised side.

This afternoon Helen, aged 12, and Dorothy, aged 10 years, left their home for a drive to this city. The carriage was driven by Coachman Thomas Bell. When about to drive into Fourth street from the San Anselmo road the neck yoke broke, dropping the pole to the ground. The horses then became unmanageable and started to run.

Coachman Bell, seeing that he could not control the frightened animals and avert a runaway, promptly turned them squarely into the high enbankment on the north side of the road. The horses were thrown and secured by two young men named Martin and Morris, who happened to be passing. The two children and the coachman were thrown from the carriage. The little girls were insensible when picked up. They were removed to a neighboring house and medical aid summoned. Dr. W. J. Wickman, who arrived soon after, found that no bones were broken, but that both children were badly cut and bruised.

It was thought at the time that little Dorothy had lost one of her eyes, but later it was found that the eye is uninjured. Both children were removed to their home and medical aid summoned from San Francisco.

According to the latest accounts from their home both children are doing well and no fatal results are expected to follow.

Thomas Bell, the coachman, has long been in the employ of the Bakers and no blame is attached to him for the accident. His arm and side have been injured, but to what extent is not known. The Bakers reside at Miramonte, in Ross Valley, and are well known in social and business circles in San Francisco, being connected with the well-known firm of Baker & Hamilton.

ANOTHER LINE TO THE PACIFIC COAST

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 7.—The next transcontinental railroad connecting Denver with the Pacific Coast will be built by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway Company. The terminal will be at Lyons, thence the road will run along the eastern slope of the mountains to Laramie, through the Wyoming coal field. West of Denver the line will be called the Denver Short Line.

From Guernsey the road will follow the North Platte River and valley to Alcova, where the Eagle Canyon grade of the old Utah and Wyoming road has been purchased. From Alcova it will run to North Platte and Sweetwater Junction, covering the Johnston soda deposits.

The transcontinental line follows the Sweetwater River and valley down the bottoms of Big and Little Sandy rivers, crossing the Oregon Short Line at Nutria and the Union Pacific at Echo.

At Salt Lake City the Burlington will connect with Millionaire W. A. Clark's projected road to Los Angeles.

WILL INSURE UNIFORMITY IN DIVORCE LAWS

Senate Committee Passes Favorably on Nutt's Bill.

Measure Providing an Annuity for Veterans at Yountville Also Favored.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—The Senate Judiciary Committee has finally passed favorably upon Nutt's bill to secure uniformity in divorce laws. The bill was amended so as to make extreme cruelty a cause for divorce wherever it may arise, but beyond that the bill went past the committee without change. Nutt's bill is one that provides for the application in California of the divorce laws of other States. The bill is the work of a commission to make uniform the laws of the different States, and is but one of several on different subjects which are being introduced in all the Legislatures of the country.

The Senate Committee on Rules submitted a concurrent resolution providing for a special Assembly file in the Senate and a similar file of Senate bills for the Assembly, the files to be considered in each house between 2 and 3 o'clock every afternoon. The resolution was adopted by the Senate.

The Senate Committee on Municipal Corporations has recommended that Caldwell's Senate bill 252, to provide for the submission of the liquor question to the voters of a town, do pass.

The Senate Committee on Labor and Capital has reported favorably on the Tyrrell (of San Francisco) Senate bills 308 and 309, to regulate the relations between employers and employes and to define the obligations of employers. Shortridge's Senate bill 434, to provide for the proper sanitation of factories and workshops and the preservation of the health of employes, was recommended for passage.

The Senate Committee on Health reported favorably on the Tyrrell (of San Francisco) Senate bill 264, relating to the inspection of foods and beverages.

The consideration of Nelson's Senate bill 410, imposing a State tax of $6 a year on every place where liquor is sold, was indefinitely postponed by the Senate Committee on Revenue and Taxation.

The Assembly Committee on Municipal Corporations to-day decided to report adversely on the following bills: Atherton's bill 432, which takes away from the trustees of cities of the sixth class the power to license the selling of pools outside a racetrack—the committee objecting because this power is withheld and no prohibition of the selling of pools imposed; Ralston's Assembly bill 557, making mandatory the granting of the privilege to any telephone or telegraph company to erect poles or construct conduits for its wires in the streets of a city, provided the municipality shall have power to regulate rates, and Broughton's bill, which forbids the levying of a tax upon the herding of sheep or cattle.

The committee recommends that the following do pass: Senate bill 115, relating to municipal libraries; Senate bill 123, relating to the powers of city trustees, and Senate bill 6, providing for condemnation proceedings on the part of municipalities to acquire property for the widening of streets and laying drains and sewers. Assembly bill 390, authorizing direct vote of the people on municipal ordinances, is to be reported without recommendation.

The Assembly Corporations Committee will recommend that Knowland's warehouse bill do pass. James' bill 353, which forbids discrimination in water and gas rates, will be reported without recommendation. The Roads and Highways Committee decided to recommend that Greer's bill abolishing the State highway commission and the office of Highway Commissioner do not pass. Greer's bill relating to road districts, making them co-extensive with supervisorial districts, is recommended for passage. The Assembly Committee on Military Affairs recommends that the bill annually appropriating $75 per capita for maintenance of the veterans in the Veterans' Home in Napa County do pass. The Federal allowance is $100 per capita.

Atherton, in the Assembly this morning, moved that his bill on poolselling, identical with the Belshaw bill, be recalled from the Committee on Public Morals and placed on the second reading file. He said he had been unable to get it out of committee and that it would die there unless his motion prevailed. The motion carried, but the committee met at 1 o'clock and decided to recommend that his bill do not pass. The Public Morals Committee recommends for passage Assembly bill 360, by Sutro, Assembly bill 540, by Henry, both relating to crimes against children, and Collins' bill 544, relating to the employment of children.

MEDICAL BILL NOW CERTAIN OF PASSAGE

Shortridge's Amendment Excluding Christian Scientists Meets Defeat in Senate.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—Shortridge's amendment to the Assembly bill regulating the practice of medicine and surgery was voted down in the Senate this morning—ayes 9, noes 19. The amendment was drawn to exclude Christian Scientists from the restraints and penalties of the bill.

Shortridge spoke earnestly in support of his amendment. He said osteopaths and Christian Scientists would be prevented from practicing. The Christian Scientists are numerous, sincere and honest, Shortridge said, and their ranks embrace many intelligent and distinguished persons.

Simpson also supported the amendment. He believed in the right of every person to choose his own doctor and method of treatment. It was wrong to put the control of medical practice in the hands of a privileged few. Christian Scientists were called quacks, but Jesus was not a quack when he healed the sick and cured the leper, and those who follow in his footsteps, said Simpson, deserve something better than to be treated as humbugs. Rowell opposed the amendment, which he said struck at the vital part of the bill. He said the object of the measure was to prevent the practice of medicine by incompetent persons and to elevate the standard of medicine for the protection of the public.

The final passage of the bill is a foregone conclusion.

TO ESTABLISH PRUNE AGENCIES IN EUROPE

Directors of the Cured Fruit Association Plan a Radical Departure.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 7.—California dried prunes are to be thoroughly advertised in the East and agencies established there and in Europe in the hopes of lifting the stagnation that now characterizes the prune market. This is the remedy suggested by the directors of the Cured Fruit Association, and at a meeting of the directorate to-day a meeting of the members of the association was called for February 21, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of amending the by-laws to give the officials this power. This will practically take the selling out of the hands of Eastern wholesalers and jobbers. The sale of the product will also be pushed abroad, and if the power to establish agencies is granted the directors, President Bond, who is now in Europe, will perfect arrangements for disposing of the product there through agencies.

It is also proposed to amend the by-laws so that all officials with the exception of president and first vice president can be removed at pleasure; also that the $200,000 liability the directors were given power to create can be used, or any part of it, for advertising or in other ways advancing the sale of prunes.

SPELLING AND MACBETH HAVE A LIVELY PERSONAL ENCOUNTER

Assemblyman Slaps the Face of the Attorney in the Corridor of the Capitol Building.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—T. Carl Spelling, the San Francisco lawyer, and Assemblyman Macbeth of San Francisco had a personal encounter in the corridor outside the Assembly chamber this afternoon as a result of differences over primary election bills. Spelling called Macbeth a name and dared the Assemblyman to hit him. Macbeth slapped Spelling's face, and the lawyer backed away and kicked at Macbeth. The latter struck Spelling, and Spelling was preparing to annihilate the Assemblyman when Assemblyman Collins stepped between them and stopped the fight.

Spelling has devoted much talk to primary election laws. He drafted elaborate bills before the beginning of the session, and Johnson introduced them for him in the Assembly. To-day Johnson withdrew bills 156, 157, 158, 159, 160 and 161 for the reason that the provisions of these bills are included in Davis' Senate bills.

Spelling has been extremely zealous in the advocacy of his ideas, and has before to-day become somewhat obstreperous in asserting the virtues of his measures, especially before the two Committees on Elections. He claims that his bills have features which are in no others, while others assert that he amended his original bills by inserting provisions taken from the Davis bills. Macbeth is chairman of the Assembly Elections Committee, and the trouble to-day was caused by Spelling charging him, after Johnson withdrew his bills, with trying to block effective legislation.

SEEKS TO DO AWAY WITH GRAND JURIES

Senator Caldwell Introduces Amendment to the Constitution of the State.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—Senator Caldwell has introduced an amendment to the constitution which will, if adopted, have the effect of doing away with grand juries. The section of the constitution which he seeks to amend is as follows:

"Section 8—Offenses heretofore required to be prosecuted by indictment shall be prosecuted by information, after examination and commitment by a magistrate or by indictment with or without such examination and commitment, as may be prescribed as follows: A grand jury shall be drawn and summoned at least once a year in each county."

Senator Caldwell would amend that section to read as follows:

"Offenders heretofore required to be prosecuted by indictment shall be prosecuted by information, after examination and commitment by a magistrate, as may be prescribed by law."

The bill was drawn in pursuance of an article which appeared in a recent number of the Riverside Press, which denounced the grand jury system as un-American, antiquated and a relic of the times when men could be accused, tried and condemned in secret.

COMPELS PAYMENT OF TAXES ON BONDS

Pace Introduces Bill Authorizing Officers to Withhold Interest Till Taxes Are Paid.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—Senator Pace has introduced a bill, the object of which is to compel the payment of the taxes on public bonds of this State by providing that neither interest nor principal shall be paid until the taxes have been paid. There are no provisions in the bill which provide what shall be proof of the payment of the taxes, the presentation of the receipt being denied sufficient. The gist of the bill, which is contained in section 1, is as follows:

No officer of any county, city, city and county, town, township or district in the State of California shall pay from the funds thereof any bond or interest coupon of any bond until all taxes on such bond or coupon shall have been fully paid; and no action shall be commenced, or judgment rendered or enforced for the payment of any bond or interest coupon of any bond against any county, city, city and county, town, township or district in this State until all taxes upon such bond or coupon shall have been fully paid.

These are the bonds for the exemption of which from taxation there was an amendment to the constitution submitted to the people at the last election. It was deemed better to exempt the bonds, as it was found impossible to collect the taxes on them. The amendment was defeated and now Pace's bill provides for an opposite course.

TO REGULATE THE SALE OF THE "GREEN DEMON"

Committee Reports Favorably on Walker's Bill Regarding Traffic in Absinthe.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—The Committee on Public Health and Quarantine this morning recommended for passage Walker's bill regulating the sale of absinthe and a large number of powerful drugs. Evatt of the Thirty-second District runs a saloon on Fourth street, San Francisco, and he sent in a minority report. The bill, which receives the approval of physicians, makes it unlawful to sell the substances enumerated without distinctly labeling the bottle or package and making sure by inquiry that the purchaser knows the poisonous character; and in addition making an entry in a book kept for the purpose of the date of sale, name and address of the purchaser, name and quantity of the substance sold and the purpose for which it is required. The penalty is a fine not exceeding $500 or imprisonment not exceeding six months. A companion bill was introduced in the Senate this morning by Tyrrell of Nevada.

Webber's bill, 314, making it a felony to bring into the State prisons or reformatories or their grounds any opium, morphine, cocaine, or other narcotics, intoxicating liquors of any kind, or firearms, weapons or explosives, came up in the Assembly for final passage. Dunlap asked the author if there were any present necessity in the conditions at the prisons for the passage of such a stringent measure. Webber replied that there was, and Dunlap suggested that the matter was one worthy of investigation by Webber's committee. Webber replied that he was perfectly willing to do any investigation that was assigned to him. The bill was passed without opposition.

Minnesota Town Burning.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 8.—A telephone message to the Times from St. Cloud, Minn., say a big fire is raging in that city. The West Hotel and other buildings have been destroyed, but so far as known no lives have been lost.

ELEVEN NEW ATTACHES ARE APPOINTED

Long Deferred Resolution Is Presented and Adopted.

Little Attention Paid to the Perfunctory Protests of the Minority.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—The long-deferred resolution for the appointment of additional attaches, as agreed upon in the Republican caucus, was presented this morning and adopted, only perfunctory protests being made by the minority. Eleven attaches are added to the salary list, with salaries aggregating $43 per day. Five of them will draw pay from January 7, and the remainder from January 25. Following is the list of new attaches and their salaries:

H. Bryan, watchman, $3; G. A. Gillespie, clerk, $4; G. Kohlhoff, clerk, $4; Walter Moreno, watchman, $3; C. O. Stanton, electrician, $5; Thomas Dillegkhan, engrossing and enrolling clerk, $5; W. C. Geary, clerk, $6; Frank Doherty, bill filer, $4; George Boydon, porter, $3; W. B. Price, porter, $3; R. J. Kady, rear porter, $3.

LITTLE LEFT OF THE ORIGINAL SCHOOL BILL

Amendment Follows Amendment and Adjournment Puts Stop to Wrangling.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—The school bill presented by Senator Lardner came up for a second reading to-day, and the Senate was still working on it when the hour for adjournment came this afternoon, and by that time the bill looked as if it had been attacked with an ax. It was amended in half of the thirty-four sections and several of those left untouched by amendment were stricken out altogether. The bill is one that in its original form gave great power to a County Superintendent of Schools. In one place it provided that he should name candidates from whom the Supervisors should appoint the School Trustees, but this was amended out of the bill. In another he was required to pass upon the plans of school buildings and the contracts for their erection, but this, too, was amended, and in a third place he was required to pass upon all supplies, but this, too, was shorn from him.

The election of School Trustees was changed from July to May, and the election of teachers was so limited as to make it impossible for the outgoing board to appoint teachers for the ensuing year, and so bind the incoming board to keep employed teachers not of their own selection. It was found, however, that this amendment as adopted amended too much of the bill, so the amendment was reconsidered, and the Senate was still wrangling over the new amendment when the adjournment was taken.

The bill was made a special order for to-morrow morning, and when it has been finished there will not be much of it remaining.

COMMITTEE TO VISIT HOME AT GLEN ELLEN

Junketing Party Returns From the South and Presents Bill for Expenses.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—Senator Maggard, chairman of the junket committee that traveled all through the south of the State last week in search of information about public institutions, submitted a resolution to-day providing for the payment of the expenses of the committeemen. It was figured that the expenses would foot up $917 20. Those who went on the junket were Senators Maggard, Pace, A. M. Smith, Bettman, Caldwell, Welch and Laird. They were away a week. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Contingent Expenses.

By resolution of Luchsinger, three members of the Committee on Finance and three from the Committee on Hospitals were allowed leave of absence in order to visit the Home for Feeble Minded Children at Glen Ellen and the State Hospital at Napa. It is understood they will leave on Saturday and be back in time for work on Monday. The personnel of the committee has not been decided upon.

MURDERER ZUMWALT DIES IN HIS CELL

Was Under Sentence to Be Hanged but Death Cheated the Gallows.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—Isaiah Zumwalt, the old man who on June 7 last at Diamond Springs, El Dorado County, shot and killed his divorced wife, his son, George, and the infant son of the latter, and then wounded Mrs. Zumwalt, the wife of his son, was found dead in his cell at the Folsom State prison. Zumwalt was under sentence of death. He had long been in ill health.

When the murders were committed it was said Zumwalt was enamored of his son's wife. He had been divorced but a few weeks before the tragedy.

OF INTEREST TO MEN ONLY!

I Do Not Scatter My Faculties.

I do not treat all diseases, but I treat men, MEN ONLY, and cure them to stay cured. I have recently treated scores of stubborn cases for some of the most prominent and influential men of this city and vicinity, and not a single failure nor an unpleasant result has been reported. What I have done for others I can do for you. My specialty is fully set forth in the few plain words which follow, and which are well worth the careful perusal of all afflicted men.

Varicocele.

Under my treatment this insidious disease rapidly disappears. Pain ceases almost instantly. The pools of stagnant blood are driven from the dilated veins and all soreness and swelling quickly subside. Every indication of Varicocele soon vanishes, and in its stead come the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored manhood.

Stricture.

My cure dissolves the Stricture completely and removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate glands when enlarged, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys when irritated or congested, invigorates the organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

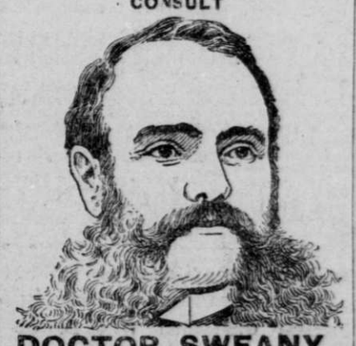
Contagious Blood Poison.

My special form of treatment for this disease is practically the result of my life work, and is indorsed by the best physicians of this and foreign countries. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappear completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

Nervous Debility.

Men, many of you are now reaping the result of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Nervous Debility, like all diseases, is never on the standstill. With it you can make no compromise.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT



DOCTOR SWEANY,

The longest established, most successful and reliable Specialist in Diseases of MEN.

I Center Them on My Specialty.

Either you must master it or it will master you and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. I have treated so many cases of this kind that I am as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by me you will never again be bothered with weakness, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or similar symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business, pleasure or marriage. My treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy, happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

Reflex Diseases.

Many ailments are reflex, originating from other diseases. For instance, organic weakness sometimes comes from Varicocele or Stricture, innumerable blood and bone diseases often result from taints in the system, or physical and mental decline frequently follows Lost Manhood. In treating diseases of any kind I always cure the cause as well as the effect.

To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted the best years of my life. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I make no charge for private counsel, and give to each patient a legal contract to hold for my promises. It is worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes.

WRITE Describing your troubles, if unable to call. Dr. Sweany's perfected system of HOME TREATMENT has cured thousands at their homes, without inconvenience or detention from work. It will cure you. All correspondence strictly confidential. Write to-day.

References: Best banks, merchants, and business men in the city. Call or address

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 to 12 only.

F. L. SWEANY, M. D., 737 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.