REPUBLICAN SENATORS IN CAUCUS AGREE ON APPORTIONMENT

ASSEMBLYMEN URGE PURCHASE OF BIG TREES

Resolution Calling the Attention of Congress to the Value of the Grove in Calaveras County Is Adopted

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—The Committee on Federal Relations presented to the Assembly this morning the following joint resolutions:

Whereas, The Senate of the United States has recently passed an act having for its object the purchase or condemnation of the Calaveras Sequoia Grove, which act is now under consideration by the House of Representatives;

Whereas, Destruction of said grove is threatened and imminent;

Whereas, The said grove is of incalculable historical, scientific and scenic value, not only to California, but to the United States and the world at large;

Whereas, The people and government of the State of California are ready and willing to do their full share toward the preservation of said grove as a park and public resort for nature study and pleasure; and

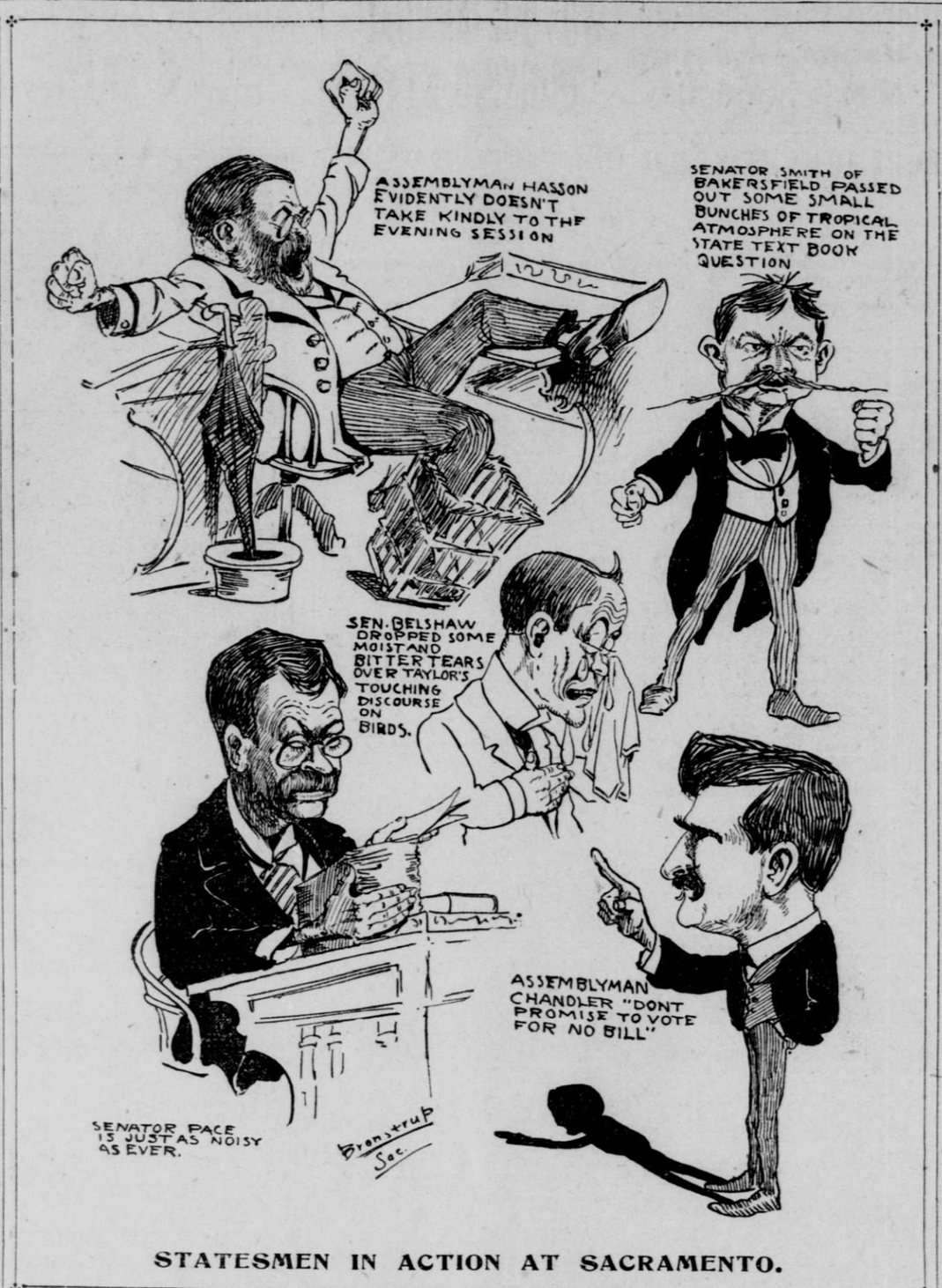
Whereas, We feel fully justified in so doing because of the known desires of the people we represent; therefore be it

Resolved, By the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate concurring, that we pledge the government and the people of the State of California, in the event of the passage by Congress of an act making an appropriation for the purchase or condemnation of the Calaveras Sequoia Grove, to assume the management and expense of the maintenance and protection thereof.

Resolved, That our Senators are instructed and our Representatives in Congress are requested to assure the Congress of the United States that the State of California will assume such management and expense, and make all necessary appropriations therefor.

Resolved, That his Excellency, Henry T. Gage, Governor of California, is hereby requested to telegraph a copy of these resolutions to Hon. Thomas R. Bard, United States Senator from California, for presentation to the Senate and House of Representatives and the members of the Congress at Washington.

The resolutions were immediately adopted and ordered transmitted to the Senate. A similar resolution, but not so comprehensive, from the Senate was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.



STATESMEN IN ACTION AT SACRAMENTO.

FOR INVESTIGATION OF THE STATE PRISONS

Belshaw's Bill Providing for Appointment of a Committee Passes in the Senate.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—By vote of the Senate to-day the first step toward the thorough investigation of the two State prisons of California was taken. Belshaw's report from the Prison Committee came up for action and without debate or dissenting vote it was passed.

The report contained a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of holdover Senators, whose duty it shall be to investigate the affairs of the two prisons and to make a report to the next Legislature. The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, that the President of the Senate is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint a committee of three hold-over Senators, which committee shall visit and investigate the affairs of the State prisons at San Quentin and Folsom, both as to business matters and management of the aforesaid institutions, and shall make a report thereon to the thirty-fifth session of the Legislature. Said committee is hereby authorized and empowered to do any and all things necessary to make a full and complete investigation as above mentioned, and is hereby authorized to send for persons and papers, to administer oaths, to examine witnesses and to compel their attendance and to do all other things necessary for a full and complete investigation.

Such committee is hereby authorized and empowered to employ such clerks and stenographers as in their judgment shall be necessary.

The Superintendent of State Printing is hereby directed to print such matters as such committee may require, at any time. Said committee shall be entitled to and receive, payable out of the contingent fund of the Senate, such sums as may be necessary to defray their necessary traveling expenses and to pay the clerks and stenographer employed by them under and by virtue of this resolution.

There has been no intimation of the personnel of the committee, but the logical chairman can be no other than Belshaw, chairman of the Committee on Prisons, proposer of the resolution and a hold-over Senator. The committee may not be appointed until toward the close of the session.

ASSEMBLY PASSES THE CANNING BILL

Prohibits Falsely Marking or Labeling Boxes, Barrels or Packages Containing Fruit.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—Currier's Senate bill 185, to prohibit the falsely marking, branding or labeling of boxes, packages or barrels containing fruit, was passed by the Assembly this afternoon after a long debate. Sutro, Schillig, Johnson and Dunlap opposed it, and a letter was read from President Fontana of the California Canners' Association urging the defeat of the bill.

Fontana's letter was the signal for renewed efforts to pass the bill. Alden Anderson spoke forcibly in its favor, as tending to secure the honest marking of California fruits, and thus protect those who place their goods on the market without misrepresentation. Greer said that the opposition of the canners syndicate only showed the desirability of the bill. At present a cannery belonging to the syndicate can get from another cannery fruit necessary to fill its orders, in case difficulty has been met in securing the local fruit. This substituted fruit is falsely labeled and works an injury to the growers and the community. Duryea and Melick also spoke for the bill. An amendment offered by Johnson, the effect of which was to exempt canners from the provisions of the bill, was defeated.

On final passage but four votes were cast against the bill.

GOVERNOR'S HEALTH BILLS ARE PASSED

In Amended Form They Receive Support of Republicans Who Had Opposed Them.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—The Governor's health bills, Assembly bills 558 and 559, were passed this afternoon with scarcely a ripple of opposition.

In their amended form they received the support of several members who had previously been strongly opposed to them, and in consequence of these defections from their forces, the Republicans of the opposition saw the hopelessness of their contest and gave up the fight.

Assembly bill 558 was passed by a vote of 50 ayes to 16 noes. Bill 559 received 54 ayes and 14 noes.

The only way to convince your neighbor of your mental depth is to show him that your views coincide with his.

CODE REVISION BILL IS AGAIN DISCUSSED

Amendment Offered by Brown of San Mateo Adopted and the Question Reopened.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—The Code Revision bill, 828, was under discussion in the Assembly this morning, under the head of unfinished business.

The vexed question of whether there shall be discussion and amendment, or, on the other hand, the Code Revision bills shall be passed in the present form, amendments to be made later in the form of separate bills, was again under debate. Johnson, Brown, of San Meteo; Sheridan and Laird argued for the privilege of amendment, while Fisk and Treadwell held such a course to be impracticable and certain to result in the death of the bills.

Johnson took occasion to make a sarcastic speech directed against what he called the sacredness of the code bills.

An amendment by Brown of San Mateo provoked long discussion. In effect it substituted Assembly bill 400, relating to attachments for section 91 of the bill. The amendment is modeled on the New York law on attachments. It was adopted, but the whole question was opened up again this afternoon on a motion by Stewart of Amador to reconsider. The motion prevailed, but action on the amendment was prevented by the arrival of the hour for recess.

MEADOW LARK BILL PASSES ASSEMBLY

As Amended It Affords the Songsters Little More Protection Than They Now Enjoy.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—The meadow lark bill passed the Assembly at to-night's session.

An amendment by Sutro striking out the words of Anderson's amendment adopted on second reading of the bill was lost. The bill as passed permits the killing of meadow larks when grain or berries or fruit is being destroyed. In the opinion of many it affords the songsters very little more protection than they now have.

Ralston's bill reducing the salary of the Debris Commissioner to $600 per year was passed, also Ray's bill for a Yosemite road, transferring the Mariposa road fund to a fund for that purpose. Greer's bill for a Sacramento-Folsom road was passed, but there is every reason to believe it will be held up by the Senate, in view of the antagonistic attitude taken by the Finance Committee toward all road bills.

ANOTHER JUDGE FOR ALAMEDA COUNTY

Henry E. Melvin Is Said to Be Slated for the Appointment.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—The Alameda County delegation caucused to-day and agreed to support a bill providing for an additional Superior Judge for that county.

The vote on the matter stood 4 to 2, Matlock opposing the measure and Foster declining to vote on account of lack of information as to the need of an additional Judge.

The bill was introduced during the morning session by Leavitt in the Senate and by Kelley in the Assembly.

By its provisions the place is to be filled by appointment by the Governor until the next election. It is said that Henry E. Melvin is slated for the appointment.

STATE MAY BE DIVIDED INTO GAME DISTRICTS

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—Sutro introduced in the Assembly this morning a constitutional amendment adding a new section to article IV of the constitution, as follows:

The Legislature may provide for the division of the State into fish and game districts and may enact such laws for the protection of fish and game therein as it may deem appropriate to the respective districts.

The proposed amendment was also introduced in the Senate by Belshaw.

Ready for the Inquisitors.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—Captain Wittman, Detective Wren and Joseph V. Coffey came up from San Francisco to-night to be ready to appear at the bar of the Assembly at noon to-morrow on the citation for contempt for the issuance of the Cram subpena during the police investigation. Chief of Police Sullivan, being still in quarantine for diphtheria, did not come to appear with his companions in trouble.

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WILL GET BACK ITS COVETED LEGISLATOR

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—Instead of taking up the apportionment at this evening's session the Republican Senators considered the question in caucus, and there they agreed on a plan that seemed satisfactory to all concerned.

The Eighth Congressional District has been changed by the latest plan so as to include Tulare and Kings, which takes away from the proposed Sixth District a Democratic majority of 600. The first district was agreed upon as including both Butte and Mendocino counties, and the caucus adjourned to allow some work to be done upon the sentiments of the Santa Clara people so as to persuade them to go in with the Sixth District.

Santa Clara wants to be with San Mateo and the southern half of San Francisco, and there must be some earnest persuasion before an agreement putting that county into the Sixth District can be reached. In case Santa Clara goes into the Sixth, then the southern part of San Francisco, San Mateo and Santa Cruz will make the Fifth.

Assembly apportionment was gone into far enough to decide to make a single Assembly district of Tulare and Kings. The bill, which gave each of them one also took one from Sacramento, so when the two are consolidated it leaves an Assemblyman unaccounted for, and so Sacramento will get back her coveted legislator.

There will be another caucus to-morrow, when the fate of Santa Clara will be decided upon, and to-morrow night the whole subject will come before the Senate.

The San Francisco delgations from both Senate and Assembly caucused this evening and the following plan of Assembly and Senatorial districts was submitted. It met with general favor and will probably meet with but little change. It was drawn up by William Rickard, clerk of the delegation. The Assembly districts are:

Twenty-eighth—Starting at the water front, along Market to Fourth, to Folsom, to Third, to Bryant, to the bay and back to Market.

Twenty-ninth — Starting at Market and Fourth, along Market to Sixth, to Bryant, to Third, to Folsom, to Fourth, to Market.

Thirtieth—Starting at Market and Sixth, along Market to Tenth, to Howard, to Eleventh, to Bryant, to Sixth, to Market.

Thirty-first—Starting at Bryant and the bay, along Bryant to Eleventh, to Howard, to Twentieth, to the bay and back to Bryant.

Thirty-second—Starting at Twentieth and the bay, along Twentieth, to Howard, to Army, to San Bruno road, to the county line, thence to the bay and back to Twentieth.

Thirty-third—Starting at San Bruno road and the county line, along San Bruno road to Army, to Guerrero, to Twenty-eighth, to Fowler, to Corbett road, to Ocean avenue, to the ocean, to the county line and to San Bruno road.

Thirty-fourth — Starting at Guerrero and Army, along Guerrero, to Twenty-eighth, to Fowler, to Twenty-fifth, to Lincoln avenue, to Cole, to Eighteenth, to Clayton, to Frederick, to Buena Vista avenue, to Thirteenth, to Church, to Army and to Guerrero.

Thirty-fifth—Starting at Army and Howard, along Army, to Church, to Seventeenth, to Howard, to Army.

Thirty-sixth—Starting at Seventeenth and Howard, along Seventeenth to Church, to Thirteenth, to Market, to Octavia, to Grove, to Polk, to Market, across Market to Tenth, to Howard and to Seventeenth.

Thirty-seventh—Starting at Octavia and Market, along Market to Thirteenth, to Buena Vista avenue, to Frederick, to Stanyan, to Fulton, to Octavia and to Market.

Thirty-eighth—Starting at Van Ness avenue and Grove, along Grove to Octavia, to Fulton, to Masonic avenue, to Geary, to Van Ness avenue and to Grove.

Thirty-ninth—Starting at Lyon and the bay, along Lyon to Washington, to Baker, to Geary, to Masonic avenue, to Fulton, to Stanyan, to Frederick, to Clayton, to Eighteenth, to Cole, to Lincoln avenue, to Twenty-fifth, to Fowler, to Corbett road, to Ocean road, to the Pacific Ocean and back to Lyon.

Fortieth—Starting at Geary and Van Ness avenue, along Geary to Baker, to Washington, to Van Ness avenue and to Geary.

Forty-first—Starting at Taylor and the bay, along Taylor to Broadway, to Van Ness avenue, to Washington, to Lyon, to the bay and to Taylor.

Forty-second—Starting at Market and Polk, along Polk to Grove, to Van Ness, to Broadway, to Hyde, to Ellis, to Jones, to Market and to Polk.

Forty-third—Starting at Jones and Market, along Jones to Ellis, to Hyde, to Broadway, to Mason, to Market and to Jones.

Forty-fourth—Starting at Market and the bay, along Market, to Mason, to Broadway, to the bay and to Market.

Forty-fifth—Starting at Broadway and the bay, along Broadway to Taylor, to the bay and to Broadway.

To make the Senatorial districts the Assembly districts are coupled up in this way:

Seventeenth Senatorial—Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Assembly.

Eighteenth Senatorial—Thirtieth and Thirty-first Assembly.

Nineteenth Senatorial—Thirty-second and Thirty-fifth Assembly.

Twentieth Senatorial—Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Assembly.

Twenty-first Senatorial—Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth Assembly.

Twenty-second Senatorial—Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Assembly.

Twenty-third Senatorial—Thirty-sixth and Forty-second Assembly.

Twenty-fourth Senatorial—Forty-third and Forty-fourth Assembly.

Twenty-fifth Senatorial—Forty-first and Forty-fifth Assembly.

The Alameda delegation met in caucus this afternoon and decided upon the reapportionment lines of the Assembly and Senatorial districts of the county. The new Senatorial district is to be formed by grouping Murray, Washington and Eden townships. The additional Assembly district is given to Berkeley, in the main, the northern ends of the two districts extending into Berkeley being cut off and joined into a new district. Alameda gains also, being given a district to itself, Brooklyn being put in with the Seventh Ward of Oakland. Foster's district.

The Los Angeles delegation decided in caucus to-day upon the reapportionment lines of that county. The reapportionment is figured upon the basis of nine Assemblymen and five Senators, an increase of three in the former and two in the latter.

COMMISSION TO SELECT SCHOOL TEXTBOOKS

Leavitt Introduces a Bill in Accordance With the Recent Action of the State Educational Authorities

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—In pursuance of the recent action of the State educational authorities Senator Leavitt has introduced a bill providing for a "State textbook commission," defining its duties and providing for it an appropriation of $10,000 and a permanent revenue from the sale of the books compiled by the commission.

The commission provided is composed of one commissioner appointed for a term of four years by the Governor, and two more, one of whom shall be the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and the other the Superintendent of State Printing, both of whom shall serve on the commission by virtue of their offices. The appointed commissioner is allowed a salary of $3000 a year and the commission is allowed to appoint a secretary at a salary of $2400 a year. The appointed commissioner is required to file a bond of $5000.

The duties of the commission are set forth in the following paragraph of the bill:

Said Commissioners shall immediately enter upon the discharge of their duties, and shall have power, subject to the approval of the State Board of Education, to revise such textbooks as are now in use, in whole or in part, to compile such other or additional textbooks or books as they may deem necessary or proper for the use of the common schools throughout the State, or to purchase, contract for or lease copyrights, engravings, plates and other matter of similar character, for the purpose of procuring a first-class, uniform series of textbooks for use in all the common schools of the State of California; they shall have power to prescribe and enforce the use of a uniform series of textbooks and a course of study in all the public schools, and to adopt a list of books and apparatus for supplementary use and for district school libraries, subject to the approval of the State Board of Education; and as soon as any textbook or books shall have been compiled, adopted and printed, ready for distribution, it shall be the duty of each County Superintendent of Schools to order and purchase a sufficient quantity thereof to give at least one copy to each school in the county in which he is Superintendent; and payment therefor shall be made out of any moneys appropriated for the school library funds or any other fund that may be available for library purposes.

By the terms of this paragraph the work of the commission is placed under the direction and control of the State Board of Education. It also limits the work of the commission to textbooks for the common schools.

The subjects upon which the commission is authorized to compile textbooks are set forth in the bill as follows:

Reading, writing, orthography, language lessons, English grammar, arithmetic, geography, history of the United States, physiology, hygiene, vocal music, elements of bookkeeping, industrial drawing, word analysis and civil government.

The bill provides further that 5 per cent of the sale of textbooks each year shall be devoted to the expenses incurred by the commission under the provisions of the act. This means that after the $10,000 appropriated to start the commission on its work has been expended the expenses of the commission shall be borne by the addition to the price of the books sufficient to pay for the copyrighted matter which they contain. It is provided also that once a textbook has been compiled and adopted it shall be in force at least ten years, provided that in the meantime the commission may revise the book if it sees fit. Also that all mechanical work done upon State textbooks shall be done by the Superintendent of State Printing.

JAIL SATISFIES THE "SMASHER"

Mrs. Carrie Nation Declines Offer of a Bond for Her Release.

TOPEKA, Kans., Feb. 20.—Judge Hazen of the District Court to-day continued the case of Mrs. Carrie Nation, charged with smashing Murphy's joint, until the April term of court. The cases against Dr. Eva Harding, Mrs. Rose Crist, Miss Madeline Southard, Mrs. Chadwick and C. R. McDowell were also continued.

The feature of the hearing this afternoon was the way in which Mrs. Nation enlivened the proceedings. The dignity hedging the judicial bench has no more terrors for her than the commonest joint. She seems to treat both joints and courts with utter contempt. She arose several times to address the court and each time called him "your Dishonor." When asked if she were ready for trial, Mrs. Nation, who acts as her own attorney, said:

"Your Dishonor, I am incapable of trying my case this afternoon, as I have been poisoned by cigarette smoke in the County Jail. I want to see how the other cases are tried, anyway."

Captain J. G. Waters, one of the attorneys for the defense, asked that the cases all be postponed until the next term of court. Judge Hazen said:

"I see that if the cases go over until the next term of court it will be difficult to get a jury. It will be better to settle the point of law now. I shall call the case against Stark on Monday morning."

Stark is charged with participating in the raid on Murphy's joint Sunday morning. He is employed in a hardware store here. Stark's lawyer requested that his client's case also go over for this term.

"I would prefer to try a man on this charge rather than a woman," said Judge Hazen. "You may call a special venire if you wish and I think it will be necessary. I expect to try only this one case."

Miss Madeline Southard and Mrs. Crist, who have been with Mrs. Nation in the County Jail, gave bonds for $500 each and were released. One of the signers of the bonds was Edward Wilder, treasurer of the Atchison Railway.

The indications are that there will be a bitter legal fight over the trial. The attorneys for the defense will insist that they be granted a change of venue on account of the alleged prejudice of Judge Hazen.

Mrs. Nation is yet in the County Jail. She refused an offer of bonds from her brother, J. V. Moore, of Kansas City.

WINFIELD, Kans., Feb. 20.—Noon today was the time set by the crusaders for the jointists of Winfield to close their places on pain of having them demolished. The temperance people, however, accepted a report of Mayor Bright and a committee of business men, who went through the buildings vacated by the jointists, that all had quit business, and issued a statement that hostilities would cease until it could be seen whether the Mayor would keep the joints closed. By this act it is believed that serious trouble has been avoided, at least for the time being.

Large crowds gathered on the streets to-day waiting for "something to happen" and the Marshal deputized several dozen men to keep order and prevent any attempt at saloon smashing. The people were dispersed without trouble and the day passed off quietly. Two jointists who engaged in Saturday's tussle were arrested and held on a charge of assault with intent to kill. The County Attorney has demanded the assistance of the city officials in enforcing the law against liquor selling. Mayor Albright has aroused much bitter feeing by referring to the temperance people as "religious cranks."

WICHITA, Kans., Feb. 20.—A definite plan has been formed here in case of a raid on the saloons in the nighttime, which is expected to take place at any moment, to call out the fire department to reinforce the inadequate police service. For the purpose of quelling a riot the firemen will be permanently clothed with the authority of policemen, with power to deputize citizens, at next Monday night's Council meeting, and until then it is understood that they have temporary authority to make arrests. There are twenty-six men in the fire department so located that some of them can reach any saloon in town within three minutes.

It is reported on reliable authority that Judge Dale of the District Court to-day made a statement that the ministers of churches shall have no immunity from arrest so far as his court is concerned if they use language calculated to incite a riot, even though such language may be used in the pulpit.

Junket to Ukiah.

CALL HEADQUARTERS, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 20.—By resolution of Muenter another junket was arranged by the Senate to-day, this time to the State Hospital at Ukiah. By Muenter's resolution Laird, Smith of Los Angeles and Muenter, of the Committee on Hospitals, and Luchsinger, McNutt and Greenwell, of the Finance Committee, and Caldwell, unattached, were allowed to take the Ukiah trip. Later, by resolution of Nelson, Maggard, Bettman and Nelson, of the Health Committee, were added to the junket.

Masonic Gathering at Stockton.

STOCKTON, Feb. 20.—Lieutenant Governor J. H. Neff, grand master of the Grand Council of Royal and Select Masters, and a number of visitors from San Francisco and Sacramento visited Stockton Council to-night. It was a large Masonic gathering.

DEFALCATIONS IN LAND OFFICE

Records at Salem Falsified During Administration of G. W. Davis.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 20.—The special committee appointed by the Legislature to examine the books of the State Land Office to-day reported that a defalcation of $30,000 had been discovered in that department, the shortage having occurred in 1894 and when George W. Davis handled the school funds.

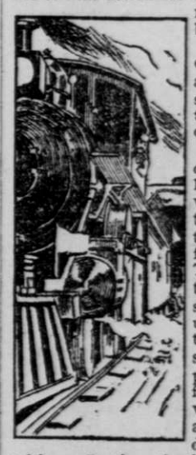
It appears that the records were falsified by credit being taken for payments to the State Treasurer greater in amount than were actually made. In some cases this was accomplished by taking credit twice for one payment, while in other cases the first entries were changed so as to increase the amounts.

The first changes appear under date of August 1, 1894, and the last on January 12, 1896.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Engineer

Leaning from the cab window does more with his ears than his eyes. The "rumble and grumble and roar" of his engine are to him articulate speech, and a false note in that jumble of sounds would catch his ear as quickly as a discord would strike the ear of the leader of an orchestra.



He thinks more of his engine than himself. That is why he neglects to notice symptoms which are full of warning. The foul tongue, the bitter taste, sour risings, and undue fullness after eating are but symptoms of dyspepsia or some form of disease involving the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. In time the heart, liver, lungs, or other organs are involved and the engineer has to lay off.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It purifies the blood and builds up the body with sound healthy flesh.

"I used ten bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and several vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets' a year ago this spring, and have had no trouble with indigestion since," writes Mr. W. T. Thompson, of Townsend, Broadwater Co., Montana. "Words fail to tell how thankful I am for the relief, as I had suffered so much and it seemed that the doctors could do me no good. I got down in weight to 125 pounds, and was not able to work at all. Now I weigh 160 and can do a day's work on the farm. I have recommended your medicine to several, and shall always have a good word to say for Dr. Pierce and his medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

is only possible when your feet are on the pedals, and behind the pedals the reliable

MORROW COASTER BRAKE.

Adds one hundred per cent. to the pleasure of cycling. Sold by all dealers. Booklet free.

Eclipse Mfg. Co., Manufac'rs, Elmira, N.Y.

For sale by all dealers in bicycles and bicycle sundries.

FOR STOMACH DISORDERS, GOUT and DYSPEPSIA, DRINK

VICHY CELESTINS

Best NATURAL Alkaline Water.

MINE VICTIMS ARE LAID TO REST

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CUMBERLAND, B. C., Feb. 20.—Four more bodies were brought up from the mine to-night. They are those of James Halliday and Vincenzo Crosetti and a Chinese and a Japanese. The four bodies were found lying on fallen timbers, as though the victims had been killed by the afterdamp while in the act of crawling over the cave.

Both men were married, Halliday leaving a widow and daughter at Lethbridge, N. W. T., and Crosetti, a widow and family at Turin, Italy.

The bodies of Fleck, Munro, Bardisoni and their helpers will soon be found.

To-day has been given over for the most part to funerals, which are taking place every hour or two. There have been seven in all, the first occurring at 8 a. m. This was that of Dan McInnes, whose body was followed to the cemetery by the Orange Lodge. Then at 9 a. m. the body of a Japanese was followed by his countrymen to the grave, and at 11 a. m. the same men went again to the cemetery behind the remains of another Japanese. At 1 p. m. the Welshmen of the community followed the body of Dave M. Davis to his last resting place, and at 2 p. m. two Chinese were given a double funeral. At 4 p. m. another Japanese was buried. All day the fire hall, which has been turned into a morgue, was the starting place of funerals.

Some of the families of the dead miners are in distress, particularly that of William Sneddon, who when killed was going down to get his tools before going to Wellington to bury his child. The letter telling him of his child's death also advised him that his family was in want.

TO SETTLE DISPUTE IN VENEZUELA

Asphalt Company in Favor of International Arbitration.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL BUREAU, 1406 G STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—International arbitration as a means of settlement of the Venezuelan asphalt dispute is proposed to the Government by the New York and Bermudez Company in a brief filed to-day with Acting Secretary of State Hill. This brief is presented by John D. Lindsay, a New York lawyer. It is recited in the brief that the vested rights of the New York and Bermudez Company were acquired legitimately and are matters of record in the Venezuelan courts. They have been repeatedly confirmed by the Venezuelan courts and authorities until now, when President Castro nullifies all these preceding and existing contracts and rights and disobeys the laws of his own country. Under these circumstances, it is declared, it would be idle to appeal for redress to the Venezuelan court. The President has overidden their former decrees and would as readily override their future ones.

When a poor man wants assistance the world is always ready to oblige him—to keep on wanting.

DARING THEFT OF DIAMONDS

Special Dispatch to The Call.

SEATTLE, Feb. 20.—A daring diamond robbery occurred at 10 o'clock to-night in the heart of the business district of the city, under the glare of the electric lights and in the presence of two policemen.

While the proprietor of the Chicago Loan Office was closing his establishment the thief hurled a brick through a large plate glass window, grabbed several hundred dollars' worth of diamond rings and made his escape in the darkness. The proprietor was powerless to offer resistance, owing to the fact that the robber took the precaution to bar the door from the outside, effectively circumventing any attempt at interference from within.

An examination of the window showed that a brick bound in cloth had been hurled through the glass. A chain, on either end of which was a hook, had been looped over the door and attached to the door casing. Two police officers, who were standing near by, heard the crash and one of them saw the thief as he darted into an alley next to the Olympic Block. The thief escaped through a basement stairway leading into a saloon and into an adjoining street.

Charged With Larceny.

ALBANY, Or., Feb. 20.—John Gates, assistant janitor at the Statehouse in Salem, was arrested here to-day on a charge of larceny of $1500. The warrant was sworn to by H. L. Gill of Woodburn. Thirteen one-hundred dollar bills were found upon his person. He was lodged in jail here and to-morrow will be taken to Salem. Chief of Police Gibson of Salem says there is a mystery about the case, as the complaining witness declines to state in what manner the money was stolen.

Vital Power

Is that subtle influence that makes each organ of the body able and active in maintaining health. It is only another name for nerve-force. That is why such disorders as neuralgia, headache, backache, indigestion, worry, irritable temper and loss of sleep, that depress the spirits and weaken the nerves, also destroy the vitality. To maintain your vital power and resistive strength see to it that the nerves are strong and healthy.

"I was troubled with female weakness, dizzy and sinking spells and was nervous, sleepless, and confined to my bed about half of the time. After doctoring for many months without getting any relief I bought a bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine. The second day I could eat well and that night I slept soundly until morning—the first time in many weeks. Six bottles cured me."

MRS. LOUISA O'NEAL, Ripley, Ills.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

feeds and strengthens the nerves, gives zest to the appetite, tone to the digestion and builds up the vital power to resist attacks of disease.

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