FIGHT A DUEL WITH PISTOLS

Drunken Man and Police Officer in a Fierce Battle.

Bullets Used Freely to Settle a Dispute at Santa Rosa.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

SANTA ROSA, Nov. 25.—A battle with bullets occurred here to-night and resulted in the fatal wounding of Frederick Allen and the disabling of Policeman Herman Hankel. The death of Allen is expected at any moment.

Allen was considerably under the influence of liquor during the evening and endeavored to create a disturbance in the tenderloin district of the town. He ordered a drink in a house and then refused to pay for it. The policeman was immediately summoned.

As Hankel entered the house Allen drew a pistol and fired three shots at him. The first bullet took effect in the policeman's right leg near the knee. Hankel, although pretty much disabled, was not slow to return the fire and managed to empty his revolver in the direction of Allen, who retreated to the rear of the house.

Allen made his exit by the back door and Hankel hurried around the building to intercept him. Then began another battle. Allen had taken his stand near a woodshed and fired at the approaching officer. Hankel was again ready and landed one bullet in the stomach of his adversary. By this time, however, he was weak from loss of blood and was forced to discontinue the fight.

A passerby obtained a revolver at the house and pursued Allen to the creek bank, where the latter fell exhausted. He was immediately arrested and conveyed to a hospital. Hankel was taken to his home, where the bullet in his leg was extracted.

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Stops all losses in 24 hours. Five hundred reward for any case we cannot cure. This secret remedy cures Emissions, Impotency, Varicocele, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Strictures, Drains, Lost Manhood and all other wasting effects of self-abuse or excesses. Sent sealed, $2 bottle; 3 bottles, $5; guaranteed to cure any case. Call or address orders HALL'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 855 Broadway, Oakland, Cal. Also for sale at 1075½ Market st., S. F. Send for free book.

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STORM FIRST, THEN MUTINY

Exciting Occurrences on a Vessel in the North.

Gale Tosses the Craft and Sailors Demand Speedy Return.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

SEATTLE, Nov. 25.—With a part of her crew of twenty-four in mutiny and after escaping shipwreck during a furious gale in the Gulf of Georgia, by superhuman effort the fishing schooner Rainier, Captain A. Welding in command, tied up at Chlopeck's dock last night.

Trouble commenced aboard the vessel directly after she left on last Wednesday evening, bound for the Dixons Entrance fishing grounds. Water was discovered coming through the steamer's overboard discharge pipes, which were afterward found to have been neglected. Captain Welding refuses to place the blame for the affair, but it is said that the engineers should have looked after the pipes before the trip commenced. No harm was caused by the small inflow, which at the time did not amount to much. The vessel was listed slightly to port at the captain's orders and any immediate danger was averted. The voyage was continued.

On Thursday night the Gulf of Georgia was reached. The weather became bad and the wind soon attained the proportions of a gale. The leak became worse and the steamer was pitched around like a cockle shell. The pitching, which was violent, caused the bilge water to swash around and finally it closed up the strainers. The dirt from the interior of the hull clogged up the outlet and the water kept pouring in over the sides and through the pipes.

Gradually the Rainier was filling with water. The captain and crew of the steamer were cool and partly to that fact they owe their lives. Bucket lines were formed and the water was bailed out by hand. It was brought up through the engine-room and passed from man to man, then thrown outside over a protecting door. For three hours and a half the Rainier struggled through the gale. Finally the storm-driven vessel reached Cape Mud and found a partially safe anchorage behind protecting land. There she remained until the worst of the storm was over. Temporary repairs were made, so far as could be accomplished under the circumstances, and Captain Welding decided to run for the nearest port and then continue the voyage north.

At this announcement there was a mutiny. First Assistant Engineer Gale and two of the firemen refused to continue the voyage. They claimed that the vessel was unsafe and after declining point blank to obey the captain's orders the latter started the steamer for home. He reached port yesterday afternoon and reported the facts to the Chlopeck Fish Company, who own the steamer. They immediately discharged the mutineers and part of the crew.

RAIN CAUSES BREAK IN A GIGANTIC DAM

Large Amount of Money Lost by Escape of Lumber in Washington.

TACOMA, Nov. 25.—The largest logging boom in Southwestern Washington has been nearly destroyed by the rainstorm and freshets sweeping over this State during the past week. This boom was built in Wind River, its main feature being a dam across the river fourteen miles above Stevenson, where it empties into the Columbia. The dam was built by the Storey & Keeler Lumber Company and had a capacity of a hundred million feet of logs. The boom covered 800 acres of surface, with the water ranging from eight to thirteen feet in depth. In another week the dam would have been finished.

The break in it occurred during the high water of Saturday night and by Sunday an immense torrent was rushing through. Millions of feet of logs have been lost and they are still passing out into the Columbia River and thence down the stream toward the ocean. The loss amounts to over $10,000.

ACCUSE ELOCUTIONIST OF FAILURE TO PAY

Hotel People at Alviso Cause Arrest of Woman Because of a Bill.

SAN JOSE, Nov. 25.—An unpaid board bill of $1 25 at the Montague Hotel at Alviso led to the arrest of Miss Lottie L. Tillotson, a traveling elocutionist, at Santa Clara to-day.

The young lady has been giving recitals in the various towns of the county, and Saturday gave an entertainment at Alviso. Miss Tillotson claims she had a contract with the Trustees whereby they were to entertain her from Saturday till Monday and in return she was to give the scholars special rates. At the door $4 25 was taken in, and this Miss Tillotson kept. She left the hotel without paying her bill, expecting the Trustees to do that. Mrs. La Montague, the proprietress, swore to a complaint charging her with failure to pay a hotel bill. She was arrested by Constable Tomey this afternoon and released on $10 bail.

WITNESSES ARE READY IN THE LYNCHING CASE

ALTURAS, Nov. 25.—The trial of James Brown, constable, who is alleged to have been implicated in the Lookout lynching, began in Alturas this morning. The prosecution failed to file an affidavit in proper time, and the defense objected. The court overruled the objection, but gave the prosecution until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning to get the papers on file.

The courtroom was crowded, and many persons were compelled to stand. The 100 jurors and the eighty witnesses are now present, and in all probability the examination as to the qualification of jurors will begin to-morrow.

Claim Thousands for Salvage.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 25.—The collier Victoria, which was picked up by the collier San Mateo between San Francisco and this port with her tail shaft and propeller gone, has been libeled by the Pacific Improvement Company, owners of the San Mateo, for $50,000, they claiming this amount as salvage.

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Malt Breakfast Food, with Cream.
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is the most delicious of breakfast foods. The malt used in Malt Breakfast Food renders the starch of the wheat soluble, and adds to the nutritive value of this great health food. Malt Breakfast Food is the food par excellence for young and old. Its use guarantees continued health and bodily vigor. Once tried, it becomes the favorite morning dish. At all grocers.

HAWAII'S HOME-RULE REPUBLICANS DECLARE FOR CHINESE EXCLUSION

Adopt Resolutions Denouncing Acting Governor Cooper's Appeal for Coolie Immigration and Urge Delegate Wilcox to Labor in Congress for the Removal of Sanford B. Dole From Office

TWO LEADERS OF OPPOSING FACTIONS IN THE POLITICS OF HAWAII.

HONOLULU, Nov. 19.—Delegate Robert W. Wilcox leaves for Washington on the Oceanic steamship Sierra, which carries this letter. He is "instructed" in the following resolutions, enthusiastically carried last night by a mass meeting of Home Rule Republicans:

Whereas, Henry E. Cooper, as Acting Governor of the Territory of Hawaii, has submitted his annual report for 1901 to the Secretary of the Interior; and,

Whereas, The said report, under the subhead "Labor," the Acting Governor has made statements absolutely at variance with the actual conditions existing in these islands; conditions which no man holding the high office of Governor and interested in the advancement of civilization and the Americanizing of this Territory could either ignore or dare to deny; and,

Whereas, The entire report under this subhead is couched in form inviting special legislation in the interests of the classes; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of the Home Rule Republican party, in mass-meeting assembled, do urge the Territorial Delegate to Congress to use every effort to defeat the object of legislation invited and to devote his entire energy to securing the re-enactment of the Asiatic exclusion laws, because:

First—Ninety per cent of the present Asiatic population originally came to these islands as contract laborers.

Second—Of the total Asiatic population there are but 35 per cent employed on sugar plantations.

Compete With White Labor.

Third—Not to exceed 25 per cent of the remainder work in rice fields, the other three-fourths being active competitors in every mechanical and industrial occupation as well as in mercantile pursuits, with Americans in this Territory to-day, and this circumstance, together with our Hawaiian land laws, are the potent factors preventing the influx of desirable American farmers and mechanics.

Fourth—There are in these islands to-day more than 12,000 Asiatics, who, had the Government acted in good faith, would now be in their native land, and we affirm without fear of contradiction that any condition looking to the return of any laborers to the place of their nativity would be violated as was the law in the case of these coolies.

Fifth—The immigration of unskilled labor has not ceased. There is a constant stream of Porto Rican laborers coming to these islands, assisted to these shores by the Planters' Labor and Supply Company. These assisted immigrants are a most undesirable addition to our island community—illiterate, impecunious, of low vitality and lower morals. Many of them occupy prison cells, either for crimes committed or for vagrancy, thus through special privilege another dangerous and burdensome element is injected into our excessively cosmopolitan community, to be assimilated at untold sacrifice to the community at large—while creating conditions favorable to "the successful and economical production of sugar."

Sixth—The white man can speak for himself, but we are satisfied that he, like ourselves, would work anywhere and at anything that will yield him the value of his labor.

That the white man will not stoop to the economics and associations of the "camp" or "barracks" is a matter to his credit.

When "American" land laws pave the way to "American" occupation of this Territory, the Hawaiian-American will give cordial greeting to those coming across the water to live in our midst and "raise cane."

Seventh—The relief, if any is required, is at hand. We already have a large surplus of Asiatics in our midst. A slight increase of wages will bring all that are required on the plantations.

Demands Removal of Dole.

These resolutions were passed as read, as were the following:

Whereas, The Governor of this Territory is personally soliciting loans on Government account, from private sources, pledging therefor the public credit and guaranteeing that, as heretofore, illegal acts of this kind will be ratified and provision made for their payment by the next Legislature; and,

Whereas, The Superintendent of Public Works has been and now is making agreements, in advance of legislative action, whereby the credit of this Territory is pledged to private corporations for materials to be furnished and labor to be performed (said agreements being themselves violations of law in that there has been no call for tenders as required for work or materials to the value of $500 or over); and,

Whereas, These and kindred acts of the executive are in plain violation of law and subversive of those principles of democracy contemplated by the constitution of the United States and the organic act creating the Territory of Hawaii; and,

Whereas, There is ample opportunity for promptly creating the legal conditions necessary for meeting present requirements without resort to the questionable practices herein complained of; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Territorial Delegate to Congress be respectfully requested to inform the President and Congress of the United States of the actions of the executive of this Territory and to request the removal of Sanford B. Dole for lack of ability to understandingly interpret the constitution and laws given him for guidance.

Resolved, That the Home Rule Republicans, in mass-meeting assembled, give notice to those advancing money or creating other obligations to be settled by the next Legislature, that they had better secure the payment of any obligation by seeking a personal bond from those contracting for anything for which specific appropriation has not been made in the name of the Government.

Resolved, That the Representatives and Senators of this party will go into the next Legislature pledged to repudiate any unlawful acts of the executive and make him and the heads of departments personally responsible for obligations created by them.

Cooper's Plea for Coolies.

Speaking of the Asiatic labor question, a significant point has been made by white Republicans. They recall that Governor Dole, in his inaugural address, hailed annexation as ushering in Americanism in the settlement and development of the country, contradistinguished to the Asiaticizing process to which the sugar planting interests had for many years been subjecting the islands. These inaugural utterances of the Governor are pitted against the piteous appeal of Acting Governor Cooper, during the disability of Dole, in the report of the Territorial executive to the Secretary of the Interior for the admission of Asiatic labor to save the plantations.

The reference to Government contracts in the Home Rule Republican resolutions is based on a glaring instance of evasion of the Territorial law now being enacted. There is great need of new wharf accommodation, especially in view of the leviathans of the Pacific Mail soon to come here. In the present dearth of revenues the Government has no means for supplying the want. Under these circumstances, H. Hackfeld & Co., agents for the Pacific Mail steamers, offered to supply the funds for constructing a new wharf and the Government employed Cotton Bros. & Co. to do the work, trusting to a future Legislature to reimburse Hackfeld. There is a law of the Territory, however, forbidding any public work costing more than $500 without submission to open tender.

In the meantime the wharf construction has been attacked by a private antagonist. The Oahu Railway and Land Company, which secured fourteen years ago from the then Thurston Government a practical gift of a valuable streak of harbor frontage, has sued for an injunction against the Superintendent of Public Works and Cotton Bros. & Co. Proceedings have reached the stage of the filing of a demurrer by the Cottons, but were postponed this afternoon until Monday in the United States District Court owing to the absence of James H. Boyd, Superintendent of Public Works.

WILCOX IS NON-COMMITTAL.

Says There Is a Division of Sentiment Among Constituents.

Delegate to Congress R. W. Wilcox of Hawaii arrived in the city yesterday and is at the Occidental. He says that there is a division of opinion on the islands in reference to Chinese exclusion. The laboring classes are anxious to have the Japanese as well as the Chinese barred. On the other hand rich planters are desirous that Chinese be allowed to land. The Chinese, says Wilcox, are the only ones that can be induced to work in the rice fields, which are flooded at certain seasons of the year.

Delegate Wilcox says that he feels assured that Congress will take some action this session in reference to making an allowance for ex-Queen Liliuokalani. She would be satisfied if she were voted a quarter of a million dollars and he believes that would be both a reasonable and fair amount.

CARELESS USE OF OIL CAUSES FOUR DEATHS

Young Woman Pours Kerosene on Fire and Kills Herself and Three Sisters.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 25.—Four persons were burned to death and two seriously injured in a fire at 4:30 o'clock this morning which destroyed the residence of J. G. Miller on Charles street, Knoxville, a suburb of this city. The dead:

AMELIA MILLER, aged 19 years; suffocated by the smoke.

AMANDA MILLER, aged 16 years; suffocated.

SARA MILLER, aged 9 years; suffocated.

The injured: J. G. Miller, the father; jumped from a second story window; leg broken and bruised; will recover. Mrs. Miller, badly burned and on verge of nervous prostration.

The other daughters, aged 11 and 13 years, escaped without injury.

The fire was caused by the eldest daughter, Rose, pouring kerosene in the stove to start the fire for breakfast. The oil in the can ignited and the explosion, which was terrific, scattered the burning oil over the room. The flames spread so quickly that Miller was forced to jump from the second story window after rescuing his wife and two of his younger daughters. Rose was burned almost to a crisp and died before reaching the hospital. The three others were overcome by the smoke. Their bodies were found in the ruins after the fire had been extinguished. Mrs. Miller was just recovering from a severe illness and is almost distracted over the terrible affair. Fears are entertained that she will not survive the shock.

Shoots and Kills His Partner.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., Nov. 25.—In a street duel this morning Lee Hartsough shot and instantly killed G. C. McLaughlin, his partner. The men ran a livery stable and quarreled over the hiring of a hostler. McLaughlin fell at the first fire. This is the second killing to occur in Sheridan in less than a week.

THIEVES ASSAULT MILKMAN TWICE

On Second Hold-Up the Victim Delivers His Coin.

Oakland Office San Francisco Call,
1118 Broadway, Nov. 25.

Percy Lee, a milkman, had a lively experience to-night with a brace of footpads. He was twice assaulted. He vanquished his assailants on the first onslaught, but yielded to the searching process and delivered a small sum of money the second time. In a short time after he reported the matter to the police he had the satisfaction of identifying his assailants.

While Lee was about to deliver milk at a residence at Eleventh and Jefferson streets two men approached him and demanded his money. He swung the can in which he was carrying the milk and discomfited his assailants. Then he proceeded on his rounds. He had not gone more than three blocks away from the point of the first attack when he was again assaulted at the corner of Ninth and Grove streets.

One of the men who attacked him threw his arm around his neck, while his companion went through his pockets. The robbers secured $4 85. Lee lost no time in reporting the matter to the police. Sergeant Green and Police Officer Flynn were detailed to find the men. Half an hour later they had Edward Nelson and Joseph McCauley in custody. Lee was sent for and identified them as the thieves who held him up both times. As they could give no satisfactory explanation of their movements during the night, they were booked on two charges of robbery. Both men are said to be ex-convicts, and the police are looking up their records.

GAS ENGINE BELT CAUSES FATAL INJURY

Son of Senator Cox of Sacramento Killed in Accident at a Ranch.

BAKERSFIELD, Nov. 25.—Croft J. Cox, son of Senator Cox of Sacramento and superintendent of the Cox & Clarke interests in this county, was injured to-day by being caught in a machinery belt at the Cox-Clarke ranch, near Wasco, twenty-eight miles from this city, and his death occurred a few hours later.

Cox was at work about a buzz saw, which was run by a belt attached to a gas engine. In some unaccountable manner his clothing became entangled in the belt. Before the machinery could be stopped he had sustained fractures of a leg and an arm and severe bruises of the face and scalp.

LOSES HIS POSITION BECAUSE OF WHIPPING

Police Official in Seattle Ordered Out by the Civil Service Commission.

SEATTLE, Nov. 25.—The Civil Service Commission to-day passed judgment in the police investigation case, summarily dismissing Police Clerk Easson and suspending for thirty days without pay Sergeant George M. Leighton.

Easson and Leighton were charged with using a blacksnake whip on the son and nephew of General Manager George W. Dickinson of the Seattle Electric Company, the boys having been arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Good Pictures.

What people want are good pictures and plenty of them. Pictures have ceased to be a luxury. They are a necessity. To-day no house is furnished that lacks pictures. They are as much a necessity as carpets on the floor. It is our pleasure to furnish good pictures at reasonable prices. Sanborn, Vail & Co., 741 Market street.

STORM CAUSES HEAVY LOSSES

Many Buildings at Long Branch Are Badly Damaged.

Five Members of a Wrecked Barge Are Reported Drowned.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Reports of the damage done by the storm of Saturday night and Sunday continue to come in. Details from points on the Jersey coast, the southern coast of Long Island and the upper shore of Long Island Sound show that the destruction was widespread and the monetary loss much heavier than at first supposed.

Long Branch reports to-night show that hardly a building there escaped some damage. As evidence of the force of the wind, a plank about twenty feet long, seven inches wide and two inches thick was torn from the roof of the pier pavilion and blown across Ocean avenue. It struck Lenox Hotel end-on and was driven into the side of the building to a depth of four or five feet.

The wreck of the tug Haddon at Long Branch is complete. The ship Flotbek stands almost upright in the sand. The work of unrigging her commenced to-day. She will be unloaded as she lies. This will be comparatively easy. All that will be needed will be to back wagons up to her side at low tide and load the cargo into them.

The wealthy New Yorkers who have summer houses on the upper shore of the Sound to-day visited them to find wreck and ruin in all directions. The shore walks are in ruins while fine shade trees are laid low and extensive lawns piled high with sand and wreckage.

The storm-bound shipping was released early to-day, but the seacoast railway and trolley service will be poor until the washouts are filled in. Linemen were busy restoring prostrated telegraph and telephone wires to-day, but it will be a couple of days before these services are completely restored.

The extent of the damage to the Rapid Transit tunnel was not fully determined to-day.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25.—Advices received to-day by the Maritime Exchange state that five men were drowned yesterday at Long Branch during the height of the northeast storm which swept the Atlantic coast Saturday night and Sunday. The men are supposed to have been members of the crews of the barges Wilmore and Grant, which were lost by the tug Eureka, which arrived in New York yesterday and reported that she had lost her tow and had no tidings of either crew. The two barges came ashore at Chadwick, N. J., about one and a half miles south of Long Branch. There were seven men on the barges when they went ashore. All of the crew of four on one of the barges were washed overboard and lost, while the life savers, with the aid of the breeches buoy, saved two of the men on the other barge. The third was washed overboard and drowned.

Further advices to the Maritime Exchange report the loss of the barges H. A. Hawgood for Providence, Mercedita for London and Davis for Fall River. The crews were all saved.

VINEYARDHAVEN, Mass., Nov. 25.—Cut off from communication with the mainland by cable for twenty-four hours, the people of Marthas Vineyard experienced during Saturday night and Sunday the heaviest northeast gale since November, 1898. Both on shore and in the harbor considerable damage was done.

The main damage on shore was the destruction of the new carshed which has just been completed for the Marthas Vineyard Electric Company. Telephone and telegraph wires and poles were prostrated all over the island.

BOUNCED BUTLER GOES TO PRISON

Mrs. Howard Gould Testifies Against Former Servant.

English Charge d'Affaires of Her Mansion Annoys Millionaire's Wife.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Mrs. Howard Gould appeared in the court of Justice of the Peace Allen, at Port Washington, L. I., to-day as complainant against Eric Hamilton, an Englishman in reduced circumstances, whom Mrs. Gould employed as a butler last week. He was instructed that he was not to remain out later than 10 o'clock on his night out, except by special permission. He went out for the first time on Thursday night and did not reach his room until 12 o'clock Friday morning. He got another chance.

On Friday evening Hamilton was sent to a drug store to have a prescription filled. He was asked to hurry back, because Mr. and Mrs. Gould were going to their country place at Port Washington and he had just about time to get back to the train with the rest of the servants. He went, but he didn't return. The rest went to Port Washington.

Hamilton knocked loudly at the gate of the Gould residence in Fifth avenue on Saturday morning and demanded to be let in. He was told the household had gone to Port Washington. Hamilton started for Long Island. The caretaker telephoned that the butler was coming and the man at the door of "Castle Gould" at Port Washington was told what to do when he came.

Hamilton walked up to the front door and was hurled out upon the lawn by two men who had for two short days been his official inferiors. He sought opportunity for thought in a clump of shrubbery. He emerged at dusk and made for the kitchen. A maid let him in and set cold meats before him.

Mrs. Gould went to the kitchen and informed Hamilton that he was no longer employed by her. He smiled at Mrs. Gould benignly and went on eating. The cook and the scullery man organized an ejection posse and had got Hamilton as far as the door, with a considerable sacrifice of furniture and crockery, when Mrs. Gould succeeded in making herself heard above the din. She said she wanted a policeman called.

On the arrival of the Port Washington constable, Hamilton surrendered and went away peaceably. Hamilton was held in $400 bonds to keep the peace for a year. In default of bonds he was sent to the Mineola jail.

INDIGNANT CITIZENS BURN COMMISSIONER IN EFFIGY

Great Excitement Caused by Release of Negro Who Stabbed a White Man.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Nov. 25.—United States Commissioner R. S. Dennee was to-night burned in effigy by an assemblage of 500 people of Roff, Indian Territory, and vicinity. This action was caused by Dennee's dismissal of a colored prisoner, Jeff Walker, who seriously stabbed a white man, W. L. Robertson, in Roff last Saturday.

An attempt was made to-day to lynch the negro. George White, the mob's leader, is now in jail at Ardmore for severely thrashing Dennee after the latter had liberated Walker. White was immediately arrested on Dennee's order and sentenced by him to three months' imprisonment and $250 fine.

A mob has formed and is now looking for Walker, whom they declare they will burn if found. Robertson will die.

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Suppose that you order a suit and we take your measure. In a couple of days you come for a "try on." In two or three days more the suit is finished. You try it on again. Almost invariably the suit fits, but if it doesn't you can have a choice of two things: We will make the necessary alterations to make the suit fit or refund your money.

Ever hear of another tailor doing this?

Our guarantee goes with every suit we make—even **our $10 made-to-measure suits,** of which we would like to show you samples.

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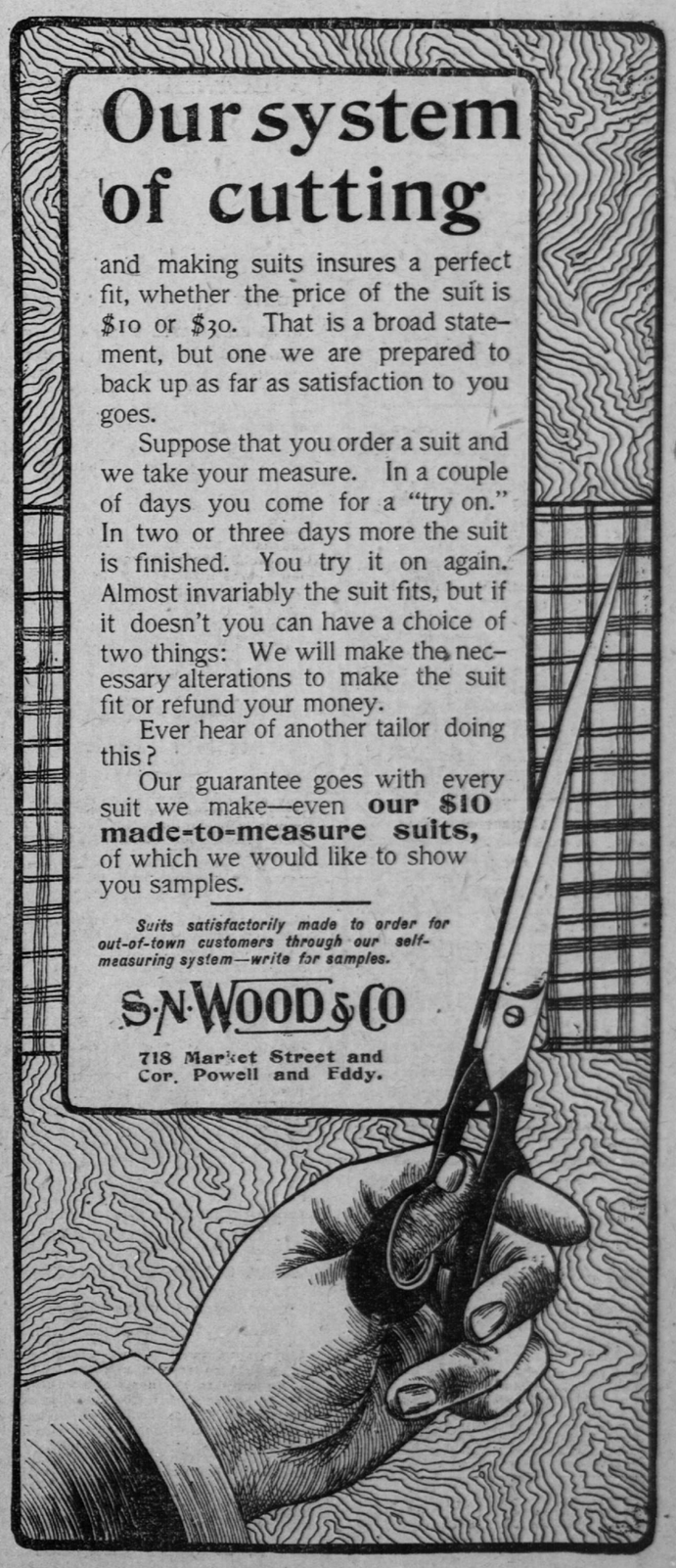
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