

CHINA PAPER
FOR PRINTING
FOR BOOKS
FOR REPORTS

Many Millions Wanted to Improve British Navy.

Estimates Submitted by the Secretary Show a Total of £31,255,000.

No Fewer Than Forty-Nine Ships to Be Launched This Year and Sixty Will Be Constructed Next Year.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The Secretary of the Admiralty, H. O. Arnold-Forster, introduced the naval estimates for 1902-3 in the House of Commons today. The estimates show a total of £31,255,000 as compared with £29,875,000 last year.

In regard to the naval reserve, the Secretary of the Admiralty said the Government had discovered that there were many objections to the engagement of men in Newfoundland. The movement would therefore be temporarily arrested, but legislation would be introduced legalizing the engagement of men in every part of the empire.

The Secretary further explained that promotion in the engineering department would be accelerated by the creation of ten new posts. He also said that the program of naval construction during the present year had been unparalleled. The present estimates, said the Secretary, gave the Government £10,000,000 for new ships and it was intended to spend the money. No fewer than forty-nine ships would be put in the water during the present year and next year there would be under construction sixty ships in addition to twenty-seven others that would be laid down. Besides this, a large programme of reconstruction would be undertaken, thereby adding greatly to the fighting power of the fleet.

Referring to the smaller craft, the Secretary said that unexpectedly rapid progress was being made with the submarine fleet and that several vessels would be added to this fleet. A new type of torpedo boat destroyer had been designed and it was hoped to obtain better results than in the case of the existing vessels.

After giving further details of the Admiralty's program, the Secretary concluded by saying that what the Admiralty was determined on was to prepare the fleet for war, a preparation for that day of trial which it was hoped would never come, but against which the Admiralty was in duty bound to provide.

STEEL CORPORATION AT WORK IN SWEDEN Report Is Made of Big Purchase, but an Official Makes a Denial.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Feb. 21.—According to the Tidningen the United States Steel Corporation has purchased all the shares of the Gellivare Ore Company at the nominal price of 6,000,000 kronen. It adds that the steel corporation will take over the working of the North Swedish mines in the autumn.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—A representative of the United States Steel Corporation declined today to report from Sweden that the corporation had purchased all the shares in that country. It was said that negotiations had been entered into some time ago between the London representative of the Carnegie Steel Company, acting for the United States Steel Corporation, and the owners of the Swedish properties referred to, but it was deemed wise by the steel corporation not to acquire these properties or make any purchases of this sort in foreign countries. The negotiations were then abandoned.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SINGERS AND SPEAKERS The New Remedy for Catarrh Is Very Valuable.

A Grand Rapids gentleman who represents a prominent manufacturing concern and travels through Central and Southern Michigan relates the following regarding the new catarrh cure. He says: "After suffering from catarrh of the head, throat and stomach for several years, I heard of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets quite accidentally and like everything else I immediately bought a package and was decidedly surprised at the immediate relief it afforded me and still more to find a complete cure after several weeks' use."



"I have a little son who sings in a boys' choir in one of our prominent churches, and who is greatly troubled with hoarseness and throat weakness, and on my return home from a trip I gave him a few of the tablets one morning and he had completely recovered his hoarseness. He was delighted with their effect and has since taken them in a few minutes and making the voice clear and strong."

"As the tablets are very pleasant to the taste, I had no difficulty in persuading him to use them regularly."

"Our family physician told us they were an antiseptic preparation of unadorned merit, and that he himself had no hesitation in using them in recommending Stuart's Catarrh Tablets for any form of catarrh."

"I have since met many public speakers and professional singers who used them constantly. A prominent Detroit lawyer told me that the Stuart's Catarrh Tablets kept his throat in fine shape during the most trying weather, and that he had long since discarded the use of cheap lozenges and troches on the advice of his physician that they contained so much tannin, pepsin and opium as to render their use a danger to health."

"They act upon the blood and mucous membrane and their composition and remarkable efficacy has won the approval of physicians, as well as thousands of sufferers from nasal catarrh, throat troubles and catarrh of the stomach."

FINAL RATIFICATION OF TREATY
PAVING WAY FOR ISLHMAN CANAL

Successful Outcome of the Labor of Secretary of State Hay and British Ambassador Pauncefote.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Final ratifications of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, giving England's assent to the construction of a canal across Central America by the United States, were exchanged at the State Department at 3 o'clock this afternoon. There was very little ceremony about the ratifications. Copies of the treaty have been prepared, precisely similar except in the fact that the signatures were inverted in one copy, and these were formally exchanged between Lord Pauncefote and Secretary Hay, a protocol being signed formally attesting to the fact, which will form part of the records.

Lord Pauncefote was in the best of humor over this successful outcome of the labors of himself and Secretary Hay, for he regarded the treaty as the most important convention ever drawn between the United States and Great Britain, and one that will do much to prevent friction in the future between the two peoples.

It was suggested that at the completion of this great work the British Government might regard Lord Pauncefote's work as ended, but this is not the case. Lord Lansdowne, the Secretary of Foreign Affairs, has signified to Lord Pauncefote his desire that he shall remain in Washington for an indefinite period.

LEAVES SCHOOL
ROOSEVELT'S SON DEPARTS
FROM THE GROTON
INSTITUTION.

GROTON, Mass., Feb. 21.—Theodore Roosevelt Jr., who has been at Groton School for two weeks in the Groton School Infirmary, is bound for Washington tonight. Bundled to his eyes with a blanket he was taken in a covered sleigh from the infirmary to the special train which has been readied at the Groton station for several days. He was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt and Dr. P. M. Rixey, while in another conveyance was Miss Alice Roosevelt. A light snow was falling at the time.

The departure of the party was so unexpected that not a dozen persons were on the station platform when the train pulled out. The party occupied the private car convey and the intention was to change to the Groton station and there have it attached to the Federal Express. The decision to take young Roosevelt to Washington was made during lunch at 1 o'clock. Dr. Warren, the school physician, all the morning had been opposed to a change of the patient at this time. Dr. Rixey gave his opinion that the boy would stand the Journey all right, and that the weather at this time was probably no worse than it would be to-morrow or possibly Sunday, judging from the weather forecast. Dr. Warren reluctantly consented to allow the patient's removal.

Roosevelt's wish to have her son in Washington as soon as he could be moved with safety. Until this morning the arrangement had been made for the party's return on Saturday, but this noon in the discussion Dr. Rixey pointed out that if the start was delayed until morning the storm might cause delay along the road, especially if the snow was heavy. Immediately after lunch baggage was prepared for the departure of the party, and when at 2 o'clock all were ready to start the party was informed that the start would be delayed until nearly time for the good-bys to be said.

SAYS MAGNETIC HEALER MAY HAVE A LICENSE Supreme Court of Illinois Defines Rights of a Man in Notable Case.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 21.—The Supreme Court today handed down an opinion in the case of a man who is a physician and is entitled to a license. The opinion was rendered in the case of the people versus John S. Gordon in a suit to recover the penalty for practicing medicine without a license. The case comes from Winnebago County, where a judgment was entered in favor of the defendant without a license. The case was affirmed. The Supreme Court finds that the Circuit Court erred in instructing the jury to find for the defendant and that the appropriate instruction in this case is judgment, and the judgment of the lower court is reversed and remanded. The Supreme Court holds that a magnetic healer is a physician, and not a trained nurse, as insisted by the defendant, because he does not use drugs or material remedy.

ATTITUDE OF RUSSIA SATISFIES UNCLE SAM Question That Was Raised About Manchuria Now Considered Well Settled.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The United States Government is now perfectly satisfied as to the correctness of Russia's intentions respecting Manchuria. The pledges heretofore obtained from Russia have been renewed and reinforced so strongly that they must be accepted as satisfactory unless our Government is prepared to take the position of a disintegrator, which it has not the least disposition to do.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—The note of the United States to Russia and China on the subject of commercial rights in Manchuria has been answered by Germany. The answer has been made. Germany maintains the attitude she has previously announced, that Manchuria is outside the sphere of German interests and she sees no reason to change it.

COMES FROM SYRIA SEEKING A DAUGHTER Mother of Girl Who Was at Chicago's Fair Travels a Long Distance.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Feb. 21.—After traveling from her Syrian home, Mrs. Ellaz Schauer is here on her way to San Francisco to seek her daughter Julia, who has been missing for several years. She had taken the woman fourteen months to get this far, and much of the distance she has walked, having been unable to earn more than a pittance on the way in any of the cities she has visited. Her daughter came to this country to enter a convent, but she was expelled from the Chicago World's Fair, and later went to San Francisco with her uncles. Then she secured a position with a family near Stockton, and three months later all trace of her was lost.

Gives Her Money to Charity. GARRISON-ON-THE-HUDSON, N. Y., Feb. 21.—The will of Mrs. Virginia Osborn, widow of William H. Osborn, former president of the Illinois Central Railroad, gives substantial legacies to various charitable institutions in New York, among which are the Society for the Relief of Orphan and Destitute Children, the New York Cooking School, New York City Mission and Tract Society and the Training School for Nurses, the latter receiving the building at 428 East Twenty-fifth street, now occupied as a nurses' home.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 21.—The Supreme Court today declared unconstitutional the law placing a 2 per cent tax on the property of freeling lines. The court holds that the law makes unequal taxation. The decision was in the case of the State against the Canada Cattle Company. An action to collect a sum of money alleged to be due as taxes.

Fire Chief Is Dismissed. OMAHA, Feb. 21.—John Redell, who has for five years been at the head of the fire department of this city, was today formally dismissed from the service. The Board of Fire and Police, after hearing charges of cruelty and mistreatment of firemen and their families, found Redell guilty and his dismissal is the result.

Shops Near Halifax in Flames. HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 21.—The erecting shops of the Rhodes-Curry Company at Amherst are burning, and the indications at 2 a. m. were that the loss would be very heavy. The plant is one of the largest in the Dominion.

To Cure Grip in Two Days. Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Foster's signature on every box.

BARCELONA'S TROOPS
IS COVERED BY
THE BARRICADES

Troops Clear Barcelona Streets, but Trouble Brews.

Strikers Attack a Jail to Release Imprisoned Comrades.

Disturbances Continue in Towns and Money for Aid of Malcontents Is Said to Be Sent From London.

BARCELONA, Feb. 21.—The predominance of bayonets here has had due effect and the money sent from London to be driven off the streets. Outwardly the city is resuming an aspect of comparative quiet. The leading citizens are joining the military and civil authorities in restoring order.

The Captain General has ordered the newspapers to resume publication and has instructed the owners of public vehicles to again engage in their regular work. If the printers refuse to work their names and residences are to be handed to the military General, who will deal with them. All drivers declining to take out vehicles will be deprived of their licenses.

Forty persons have been killed since the disturbances broke out here. The strikers attacked a jail to rescue their imprisoned comrades, but they were repulsed by the troops after a number of rioters had been killed and wounded. The ordinary necessities of life are falling and the distress is becoming accentuated. The strikers are said to be receiving large sums of money from London.

Peace Not Yet in Sight. MADRID, Feb. 21.—According to this morning's advices from Barcelona the situation there is improving, though it is still threatening. An effort will be made today to resume ordinary avocations. The most stringent measures have been prepared to protect traffic and business. The strikers have few rifles, but a well supplied with revolvers and daggers.

The search of suspected houses continues, resulting in the arrest of large numbers of anarchists and revolutionists of all kinds, who are considered to be the prime movers in the troubles. The character of Barcelona is becoming a resort for representatives of all the revolutionary movements in Europe and the rank and file of the discontented workmen have been swelled by French and other foreign political agitators. The Republicans are busy among the troops, urging them to use their rifles against their own class in defense of plutocrats.

The Premier, Senor Sagasta, announced today that the Chamber will not be prorogued unless the opposition obstructs the Government's action by continually raising debates on the subject of the labor troubles in Spain.

Ten anarchists have been arrested here and are being held in the jails. The working people of Madrid remain quiet. Preciation in Many Cities. SEVILLE, Feb. 21.—A number of Italian anarchists have arrived here. The authorities have taken all the necessary precautions to prevent a riot.

BILBOA, Spain, Feb. 21.—A number of anarchists have arrived here with the object of inciting a strike. The socialists have refused to co-operate in the movement.

SARAGOSSA, Spain, Feb. 21.—Rioters attacked the Jesuit college here last night. The fathers fled on the mob, believing their assailants to be thieves.

CASTELLON DE LA PLANA, Spain, Feb. 21.—The employers and their employees are in a state of tension. The strike has not yet ended.

VALENCIA, Spain, Feb. 21.—In a conflict yesterday between rioters and the police three persons were wounded. Fourteen arrests were made.

BARCELONA, Feb. 21.—It is announced in a special dispatch from Madrid that General Weyer, the War Minister, is urging the Queen Regent to give him a free hand in dealing with the rebels in Catalonia, and that Premier Sagasta threatens to resign if General Weyer's request is granted.

The Queen Regent is said to favor General Weyer's plan. Advice received here direct from Bilbao indicates that the situation in the industrial centers of Spain show that the attitude of the miners and other workers in districts threatened by the greater excitement prevails everywhere and the general situation is extremely grave. The garrisons of Burgos and Victoria have been ordered to be in readiness to start for Saragozza at a moment's notice. All the railroads are guarded by troops.

ORDER OF THE KAISER IS CALLED IN QUESTION Controversy Between the Emperor and the Berlin Municipality Vigorously Renewed.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—The old fight between Emperor William and the municipality of Berlin over the confirmation of Herr Kauffmann, the second Burgomaster, was reopened in the lower house of the Prussian Diet today. The house was packed.

Amid immense excitement Herr Traeger, Radical, demanded to know why Herr Kauffmann had not been confirmed. The Minister of the Interior, Baron von Hammerstein, replied that the Emperor had declined to furnish any further explanation. He said that the Emperor had declined to furnish any further explanation.

He said it was reported to the Emperor. It was patent to every one, continued the Minister, that the Left was trying to bring party politics into municipal affairs and was making the case a test of strength in order to wrest power from the King and lodge it in the hands of party.

WICHITA, Kans., Feb. 21.—In the District Court today a demand for \$50 drawn in favor of a receiver for the Modern Fortunes, a fraternal insurance organization, on the alleged ground that the order is insolvent.

Distress After Eating Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Nausea between meals, belching, vomiting, flatulence, fits of nervous headache, pain in the stomach, are all symptoms of dyspepsia, and the longer it is neglected the harder it is to cure it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Radically and permanently cure it—strengthen and tone the stomach and other digestive organs for the natural performance of their functions.

Testimonials of remarkable cures mailed on request. C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

ALWAYS ASK FOR
WALTER BAKER'S
COCOA AND CHOCOLATE
LOOK AT THE LABELS
PURE-DELICIOUS-NUTRITIOUS
ESTABLISHED 1780
WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited.
DORCHESTER, MASS.
THREE GOLD MEDALS PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION

"SEE THROUGH GERMAN GAME" INSULTS CHILD AND IS BEATEN

British Weeklies Revive Spanish-American War Controversy. Oscar Schmidt Tries to Kiss Girl Against Her Will.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The weekly reviews make the impending arrival of Prince Henry at New York the occasion of another chapter on the Spanish-American war controversy. The Spectator reviews at length the whole story of the diplomatic exchanges, with a view of controlling what it terms "the distortion of the actual facts by the German press."

The paper disclaims any intention of attempting to mar the reception to be tendered Prince Henry, but declares that both Englishmen and Americans "see through the German game" and refuse to be misled by the "inspiring" attempts to undermine their mutual friendship and understanding.

"A fact which will be written down by the historian," says the Spectator, "is as well recognized today as it will ever be. That is that England used her influence, and the Americans know she used it, on the side of the United States against those who wished to take sides with Germany in the war."

The paper disclaims any intention of attempting to mar the reception to be tendered Prince Henry, but declares that both Englishmen and Americans "see through the German game" and refuse to be misled by the "inspiring" attempts to undermine their mutual friendship and understanding.

Prosper Vincke, a saloon-keeper at 627 Minna street, and Oscar Schmidt of 622 Fourth street had a serious quarrel yesterday and in consequence Vincke is a prisoner at the Southern police station, charged with committing an assault with a dangerous weapon, and Schmidt lies at the Emergency Hospital with several cuts on his face, his left ear and eye.

Schmidt has been visiting Vincke's saloon for a year and had aroused suspicion in the minds of both Vincke and his wife owing to a familiarity which he had shown toward their daughter Julia, 14 years of age. Vincke says he frequently warned Schmidt that he must keep away from the girl, but without standing the warning yesterday when the child was busy cooking the evening meal Schmidt sauntered into the kitchen, which is at the back of the saloon, and persisted, her parents say, in paying his addresses to the little girl. Vincke says he frequently warned Schmidt that he must keep away from the girl, but without standing the warning yesterday when the child was busy cooking the evening meal Schmidt sauntered into the kitchen, which is at the back of the saloon, and persisted, her parents say, in paying his addresses to the little girl. Vincke says he frequently warned Schmidt that he must keep away from the girl, but without standing the warning yesterday when the child was busy cooking the evening meal Schmidt sauntered into the kitchen, which is at the back of the saloon, and persisted, her parents say, in paying his addresses to the little girl.

Last evening Julia said that Schmidt came into the kitchen and asked her to kiss him. She refused. Her father kept his eye on him for the reason that he was suspicious of the man. Last Sunday Schmidt wished to accompany Julia to one of her relatives when he heard that she intended paying her a visit. She refused to permit him and would not go at all. He was persistent in requesting to join her, she says, but she would not consent to his going out with her.

Mrs. Vincke corroborated her daughter's story. She said that Schmidt had come to the house and asked her to kiss him. She refused. Her father kept his eye on him for the reason that he was suspicious of the man. Last Sunday Schmidt wished to accompany Julia to one of her relatives when he heard that she intended paying her a visit. She refused to permit him and would not go at all. He was persistent in requesting to join her, she says, but she would not consent to his going out with her.

At the hospital Schmidt said that Vincke struck him on the face with a bottle as he entered the saloon.

REFUSES TO PAY FEES TO OUTSIDE ARCHITECT Auditor Baehr Says Police Station Plans Should Have Been Drawn by City Employees.

Auditor Baehr yesterday refused to audit a demand for \$50 drawn in favor of Max von O'Brien for the plans for the proposed new sub police station on Fourth street, near Clara. Baehr claims that the Architect's Bureau of the Board of Public Works should have drawn the plans and that the city should not have been put to any additional expense therefor. Baehr says that salaries amounting to more than \$500 monthly are paid to employees of the bureau named and the work should have been done by that office.

Chief Architect Mosser explained to the Supervisors' Finance Committee, to whom the bill was referred, that when the bureau was organized under the last budget it was not intended that plans should be drawn for any building of an elaborate character. He therefore employed O'Brien, whose charge for the work was less than the regular architect's fees. Baehr says he will not sign the warrant, and says that O'Brien was recently paid the sum of \$55 for drawing plans for the new sub police station, which have been done by the regular staff of draughtsmen employed by the Board of Public Works.

High School Pupils Begin War.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, Feb. 21.—One hundred and thirty High School pupils here, in rebellion against the orders of the Board of Education forbidding the wearing of class colors, were locked out from school today. All wore colors in open defiance of the school authorities. The doors and windows of the High School building were smeared with black paint during the night.

A Flash of Light

in the night—the passing of the swift and luxurious California Limited

gleaming with its real electric lights. It races from San Francisco to Chicago in three days on the

Santa Fe