

POLICE SUSPECT HUSBAND

Mystery Veils Lake Tragedy Near Seattle.

Probable Murder of a San Francisco Woman.

Mrs. Newton's Death by Drowning Not Accidental.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

SEATTLE, Aug. 18.—The police are satisfied that the man who rented the boat at Green Lake on Saturday evening was T. P. Newton of San Francisco and they believe that grappling irons will bring up but one body—that of Mrs. Newton.

The police believe that murder was committed for the purpose of robbery, as the woman was known to have a large amount of money on her person. The authorities claim to have circumstantial evidence that convinces them that Newton deliberately upset the boat out in the lake, allowing the woman to drown, while he used the oars to float himself ashore. The overturned boat with a man's hat underneath was found on Sunday morning. The lake will be dragged thoroughly and should the body of the woman only be found a determined effort will be made to hunt down the supposed murderer.

The first clue tending to establish the murder theory was given by a woman whose name the police refuse to divulge. She informed Chief Sullivan this morning that a man and woman came to the city last Tuesday from San Francisco on the steamer City of Puebla and took a room at 1507 1/2 Fourth avenue, a lodging-house conducted by Mrs. A. Adams. On Friday night the couple left the house and have not yet returned.

WIFE HAD THE MONEY.

Detectives Lane and Adams were detailed to make an investigation. They learned from Mrs. Adams that the man was about 50 years of age and his wife ten years younger. He wore his hair closely cropped and his face was smoothly shaven. While his clothes were of good material and of the latest cut, the wife was poorly clad in black garments. She had brown hair and a light complexion. She seldom left her room and appeared to be gloomy in spirits. The husband was absent most of the time and seemed light-hearted under all circumstances.

The room rent was paid in advance by the wife, who seemed to handle all of the money. She told Mrs. Adams that she and her husband had come from San Francisco, where she had recently disposed of a farm located near that city. She also spoke of a boarding-house which she formerly conducted there, and said she had sold her interest in it a short time before leaving for Seattle.

Mrs. Adams could not remember that she had ever heard either the man or the woman speak to one another. Guests in her lodging-house are not required to register.

In searching the apartments the detectives found that everything tending to establish the identity of the couple had been destroyed except one small scrap of paper in a box in a bureau drawer. Even the side of a package, which had evidently been written upon, had been torn off and destroyed. The slip of paper found was part of a receipt given Mrs. Amanda Newton in San Francisco by Nellie E. Smith for the payment of \$100 on a piano.

The passenger list of the City of Puebla on the trip made by the couple contains the names of T. P. Newton and Mrs. T. P. Newton. Mrs. Anna Elmore of 319 Twenty-fourth avenue South made the trip from San Francisco with the Newtons and directed them to Mrs. Adams' lodging-house.

HEARD WOMAN'S SHRIEKS.

The boat rented by the couple was turned over to them by Thomas T. Wilson, whose mother conducts a boathouse at Green Lake. His description of the couple fits that of Newton and his wife, as given by Mrs. Adams and by a Mrs. Budlong, who saw them frequently in the lodging-house.

The couple started to row out on the lake between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening. They had been gone several hours when two or three piercing shrieks in quick succession were heard by Mrs. Wilson and others and then all was quiet. The next morning the boat was found floating keel upward, with a black derby hat worn by Newton underneath.

The theory of the detectives is that Mrs. Newton had been a hard working woman and had acquired some property. Newton's hands were soft and white, proving that he did not belong to the ranks of toll and it is theorized that he gained the affections of the woman and induced her to marry him and dispose of her property. Then the trip to Seattle was planned. Mrs. Newton paid all the bills and refused to let her husband handle the money. Being unable to get possession of the money by fair means, according to this theory, Newton planned the trip on the lake.

A significant fact is that the oars of the boat are missing. The detectives believe that, after the boat was capsized, Newton used the oars as buoys and with them swam to the shore, then hid them in the brush along the lake.

The lake will be dragged to-morrow for the woman's body. The police are satisfied that hers will be the only one discovered.

SULTAN OF TURKEY RENEWS OLD TACTICS

Informed by the United States Minister That Terms of Settlements Agreed Upon Must Be Carried Out Without Delay



CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 18.—The non-execution by the Turkish Government of agreements reached long ago on several questions affecting the interests of American citizens has led to somewhat strained relations between the United States legation and the Porte. The United States Minister, John H. Leishman, has informed the latter that he will not discuss other matters until the terms of the settlements already agreed upon are carried out. Diplomatic critics anticipate further undue delay, and that this may possibly lead to a sharp reminder from the United States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The State Department is fully informed of the position of Major Leishman, but neither his action nor that of the Turkish Government will be discussed.

COLOMBIAN REBELS GATHER AT AGUA DULCE

They Dig Trenches Around the Town Under the Fire of Government Soldiers.

PANAMA, Colombia, Aug. 18.—Commander William P. Potter of the United States special service steamer Ranger, United States Consul Guder and Fort Captain Beers of the railroad terminal sailed yesterday morning on the tug Bolivar to make a tour of inspection along the coast. They went as far as San Carlos and returned here to-day. Guder says that the party found no traces of revolutionists as far as they could see, and that without doubt they are concentrated at the siege of Agua Dulce.

According to the last reports, the soldiers of General Herrera, the revolutionary leader, had dug intrenchments about 500 yards from the town, where they remained all day, because the sharpshooters of General Bert, the commander of the Government forces, picked off every man who dared to leave these trenches. These men are exposed to the rain and sun.

In Government circles it is believed that the position of Generals Bert and Morales is not desperate.

The British cruiser Phaeton left here hurriedly Sunday. It is believed she sailed for Buena Ventura.

Consul General Guder will leave Coahuila to-morrow for New York. General Salazar, Governor of Panama, to-day sent Guder a very complimentary letter thanking him for his services to the Colombian Government, which, General Salazar said, have always been very valuable.

Will Cruise Off Venezuela.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A dispatch was sent to-day by the Navy Department to Commander Nickels of the gunboat Topoka, now at Puerto Cabello, giving him authority in his discretion to cruise along the Venezuelan coast, stopping at such places as he may see fit. The coast centers of activity in the revolution now going on are not so very far apart, so that the Topoka and the United States vessels in Venezuelan waters will be available at short notice to render any protection to American interests.

Loan Association Suspend. NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—After a secret meeting to-day of its board of directors, the Mutual Building and Loan Association of Passaic, N. J., suspended business. Its books were closed and turned over to State Examiner Johnson, pending future action. William Malcolm, the former secretary, through whose alleged errors the association's funds were \$100,000 short, was not in Passaic to-day.

FRIARS TO QUIT ISLANDS

Pope Gives a Verbal Promise of Their Withdrawal.

Secular Clergy to Be Soon Replaced by Americans.

Substitution Is Likely to Occupy About Two Years.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL BUREAU, 1406 G STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—In the opinion of Major John Biddle Porter, one of the members of the American mission who has just returned to Washington, the negotiations with the Vatican for the sale of the friars' lands in the Philippines concluded very favorably for the United States.

Major Porter stated that in the final audience with the Pope both his Holiness and Cardinal Rampolla gave to the American mission verbal assurance that the Spanish friars and monks in the Philippines would be withdrawn from the archipelago. This is the point which brought out the most contention between the representatives of the Philippine Government and the Vatican. Governor Taft would not consent to the remaining of the friars, contending that their presence was odious to the Filipinos and inimical to the establishment of government with the elements of state entirely separated from religious affairs.

Governor Taft desired to secure a written promise from the Vatican that the friars would be withdrawn. This was a step the Vatican would not consent to. Thus negotiations terminated with the Pope's verbal promise that the friars would be withdrawn. The Vatican would not even verbally give any assurance as to the date when the last friar would be withdrawn from the Philippines, but it is safe to assume that it will not be less than two years. That was the limit which the American mission desired to place on the withdrawal.

The difference between the regular and secular clergy of the Roman Catholic church is responsible for the Vatican's reluctance to give any written promise for the withdrawal of the friars. The regular clergy has at the present time the upper hand in affairs of the church and is unwilling to take any overt step, such as making an agreement to withdraw members of the secular clergy, which includes the religious orders from the Philippines, against their will. It is the intention of the Vatican to replace the friars withdrawn with others from America. But the fact that there are few in this country who have much knowledge of Filipino dialects and customs prevents a rapid substitution.

MORE WORKMEN LEAVE UNION PACIFIC SHOPS

Carpenters, Painters and Coach Builders Join Ranks of the Strikers.

OMAHA, Aug. 18.—The ranks of the striking shopmen on the Union Pacific Railroad were to-day augmented by the walkout of nearly two hundred carpenters, painters and coach builders in the shops at this point. Both the car men and the machinists, however, say the strike is not a sympathetic one and that the car shopmen's strike is a protest against the piece work system recently instituted by the railroad company.

At Union Pacific headquarters it was stated positively that the strike was without significance so far as it may result in a conspiracy to defraud the American Express Company out of \$25,000, were held to answer to the Grand Jury with bail fixed at \$30,000. The charges of a similar nature against William A. Ault were dismissed and he was given his liberty. Boatner and Schlitzbaum were unable to give bonds and were removed to jail at Hartford, Ky., to-night.

During the examination of Boatner, he was placed on the stand and denied emphatically that he was interested in any conspiracy to defraud the express company.

The prosecution introduced a number of witnesses, among them C. J. Abbott, route agent for the American Express Company, who told of Boatner's sending money from Owensboro to Fordville and stated that Boatner claimed California as his home, refusing, however, to give a postoffice address, saying his father was about to leave for South America, being a fugitive from justice, and had given him the money to invest in Kentucky coal mines.

J. H. Schumacker, superintendent of the Pinkerton National Detective Agency, told of an interview he had with the prisoner.

"Boatner said he had no home," said the witness. "He gave his father's place of residence as California, but intimated his father had killed a man on a race-track and was a fugitive from justice in South America."

England's Exhibit Will Be Limited.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Government's official exhibit at the St. Louis exposition will be limited to subjects of education and fine arts, but it is expected that the wider range of non-official exhibits will include various features of applied arts. The fine art exhibit is to be controlled by a committee of the Royal Academy. Arrangements for this exhibit are being made by Sir Edward John Poynter, president of the academy. The Foreign Office will facilitate all industrial exhibits.

WRITES TO FIANCEE AND KILLS HIMSELF

Sensational Suicide at Newport of Robert R. Remington, Who Was Engaged to Miss May Van Alen, Daughter of Millionaire



DAUGHTER OF DISTINGUISHED MILLIONAIRE AND SUICIDE TO WHOM SHE WAS ENGAGED.

NEWPORT, Aug. 18.—Robert R. Remington of New York, whose engagement to Miss May Van Alen, eldest daughter of James J. Van Alen, was recently broken, committed suicide this afternoon in the Newport reading-room by shooting himself in the head. The second shot, fired through the roof of his mouth, caused instant death.

The engagement of Remington, who was the head of the advertising firm of Remington Brothers of New York, and Miss Van Alen was announced last spring. Until the suicide it was not definitely known to have been broken. Mr. Van Alen believes Remington's mind was unbalanced, and he declares that it was because of this derangement that the engagement between Remington and Miss Van Alen was severed.

However this may be, the suicide was preceded yesterday and to-day by an exchange of letters between Remington and his former fiancée, though several of those sent by Miss Van Alen were never opened. Remington selected the quietest part of the reading-room in which to end his life, going to the second story in the rear of the building. This is a small room, little frequented at this time of the year, when members of the club prefer to sit on the piazza. Here he sat and wrote for a while, it is believed, for there was every evidence about the room that he had done so.

THEN THE SUICIDE.

Then followed the firing of two shots, the first of which caused a mere flesh wound. The second was more carefully aimed, ending his life.

Remington received a note yesterday from Miss Van Alen, and it is said in his boarding-house that it made him very blue. All the rest of the day he sat around the piazzas with his head in his hands. He answered the letter at once, telling the messenger he employed to rush it to its destination. This morning there came an answer, which was read and immediately destroyed. Still there came other letters to him from Miss Van Alen, but they were never seen by Remington, for when they arrived he was dead or had left his apartments never to return.

These letters were sent for by Miss Van Alen this afternoon and were found at the La Forge cottage with the seals unbroken. Remington spent some time at the telephone a short while before he killed himself, but it is not known with whom he talked. News of the shooting reached Wakehurst, Miss Van Alen's villa, within a short time.

Mr. Van Alen was much distressed, but he had considered Remington mentally unbalanced for some time.

MISS VAN ALEN OVERCOME.

He broke the news to Miss Van Alen as gently as possible, but she was overcome and restoratives had to be admin-

TROOPS REPULSE NATIVES

Moro Braves Again Becoming Very Aggressive.

Chaffee Decides on a More Vigorous Campaign.

Attacks to Be Made on Strongholds in Mindanao.

MANILA, Aug. 18.—The Moros in Mindanao are renewing their attacks upon the outposts and pack trains of the American column at Lake Lanao, which is under the command of Captain J. J. Pershing of the Fifteenth Cavalry. The Americans have successfully repulsed the Moro attacks and have suffered no losses.

The commanders of the American forces in Mindanao report aggressive action against the Moros to be necessary, and ask permission to move against Bacalod and other strongholds of the hostile Mohammedans. There are about 2000 American soldiers in Mindanao available for the desired aggressive movement. It is believed this number is sufficient to defeat the Moros, although it would possibly be necessary to strengthen their base before undertaking the movement.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A cable dispatch has been received from General Chaffee stating that in his judgment an active campaign against the Moros in Mindanao was necessary in order to curb the opposition that has been growing against United States authority. The dispatch was considered of sufficient importance to be repeated to President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay. General Chaffee has been directed to use his own discretion in the matter, and will no doubt engage in an aggressive movement against the insurgent Moros.

Some time before Secretary Root left Washington the Moro situation was under consideration, and from a dispatch then at hand the Secretary was of the opinion that the Moros must be dealt with severely before they would respect the authority of the United States.

General Chaffee is now in Mindanao, having left Manila some days ago. If the campaign should continue for some time he no doubt will remain in the Philippines, instead of leaving on September 20, as he had planned. It is understood at the War Department that General Chaffee has sufficient troops to make an active campaign.

FIGHTING THE LADRONES.

Constabulary Engages a Band Near Calocan.

MANILA, Aug. 18.—A force of native constabulary engaged a band of ladrones in a sharp fight last Saturday near Calocan, about four miles north of Manila. The arrival of reinforcements from the constabulary won them the victory. Four members of the constabulary were killed and one was wounded. The ladrones left three of their number dead, but carried off their wounded.

The chase of the Cavite ladrones through the mountains of that province continues. Forces of native constabulary have had encounters with bands of Ferrardo and Montallon. Several of the ladrones were killed or captured and a quantity of their supplies were destroyed.

WELL-KNOWN ACTRESS IS BURNED WITH ACID

Rose Coghlan Applies It to the Face Instead of a Harmless Lotion.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 18.—Rose Coghlan, the well-known actress, who some weeks ago announced in the District Court her intention of becoming an American subject in order that she might purchase land and engage in the cattle business, returned to Helena last evening after having bought a large tract of land, which she will stock with thoroughbred cattle.

In her apartments at the local hotel last night, she applied carbolic acid all over her face, having mistaken it for a mild solution she has used for years as a lotion. She had rubbed her features with the acid quite thoroughly before discovering her mistake. It was several hours before doctors relieved the excruciating pain. It is thought her features will not be permanently injured.

FAMILIES PERISH IN FOREST FIRES

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 18.—Travelers from Sonora, Mexico, report that tremendous forest fires are sweeping across the mountains in the northwestern portion of that State and leaving devastation in their wake. Thousands of acres of valuable timber have been destroyed and in many instances settlers on remote ranches have perished with their entire families. A drought has prevailed for many months and the forests are unusually dry and burn freely. For this reason the fire is making great headway and its progress is unchecked. Herds of wild animals driven before the flames are seeking refuge in the valleys near the water courses, but hundreds of head of cattle and horses have perished. At least accounts the fire was still raging.

Czar Receives Threatening Letter.

VIENNA, Aug. 18.—A newspaper of Cracow, Galicia, publishes a report that the Czar of Russia recently found on his desk a missive from a revolutionary committee, threatening him with death unless he conceded constitutional government to Russia. The Czar, according to the newspaper, was greatly alarmed.

Falls Over a Precipice.

ZEBMATT, Switzerland, Aug. 18.—The body of Dr. Largin, Chief Justice of the Berne Court, was to-day found at the bottom of a precipice of Mount Domo, which he climbed last Saturday.