DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Criminals Sent to Prison.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Aug. 23.—One chapter of the man hunt in this section of the United States came to an end late this afternoon when Jack Ryan and George McDonald, the criminals who held up and beat a Swede laborer nearly to death at Touchet Station and were chased through two counties by bloodhounds and captured near Athona, Or., were arraigned in the Superior Court on the charge of highway robbery, pleaded guilty and were sentenced to five years each in the Washington Penitentiary.

B. KATSCHINSKI
PHILADELPHIA SHOE CO.
10 THIRD STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

65c

It Costs More to Repair Old Shoes Than to Buy New Ones.

We are not short of money, do not require the shelf room, but simply desire to dispose of several odd lots of Oxfords. Broken sizes are always hard to sell, and that is why we have reduced LADIES' VICI KID OXFORDS, with French and leather heels, turned and welted soles, coin toes and tips, that formerly sold from $3.00 to $4.00, to **65c** A PAIR. Why, it costs more to have an old pair resoled and heeled. We have the following sizes:
AA wide, 3½ to 8. | B wide, 2½ to 3½.
A wide, 3 to 8. | C wide, 2½ to 4.

$1.60

RUBBER HEELS FOR NURSES
A new lot just received—NURSES' VICI KID JULIETS, coin toes and tips, turned soles and rubber heels; easy to slip on in a hurry; no lacing nor buttoning, and perfectly noiseless. REDUCED FOR THIS WEEK TO **$1.60**. Sizes 3 to 9; widths B to EE.

75c

Where small feet win again—shoes almost given away. Ladies' Tan Kid, Patent Leather and Vici Kid Lace Shoes SOLD AT **75c** A PAIR; broken lots that must be disposed of; French and leather heels, turned and welted soles; formerly sold from $3.00 to $5.00. We have the following sizes:
AA wide, 3 to 8. | B wide, 2½ to 4.
A wide, 2½ to 4½. | C wide, 2½ to 3.

We cannot guarantee to fill country orders on 65c and 75c advertised goods.

New Illustrated Catalogue just out. Send for one.

B. KATSCHINSKI,
PHILADELPHIA SHOE CO.
10 THIRD STREET,
San Francisco.

DIRECTORY
OF RESPONSIBLE HOUSES.
Catalogues and Price Lists Mailed on Application

COAL, COKE AND PIG IRON.
J. C. WILSON & CO., 900 Battery Street. Telephone Main 1864.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS
JAS. BOYES & CO Shipping Butchers, 104 Clay. Tel. Main 1294.

OILS.
LUBRICATING OILS. LEONARD & ELLIS, 418 Front st., S. F. Phone Main 1719.

PRINTING.
E. C. HUGHES, PRINTER, 511 Sansome st., S. F.

FAVORS THE NATIONAL LEGISLATION OF TRUSTS

Continued from Page 17, Column 7.

national legislation which shall be adequate, while as a matter of practical experience State action has proved entirely insufficient and in all human probability cannot or will not be made sufficient to meet the needs of the case. Some of our States have excellent laws—laws which it would be well indeed to have enacted by the national legislature. But the wide differences in these laws, even between adjacent States, and the uncertainty of the power of enforcement result practically in altogether insufficient control. I believe that the nation must assume this power of control by legislation, and if it becomes evident that the constitution will not permit needed legislation then by constitutional amendment. The immediate need in dealing with trusts is to place them under the real, not nominal, control of some sovereign to which, as its creature, the trusts shall owe allegiance, and in whose courts the sovereign's orders may with certainty be enforced. This is not the case with the ordinary so-called 'trust' to-day, for the trust is a large State corporation, generally doing business in other States also and often with a tendency to monopoly.

"Such a trust is an artificial creature, not wholly responsible to or controllable by any legislature, nor wholly subject to the jurisdiction of any one court. Some governmental sovereign must be given full power over these artificial and very powerful corporate beings. In my judgment this sovereign must be the national Government. When it has been given full power then this full power can be used to control any evil influence exactly as the Government is now using the power conferred upon it under the Sherman anti-trust law. Even when the full power has been conferred it would be highly undesirable to attempt too much, or to begin by stringent legislation. The mechanism of modern business is as delicate and complicated as it is vast, and nothing would be more productive of evil to all of us and especially to those least well off in this world's goods that ignorant meddling with this mechanism, and above all, if the meddling was done in a spirit of class or sectional rancor. It is desirable that this power should be possessed by the nation, but it is quite as desirable that the power should be exercised with moderation and self-restraint. The first exercise of that power should be the securing of publicity among all great corporations doing an interstate business. The publicity, though non-inquisitorial, should be real and thorough as to all important facts with which the public has concern. The full light of day is a great discourager of evil. Such publicity would by itself tend to correct the evils of which there is just complaint and where the alleged evils are imaginary it would tend to show that such was the case. When publicity is attained it would then be possible to see what further should be done in the way of regulation.

DISTRUST CURE-ALLS.

"Above all, it behooves us to remember that not only ought we to try to do what we can, but that our success in doing it depends very much upon our neither attempting nor expecting the impossible. Distrust the man who offers with a patent cure-all for the evil of the body politic, just as you would distrust him who tries to sell you a medicine to cure all the diseases of your corporal bodies.

"Mankind has moved slowly upward through the ages, sometimes a little faster, sometimes a little slower, but rarely indeed by leaps and bounds. At times a great crisis comes in which a great people, perchance led by a great man, can at white heat strike some mighty blow for the right—make some long stride in advance along the path of orderly liberty and justice. But normally we must be content if each of us can do something, by no means all that we wish, but still something—for the advancement of those principles of righteousness which underlie all real national greatness, all real civilization.

SOLVING THE PROBLEMS.

"I see no promise of a complete solution for all the problems if we group together when we speak of the trust question. But we can make a beginning in solving these problems, and a good beginning, if only we approach the subject with a sufficiency of resolution, of honesty and of that hard common sense which is one of the most valuable and unfortunately not one of the most common assets in the equipment of any people.

"I think the national administration has shown its firm intention to enforce the laws as they now stand on the statute books without regard to persons, and I think that good will come from this enforcement. I think further that additional legislation should be had and can be had which will enable us to accomplish much more than has been accomplished along these lines. No one can promise a perfect solution, at least in the immediate future, but something has already been done, and much more can be done if we temperately and determinedly will that it shall be done.

"In conclusion, let me add one word. While we are not to be excused if we fail to do whatever is possible through the agency of government, we must ever keep in mind that no action by the Government, no action by any combination among ourselves can take the place of the individual qualities to which, in the long run, each man must owe his success. There has never been devised, and there never will be devised, any law which will enable a man to succeed save by the exercise of those qualities which have always been the prerequisites of success—the qualities of hard work, of keen intelligence, of unflinching will. No action by the state in any form can do more than supplement the initiative of the individual, and ordinarily the action of the state can do no more than to secure to each individual the chance to show, under as favorable conditions as possible, the stuff of which he is made."

HORSESHOE ON THE ENGINE.

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., Aug. 23.—President Roosevelt, after spending the night at the home of John T. Robinson, at Hartford, to-day resumed his journey through New England. His train left that city promptly at 8 o'clock, but the early hour set for his departure did not deter the people from turning out in force and giving him a hearty send-off. As he drove up to the station in an open carriage, accompanied by Senator Platt, the crowd cheered and the President responded by raising his hat. The floral horseshoe presented to the President by the workingmen of Hartford yesterday was by his request placed on the engine. All along the line the small towns turned out their entire population, each apparently anxious to share in the welcome which Connecticut is extending.

When Willimantic was reached the President was driven to the public square, where he delivered an address from his carriage. Following are the President's remarks:

"Mr. Mayor and you, my fellow citizens: I thank you for the greeting you have given me and for the chance of seeing you this morning. I have greatly enjoyed passing through your beautiful State. I welcome the opportunity of meeting you and your representatives. I think that it is an advantage to all of us who are trying to put your purpose and wishes into effect in the national legislature and administration when we can come into touch with you personally. I have taken the chance to try, now that Congress is not in session, now that there is a holiday at the national capital, of going through the country to see you, my fellow citizens. I am obliged to you for coming out here. Last night in Hartford I spoke of two or three of the questions which we have now before our people. I shall not try to make any address to you to-day. This nation has great problems to face, problems in its external policy, problems even more important in the administration of its internal affairs. We can solve them only if with serious purpose we set ourselves to the task alike in the National and State governments and in the local municipality and county organizations. We have great problems ahead of us, as a nation. They will task our intelligence, but they will task still more what ranks ahead of intelligence—character. (Applause.)

"It is a good thing for a nation to demand in its representatives intellect, but it is a better thing to demand in them that sum of qualities which we talk of as character. (Prolonged applause.)

"All of you know that is true in private life. If you are dealing with a man in a business way, whether as employer or employe, or in commerce with a storekeeper, or with any one, you want him to be a smart man; but it is a mighty bad thing if he is only smart. (Laughter.) Isn't that so? (Cries of 'Yes, yes; that's right.' Exactly. Now, what you want in a private man with whom you deal is what you want in your public representatives. If you are going to get good results with your association with a man in the business world, in the working world, it will be because that man has got the right stuff in him—because he has got common sense, honesty, decency and courage. And you have got to have the same qualities shown in public life if we are to make this country what we will make it—an example to all the nations of mankind." (Loud applause.)

ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT THE NATIONAL WHITE HOUSE
A VETERAN USHER USES PE-RU-NA.

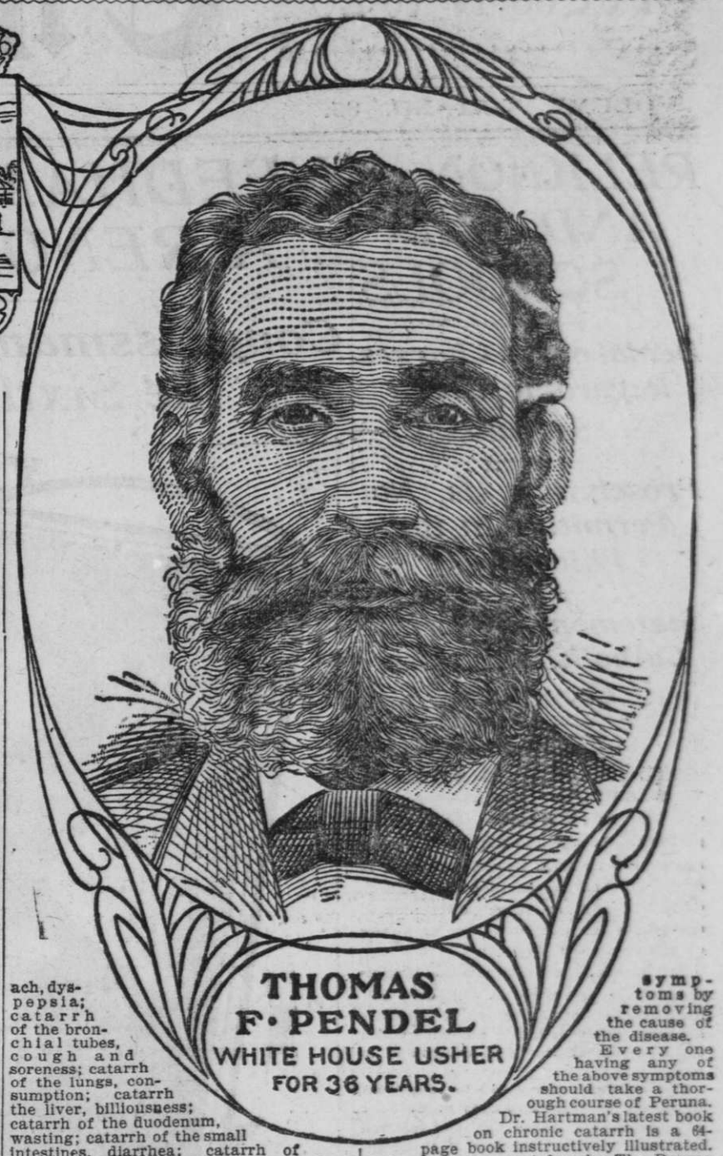
Thirty-six years in the White House is the record of Thomas F. Pendel, an usher, who was appointed November 3, 1864, by President Lincoln. He is the oldest employe at the White House, and is the only survivor of the force on duty at the Executive Mansion during the Lincoln Administration.

He is still hale and hearty as the day he entered the service, although he is seventy-six years of age.

Although this interesting old gentleman has found small need of medicine during his life, he has tested the virtues of the world famous catarrh remedy Peruna. In a recent letter he says:

"I can conscientiously recommend Peruna to any one suffering from stomach trouble in any form, especially in catarrhal trouble of the stomach."

THOS. F. PENDEL.



Every human organ is subject to catarrh so Dr. Hartman says in a recent lecture at the Hartman Sanitarium. No part or organ of the human body is secure from catarrh. Catarrh goes everywhere, stops nowhere.

It spreads and spreads and, if not cured, pervades the whole body. It never stops when once it gets started, unless cured.

Below is given a list of the organs most commonly affected by catarrh, with the most prominent symptoms caused by it:

Catarrh of the head and frontal sinus, headache; catarrh of the eyes, watery eyes; catarrh of the nose, discharges and scabs; catarrh of the throat, hawking and painful swallowing; catarrh of the larynx, hoarseness; catarrh of the stomach, dyspepsia; catarrh of the bronchial tubes, cough and soreness; catarrh of the lungs, consumption; catarrh the liver, billiousness; catarrh of the duodenum, wasting; catarrh of the small intestines, diarrhea; catarrh of the kidneys, Bright's disease; catarrh of the bladder, smarting and scalding; catarrh of the pelvic organs, urinary and female difficulties.

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located Peruna is a systemic medicine, and does not depend upon local applications for a cure. Peruna cures permanently. It gradually eliminates the disease from the system and removes the symptoms by removing the cause of the disease.

Every one having any of the above symptoms should take a thorough course of Peruna.

Dr. Hartman's latest book on chronic catarrh is a 64-page book instructively illustrated. It is now being sent free by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

GRAND ARMY MEN TO BURY SIGEL

Eulogies Will Be Delivered in German and English.

Large Representations From Turn Vereins Are to Attend Funeral.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The funeral services over the body of General Franz Sigel will be to-morrow afternoon at the hall of the Melrose Turn Verein, this city, where the body will lie from 10 a. m. until 1 p. m. The services will be conducted under the direction of Gilsa Post, G. A. R., George Van Skal of the Staats Zeitung delivering a eulogy in German. A eulogy in English will also be delivered by a speaker yet to be selected. The body will be taken to Woodlawn Cemetery for interment.

There will be a large attendance of representatives from the various Turn Vereins of which the dead general was an honorary member. The pallbearers will be Germans who fought under Sigel in the revolution of 1848. The surviving members of a committee appointed twenty-three years ago by the English New Jersey Regiment Association to draft resolutions on the death of General Joseph Hooker just held a meeting in Newark, N. J., to draft similar resolutions on the death of General Sigel.

The earlier meeting was pursuant of a resolution adopted in the case of General Hooker's death, to fulfil a duty to the performance of which the New Jersey soldiers who had fought under Hooker in the Third Army Corps and the Eighth Army Corps having solemnly pledged themselves. In 1879, just prior to his death, General Hooker was present at a reunion of the English Regiment Association in this city and along with General Sigel was an honored guest. It was at this banquet that General Hooker, foreseeing his death, suggested that a committee be appointed to take such action as might be deemed proper by the association. In accordance with General Hooker's request the association appointed a committee to which was added the name of General Sigel, who readily accepted the duty and submitted a set of resolutions, which were adopted as the sentiment of the Eighth Regiment Association.

The original copy of these resolutions is now in the hands of Mr. Connolly, and was read at the meeting just held and adopted. General Sigel's name displacing that of General Hooker. There are only three survivors of this committee.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER ON A PORTLAND STREET

Body of a Blacksmith Found and a Notorious Gang is Suspected.

PORTLAND, Or., Aug. 23.—Peter Bauchene, a blacksmith, was found dead shortly after midnight on Jefferson street, near the power house of the Portland Heights cable road. The police believe that he was murdered by the "Goose Hollow gang" for the purpose of robbery. His head was bruised in several places and it is believed that he was struck by a piece of iron which lay near the body.

Bauchene visited several saloons in the neighborhood during the night and those who saw him stated that he was slightly under the influence of liquor. His purse was empty, though two dollars in silver was found on the body.

The Coroner's jury this evening rendered a verdict that Bauchene came to his death at the hands of persons unknown to the jury. The autopsy developed the fact that the man's skull had been fractured above the right eye, probably by some blunt instrument. Some of the party of men who had been drinking in Bauchene's company last night are under surveillance by the police, but as yet no arrests have been made.

COAL OPERATORS MAKE SOME SLIGHT GAINS

Output in the Wyoming Region Is Larger Than Since the Strike Began.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 23.—President Mitchell arrived here from Chicago this afternoon. He said he was not going to New York to hold a conference with any of the presidents of the coal-carrying railroads. So far as he knew the situation was unchanged.

"The miners," he said, "are just as firm now as the first day they went on strike."

Mitchell denied that he was in communication with Bishop Potter, but said the miners were still open to arbitration providing it could be secured by honorable means.

The close of the fifteenth week of the strike shows that the operators have made some gains in the Wyoming region. The output of coal has been larger than at any time since the strike began. This is due to fact that more washeries have been in operation the past week than at any previous time since May 12.

CROPS IN ENGLAND ARE BADLY DAMAGED

Harvesting Is Behind Hand Owing to Rains and the Outlook Is Discouraging.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The wet, wintry summer is drawing to a close, with every promise of an equally unseasonable autumn, which threatens to spoil the short post-coronation holiday season. The weather is not only destroying crops, but, more serious from a society view point, is ruining the northern shooting. The grouse season is admittedly a failure. Young birds are scarce and grouse disease is more prevalent than usual on the Scotch moors, and is also appearing in Ireland. The outlook for pheasants September 1 is equally bad. Harvesting is behindhand throughout the midlands, and northward the crops have been beaten down by heavy rains. The small fruit has been injured by hail in many sections, while the hop crop promises to be unusually poor.

Senators to Visit Hawaii.

PORTLAND, Aug. 23.—Senator John H. Mitchell, accompanied by his private secretary, H. C. Robertson, left to-day for San Francisco, from which place he will sail for Hawaii August 30. The purpose of the visit of the sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Pacific Islands and Ports, of which Senator Mitchell is chairman, to the Hawaiian Islands, is to investigate the general conditions of the islands. The committee was instructed to report at the beginning of the next session of Congress the result of its investigations. The members of the committee, besides Senator Mitchell, are Senator Burton of Kansas and Senator Foster of Washington.

Verdict of Jury Is Unsatisfactory.

TAMAQUA, Pa., Aug. 23.—The Coroner's jury selected for the purpose of placing the responsibility for the killing of Patrick Sharp on Monday night, to-day rendered the following verdict: "That Patrick Sharp came to his death by the malicious act of either Harry McElmoyle or William Ronemus, and in view of the evidence adduced we advise that both be held for trial." The verdict is unsatisfactory to the mine workers, who declare that McElmoyle did the shooting.

Peruvian Situation.

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 23.—Serious questions are pending between the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate and the Chamber has voted its lack of confidence in the present Cabinet. A motion was approved in the Chamber to-day accusing a majority of the Senate of infringement of the constitution. The present excitement in politics is paralyzing business.

California Professor Is Honored.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Dr. George Francis James of the State Normal School of Los Angeles, Cal., has been elected professor of pedagogy in the University of Minnesota.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

Rupture

Dr. Pierce's *Electric Truss* is a Marvel. Nothing like it. Best Retainer on earth and a *genuine Cure* for Rupture. World renowned. 27 improvem'ts. If ruptured investigate at once. Call or write for "BOOKLET No. 1."

MAGNETIC E. TRUSS CO., 33 West 24th Street, New York, N. Y. or 206 Post Street, San Francisco, Cal.

NOT A SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

War Department Auditor on Alleged Casco Frauds.

Unloading of Transports in Philippines a Matter of Record.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—In regard to the sensational newspaper reports hinting at gross irregularities and fraud in the unloading of United States transports at ports in the Philippines, and declaring that a searching investigation is about to be made to discover the guilty parties, Frederick E. Rittman, auditor of the War Department, stated most positively today that no special investigation is being conducted by him in that matter.

The charges were to the effect that the tonnage of the small Philippines cascoes, which heretofore have been used to take transport stores ashore, was, in a number of cases, falsely set down at a higher figure. Payment for the service of the cascoes was made in proportion to their tonnage, and the reports allege that the Government had suffered losses by the false statements.

Rittman states that in the ordinary course of routine business the War Department has supplied him with a schedule, showing the registered tonnage of all the little Filipino craft. This will be used in the examination of quartermasters' accounts, and every delinquency thus can be brought to light. The auditor makes the point, however, that the matter is not to be made the subject of a special investigation, but is simply to be dealt with as a routine affair.

There are 2850 blind persons in the East End of London, many of whom have to beg for a living.

DR. PIERCE'S REMEDIES.

Would You Think It?

Would you think it possible that you could be disappointed in the face of a woman whose shapely shoulders, and beautiful hair suggest womanly perfection and beauty? Such disappointment comes not seldom when the face turned to you shows disfiguring blotches and blemishes. In general the cause of these eruptions is impure blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood, and removes the corrupt accumulations which cause disease. When the blood is cleansed, pimples, tetter, salt-rheum, boils, sores, and other results of impure blood, are perfectly and permanently cured.

"For three years I suffered with that dreaded disease eczema," writes Mrs. J. Koepp, of Herman, Oregon. "I was told to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which I did, and after I had taken fourteen bottles I was permanently cured. It has been a year since I stopped taking your medicine and it has never appeared since. I think your medicine a wonderful cure and hope others suffering as I did, will take it and be relieved of their suffering."

Some of the most remarkable cures effected by "Golden Medical Discovery," have been of scrofulous diseases.

"I will forever thank you for advising me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mrs. Jas. Murphy, of Fonda, Pocahontas Co., Iowa. "It has cured me of chronic scrofula of twelve years' standing. I had doctored for the trouble until I was completely discouraged. I also had chronic diarrhea for twelve years. I am in good health now—better than I ever was in my life, owing to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took several bottles of the 'Discovery' before I stopped."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure dizziness and sick headache.

BLESSING THE HOMES OF VOLCANO SUFFERERS

Interesting Ceremony Is Performed at the New Village Built Near Kingstown.

KINGSTOWN, Island of St. Vincent, Aug. 21.—An interesting ceremony was witnessed yesterday in the blessing of 116 houses erected by the Government for the settlement of sufferers by the recent volcanic eruption.

The new village occupies a site on the seaside four miles west of Kingstown and is considered to be at a safe distance from La Soufriere. Clergymen, choristers, an orchestra and numerous spectators from Kingstown and elsewhere were present at the ceremony.

The negroes of the island are the recipients of ample succor from the relief funds.

La Soufriere still continues to show signs of slight agitation.

WHY THE REMAINS OF FAIRS ARE HELD

Awaiting Consent of the Family Before Examining Into the Exact Cause of Death.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that the postponement of the shipment of the remains of Charles L. Fair and Mrs. Fair to Cherbourg on their way to New York is the result of an agreement between the lawyers to hold the bodies here until it is decided whether it is advisable to examine them with the view of ascertaining the exact nature of the injuries which caused death. The consent of the late Mr. Fair's family has been cabled for.

Shipments of Deciduous Fruit.

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 23.—Fifty-four cars of deciduous fruit left the State during the twenty-four hours preceding 6 a. m., August 23, consisting of fourteen cars of peaches, eight and three-quarters cars of plums, twenty-three and three-quarters cars of pears and seven and a half cars of grapes. Shipments to date are 4260 cars, against 3860 cars same date last season. Prices have improved somewhat in the Eastern markets during the last few days, but the large quantities of domestic fruit still tend to keep prices down, seventy-six cars of local peaches being sold in New York alone yesterday. Shipments for the next two weeks as regards quantity and variety in all probability will average about with the shipments of yesterday.

Growing Cotton on the Nile.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The British Cotton Growing Association, which, with the hearty co-operation of the Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, is striving to render the British empire independent of the United States, so far as raw cotton is concerned, is now paying special attention to upper Egypt, where, it is asserted, the association can develop a cotton belt dwarfing that of the Southern States of America. Major Count Gleichen, secretary of the Sirdar of the Egyptian forces, and Major General Wingate, addressing the association at Manchester recently, said the experiments now concluded on the banks of the Nile show the quality of cotton grown there to be the equal of any in the world.

Bandits Rob a Traveler.

BAKER CITY, Ore., Aug. 23.—Two masked men held up and robbed Charles Keller this afternoon on the road between Cornucopia and Carson, in the northeastern part of this county. Keller was driving toward Carson when the two men appeared on the road with guns and compelled him to give up all the money he had, between $200 and $300. Shortly after Keller was robbed, John Moore and a man named Moffit were driving on the same road when the robbers made their appearance again and fired several shots at Moore and Moffit, but did not rob them.

Will Exhume the Body.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—In order to clear up many of the mysteries surrounding the Bartholin murder case, Coroner Traeger consulted to-day with States Attorney Dineen, and it was decided that the latter should order the exhumation of the supposed body of the murdered girl, Minnie Mitchell, from its grave in Calvary Cemetery. Robert Mitchell said that, through the testimony of dentists who had done work on his sister's teeth, identification would be either destroyed or established.

Judge R. H. Whipple.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 23.—Judge R. H. Whipple, prominent in the Alaskan Government service and for many years a leading figure in the politics of the States of the Middle West, died at the Pacific Hospital in this city to-day. Judge Whipple came to Los Angeles from his home in Ogden, Utah, about four months ago. With him at the last were his second wife and one son, F. M. Whipple of the Salt Lake Tribune. Four other children are living.

DETECT FRAUDS IN REGISTRATION

Wholesale Crookedness Discovered in New York City.

Hundreds of Fraudulent and Forged Transfers Are Brought to Light.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—John McCullagh, State Superintendent of Elections, has summoned David N. Carvalho, the handwriting expert, to appear before him to-day to testify as to what is believed to be wholesale frauds in registration carried on in the First Assembly District.

Referring to the matter the Herald says that in the First Assembly District alone it is discovered that there have already been found the names of 225 persons living in other districts which, according to expert opinion, have been signed by other persons to transfer slips and certified to as their own signatures, thus allowing them to vote in that district. The investigation there is only half-completed.

Transfers of First District rolls to the number of 637 had been made on Saturday last, when the time for recording such transfers expired. Carvalho has examined just half of these transfer slips, and states positively that about 94 per cent of the signatures to the slips are fraudulent.

The statement is made that if this proportion is carried out throughout the city and is not prevented from consummation before September 15 next, more than 16 per cent of the total vote of the city will be cast fraudulently. Carvalho is quoted as saying: "In the First District the foreign element predominates, and among the transfer slips I have examined so far there appear the names of voters of every nationality on the globe. But their signatures are all in the Spencerian style of penmanship, which is not used by foreigners, and the handwriting of the Commissioners of Deeds who attested the signatures is also in the Spencerian style. There is a remarkably close similarity in most cases of the signatures of all these names."

Union Causes Employers' Arrest.

VINELAND, N. J., Aug. 23.—George Jonas, principal owner of the Jonas Glass Company's plant at Minatola, near here, and David Applegate, manager of the works, were arrested to-day at the instance of the Green Glass Bottle Blowers' Association. Both are charged with intercepting, making use of and divulging the contents of secret agreements between officers of the Blowers' Union.

Fire Devastates a Mining Camp.

DENVER, Aug. 23.—A Republican special from Fort Collins, Colorado, says that news has just reached there that a fire Thursday night destroyed two blocks in the business section of the mining camp of Walden, in North Park, sixty miles west of here. A number of families were rendered homeless and the loss will amount to many thousands.

Antarctic Explorers Return.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 23.—The Antarctic, bearing the Nordensjold Antarctic expedition, returned to the Falkland Islands July 4, after having obtained the most satisfactory results. The great unknown ocean from the Falklands to the South Georgia Islands has been examined. The maximum depth was about 19,600 feet.

Russian Material for Russian Ships.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 23.—The decree of the Minister of Marine was gazetted to-day, requiring the exclusive use of materials of Russian origin in the construction of all Russian ships with the exception of vessels built abroad.

THE UNITED MODERNS.

San Francisco Lodge No. 133 of the United Moderns gave a very delightful entertainment and dance in Modern Hall, 32 O'Farrell street, on the 22d inst. The special features of the evening were a vocal solo by Miss J. E. Lawson, recitation by Miss Marie Kenny and the reading of "The Blacksmith's Story" by Miss Alice Wardwell. The function was under the direction of the entertainment committee composed of Haar Wagner, Miss Amelia Jakobs, Mrs. Ruth Falkner, Mrs. C. M. Marron and T. G. Hodgkins.

See suitings in my window—imported or domestic woolens, $15 up. J. Smith, 906 Market.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL IS IN BAD CONDITION

Prompt and Extensive Repairs Are Necessary to Insure Safety of Historic Building.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A full report is expected soon from Somers Clarke, the architect in charge of St. Paul's, but there seems to be small question, in spite of the denials of the dean, that the chapter is seriously worried over the condition of the cathedral, whose foundations have been weakened by bad draining, coupled with the extensive excavations in connection with the tube railroads and sub-surface work. It is stated on good authority that prompt and extensive repairs estimated to cost $1,100,000 are imperative to insure the safety of the historic building.

As the cathedral authorities are pressed for funds, it is not improbable that the public may be appealed to.

Sympathetic Strike Is Threatened.

HAVANA, Aug. 23.—The leaders of the striking dock laborers threaten to bring about a general sympathetic strike unless the ship-owners concede the demands of the dockmen.

Some Minute Pieces of Mechanism.

The minuteness of some of the screws made in a watch factory may be measured by the statement that it takes nearly 150,000 of a certain kind to weigh a pound. Under the microscope they appear in their true character—perfectly finished bolts. The pivot of the balance wheel is only one two-hundredths of an inch in diameter and the gauge with which pivots are classified measures to the ten-thousandth part of an inch. Each jewel hole into which a pivot fits is about one five-thousandth of an inch larger than the pivot to permit sufficient play.

The finest screw for a small-sized watch has a thread of 260 to the inch and weighs one one-hundred-and-thirty-thousandths of a pound. Jewel slabs of sapphire, ruby or garnet are first sawed into slabs one-fiftieth of an inch thick and are shellacked to plates so that they may be surfaced. Then the individual jewels are sawed or broken off, drilled through the center and a depression made in the convex side for oil cup. A pallet jewel weighs one one-hundred-and-fifty-thousandths of a pound; a roller jewel a little more than one two-hundred-and-fifty-six-thousandths. The largest round hairspring stud is four-hundredths of an inch in diameter and about nine-hundredths of an inch in length.—Pittsburg Press.

Welcome Here.

You are always welcome to come to our parlors—you are never turned away with the words "come again in a few days." We have ten very skillful experts to do your dental work.

Our parlors are cozy, well lighted and if you desire to wait a moment for your favorite dentist or the operator most skilled in the work you require, we have plenty of easy chairs and interesting literature to entertain you.

We are open all day from 9:00 in the morning 'til 9:00 at night and all day Sunday. Our painless methods enable us to do good work very quickly because the patient is not annoyed and therefore does not delay us.

Painless silver fillings	$ .25 up
Painless cement fillings	.25 up
Painless gold fillings	.75 up
Painless gold crown, 22k	3.50 up
Painless porcelain crowns	3.50 up
Painless bridge work per tooth	3.50 up
Full set of teeth	4.00 up

Van Vroom
1001 Market, Cor. 6th
Open evenings 'til 9—Sundays, all day
Telephone South 39
San Francisco, Cal.