PARTY LEADERS VISIT PRESIDENT

Call at White House to Pay Him Their Respects.

Chief Executive Is Putting Finishing Touches to His Annual Message.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—President Roosevelt will put the finishing touches to his annual message to Congress to-morrow. The document is practically completed now, but it is the President's desire finally to consult several of the leaders in both branches of Congress as to one or two features of the message before he commits it to the hands of the printer.

The President arrived in his office early to-day and soon was besieged by callers.

During the hours until luncheon time he had brief conferences with Senators Allison of Iowa, Lodge of Massachusetts, Foster of Washington, Quay of Pennsylvania, Fairbanks of Indiana, Stewart of Nevada, McComas of Maryland, Elkins of West Virginia and Gibson of Montana, and with Speaker Henderson and Representatives Cannon of Illinois, Babcock of Wisconsin, Boutelle of Illinois and Landis of Indiana.

Nearly every one of the callers was with the President so short a time that no opportunity was afforded to discuss the important question, the consideration of which is involved in the message.

Many of them announced as they left the executive offices that they had called merely to pay their respects. Few of them discussed with the President any matters of policy. With the views of all, the President is reasonably familiar. With Senator Quay and with Speaker Henderson the President was in conference for half an hour or more. The former did not hesitate to express to the President his opposition to any tariff revision, either at the approaching short session of Congress or in the next Congress. He expects to press in the Senate this winter the territorial statehood bills and is very optimistic as to the result. By agreement the statehood bills will be made the unfinished business of the Senate soon after the session begins.

The President conferred with Speaker Henderson about the status of legislation in the House during the short session, but the Speaker declined to enter into any details of the conference.

Cannon had only a brief interview with the President, during which they discussed no public questions.

It is the purpose of the President to talk with some of the Republican Congressional leaders concerning his attitude and their attitude on trusts and the tariff. Discussion of the latter subject, it is understood, will be with special reference to the reciprocity question. Senator Allison and Representative Cannon later in the day had a conference with the President.

POPE LEO BLESSES CANADIAN PILGRIMS

Receives Them in the Throneroom and Gives Them His Benediction.

ROME, Nov. 24.—The Pope Sunday gave a farewell private audience to Archbishop Bruchesi of Montreal. His Holiness afterward went to the throneroom, where Mgr. Bruchesi presented to him all the Canadians now in Rome, numbering sixty.

The Pope said he was delighted to see the Canadians, and gave his benediction to them all.

On leaving Archbishop Brushesi said: "I hope to see your Holiness on my next visit to Rome three years hence."

The Pope promptly replied: "I will wait for you."

Licensed to Marry.

OAKLAND, Nov. 24.—The following marriage licenses were issued to-day: Henrique Souza, aged 30 years, and Anna George, 17, both of Mission San Jose; Edward W. Edwards, 22, and Mary E. Laubenheimer, 18, both of Alameda; John V. Enes, 31, San Francisco, and Lupie M. Echeverria, 25, Warm Springs; Andrew W. Miller, 31, and Mrs. Frankie Gailor, both of Sacramento; Patrick Tumelty, 22, Stockton, and Mary Agnes Sullivan, 18, Fruitvale; Edward P. Clarrage, 30, and Bertha L. Brucksieker, 23, both of Oakland.

Boats Dock at Alameda Point.

ALAMEDA, Nov. 24.—The regular narrow gauge trains for Santa Cruz received their San Francisco passengers from ferry-boats that docked at the old Alameda Point slip to-day. No local trains are yet run on that line, and the railroad officials are not prepared to say when the service will be resumed. A large force of men and a work train are employed at the site of the burned depot at the west end of the mole clearing away the ruins and repairing the freight slip.

A SONG RECITAL.—Miss Cornelia M. Little gave a song recital last night in Central Hall, 1215 Sutter street. Her programme, which consisted of seventeen well selected numbers, was enjoyed by a large audience. She was accompanied by Miss Olivia Edmunds.

Face

Was Always Very Pale and Thin.

Nervous Prostration-Faint Spells.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Saved My Life.

There is great danger in a run down condition. Overwork, mental strain, the cares and worries of business and the home, all have a deleterious effect upon the nerves, which in their devitalized condition readily fall prey to the attacks of disease. Aside from the danger there is no condition attended by so many disagreeable symptoms; such as loss of appetite, indigestion or nervous dyspepsia, headache, tired feeling and loss of ambition together with the agony of sleepless nights spent in tossing restlessly about, only to rise exhausted in the morning. Dr. Miles' Nervine is a true nerve tonic which, by strengthening the nerves, restores health and appetite and brings sweet sleep.

"For six years I suffered almost constantly from a complication of troubles which culminated in complete nervous prostration. I had no appetite, I could not sleep, I suffered from indigestion and nervousness. As is so often the case in nervous prostration I frequently had weak, fainting spells. Doctors did not help me. They said my blood was very poor, and I know my face was always very pale. The very first bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine I took gave me noticeable relief and I felt stronger than I had in years. My neighbors in Puyallup, Wash., where I then lived will testify to this. I also used some of Dr. Miles' Restorative Tonic and Anti-Pain Pills. I believe the Dr. Miles Remedies saved my life."—MRS. J. C. BENEDICT, Tucker, Utah.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

ACCEPTS TERMS OF GOVERNMENT

Cable Company to Be Allowed Use of Maps and Soundings.

Agrees to Employ American Operators When They Are Obtainable.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The arrangements by which the deep sea soundings and surveys made by the Nero under the direction of the Navy Department are to be turned over to the Commercial Cable Company for use in laying the Pacific cable beyond the Hawaiian Islands were completed to-day. The representatives of the cable company examined the charts at the department and expressed themselves as highly gratified with the thoroughness of the work. Duplicate sets of the charts have been prepared and will be turned over to the company as soon as the contracts prepared by the Attorney General are signed. This will be in a few days. The only provision of the terms laid down by the Government to which the company took exception was that providing for American operatives. This was modified at the request of the company to provide for American operatives when obtainable. The charts will carry the cable beyond the Hawaiian Islands to the Midway Islands, thence to Guam. From Guam two links will be extended, one to Manila and the other to Yokohama.

The following statement regarding the concessions was given out by the Attorney General to-day:

The President, having duly considered said application, hereby consents that the said company may lay, construct, land, maintain and operate telegraphic lines and cables on the Pacific Coast of the United States and various territorial waters of the United States to connect the city of San Francisco, in the State of California; the city of Honolulu, in the Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, and by the way of said Midway Islands and the island of Guam, the island of Luzon, P. I., and a point on the coast of the empire of China.

It is a condition with the granting of the said consent that said company first file with its said application its written acceptance of the terms and conditions on which said consent is given, to wit:

MUST NOT COMBINE.

First—That the said company has not received any exclusive concessions of privilege and has not combined or associated with any company or concern to exclude any other company or concern formed in the United States of America from obtaining the privilege of landing its cable or cables on the coast of China, or connecting them with other cable lines or inland lines of China, and said company or its successor or assignees will not make any contract, combination or arrangement with any such company or concern for such purposes. The said company has not combined or associated itself with, and will not combine or associate itself with any other cable or telegraph company or concern for the purpose of regulating rates in American territory or between them and any point in China, Japan or other Oriental places, except to make reasonable through rates.

Second—That said company's cables shall touch at no other than American territory on the way from the United States to the Chinese Empire. A line from the Philippines to China shall be constructed by said company within one year and operated independently of all foreign companies and concerns.

Third—That the rates to be charged for commercial messages shall be reasonable and in no case in excess of the tariff set forth in congressional document No. 368, House of Representatives, Fifty-seventh Congress, first session, signed by George B. Ward, vice president of the Commercial Cable Company and attested by Albert Beck, secretary, with proportionate rates for intermediate points, plus such payments as may be enacted by the Chinese Government.

Fourth—That the Government of the United States, any department thereof, its officers, agents and insular or territorial officers and Governments upon the route of such cable, shall have priority for their official cablegrams over all other business, at such rates as the Postmaster General shall annually fix.

Fifth—That the United States shall at all times have the right to purchase the cable lines, property and effects of the said company at an appraised value to be ascertained by disinterested persons, two to be selected by the Postmaster General, two by the company or concern interested, and the fifth by the four so previously selected.

RIGHTS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Sixth—That the Government of the United States shall have authority to assume full control of the said cable during war (including grave civil disturbance) or when war is threatened.

Seventh—That all contracts entered into by the said company with foreign governments for the transmission of messages by the said cable company shall be null and void when the United States is engaged in war, so far as the President or Congress shall elect.

Eighth—That the United States shall have authority to sever at discretion all branches which may be connected with the main cable line aforesaid during a war or threatened war.

Ninth—That the operators and employes of said company (above the grade of unskilled labor) after said cable shall have been laid, shall be exclusively American citizens if the same can be obtained.

Tenth—That the citizens of the United States and of its possessions shall stand on an equal footing as regards the messages over said company's lines with citizens or subjects of any other country which said cable may connect.

Eleventh—That the cable shall be capable of an effective speed of transmission over the main route from California to Luzon of not less than twenty-five words a minute, which the said company agrees to make every effort to maintain.

Twelfth—The cable laid shall be of the best manufacture.

Thirteenth—That ample repair service for said cable shall be maintained.

CENSORSHIP OF MESSAGES.

Fourteenth—That the line shall be kept open for daily business and all messages in the order of priority heretofore provided for, are to be transmitted according to the time of receipt.

Fifteenth—That no liability shall be assumed by the Government of the United States by virtue of any control or censorship which it may exercise over said line in the event of war or civil disturbance, or under conditions numbered six and eight, above set forth, so far as messages directly connected with the war are concerned, but as to the stoppage or interruption of other business of the cable company, the compensation therefor to be paid by the United States to the cable company shall be determined under the Federal law.

Sixteenth—By the grant of this permission the United States Government does not insure or indemnify said Commercial Pacific Cable Company against any landing rights claimed to be in existence in favor of any company or companies in respect to any of the insular possessions of the United States.

Seventeenth—That the consent hereby granted shall be subject to any future action by Congress, affirming, revoking or modifying, wholly or in part, the said conditions and terms on which this consent is given. The acceptance of the terms and conditions upon which this consent is given shall be evidenced by a copy of a resolution of the board of directors of the cable company under the company's seal, to be filed with the Postmaster General of the United States, upon the filing of which full access shall be granted to said company by the Secretary of the Navy to all soundings, profiles and other helpful data in the possession or under the control of the Navy Department.

QUICK SERVICE PROMISED.

Will Send Message Around World in Thirty-Nine Minutes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—"Mr. Secretary," said G. G. Ward, general manager of the Commercial and Pacific Cable companies, to-day, to Secretary of the Navy Moody, "about a month ago a man sent a cablegram around the world. He did it in thirty-nine hours. On the first of July, when our Pacific lines are completed, we will send a mesage from New York around the world in thirty-nine minutes or less."

Ward, accompanied by Mr. Cook of New York, counsel of the company, called at the Navy Department after meeting Attorney General Knox and signed the final agreement between this Government and the cable company prior to the extension of the cable to the Philippines.

The representatives of the cable company were highly gratified at the complete and detailed character of the charts prepared under Rear Admiral Bradford's supervision after the survey made by the Nero. They declared that they were worth $100,000. Rear Admiral Bradford also submitted to them a record of the chemical analysis of the bottom of the ocean, which showed that it contained no substances, mineral or otherwise, which would injure the cable. While the Navy Department has nothing to do with the cable the company will construct from Manila to China, it is understood that this cable will be laid from Manila to Shanghai instead of to Hongkong, where the English cable now touches.

To secure communication between San Francisco and Manila the company will be obliged to lay full eight thousand miles of cable. The distances are: From San Francisco to Honolulu, 2100 miles; to Midway Island, 1160 miles; to Guam, 2280 miles; to Manila via San Bernardino Straits, 1372 miles; total, 6912 miles. Between 12 and 20 per cent should be allowed for slack in the cable, making the total length fully 8000 miles.

The Nero survey includes a branch from Guam to Yokohama, a distance of 1332 miles

SPARED DISGRACE OF PRISON CELL

Oxnard Constable Confines Miss Howard in a Hotel.

Leading Los Angelenos Rally to Aid of Unfortunate Woman.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 5.—Hugh Bryson, the former society man of Memphis, Tenn., who was arrested here last week as a fugitive from justice on complaint of Miss Priscilla Howell, who charges him with the abduction of her child, has been given two days more of grace before he must defend himself in the courts. The case against him was to have been heard to-day in a township court, but owing to the fact that the Tennessee officer has not yet arrived and the further fact that Miss Howell is under arrest at Oxnard, it was continued until Wednesday.

On the warrant sworn out by Bryson at Oxnard, in which he charges her with extortion, Miss Howell was taken to the sugar factory town this morning. With her went Detective Saphir, whom Bryson charges with burglary. They were arraigned before Justice Lander, who continued the cases until Friday and demanded $1000 bail. This the young woman was unable to give, but Judge J. W. McKinley prevailed upon the constable to take her to a hotel in Oxnard for the night, promising to supply bail to-morrow morning. She has telegraphed East for funds and the reply she received was that she would be supplied with all she needed.

She has engaged attorneys, who declare that the complaint of Bryson against her was the result of spite and was made in the hope that she would drop her prosecution of him.

Miss Howell declares that it is a trumped-up charge and points to the fact that she has spent thousands of dollars in her effort to find Bryson, simply to compel him to tell her what became of her child. She does not want his money and has repeatedly asserted that if Bryson will produce the child he may go his way. His action in causing her arrest has enlisted public sympathy in her behalf and she has had several offers of financial assistance, but has refused all of them, saying that she has ample means at her home in the East.

Bryson hopes to have the case tried on its merits here, but Miss Howell's attorneys assert that the California courts can take cognizance only of the charge that he is a fugitive from justice, and, so long as the papers which the Tennessee officer brings are regular, Bryson must be turned over to him.

TWO VICTIMS OF GAS TAKEN TO THE MORGUE

Farm Laborer Esparza Blows Out His Light and Mary Murphy Turns Hers On.

Deadly illuminating gas carelessly turned on or blown out caused the death of two unwary persons last Sunday evening. The first victim was Miss Mary Murphy, a house servant employed in the family of Mrs. Bine at 1554 Post street. She was discovered dead in her bed early yesterday morning. The stopcock of the gas burner was turned on. An examination of the gas fixtures was made by Deputy Coroner McCormick and he found that they were in perfect order. The people in the house say that Miss Murphy was in good spirits when she retired, and that they knew of no reason why she should have made away with herself. The dead woman was a native of Ireland, 30 years of age.

The second case reported at the Morgue yesterday was that of Sanbalio Esparza, a laborer, 32 years of age. He and a friend, F. Tihist, engaged separate rooms last Sunday evening in a lodging-house at 1347 Powell street. Both requested Marie Yparraguire, the landlady, to call them at 6:30 in the morning. She awoke Tihist yesterday, and when she knocked at the door of Esparza's room she perceived the odor of illuminating gas. She thereupon gave the alarm and entrance being forced Esparza was found dead in bed. The gas key was open. Both men had secured employment in Los Angeles and had secured their transportation to that city, expecting to leave this city yesterday morning. Tihist said that Esparza had had little or no experience with gas and probably blew out the flame. Esparza was a native of Spain.

BOLD SALOON ROBBERY.

Bunko Men Seize Victim's Coin and Rum.

Fred Clayton and a companion, the latter now sought by the police, are guilty of a daring robbery that took place in a Third street saloon last night.

Clayton and his companion met Louis Rubin, a fruit peddler bound for New Orleans, in the depot at Third and Townsend streets. They induced the stranger to accompany them to the saloon of Martin Land at 636 Third street, where a dice game was proposed. Rubin refused to participate, but displayed $75, which Clayton seized and ran away with.

The saloon man is accused of holding the victim until the robbers had escaped. Rubin, however, caught Clayton and held him for a while. The latter broke away, leaving his coat behind. The robber hid in a lumber yard for a short time and was finally captured by Officer A. R. Tobin.

Detectives Ryan and O'Dea have charge of the case.

Another carload of Call premium Atlases left Chicago, via Chicago Northwestern road, Saturday, November 22, and are due in this city about December 5, at which time all Call readers who desire this premium will please place their order.

A GERMAN-AMERICAN DAY—The German-American League of California held its quarterly session last night in Union Square Hall and decided to celebrate a German-American day on October 4 of next year.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Good Digestion is essential to good health. A dose of the Bitters before meals will insure perfect digestion by stimulating the secretions of the stomach. It will also cure **Dyspepsia, Headache, Constipation, Biliousness and Malaria, Fever and Ague. Try it.**

REGISTRAR FILES FULL RETURNS

Total Vote Cast in City More Than Sixty Thousand.

Lane, With Nearly Thirty-Four Thousand, Leads the Ticket.

Complete official returns of the vote cast in San Francisco at the recent election show that the total vote was 61,091. Franklin K. Lane, the defeated Democratic candidate for Governor, was given the highest vote in the city, he being accredited with 33,743. Following are the returns as officially given out by the Registrar of Voters:

Governor.

Franklin K. Lane (D.)	33,743
George C. Pardee (R.)	24,106
Gideon S. Brower (S.)	1,093
Theodore D. Kanouse (P.)	164

Lieutenant Governor.

I. B. Dockweiler (D.)	30,588
Alden Anderson (R.)	25,092
Frank R. Whitney (S.)	2,402
S. P. Meads (P.)	193

Secretary of State.

Charles F. Curry (R.)	30,789
Alexander Rosborough (D.)	23,856
Fred C. Wheeler (S.)	2,475
Arthur C. Banta (P.)	220

Controller.

E. P. Colgan (R.)	29,417
Frederick Harkness (D.)	23,346
S. Edgar Alderman (S.)	2,600
J. E. McComas (P.)	233

Treasurer.

Truman Reeves (R.)	28,514
Sam H. Brooks (D.)	24,489
Oswald Seifert (S.)	2,603
James Campbell (P.)	234

Attorney General.

U. S. Webb (R.)	28,228
William A. Gett (D.)	24,841
Cameron H. King (S.)	2,590
Joel H. Smith (P.)	215

Surveyor General.

Victor H. Woods (R.)	27,732
Charles H. Holcomb (D.)	25,331
Walter Stevenson (S.)	2,549
Thomas B. Russell (P.)	230

Clerk Supreme Court.

Frank C. Jordan (R.)	29,573
Lawrence H. Wilson (D.)	23,171
Scott Anderson (S.)	2,643
C. C. Collins (P.)	242

Superintendent Public Instruction.

Thomas J. Kirk (R.)	28,969
E. W. Lindsay (D.)	23,411
Anna F. Smith (S.)	2,542
Charlton Edholm (P.)	219

Superintendent State Printing.

W. W. Shannon (R.)	32,462
E. I. Woodman (D.)	21,480
S. H. Laverty (S.)	2,393
Leroy S. Atwood (P.)	250

Chief Justice Supreme Court.

William H. Beatty (R.)	31,098
John K. Law (D.)	21,124
H. G. Walker (S.)	2,477
T. M. Stewart (P.)	209

Associate Justices Supreme Court.

F. M. Angellotti (R.)	30,044
Lucien Shaw (R.)	23,307
D. K. Trask (D.)	22,432
E. C. Farnsworth (D.)	18,845
Emil Liess (S.)	2,411
Wayland C. Shepard (S.)	2,269
James H. Blanchard (P.)	238
M. L. Wicks (P.)	211

Member Board of Equalization.

William H. Alford (D.)	25,059
Lewis H. Brown (R.)	24,953
Lynus Vanalstine (S.)	2,329
H. N. Turner (P.)	254

Railroad Commissioner.

Adam Andrew (R.)	26,777
Samuel Braunhart (D.)	22,383
John Barduhn (S.)	2,142
C. C. O'Donnell (I.)	3,128
C. B. Williams (P.)	257

Congress—Fourth District.

Edward T. Livernash (D.-U. L.)	16,146
Julius Kahn (R.)	16,005
William Costley (S.)	616
Joseph Rowell (P.)	69

Congress—Fifth District.

William J. Wynn (D.-U. L.)	15,259
Eugene P. Loud (R.)	10,020
Joseph Lawrence (S.)	411
Frank E. Caton (P.)	76

Superintendent Public Schools.

William H. Langdon (D.-U. L.)	29,425
Reginald H. Webster (R.)	26,581

Judges Superior Court.

John Hunt (R.)	28,099
Carroll Cook (R.)	25,943
J. C. B. Hebbard (R.)	24,857
Frank H. Dunne (D.)	21,745
Alfred J. Fritz (D.)	19,516
R. B. McClellan (R.)	18,058
William E. White (U. L.)	15,262
Livingston Jenks (D.)	14,165
John Heenan (U. L.)	13,854
Henry E. Lister (U. L.)	13,760
Walter Gallagher (U. L.)	13,201
William T. Baggett (D.)	9,246

Justices of the Peace.

Thomas F. Dunn (R.)	28,069
Percy V. Long (R.)	25,333
John J. Van Nostrand (R.)	24,110
A. B. Lawson (D.-U. L.)	23,584
John R. Daniels (R.)	23,494
John W. Koch (R.)	21,466
Frederick McGregor (U. L.)	17,827
Carl W. Mueller (U. L.)	16,752
J. J. Guilfoyle (U. L.)	16,176
Linnoir L. Burton (U. L.)	15,863
Eugene D. Sullivan (D.)	12,309
John A. Carroll (D.)	11,228
Robert Richards (D.)	10,541
William H. Kent (D.)	9,977

State Senator.

Eighteenth District—	
H. Bunkers (D.-U. L.)	3,618
John A. Hoey (R.)	2,837
Twentieth District—	
Frank French (R.)	2,228
William J. Kenny (U. L.)	2,177
W. E. Dubois (D.)	779
Twenty-second District—	
H. A. Bauer (R.)	2,883
P. Hallinan (U. L.)	1,298
M. T. Moses (D.)	818
Twenty-fourth District—	
George H. Williams (R.)	4,003
E. J. Reynolds (U. L.)	1,186
R. P. Saffold (D.)	1,066

Member of Assembly.

Twenty-eighth District—	
John M. Murphy (U. L.)	994
C. R. Franklin (R.)	341
Alexander Estelita (D.)	516
Twenty-ninth District—	
Thomas F. Finn (D.-U. L.)	2,055
J. F. Collins (R.)	1,054
Thirtieth District—	
A. McMahon (D.-U. L.)	2,024
James F. Lawler (R.)	1,168
Thirty-first District—	
Charles A. Siskron (D.-U. L.)	1,885
Jere Lucy (R.)	1,328
Thirty-second District—	
J. N. Copus (D.-U. L.)	1,534
B. P. La Grave (R.)	1,295
Thirty-third District—	
M. J. Kerrigan (D.-U. L.)	1,514
L. A. Taylor (R.)	782
Thirty-fourth District—	
William H. Gleason (R.)	1,525
John McKeon (U. L.)	834
J. E. Sullivan (D.)	717
Thirty-fifth District—	
Edward D. Knight (R.)	1,425
D. T. Powers (D.-U. L.)	1,293
Thirty-sixth District—	
A. M. Mahany (D.-U. L.)	1,798
A. H. Menne (R.)	1,407
Thirty-seventh District—	
Arthur G. Fisk (R.)	1,936
J. E. Brannan (D.)	643
J. W. Mayder (U. L.)	551
Thirty-eighth District—	
Marcus Lewis (R.)	1,769
Fred H. Seavy (D.-U. L.)	1,481
Thirty-ninth District—	
W. W. Allen Jr. (R.)	1,280
Harry A. Knox (U. L.)	1,034
Fortieth District—	
Leo H. Susman (R.)	1,822
Thomas J. O'Neill (D.-U. L.)	877
Forty-first District—	
Frederick K. Lux (R.)	1,325
William P. Delany (D.-U. L.)	1,104
Forty-second District—	
P. S. Barber (R.)	1,718
William R. Stone (D.-U. L.)	1,299
Forty-third District—	
William H. R. McMartin (R.)	1,607
F. R. Butz (D.)	958
John Millward (U. L.)	532
Forty-fourth District—	
James D. Hart (R.)	1,785
Washington Kugler (D.-U. L.)	1,393
Forty-fifth District—	
George G. Boisson (R.)	1,427
C. Sganzini (D.-U. L.)	936

Constitutional Amendments.

For amendment No. 1	18,569
Against amendment No. 1	15,487
For amendment No. 2	20,197
Against amendment No. 2	11,856
For amendment No. 3	18,320
Against amendment No. 3	12,809
For amendment No. 4	21,727
Against amendment No. 4	10,185
For amendment No. 5	28,042
Against amendment No. 5	5,201
For amendment No. 6	24,232
Against amendment No. 6	7,253
For amendment No. 7	16,754
Against amendment No. 7	14,369
For amendment No. 8	7,477
Against amendment No. 8	28,513
For amendment No. 9	13,069
Against amendment No. 9	17,453

PUTS BLASTING UNDER THE BAN

Board of Supervisors Revokes a Number of Permits.

Will Sue Firms for Cutting Streets Below Official Grade.

The Board of Supervisors yesterday put a stop to blasting operations in this city by adopting a resolution recommended by the Street Committee, revoking the permits granted to Gray Bros., W. J. Holmes and the Cushing-Wetmore Company to blast and crush rock on Telegraph Hill and to Gray Bros. to do the same on Douglass and Clipper streets.

The resolution recites that testimony adduced before the Street Committee shows that the blasting and rock crushing on Telegraph Hill and on Douglass and Clipper streets are dangerous to life and limb, damage adjoining property and they are declared to be public nuisances.

The resolution also directs the City Attorney to institute proceedings against Gray Bros. and the Cushing-Wetmore Company for cutting below the official grades on Green, Sansome and Lombard streets.

The Chief of Police and the Board of Works are directed to remove immediately the rock crushing plants and other obstructions on the streets named.

The board ordered the City Attorney to be furnished an abstract of title to lands adjacent to Twenty-sixth and Clipper streets, where Gray Bros.' rock crusher is located, so that suit may be brought against the firm or any other parties who may be responsible for cutting the streets in the vicinity below the official grade.

George T. Wetmore denied that his blasting or ruck crushing plant is a nuisance, saying that no complaint had ever been made against it. John Kelso, a property owner on Telegraph Hill, said it was necessary to have blasting in this city for concrete work and that if it were stopped the cost of rock would be increased, as it would have to be brought from other counties.

Fisher Ames, attorney for Gray Bros., proposed to submit the whole proposition to the City Engineer and to pay the value of the property of any one who desired to sell or had been damaged by blasting. Ames said the resolution would put a stop to blasting, raise the price of building material 100 per cent and throw 500 men out of employment. Harry Gray said the city was on the eve of building a sewer system and if the resolution prevailed it would increase the cost for rock by from 90 to 100 per cent, which would fall on the taxpayers.

Brandenstein suggested that the matter be laid over for one week to secure a report from the City Engineer as to whether blasting operations could be carried on without damaging property not belonging to Gray Bros., but a motion to that effect was lost.

Gray Bros. were granted a special permit for six months to blast and crush rock on Twenty-sixth and Douglass streets.

The petition of the Castro Heights Crushed Rock Company for a permit to explode blasts in blocks 238 and 239 of Horner's Addition was denied.

ESCAPE SANTA MARIA'S DEATH-DEALING SHOWER

Former Residents of San Jose Send From Guatemala News of Their Safety.

SAN JOSE, Nov. 24.—Captain Carlos E. Mordaunt and family and Mr. and Mrs. Carlos E. Mordaunt Jr., and son, well known residents of this city, who recently removed to the Mordaunt plantation, about 40 miles from Santa Maria, escaped the death-dealing ash shower from that volcano. Mordaunt has a plantation at Eureka, State of Chiapis. Friends here feared the entire family was killed.

A letter was received from Captain Mordaunt by Dr. W. D. McDougall today, dated October 30. He writes that on Saturday, October 25, at daylight ashes commenced falling. By 7:30 o'clock it was pitch dark and ashes fell at the rate of one inch an hour until Monday morning. Everything is covered with volcanic ashes to the depth of two feet; all vegetation is killed; coffee will be scarce, but he believes he will get about a one-fourth crop off his 3500 acres.

Captain Mordaunt says he is afraid of a famine. The loss in the department is very heavy. He is going to plant corn and beans, believing there is enough earth mixed with the ashes to make them grow. He says the ashes will enrich the soil, and he expects a better crop of coffee next year.

Late Shipping Intelligence.

ARRIVED.

Monday, Nov. 24.

Stmr Navarro, Higgins, 30 hours from Eureka.

SAILED.

Monday, Nov. 24.

Stmr Alliance, Hardwick, Eureka and Portland.

OUTSIDE BOUND IN AT 12. P. M.

Schr Roy Somers from Portland.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

PORTLAND—Arrived Nov 24—Bark Nantes, from Nagasaki.

Sailed Nov 24—Ship Pass of Brander, for East London.

ASTORIA—Sailed Nov 24—Stmr Elmore, for Tillamook; stmr Dispatch, for San Francisco; schr John A., for San Francisco.

PROTECT URGENT NECESSITY FUND

Supervisors Oppose an Appropriation for Promotion.

Deny Request of Supporters of Geary-Street Road Acquisition.

The Board of Supervisors yesterday refused to adopt a resolution introduced by the joint Committee on Public Utilities and Charter amendments, appropriating an additional $500 to the $500 already set aside out of the urgent necessity fund for the purpose of promoting the acquisition of the Geary-street road and securing the adoption of eight charter amendments to be submitted to a vote of the people next month. The recently appointed campaign committee made an appeal for more funds to arrange for district meetings in support of the propositions.

Supervisor Wilson objected to the appropriation on the ground that the board has no authority to resolve itself into a campaign committee and set aside any municipal funds to advance the interests of propositions to be submitted to the people. Wilson further said that the urgent necessity fund was not meant for such expenditures.

The resolution was defeated, as it did not receive the necessary fifteen votes. Payot, Sanderson and Wilson voted no, and Bent was absent. Braunhart changed his vote and gave notice of reconsideration, but the resolution was again lost by the same vote.

The ordinance ordering street work on Richland avenue was repassed to print, the Board of Works having recommended the work prematurely.

The ordinance changing the name of New City Hall Square to Marshall Square, in honor of the discoverer of gold, was passed to print.

Grades were ordered changed on De Haro, Carolina, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets and Birch avenue.

The ordinance providing for the issuance by the Health Officer and Recorder of certificates of births and deaths was finally passed. The fee for such certificates is fixed at 75 cents each, but widows and children of former United States soldiers and foreign Consuls shall receive them free.

The ordinance ordering artificial stone sidewalks constructed in front of the Mission High, Buena Vista, Columbia and other schools at a cost of $2000 was passed to print.

The officers of the city government were directed to file an inventory of all the personal property belonging to the city under their charge or control.

NICHOLAS G. KITTLE EXPIRES IN FRESNO

Internal Hemorrhage Causes the Death of a Former San Franciscan.

FRESNO, Nov. 24.—Nicholas G. Kittle, son of the late pioneer of the same name, who was at the head of the old-time mercantile firm of N. G. Kittle & Co. of San Francisco, died last night at his rooms in the Grand Central Hotel. Internal hemorrhage was the cause of death. Mr. Kittle had not been a well man since his recent illness from stomach troubles, having been taken to San Francisco for treatment. As late as Saturday he had planned to go on a quail hunting trip.

Three months ago Mr. Kittle suffered from an attack of ptomaine poisoning. This left him in a weak condition and he complained of stomach trouble. Mr. Kittle was 35 years of age. He leaves a mother, two brothers and three sisters. He was a member of the University and Pacific Union clubs in San Francisco and was very popular in social and business circles. For many years he was purchasing agent for Porter Brothers. He was an expert on dried fruits and his services were greatly in demand. He left the company to take a like position with the Johnson-Locke Mercantile Company and was in Fresno on business for the firm when death cut short his career.

Mr. Kittle was a captain on the staff of General Muller of the National Guard of California. He was a native of this city. He received his early education in the Lawrenceville Academy of New Jersey.

The body has been shipped to this city and now lies at the home of his mother, corner Steiner street and Pacific avenue.

WILLIAM KAUFFMAN IS FOUND GUILTY BY JURY

Justice Overtakes Another of the Slayers of Policeman Eugene C. Robinson.

William Kauffman, alias "St. Louis Fat," was found guilty of murder in the second degree by a jury in Judge Cook's court last evening. Kauffman was charged with complicity in the killing of Policeman Eugene C. Robinson at Valencia and Sixteenth streets on the morning of January 21 of the present year.

The prosecution in the case of Kauffman admitted that the defendant had no weapon, but proved that he was a party to a conspiracy to rob and plunder, in the carrying out of which Robinson was shot. His companions, now under arrest, were Frank Woods, under sentence of death for shooting the policeman; W. B. Kennedy, alias "Yellow"; John Courtney, alias "Leadville Jimmie," and William Henderson. The three last named are awaiting trial for murder. "Kid" Goucher, a sixth member, was never captured. Henderson turned states evidence and assisted the prosecution in the conviction of both Woods and Kauffman.

O. C. JOSLEN, M.D.
The Leading Specialist.

Men Only

I have no patent prescriptions or cure-all preparations to palm off upon unsuspecting patients; but if you are suffering with any disease of a special nature you can come to me with full assurance of obtaining a speedy and permanent cure.

So-Called Weakness

That condition commonly known as "weakness" is merely a symptom of chronic inflammation in the prostate gland. It is not a weakness at all, though in time it brings on general debility through its depressing influence upon the mind of the sufferer. I treat for the inflammation only and use a local process entirely, and in years I have not failed to effect a permanent cure.

My pamphlet, "Live All Your Years a Man," free at office or by mail. Consultation is also free;

And unless cure is effected I make no charge for my services.

DR. O. C. JOSLEN,
Cor. Market and Kearny sts., opposite Call, Chronicle and Examiner offices.

ORDERS OPENING OF A BOULEVARD

Board Authorizes Extension of Nineteenth Avenue.

Directs City Attorney to Settle South Park Litigation.

The Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution yesterday declaring its intention to accept the roadway of Nineteenth avenue boulevard, after it has been opened, from Trocadero Gulch to Ocean avenue, upon the report of the Board of Public Works that it has been graded and macadamized to the board's satisfaction. This action was taken in order to secure the necessary right of way across lands of the Spring Valley Water Company, which has imposed a condition that it be exempted from any expense for the improvement.

The ordinance changing the name of Nineteenth avenue, beginning at Golden Gate Park to and including the proposed extension of the avenue, to that of McKinley avenue was referred to the Street Committee.

The report of the special committee appointed to take steps to defeat Assembly Constitutional Amendment 28 was filed. It shows that $485 70 had been expended for the purpose and that enough is known to warrant the statement that the amendment has been defeated by a majority of not less than 50,000 and possibly 100,000.

The resolutions revoking the permits granted to J. Bunchet to maintain a steam boiler in premises on Seventeenth street, near Guerrero, and to K. Hatanka for the same purpose at 1111 Elm avenue, were referred to the Fire Committee.

The Mayor was authorized to advertise that December 2 and 4, on which special elections will be held, will be legal holidays.

SOUTH PARK COM