

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL ORDER INVITES THE MASSACRE

Bessarabia's Governor Is Warned Not to Give Jews Armed Protection.



OFFICIAL FIGURES ON MASSACRE

ODESSA, Russia, May 17.—The following information regarding the massacre of Jews at Kishenev is taken from a circular of the Minister of the Interior, which has just been published:

- Forty-five persons killed.
 - Seventy-four seriously wounded.
 - Three hundred and fifty slightly wounded.
 - Seven hundred houses of Hebrews wrecked and plundered.
 - Six hundred shops robbed.
- THOMAS E. HEENAN,
United States Consul at Odessa.

CATHOLIC PRELATE AND LEADING STATESMAN WHO HAVE JOINED IN THE PROTEST OF AMERICANS AGAINST THE ANTI-HEBREW ATROCITIES IN THE LAND OF THE CZAR.

tory anti-Semite papers and fables of Jewish ritual murders. Details are given to substantiate all the horrible incidents hitherto published. Formal depositions have been made accusing the police of having disarmed Jews who tried to defend themselves. All appeals to the Governor to call out the military were in vain, and when leading Jews tried to telegraph to St. Petersburg their messages were stopped.

ONE GROUND FOR PROTEST.

United States May Yet Have Cause to Make Official Complaint. CALL BUREAU, 1406 G STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, May 17.—There appears to be but one way in which the United States Government can venture any protest to the Russian Government against the outrages said to have been perpetrated by mobs on Hebrews in that country. If the Hebrews said to be thus oppressed begin to emigrate to the United States in great numbers, and, on arriving here, succeed in passing immigration inspection, yet show that they are ill-fitted for the struggle to exist in a strange land, the United States might protest against any treatment of these people which it deemed responsible for, the influx of paupers to this country. Secretary Hay wrote a note to the Russian signatory to the treaty of Berlin, reminding them that the Hebrews in Roumania were not receiving the civil rights promised them in that convention, only after the immigration from Roumania to the United States became of such a character that the United States was injured. But until the United States really begins to feel the effect of pauperized immigration from Russia no protest will be in order. All the State Department has done is to ask Ambassador McCormick to make an inquiry into the reported atrocities from the Foreign Office in St. Petersburg, which replied that the situation was well controlled and that there was no need of the supplies for which funds were being collected in the United States.

Simon Wolf, a well-known Hebrew citizen of Washington, at the instance of prominent Hebrews in New York, had breaks were deliberately organized by local anti-Semites, assisted by inflamma-

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FIFTY MEN ARE INJURED BY RIOTERS

Mob Stones Street Cars in City of Bridgeport.

Mayor Elected on Labor Ticket Aids the Strikers.

County Sheriff May Attempt to Supersede Him in Authority.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 17.—The attempt of the officials of the Connecticut Railway and Lighting Company to run its cars with non-union men to-day resulted in a riot, in which at least fifty men were injured. The Sheriff says that another such outbreak would make the calling out of State troops inevitable. It is believed the Sheriff will supersede the police in the control of the city.

This morning six trolley cars were started out on the Barnum and State street lines. There were large crowds around the carsheds at the time the cars were manned by twelve of the 130 men brought to this city by the car company. There was no disturbance for a couple of hours. When the first car, however, had completed its third roundtrip and was directly in front of the Wheeler & Wilson factory, where a crowd of at least 300 persons had gathered, a bombardment with stones began.

Deputy Sheriffs Hendrye and Plumb, who were riding on the car, plunged into the crowd to arrest a man whom they had seen throwing a stone. He was seized and with much difficulty dragged fifty feet to the car. The stone-thrower was a big fellow and struggled so fiercely that a policeman who was standing near by went to the assistance of the Sheriffs.

MAYOR FREES RIOTER.

Immediately Mayor Dennis Mulvihill was seen hurrying through the mob. He rushed up to the policeman and ordered him to take his hands off the prisoner. He then told the Deputy Sheriffs that they had better let the man go. During the argument the prisoner dashed away.

In the meantime stones were flying in a shower and one struck Mayor Mulvihill on the head, bruising it badly. The two Sheriffs jumped on the car and told the motorman to proceed to the carsheds, a quarter of a mile distant. The bombardment did not abate and the crowds on the street were so thick that the motorman had to go slowly. The stone-throwing soon became so furious that the Sheriffs drew their revolvers and fired five shots into the air. This caused a slight cessation in the bombardment and the car reached the barns and was run inside. The five other cars received exactly the same treatment as they followed the first car into the barns.

When the last car had passed in the doors, there were 4000 persons gathered in a vacant lot opposite and violence once more broke loose. Bricks, stones and everything that could be thrown were hurled at the barns and anything that belonged to the company in the vicinity.

FIREMEN ARE CALLED OUT.

At this point Mayor Mulvihill saw that the sergeant and nine policemen who were stationed at the car barns were entirely unable to cope with the mob and he sent for Chief Coffin of the fire department. After a short consultation the latter ordered out Engine Company No. 6 and a line of hose. Superintendent Bingham also ordered every man to co-operate with the firemen and finally the mob slowly fell back before the water. One of the strike breakers was assisting the firemen in holding the hose when a well directed brick hit him on the head and knocked him to the ground senseless.

When the mob had dispersed the firemen and extra policemen were ordered back to their quarters and the regular detailed force guarded the barns.

Officials of the Trolley Company will not reveal the names of the men injured. It is positively known, however, that not a man of the twelve who were on the six cars escaped injury of some kind. Every one of them as they stood on the platform of their cars while going into the barns was seen to be bleeding profusely from the head and face. In addition to the trolley men injured, Roadmaster Davis of the Trolley Company, was severely injured by a stone which struck him on the head.

Sheriffs Hendrye and Plumb were the principal magnets for the crowd and each was struck on different parts of the body at least a dozen times. No attempt was made to run cars to-night. In an interview the Sheriff said: "I will have no further interference on the part of Mayor Mulvihill. I will have 100 special men here to-morrow and will do my best to preserve peace, and if the Mayor or any one else interferes he will be stopped; if necessary I will supersede Mayor Mulvihill in authority."

SULTAN'S TROOPS BURN AND PILLAGE VILLAGES

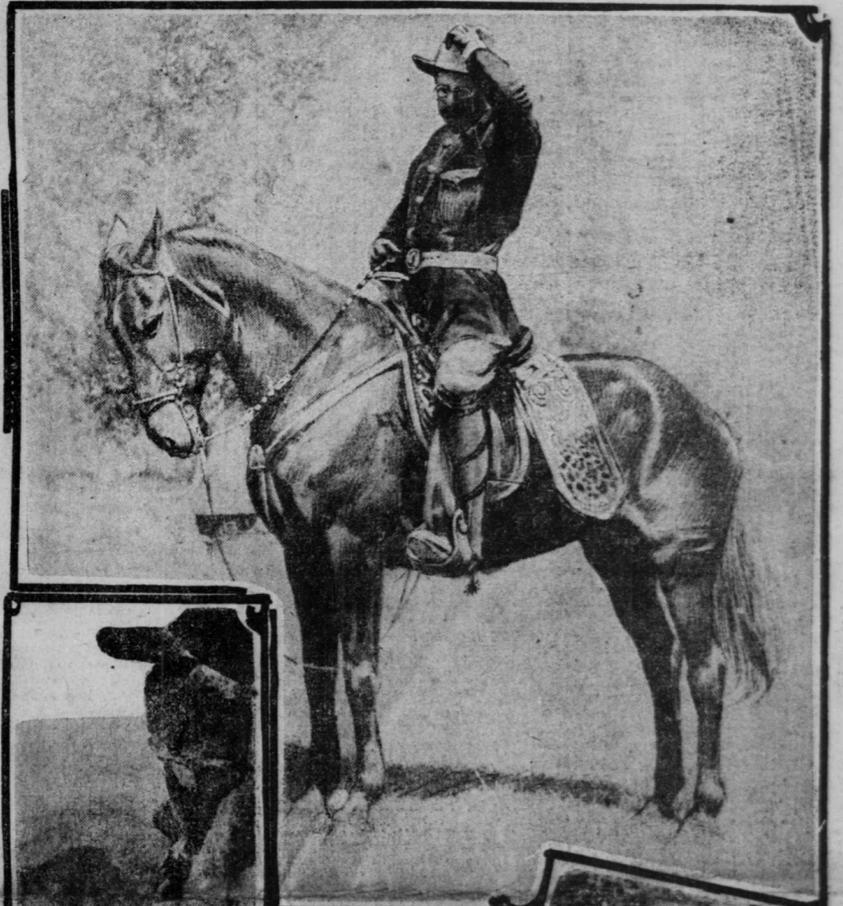
MADRID, May 18.—The Herald this morning reports that troops of the Sultan of Morocco have stormed and carried the fortress Tuza, after having burned and pillaged the villages in the vicinity.

GIBRALTAR, May 17.—Owing to the troubles in Morocco Spain has thrown up defenses at Ceuta, a seaport in Morocco, belonging to Spain, and will ship thither six heavy guns which have been lying at Algebras since the Spanish-American war.

PRESIDENT MAKES CAMP AT BRIDAL VEIL FALLS

Roosevelt Reaches Floor of Yosemite Refreshed and Delighted.

THE PRESIDENT ON HORSEBACK IN THE YOSEMITE VALLEY



YOSEMITE, May 17.—President Roosevelt, John Muir and Rangers Leidig and Leonard, are encamped in the Bridal Veil meadows to-night. Near the banks of the Merced, in a grove of pines and firs, almost within the spray of the beautiful Bridal Veil Falls, the Chief Executive is resting after one of the most memorable day trips of his life. At 3 o'clock this afternoon the party arrived from Vernal Falls at the bridge over the Merced, at the Happy Isles. Although they had been hovering above the Yosemite since early morning, first at the heights of Glacier Point, then above the great panorama wall near the Vernal Falls, and later at the Nevada and Vernal Falls, yet this was their first entrance to the floor of the valley. There were but few there to meet him because his point of entrance was not known to any one, not even the members of his party. He spoke kindly to those there and then came down the valley via Camp Curry and to the Sentinel Hotel.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AS HE APPEARED WHEN HE TRAVELED THE TORTUOUS TRAILS IN YOSEMITE VALLEY AND TWO OF THE BEAUTIFUL SCENES WHICH COMPELLED HIS ADMIRATION.

It was not known on just what road or trail the party would come down the valley and so several men went over to the Yosemite Falls to possibly get a glimpse of him. A wheelman, however, came down from Camp Curry and reported that the President was coming down the regular road. Shortly before 4 o'clock the party was seen approaching the Sentinel. A few minutes later they had arrived at the hotel and in front of the bridge and on the latter in large moss-covered letters were the words, "Welcome to Yosemite." The President was greeted by President Wheeler and others. He then alighted and for a few minutes he spoke pleasantly to a few members of his party.

with its beautiful Dutch finish and furniture his eyes fairly glistened and he said: "You know I am Dutch myself." "GIVEN VALLEY 'KEY.'" In the meantime a large party had assembled at the end of the bridge. It was quiet and orderly. When he came out of the studio, accompanied by the others of the party, he walked quietly back to the bridge and then held an informal reception lasting ten minutes or more. The "key" of the valley, made of manzanita by Julius Starke, was given him by Guardian Stevens. "Here is a good Republican," said a Democrat, presenting his wife. The President smiled and warmly greeted both. A little baby was brought to him in its father's arms. He shook his head. When they showed him the dining hall

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