PROMINENT LABOR LEADER PREDICTS ELECTION OF REPUBLICAN NOMINEE BY GREAT MAJORITY

ORDER PAYMENT OF JUDGMENTS

Supervisors Buy More Land for St. Mary's Square.

Request Mayor to Return Labeling Ordinance to Board Unsigned.

The ordinances authorizing the payment of $3504 to Martin Collmann and of $11,502 to Joseph Musto, being the value fixed by the Superior Court on lands condemned for St. Mary's Square, were finally passed by the Board of Supervisors yesterday.

The Board of Works was requested to prepare through the City Engineer maps showing the location of pipes, conduits, etc., in the public streets.

The petition of W. Plagemann that the ordinance prohibiting the use of oil or paraffin in the preparation of rice for market be repealed was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The board adopted a resolution requesting the Mayor to return unsigned the ordinance finally passed at the last meeting of the board requiring the names of the ingredients to be placed on all packages containing food intended for human consumption. D'Ancona explained that the bill was intended to apply only to foods preserved by artificial process, but in its present shape it would compel manufacturers of medicines to put the formulae used in their composition on the labels. D'Ancona said that if the Mayor chose to veto the bill he would recommend that the veto be sustained, as the measure would work a hardship on manufacturers and it was deemed advisable to expunge it from the records and pass a new ordinance to cover the desired object.

The following ordinances were finally passed:

Granting to the Union Oil Company permission for sixty days to maintain a spur track already constructed on Illinois street, from Sixteenth to Seventeenth.

Granting permits to the San Francisco Electric Protective Company and the American District Telegraph Company to connect their central offices with the fire alarm and police telegraph station.

Exempting firemen and others from the payment of fees for installing tapper gongs.

Regulating the establishment, maintenance and inspection of homes for children, maternity hospitals and lying-in asylums.

The ordinance regulating the opening of hydrants on public streets was passed to print.

The ordinance accepting a deed from the S. Ducas Company and George Ryan to certain land for the opening of Condon street, from Army street to Peralta avenue, was passed to print.

Grades were ordered established on Williams, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Paul, Visitation and Sunnydale avenues.

The board ordered a sewer to be constructed in South Park and Center place.

The roadway of Cumberland street, between Guerrero and Dolores, was fully accepted.

Laborers Want High Wages.

The Board of Public Works yesterday asked the City Attorney for an opinion as to whether it has authority to raise the wages of laborers in its employ from $2 50 to $3 per day. The board calls attention to an ordinance passed by the Board of Supervisors, fixing the wages of laborers at $2 50 per day, and states that its estimates of expenditures were based on the latter rate.

Robbed While Asleep.

John Dinsmore, 703 Stockton street, reported at the Central police station about 6 o'clock yesterday morning that he had been robbed of his gold watch. He said he had been on his way home, but had that tired feeling and sat down on a bench in the plaza. He had fallen asleep and when he awoke his watch was gone.

Convicted of Robbery.

Joseph Walsh was convicted by a jury in Judge Cook's court yesterday of a charge of robbery and will be sentenced on Saturday. He and another man knocked down William Hoffman, a stevedore, at East and Jackson streets on the morning of July 16 and robbed him of his watch and 70 cents.

Attempts to End Her Life.

Oliva Grainger, a domestic at 4196 Twenty-fifth street, attempted suicide yesterday, by inhaling gas. She locked herself in a room and turned on the fluid. The odor of carbon monoxide attracted the inmates of the house to the room and they broke open the door. The girl was sent to the hospital and her chances for recovery are good.

Californians in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The following Californians are registered at Washington hotels:

At the National—Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Frink, Santa Barbara. At the Raleigh—S. J. Becker, San Francisco; W. J. Hollingsworth and wife, Los Angeles. At the New Willard—W. H. E. Leffler and wife, D. R. Sessions and wife, San Francisco; Joseph Schroder, William Banning, Los Angeles.

Charged With Embezzlement.

OAKLAND, Nov. 2.—R. H. Eubanks, a collector for the Oakland Pickle and Vinegar Works, Twenty-second and Grove streets, was arrested to-night on a charge of embezzlement, the complainant being A. Krye, manager of the works. Eubanks resides at 1479 Twelfth avenue. It is claimed about $100 was stolen.

PAYS A MILLION FOR GOLD MINE

Venture Corporation of London Buys the Dolores.

One of Richest Properties in Mex co Is Sold by San Francisco Men.

After months of haggling over the price and other conditions of sale, a famous Mexican mining property, the Dolores mine, has finally passed to the control of the Venture Corporation of London. Yesterday a payment on the purchase price, which is said to be in excess of $1,000,000, was cabled by the foreign corporation to the Anglo-Californian Bank, in which the deeds to the property have been in escrow for over a year, thus insuring the transfer.

The sale of the Dolores mine carries with it considerable local interest in view of the fact that the original owners of the mine are local people, who practically purchased the property for a song, and with the aid of but little capital saw their mine rapidly develop into what is now considered one of the richest in Mexico. It is situated in the northern part of the State of Chihuahua, near the line of the Chihuahua and Pacific Railway, and during the past few months has been the subject of negotiations between its owners and the representative of a number of the larger mining firms of this country and England. The bulk of its stock was held by E. A. Stent, P. G. Gow and George Beveridge, well-known local mining men, A. D. Harrison and James E. Bell of Catton, Bell & Co., Charles J. O'Kell and others of this city. Of these Gow controlled 52 per cent of the stock, a fact which has cost him no end of litigation with the Scotch syndicate, which controls the Juniper mine.

SCOTCHMEN COMPROMISE.

Gow was formerly the American representative of the last named corporation, and when its shareholders learned of his interest in the Dolores mine they brought suit in the United States court, claiming a share in his holdings, basing their claim on a written contract with Gow to the effect that the company should enjoy the profits of any mining venture undertaken by him during his connection with their company. During the pendency of this suit, which was finally compromised by Gow, who is said to have paid the Scotch people something like $100,000, the negotiations for the sale of the Dolores mine were delayed.

About a year ago E. A. Wiltsee, formerly of this city and resident manager of the Venture Corporation, with a corps of engineers made a thorough examination of the Dolores mine, and shortly after, in company with Frederick Baker, the general manager of the English concern, came to this city and entered into negotiations with the owners for the purchase of the property. Yesterday was the final date for payment on the mine and in the meantime local mining men, who were acquainted with the property, have been speculating on the ultimate result of the transaction.

Several days ago it was reported that the Venture Corporation had decided to forfeit its bond of purchase of $25,000 and abandon the deal, and this rumor gained strength when it was learned that other persons were trying to secure the mine.

COME TO BUY MINE.

Friday evening last there arrived here from Mexico in a special car W. K. Ryan, son of Thomas F. Ryan, the New York millionaire, and R. M. Dudley, both well-known mining men of Mexico, who are connected with the Guggenheim syndicate, the American Smelter Company and other big enterprises. For two days they were in conference with the owners of the Dolores mine and frankly admitted that the purpose of their visit was to buy the property in the event of the Venture Corporation withdrawing its offer.

Sunday night, however, they departed for the south, having learned that the deal with the English company would go through. They were prepared to take over the mine on the advice of John Hays Hammond and other representatives of the Guggenheim syndicate's engineer corps, who, it is said, have already examined the Dolores and are now with the Guggenheim brothers in Colorado looking over mining properties there.

The Venture corporation, which has just added to its engineer corps John B. Farish, the well-known expert of this city and Denver, has, during the last two years, acquired possession of the Stratton Independence mine of Cripple Creek and the Camp Bird mine of Ouray, two of the best dividend-paying gold mines on the continent, and it is also jointly interested with the Guggenheims in the famous Esperanza mine in Mexico.

New York Welcomes Patti.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—After ten years' absence Mme. Adelina Patti made her reappearance in this city, where, just forty-four years ago, she won her first triumphs and started on a career that has scarcely had an equal in musical annals. Carnegie Hall was thronged with an audience that hailed the diva with an enthusiastic welcome. Thunders of applause followed Mme. Patti's rendering of the aria from "Linda," which was succeeded by "The Last Rose of Summer" and "Home, Sweet Home," after which in response to repeated recalls, she gave "The Last Farewell," a song written especially for this tour.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The United States Supreme Court to-day advanced the case involving the rights of freedmen in the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations in Indian Territory and set the hearing for January 25.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Admiral Capps, the newly appointed chief constructor of the navy, who succeeds Rear Admiral Bowles, assumed the duties of his new office at the Navy Department to-day.

McCARTHY SAYS CROCKER WILL WIN BY ABOUT TWENTY-NINE THOUSAND

P. H. McCARTHY, president of the Building Trades Council, estimates that Henry J. Crocker's vote to-day will approximate 29,000. Mr. McCarthy reviews the situation in this style:

The Building Trades Council, as a council, never has and never will take on party politics. The individual members constituting that council are more vitally interested in this campaign than any other class of citizens, and are just as competent to judge for themselves as any body of men on earth.

Because of their intelligence and fealty to the cause of labor they have built up that council, which is the best and fairest in the world.

Political tricksters, for the purpose of graft, have endeavored to destroy it—and with it organized labor in general.

Thus thousands of the individual members of the council, desiring to perpetuate that body and to live in the security of its protecting arm, have risen up as one man, free and independent of the council, to elect Henry J. Crocker Mayor.

This action is taken for the purpose of driving from our city, home and fireside a government of graft, graft, graft.

You ask us why we support Crocker and not Lane. We answer because Crocker is stronger than Lane.

You ask us why Crocker is stronger than Lane. We answer, because two years ago over 16,000 Democratic votes were taken out of the lap of the Democratic party by appealing to the prejudice and passion and hate of the masses and placed in the column of Schmitz, from which vote Lane, at best, can only expect a small part. This is best shown by the reception accorded Lane in those districts heretofore intensely Democratic, and from which Crocker and no other Republican could expect more than his party strength. But in those districts to-day Crocker is stronger than Lane.

We differ with Mr. Lane in his opinion of the division of the Republican vote—and in doing so occupy a better position to know than does Mr. Lane. Since our sole desire is to rid this city of Schmitz, let us have the facts as they exist.

When Lane ran for Governor thousands of Republicans were shouting against Pardee. Pardee was bitterly denounced by certain elements supporting Lane.

Every man who denounced Pardee voted for Lane, and with all only 33,743 votes were cast for Lane. Add together the vote cast two years ago for Tobin (12,700) and Schmitz (21,700), and it aggregates 34,400, practically the same vote received by Lane in the gubernatorial fight. This shows conclusively that the Republican votes then fighting Pardee and now in the Schmitz column were cast for Lane, leaving Pardee's 24,106 as the inalienable Republican vote of San Francisco at that time, to which must be added the natural increase, which is Republican. To which must be further added thousands of labor votes, not one of which Pardee got—necessarily bringing the Crocker vote to 29,000 or 30,000.

It follows that a Republican vote cast for Lane is a vote for Schmitz, because Schmitz' vote comes almost entirely from the Democratic party, therefore every citizen, Democrat or Republican, desirous of defeating Schmitz should cast his vote for Crocker—because no matter how strong Lane's personal friends may endeavor to show him to be, he cannot come within several thousand votes of defeating Schmitz; and it resolves itself into a matter of expediency that in order to defeat Schmitz all good citizens must rally to Henry J. Crocker.

November 2, 1903. *P. H. McCARTHY.*

DISTINGUISHED CAREER.

Record of General Edward S. Salomon, Nominee for District Attorney.

General E. S. Salomon, Republican nominee for the office of District Attorney, gained distinction during the Civil War for gallant conduct on the field of battle. The following testimonials to General Salomon's worth as a citizen and soldier are interesting:

"The undersigned, war comrades of Edward S. Salomon, who knew him well as a gallant soldier, a good citizen and an able lawyer, desire to call the attention of the voters of San Francisco to his brilliant record as a soldier of the Union, hoping he may receive the support of our patriotic people, who believe that such services are entitled to recognition. We call their attention to the following extracts from the files and records of the War Department.

"W. R. Shafter, George Stone, C. Mason Kinne, J. C. Currier, W. R. Smedberg, S. W. Backus."

"Headquarters Third Division, Aug. 20, 1863.

"Major General Howard, commanding Eleventh Corps—General: Of the part taken by my division in the actions of July 2 and 3 at Gettysbury I have the honor to submit the following report: One of the five regiments of the First Brigade, the Seventy-fourth Pennsylvania, was left with General Ames to strengthen the right wing; the remaining four were directed toward a strip of wood on the right of the division, in which the firing had become very heavy and where, according to the report of some of the staff officers of the First Corps, immediate aid was needed. Two regiments, the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh New York and the Sixty-first Ohio, were guided by one of their officers, while the other two, the Eighty-second Illinois and the Forty-fifth New York, were led by my chief of staff, Lieutenant Colonel Otto of the Fifty-eighth New York.

"It had meanwhile become quite dark, the direction of the fight being indicated by nothing but the sound of musketry. The regiments entered the woods with the greatest determination and drove the enemy from our rifle pits.

"It is my pleasant duty to mention as especially deserving, the names of Lieutenant Colonel Otto, who superintended this operation with great judgment and courage, and Lieutenant Colonel Salomon of the Eighty-second Illinois, who displayed the highest order of coolness and determination under very trying circumstances. C. SCHURZ,

"Major General Commanding Division."

"Headquarters Third Brigade, First Division, Twentieth Army Corps, near Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia, June 26, 1864.

"Allen Fuller, Adjutant General, State of Illinois—Sir: I have the honor to respectfully request that you issue a colonel's commission to Lieutenant Colonel Edward S. Salomon, commanding the Eighty-second Illinois Volunteer Infantry, belonging to this brigade. I take pleasure in saying that it is my sincere belief that Lieutenant Colonel Salomon duly deserves this favor, not only by his inherent ability and merit as an officer, but most particularly by the gallantry and efficiency he has displayed in this campaign. The regiment he commands is his best recommendation, it being soldierly, gallant and thoroughly disciplined. It will be accepted as a personal favor if you will make a special effort to obtain the approval of Lieutenant Colonel Salomon's commission as colonel and his muster as such by the War Department. Respectfully your obedient servant. J. S. ROBINSON,

"Colonel Commanding Third Brigade, First Division, Twentieth Army Corps."

"Headquarters First Division, Twentieth Army Corps, June 28, 1864.

"Respectfully forwarded, heartily concurring in the within recommendation.

"A. S. WILLIAMS,

"Brigadier General Commanding First Division, Twentieth Army Corps."

"Headquarters Twentieth Corps, June 28, 1864.

"Respectfully forwarded. I fully concur in the within recommendation. Lieutenant Colonel Salomon has won the good opinion of all his comrades by his great gallantly and good conduct, and it will be a just and graceful appreciation of services to confer this preferment upon him.

"JOE HOOKER,

"Major General Commanding."

"Headquarters Third Brigade, First Division, Twentieth Army Corps, Goldsboro, N. C., April 2, 1865.

"I have the honor to recommend and earnestly request the appointment of Colonel Edward S. Salomon of the Eighty-second Regiment, Illinois Volunteers, as brevet brigadier general, for gallant and meritorious services.

"Colonel Salomon joined this brigade with his regiment at the opening of the campaign against Atlanta in the spring of 1864. During the fighting before Resaca, Ga., on the 14th and 15th of May this regiment behaved with great gallantry.

"Again at New Hope, Ga., on the 25th of the same month, the colonel led his command with great coolness and courage against an enemy; after having advanced against a severe fire of musketry and artillery more than a mile, he held his line close to the entrenched position of the enemy, without a breastwork and with a scant supply of ammunition.

"At the battle near Peach Tree Creek, before Atlanta, Ga., on the 20th of July, 1864, Colonel Salomon performed a most gallant and meritorious part in repulsing the repeated onslaughts of the enemy. In the face of a furious fire he held his line for four hours, when the enemy withdrew from his front with great loss.

"During the siege of Atlanta Colonel Salomon was ever prominent for his energy, coolness and judgment.

"In the fight near Averyboro, N. C., on the 16th of March, 1865, Colonel Salomon, as usual, led his regiment into action with great gallantry and skill.

"At the battle of Bentonville, on the 19th of March, 1865, Colonel Salomon and his command drew the unqualified admiration of all who witnessed his coolness and discipline under fire and their effectual services in repulsing several determined attacks of the enemy.

"Colonel Salomon has distinguished himself in other engagements besides those mentioned. At Gettysburg and Mission Ridge his gallantry was conspicuous and challenged the highest admiration.

"I consider Colonel Salomon one of the most deserving officers of my acquaintance. His regiment is his highest praise. In point of drill and discipline it is second to none in the corps. Its record will bear safe comparison with any other of the same age in the army.

"Colonel Salomon has held a commission as colonel since April, 1864, but his regiment not containing the requisite number of men, he has been unable to get mustered.

"Earnestly hoping that his claim will reach your favorable attention, I remain, sir, very respectfully your obedient servant. "J. S. ROBINSON,

"Brigadier General U. S. V., commanding Third Brigade, First Division, Twentieth Army Corps."

"Headquarters Twentieth Corps, "Goldsboro, April 2, 1865.

"I cordially concur in the recommendation of General Robinson. The officer (Colonel Salomon) has just merits. He is intelligent, gallant, brave and faithful. I have had several occasions to mark his distinguished merit. There can be no promotion more deserved.

"A. S. WILLIAMS,

"Brevet Major General Commanding."

"War Department, Washington, "June 15, 1865.

"You are hereby informed that the President of the United States has appointed you for distinguished gallantry and meritorious service during the war, a brigadier general of volunteers by brevet in the service of the United States, to rank as such from the 13th day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. Should the Senate at the next session advise and consent thereto, you will be commissioned accordingly.

"EDWIN M. STANTON,

"Secretary of War.

"To Brevet Brigadier General Edward S. Salomon, United States Volunteers."

ACCOUNT OF ESTATE IS QUESTIONED IN COURT

San Rafael Judge Hears About Kettler Property and Attorney Makes Statement.

SAN RAFAEL, Nov. 2.—There was a considerable stir in the Superior Court this afternoon over the accounts of the Kettler estate.

J. W. Keys, who is attorney ad litem for the minor children, stated to Judge Lennon that he did not understand perfectly the account as filed by Attorney Cochrane for the guardian, Mrs. Mary Emily Page Kettler. He declared that the account contained errors and duplications.

Attorney Thomas P. Boyd, who was substituted last week as attorney for Mrs. Kettler, instead of Cochrane, put Mrs. Kettler upon the stand to testify as to Cochrane's method in handling the estate. She said she did not know of any error in the statement and had relied upon her attorney and his brother, M. F. Cochrane, as her counsel and financial advisers that all items were correct.

M. F. Cochrane had, it was stated, received $1680 and expended $2105 80, for which he had vouchers, thus leaving the estate in debt to him. Attorney J. W. Cochrane had never handled any money of the estate. The court decided to have another hearing of the matter next Monday.

The Kettler estate is valued at between $400,000 and $500,000. Many years ago J. C. Beidman died and left a large fortune. A life annuity he bequeathed to W. B. Kettler. At his death the money was to be for the benefit of his children. Kettler died several years ago and left five children, the oldest at the present time being 14 years of age and the youngest 3 years.

RAILROAD MEN LEAVE FOR SOUTH TO-NIGHT

Bound for New Orleans to Attend Annual Meeting of Their Passenger Association.

A party of local railroad men, members of the American Association of Traveling Passenger Agents, leave in a special car this evening for New Orleans, where they will attend the annual convention of the organization, which convenes there on November 10. The local party is composed of representatives of various agencies on the coast from Portland to Los Angeles. Besides the president of the association, T. F. Fitzgerald, and his wife, the party includes the following named:

J. P. Jones and wife, H. K. Gregory, wife and daughter; H. E. Montague, G. W. Andrews, M. F. Van Horn and wife, Henry McGregor and wife, George W. Lippman and wife, N. C. Seachrest and wife, Jay W. Adams and wife and J. H. Pearlman and wife.

The route of the special will be by way of Ogden, Denver, Kansas City, Birmingham, Montgomery and Pensacola and at each of these places the party will be reinforced by delegates from those particular traffic territories, the idea being to enter New Orleans with a large escort to President Fitzgerald. The coast delegates are pledged to vote for Seattle as the next meeting place of the association. The Denver railroad men have made special arrangements for entertaining their fellow railroad men when they reach there en route to New Orleans.

MISS GOELET'S WEDDING TO BE UNOSTENTATIOUS

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The wedding of Miss Goelet and the Duke of Roxburghe is to be celebrated in St. Thomas' Church on Tuesday, November 10. Robert Goelet, the bride's brother, will give her away. The bride's attendants will be Miss Martha Johnston, Miss Therese Iselin, Miss Beatrice Mills, Miss Alice Babcock, Miss Nina Thayer of Boston, Lady Isabel Innes-Ker and Miss Pauline Whittier. Hon. Reginald Ward will be best man.

The number of guests asked to the church is about 200 and to the house only forty have been invited. It is the purpose to make the wedding as simple as possible.

LANE CLOSES HIS CAMPAIGN

Big Demonstration in Mechanics' Pavilion.

Democratic Candidate for Mayor Given a Rousing Reception.

The Lane meeting at Mechanics' Pavilion last night drew a tremendous crowd that filled the building to its capacity.

The overflow adjourned to a vacant lot across the street and there was addressed by prominent candidates on the Democratic ticket.

Lane arrived about 10 o'clock. His appearance on the street was the sign for a great ovation. Men and women arose and cheered him, while many waved small American flags.

He announced at the start that numerous outdoor speeches had played havoc with his voice and begged his audience to be as quiet as possible, which request they solemnly adhered to, except when they burst into applause, which frequently punctuated his remarks. He said in part:

"I cannot begin to express to you my feelings at this magnificent reception. I have always been a friend to the public, and I knew that many of you were friends of mine, but I had no idea I had such an immense number of people interested in me and the cause I represent. I did not seek this nomination, but I am proud to think that I accepted it, because I am now confident that the people of this city want to see me in the Mayor's chair, and it is now up to you to carry me there. If you put me there I am going to give you a plain, honest, clean administration which will accord justice to all who come to me to seek it. I own myself and I have no boss. I want to see every citizen in this commonwealth have his full rights. I believe in a government that is not ruled by any class party.

"The other day I addressed a great crowd of workingmen and the hall was packed full. The next day it was stated that I had thirty people present and they were mostly small boys. The day following I addressed a still greater crowd and it was stated there were thirty-five people present. I want to speak a word to my Republican friends. I mean those that want a clean administration of the affairs of the municipality. I want to ask them to break away from partisanship and support me in a cause that they know is true and right, and a cause that if upheld will result in the greatest benefits to all of those who have the welfare of the city at heart.

"I have nothing to say in any way detrimental to Mr. Crocker; he has the respect and esteem of the public at large, but he cannot get the votes south of Market street, and without those votes he cannot be elected. I am confident I will get votes in every district. It is not the glory of the proud position of the Mayor that I am seeking; it is that I want to serve my city and do all the good I can for it. I am loyal to the pepole and I know in this great fight they will be loyal to me. This great outpouring to-night shows me that the Democrats who left our party are now coming back to the ranks and are joining in a great tidal wave that will sweep us on to victory. Are you willing to turn the administration of the government to Abe Ruef? Do you want Abe Ruef to say how and where the $17,000,000 shall be spent? No, of course you do not; you want to see that every dollar of that money will go into the exact channel for which it was intended.

"Now, my friends, I want you to get out of this miasma and fog and come out into the bright shining light of day. Sacrifice partisanship in the name of honor, in the name of righteousness and truth, and uphold the men who will fight for those principles and who will give to you justice and a true and honest administration of the city's affairs."

Herbert Choynski was chairman of the occasion. Speeches were also made by Frank Gould, Thomas Hickey, Colonel Thomas Barry, Charles Dwight, Judge James G. Maguire and Joseph E. O'Donnell.

Citizens should bear in mind that a vote for Lane is in effect a vote for Ruef and Schmitz. The battle to-day is between Crocker and Schmitz. Vote for Crocker, who is a live man.

HEBREWS IN A CONFLICT WITH WARSAW GENDARMES

Forty Persons Wounded in Fight Attending the Enlistment of Recruits.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—A dispatch to the Tageblatt from Posen says that a conflict between 500 Jews and a force of Russian gendarmes took place at Warsaw on Saturday, during the enlisting of recruits. The wounded on both sides numbered forty persons, several of them sustaining fatal injuries.

Commence Paying Taxes.

Tax Collector Edward J. Smith's office presented a busy appearance yesterday, it being the first day for the collection of taxes. Four thousand bills were presented and the sum paid in amounted to more than $30,000. Taxpayers have been notified that the first installment of taxes will become delinquent on November 30.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Dominico Bashetto, who has a wife and several children in Italy, was so insistent to-day that Mrs. Guiseppe Denilcola of West Hoboken elope with him, that she shot and killed him at her home.

SCHMITZ HOLDS LARGE MEETING

Immense Crowd Greets Mayor at Alhambra Theater.

Entertainment Pleases People More Than Political Speeches.

The Union Labor party held one of the largest meetings of the campaign last night at the Alhambra Theater. The large hall was filled to the doors with an enthusiastic crowd. Those who were unable to get into the theater stood in the street in front of the place and listened to the bands Ruef had hired and to the hired orators of the Labor party.

It was evident that the large crowd assembled had come more out of curiosity than for any particular desire to hear the speakers rail at the candidates of the other tickets. The Socialist party candidates were the only ones that didn't get rapped.

Ellery's Italian Band was hired for the evening and succeeded by its fine music in drawing a crowd. Bits of other talent, mostly of the amateur order, appeared to amuse the assemblage and endeavor to hold them until the various candidates could get a chance to gain their audience.

It appeared as if the whole mass of Union Labor voters was out in force, and, if it was, the showing does not augur well for the re-election of Eugene Schmitz, for five thousand would cover the number in the house and on the street.

DEVOTO RAILS LONG.

The banner "knocker" speech was delivered by James A. Devoto. It was a repetition of his same old speech that has grown time-worn and frayed at the edges by the hard work it has been subjected to during the campaign. The speaker also brought in all of the slurs and mud slings ever used by the other candidates in their mad scramble for an office and a few of the city's good dollars. Devoto talked on everything but campaign issues. After he had exhausted his vocabulary of vicious slurs he soared into the flowery eloquence so delighted in by amateur speakers and referred to the boundless Pacific, the setting sun, the Golden Gate and other high-sounding phrases in a vain attempt to impress his audience with his greatness and the possibilities of the Union Labor party. His speech, however, failed to impress, and the crowd howled for more entertainment. A quartet was called on the stage and by its endeavors the people were held so that another candidate could get a chance at them.

Powel Fredrick, candidate for the office of County Clerk, was next called on. He called the attention of the voters to an alleged deficit of between $30,000 and $40,000 in the office to which he aspires. He said that the office had been in the hands of one political crowd for the last ten years. The only way this evil could be rectified was to elect him to the office.

SCHMITZ ARRIVES.

Mayor Schmitz arrived late and was given a rousing reception. He made a brief speech, going over the old issues again. He asked the people to elect him again, as the city was about to spend $18,000,000 voted for its embellishment and needed an honest man and honest Board of Supervisors to control that vast sum of money. He pointed with pride to his past administration and said that the next one, if there was one, would be better. He promised to always be the friend of the laboring man and said that he would always be proud to be a friend of the plain people from whose ranks he had sprung and who he would ever treat fairly and squarely.

"I shall ever have for my slogan," he said, "equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

"This has been a hard campaign," he continued, "and without the aid of a single newspaper we shall be victorious. Let us roll up a majority that will startle the whole country, and let it be heralded forth that San Francisco has triumphed for the cause of justice and right. Get up early and stamp your cross in the circle at the head of the Union Labor ticket and elect to office men that will serve you faithfully and honestly.

"We will win by a big majority and then equal rights will be given to all and special privileges to none."

The meeting broke up with three cheers for Schmitz and the noisy crowd of boys and young men started down the street to march for their standard bearer.

Is your interest in Abe Ruef, Gavin McNab and Martin Kelly such that you would increase the tax rate to see them wax fat? If not vote to-day for Henry J. Crocker.

Workman Struck by Falling Beam.

Thomas Heale, a laborer employed on a building now under construction at Larkin and Market streets, was injured yesterday afternoon by the falling of a large iron beam being hoisted up the side of the building. The beam struck the man's foot, crushing it badly. The injured man was treated by Dr. Armistead at the Emergency Hospital.

Two years of good government will demonstrate to you the mistake the people made two years ago. Crocker will redeem the city. Vote for him early to-day.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Nov. 2.—J. H. Barrett, general superintendent of the Chicago and Alton, resigned to-day and is succeeded by C. G. Goodnow, late of the Rock Island, whose new title is general manager.

Get up early to-day and vote for Henry J. Crocker and you will defeat the bosses.

LANE IS CONFIDENT OF VICTORY IN GREAT FIGHT FOR MAYORALTY

"THE outlook to-night is entirely satisfactory to me. I have never before seen any campaign grow stronger and stronger day by day as this one has. My friends, who at the beginning of the campaign were dubious of the results, are to-night confident and jubilant. It is my belief that because of the division within the Republican party there is now no possibility of the election of Mr. Crocker. In a contest between honest government, for which I stand, and the kind of government for which Mr. Abraham Ruef stands, there can be no doubt as to which the people of this city will support."—FRANKLIN K. LANE.

SCHMITZ SAYS HIS PLURALITY WILL BE EIGHT TO TEN THOUSAND VOTES

"I SHALL win by between eight and ten thousand plurality. I believe that the people will show their appreciation of my good work for them by giving me a handsome plurality. I have given the city of San Francisco a good administration, and have done what was right by the people that elected me to the office for the first time. This has been a particularly hard and bitter fight, and without the aid of a single newspaper we are going to come out in the lead. The polls to-morrow will show the strength of the Union Labor party. I believe that the whole ticket will be elected when the votes are counted."—MAYOR EUGENE E. SCHMITZ.