

# NELSON'S FIGHT IS SUCCESSFUL

## Proceedings for His Extradition Are Quashed. Reports of Convention of Week Are Now in Review.

### Judge Cook Orders His Release on Writ of Habeas Corpus. Text of Debris Dam Committee's Findings Is Given.

The argument on the application for a writ of habeas corpus for the release of David H. Nelson, an attorney of Coffeyville, Kans., was heard by Judge Cook yesterday, and the judge granted the writ and ordered the prisoner released from custody.

Nelson was arrested about two weeks ago on a circular from Sheriff Andy Pruitt of Montgomery County, Kansas, that he was wanted there on a felony charge. It developed later that the charge was for being an accessory after the fact to murder. Nelson's brother, John, was tried on a charge of murder in Coffeyville and was convicted of manslaughter. Nelson was accused of aiding his brother from officers of the law.

Attorneys Barnes and McCloskey represented Nelson, and when the case was called yesterday they argued that no public offense was charged in the papers submitted for Nelson's extradition.

### REQUISITION MADE.

A requisition had been made for his return on a charge of being an accessory to a murder, but if there was anything he might be charged with it would be as an accessory to the crime of manslaughter, John Nelson having been acquitted of the crime of murder.

Assistant District Attorney Harris argued that as John Nelson had been charged with the crime of murder and had been convicted of manslaughter, taking all the circumstances into consideration, there was sufficient in the papers to warrant the prisoner being remanded.

The judge in giving his decision went fully into the provisions of the extradition laws and numerous decisions upon points raised. It was essential, he said, that certain facts must be shown to exist before the Governor of the State where the prisoner was arrested should issue a warrant of extradition. It must be substantially shown that an indictment had been found against the prisoner or an affidavit made before a magistrate that an offense had been charged against the prisoner and the affidavit certified to as authentic by the Governor of the demanding State.

### INFORMATION ALONE.

In the present case a demand had been made, but it was not accompanied by an indictment nor an affidavit made before a magistrate and certified to by the Governor. There was simply an information filed by the District Attorney containing a copy of the information against John Nelson and sworn to as true.

There was no allegation that John Nelson committed murder or manslaughter, merely that he was convicted of manslaughter and acquitted of murder. There was no allegation that David knew John, or that John had committed any murder or manslaughter, but simply that it was known that John had been charged with murder and acquitted and convicted of manslaughter. The information was fatally defective, even if it had been accompanied by an indictment, and even in that event the writ would be granted and the prisoner discharged.

### BIG MAJORITY OPPOSES EXTENDING COW LIMITS

#### Supervisors' Health Committee Decides to Canvass the Vote on the Proposed Ordinance.

A poll of the residents in the University Mound and Bay View districts taken by the Supervisors' Health Committee developed yesterday that there were 568 votes against the proposed ordinance extending the limits within which it is prohibited to keep more than two cows and 143 in favor of the measure. The committee had taken this means to determine whether the ordinance should be passed by the board.

George Roundy stated that some of those who had signed as opposed to the extension did not reside in the district affected, but L. Ferreri declared that the list of names to whom notices were sent had been verified by Roundy. The committee decided to canvass the names to ascertain if the signatures in the districts before making any recommendation. The milk dealers are opposed to the extension of the limits, as they say it will interfere with their business.

### REFUSES TO TRY ON THE DRESS IN COURT

#### Mrs. Maude Waters Changes Her Mind and Judgment Is Given Against Her.

A big crowd gathered yesterday in Justice of the Peace Van Nostrand's court in the expectation of seeing Mrs. Maude Waters try on a dress made by Miss M. Ostrander, a dressmaker, which the former declared did not fit. On that account Mrs. Waters had refused to pay \$65.75 balance due on the dress and Miss Ostrander sued her for the amount.

Mrs. Waters had declared her intention to array herself in the suit to show that it was a bad fit. The curiosity seekers, however, were disappointed, as Mrs. Waters' attorney announced that his client had changed her mind and would not try on the dress. On that account Judge Van Nostrand was constrained to give judgment in favor of Miss Ostrander, who averred that the dress was a perfect fit.

### SEE THE FULL PAGE PHOTOGRAPHIC PHANTASY IN THE NEXT SUNDAY CALL'S BEAUTIFUL THANKSGIVING EDITION.

# GARIBALDI FLYNN ACCOSTS JUDGE OF HIS DEPRIMENT

## Old-Time Politician Gets Six Months' Sentence for Being Too Persistent--Mrs. Trevor Is Acquitted on Charge of Petty Larceny by Jury--Other Items of Police Courts

Garibaldi Flynn, historic character of the city, was given six months in the County Jail by Judge Conlan yesterday. One night during the present week Garibaldi was doing his regular trip on Kearny street, insisting that passers by should contribute to his exchequer. Judge Conlan drifted along, warmly wrapped in his rain coat, and Garibaldi hailed him. The eminent jurist was compelled to climb a car to avoid violence.

Garibaldi wanted to see the Judge personally, and he got his wish yesterday. "I believe you wanted to see me, Flynn, the other night," said the Judge suavely. "What was the matter which you wanted to adjudicate in that press of people?"

"I wanted to thank you for that last six months' sentence you gave me," answered Garibaldi.

"As an evidence of good faith," said the Judge, "you may take another six months in the County Jail. Thank you warmly for your gratitude."

Garibaldi is one of the types of the colored days in San Francisco. On the streets of the city he met Henry Vallejos, a traveler from the deserts of Sonora. The community of a common language made them friends. Moreno was without shelter and Vallejos took him to his "casa" at 1313 Dupont street, where he fed his new acquaintance liberally on the slender stores of a Mexican household and brought forth the blankets of his grandfather for him to sleep on. When the family awoke they discovered that nearly all of the valuables of the house had disappeared, which intrinsically were not great. A warrant was sworn out and Moreno was found wasting the proceeds in wine-bibbing and roistering by night.

When he appeared before Judge Cabanis yesterday he was sentenced to three months in the County Jail.

Charles Taylor, the colored man who insisted in taking his "Dixie Queen" to supper under the pressure of a razor, was sentenced to 100 days in the County Jail by Judge Conlan yesterday. The defendant pleaded hard for more consideration, but the Judge thought he was too impulsive a character in his love making, and should be given time to recover his faculties.

Lester Good and his cousin, E. L. Good, did not appear to be well named, according to Judge Cabanis. He sent them to jail for five months on the charge of carrying concealed weapons. The defendants were originally arrested in connection with the hold-up of a car on Hayes street one week ago. The policemen who took them into custody found them with revolvers in their right-hand coat pockets and their hands tightly gripping the weapons. Cartridges were also found in their pockets. The police failed in the attempt to convict them of the car hold-up, but showed that the two men were hiding in the shadow of an unfrequented street. They could give no explanation for their presence with loaded revolvers, and both of them were given the limit on the charge against them.

### HISTORY OF MOVES.

It should be stated that in 1867, and up to 1876, the United States Geological Survey was at that time comparatively little interested in the mineral resources of the country, and with a larger annual appropriation than the other divisions.

When the United States Geological Survey was formed they began about 1882 to collect the mineral resources of the country, except the precious metals. This has since been extended to include all the mineral resources of the Government, one working on gold and silver, and the other on other mineral substances of which there are in all sixty. This work could as well be done by one department, and in fact better results would accrue.

### TEXT OF NEW BILL.

In accordance with the recommendations of the proper committee two bills have been drawn to provide that all patents for mineral lands hereafter contain a statement of the date of the location of the claims. The first section of the proposed State law is as follows:

Section 1.—Wherever any patent for mineral lands within the State of California, issued or granted by the United States of America, shall contain a statement of the date of the location of the claim, and the date of the granting or issuance of such patent is based, such statement shall be prima facie evidence of the date of such location.

A party of well known San Francisco people, under the corporate name of the Tonopah Fortune Company, has bought the property in Nevada known as the Eagleville mine. It is near Eagleville, Churchill County. The ore is principally gold bearing. As a result of several thousand feet of development a strike that is reported to run 350 feet to the ton has been made on the 250-foot level. A large amount of ore is reported to be in sight. The experience of the San Francisco company is attracting attention to that part of Nevada as a possible large gold producing section.

The Garibaldi placer claim on the south fork of the Calaveras River has been leased to F. H. Juchter of San Francisco. Among other recent deals in Calaveras County are the sale of the Johnston hydraulic mine on Willow Creek for \$3200; the bonding of the

Fred Riley and Thomas K. Batson tired of the rain and the mud in an Oregon lumber camp and decided to come to San Francisco. They were utterly without the stipend that the railroad people exact for journeys of this kind, so they climbed into an empty box car, bound south. Their intent to change locations was commendable, but their method of locomotion involved them in trouble. A man with a strip of tin sealed the sliding doors of the car, and they were prisoners for two days without a chance to get food or water. Even cattle suffer and lose weight under such conditions.

When the railroad officials found them arrested on the charge of vagrancy. The itinerants showed the result of their experience when they appeared before Judge Fritz yesterday. Neither had any money, and in compassion they were held over for one day so that prison fare might fill out the wrinkles in their loose-fitting clothes. As soon as a tendency for normal obesity develops in them they will be given their freedom, with the congratulations of the court.

Robert W. Mitchell, general agent of the New York Life Insurance Company, who made a complaint against David Beal, the degenerate inheritor of his father's millions, because the latter insisted that Mitchell should drink with him at the point of a revolver, appeared before Judge Fritz yesterday and explained why he had not prosecuted the complaint. He told the Judge he had been ill for several days, but failed to give a satisfactory explanation for his avoidance of the process of court for several weeks. He received a lecture and promised to appear at the next calling of the case.

Judge Cabanis concluded yesterday that a water spaniel dog should be executed. It is not often that he passes on cases of capital punishment, and he shudders at the idea. The defendant on trial was A. Govanli, who maintains a butcher shop at Market street and Rose avenue. For the last three months he has maintained a well-mannered dog in addition to his business. He testified he had always found the dog kind and affectionate, not only to himself, but to the customers at his shop. The complaining witness, James O'Toole, told the court that his little boy had been bitten by the dog, and the Judge assured him that the dog should be killed.

Mrs. Laura Trevor was made a free woman by a jury of twelve good men and true yesterday. She was accused of stealing \$3 from the San Francisco Gas and Electric Company, and conducted her own defense before Judge Mogan. The trial lasted all Thursday and yesterday, and was one of the sensational trials of the Police Court. The jury remained out nearly an hour and finally brought in a verdict acquitting the woman. Until the adjournment of court she was compelled to sit in the prisoners' dock to adjust several fines which had been imposed on her for contempt during the course of the trial. She was finally allowed to go on her own recognizance, and will probably be dismissed when she appears for further sentence. Judge Mogan relaxed into his usual good nature when the trial was ended, and is figuring on a vacation to restore his shattered nervous system.

### SOUTH PARK SETTLEMENT GIVES REGULAR CONCERT

#### Young Folks Thoroughly Enjoy the Efforts of the Ladies Who Afford Them Amusement.

The South Park Settlement gave its regular bi-monthly concert last night at the Settlement Home in South Park. The short but excellent programme was thoroughly enjoyed by the young folks present.

The juveniles in the neighborhood of the settlement are given means of amusing themselves through the goodness of the ladies of the settlement. Twice a month interesting lectures, illustrated by stereopticon views, are given and the other two weekly meetings are devoted to concerts.

Last night the concert was a particularly good one. Miss Ardella Mills and George McBride rendered solos that were keenly appreciated. Miss Turrer played a selection on the violin and Miss Marie Wilson gave a piano solo.

The little ones present clapped their hands and the success of the ladies' attempt to amuse their wards was evident.

### MARCONI IS HONORED BY A LOCAL SOCIETY

#### Italian Residents of This City Present Him With Beautiful Illuminated Testimonial.

The members of the Emiliana Mutual Benefit Society of San Francisco, an Italian organization, have elected Guglielmo Marconi as honorary president of that society. He has accepted the compliment conferred on him and the society is now about to send him a handsome testimonial. It is in the style of a diploma and is wrought on parchment and beautifully illuminated in gold and brilliant colorings.

The testimonial is the work of Albert Porta. It will be forwarded to Rome next week.

# SUITS SEEN IN COURT

## Archbishop Riordan to Be Paid \$16,000 by Mrs. Sprague.

### Money Is to Be Devoted to Various Catholic Charities in City.

The four suits in favor of Roman Catholic charitable institutions, which have been pending against Mrs. Belle W. Sprague, former wife of the late J. Mervyn Donahue, were settled out of court yesterday. By the terms of the agreement Mrs. Sprague has agreed to pay to Archbishop Riordan \$16,000. The original amount involved represented \$21,969.68. When the settlement was announced the two suits pending in the Superior Court and the one in the United States District Court were at once dismissed.

The suits involved were as follows:

- (a) By Archbishop Riordan for distribution among the Catholic charitable institutions of San Francisco, \$16,000.00
- (b) By the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum at South San Francisco, \$3,000.00
- (c) By St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum at San Francisco, \$3,000.00
- (d) By the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum at San Francisco, \$1,969.68

The bequests were all made in the will of the late J. Mervyn Donahue and the dispute arose out of two contracts made by Mrs. Sprague. Mrs. Sprague's contracts were in writing, signed by her brother, Ryland T. Wallace. Mrs. Sprague resisted the payment of the money on the ground that there was no consideration for the agreements and that her brother had no authority to act as her attorney, as he did not have the power at the time the contracts were issued.

At the trial Wallace swore that he issued the contracts when his sister, Mrs. Sprague, was in the State, and when he had no power of attorney to act for her. He claimed that the contracts were issued between April and September, 1893. In contradiction to this Attorney McEnerney testified that the agreement was issued between January 3 and February 19, 1894, and he produced the following letters between himself and Archbishop Riordan to substantiate his testimony:

St. Mary's Cathedral, 100 Franklin street, San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 20, 1893.

Dr. Mr. McEnerney: The document which I wish you to not execute and not a contract drawn up between Mr. Hayes and Ryland Wallace in reference to the distribution of \$25,000 agreed on between them. Have the kindness to look this up and send it to me. Truly yours, P. W. RIORDAN.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2, 1894.

Most Rev. W. R. Riordan, Archbishop of San Francisco, City-Your Grace: I learn that the agreement made by Mr. Wallace that \$25,000 bequeathed by the Donahue will for the erection of the fountain shall not be deemed a charity, as against the legatees who join in the conveyance. It has not been reduced to writing. It has been arranged between Mr. Wallace and myself that I should draw the agreement during the week, and that he will thereupon execute it for Mrs. Donahue, under her power. I will send you a copy, as desired. Very respectfully, GARRET W. MCENERNEY.

Most Rev. P. W. Riordan, Archbishop of San Francisco, 100 Franklin street, City-Your Grace: I have drawn the agreement executed on behalf of Mrs. Donahue by Mr. Wallace, her which he holds. Upon the execution thereof I will send you a copy, as desired. Very respectfully, GARRET W. MCENERNEY.

### LIBELS AND AWARDS IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT

#### Informers in Opium Smuggling Case Receive Fee of One Hundred Dollars.

Nine members of the crew of the steamer Edith filed a suit in intervention yesterday in the libel of the Progress Steamship Company against the steamer Charles Nelson in the United States District Court for their share of the salvage of \$35,000 sued for.

United States Commissioner Morse in the libel of S. F. Weeks Company vs. the schooner Glen reported to United States District Judge de Haven yesterday that he had found that intervenor the Pacific Marine Railway and Ways Company was entitled to \$100, and Intervenor Hay & Wright to \$200.

In the same court Police Patrolman E. C. Gould and A. O. Jouel and John J. Callaghan were awarded \$100 each, the informer's fee in the case of Gavyn and Kirk, convicted of smuggling opium from the City of Peking. The drug was sold by auction and brought the Government \$700.

### Will Present Operetta.

The singing society of the Mission Turn Verein will present a German operetta in two acts, entitled "Der Rheinische von Kamerun," at their hall on Eighteenth street, near Valencia, on Sunday night, November 22. Professor C. Hoffman will be the musical director and Hans Veroni the stage director. The entertainment will be followed by a dance.

# EXPLAINS LAWS TO QUESTIONERS

## Attorney General Hands Down Important Opinions.

### Supervisors, Teachers and Schools Separately Considered.

Applicants for positions as teachers in the Los Angeles schools have recently attempted to secure certificates on the strength of the possession of credentials from other States. The matter was referred to Attorney General Webb, who says that applicants holding county certificates from other sections of California may be set at work pending action by the Board of Education, but that outsiders are not eligible until they have been so declared by the proper authorities in this State.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Thomas Kirk has asked if the recently enacted "high school law" means that one-third of the annual appropriation shall be divided among all the high schools in the State according to number or whether cities where there are more than one such institution shall be given credit for one high school only. The Attorney General states that where the high schools have been separately established each shall receive its apportionment. San Francisco, Los Angeles and Oakland will be particularly benefited by this decision. Where there are two branches of a high school the institution will get but one share of the appropriation.

The Attorney General also declared yesterday that the Supervisors of Plumas County are not entitled to mileage while acting as road commissioners of their respective districts. It is held that the Supervisors' salaries are in full compensation for all services rendered, in accordance with provisions of the county government act of 1901. The Political Code would permit of the collection of mileage by Supervisors while serving as road commissioners, but the later law is considered by the Attorney General to have repealed conflicting sections of the former provisions. It is also declared, incidentally, that the members of the Board of Education of Plumas County are not entitled to mileage.

### Superintendents Confer.

The division superintendents of the Southern Pacific Company from all over the big Western system have been in conference with General Manager Kruttschnitt and Manager Agler for several days regarding various matters pertaining to their particular branches of the road, and especially as regards needed improvements. These matters will be reviewed by General Manager Kruttschnitt before President Harrison when he arrives here next week.

When a man boasts that he never kicks his brain is too soft to yank up his legs.

### Relief for Commuters.

For the convenience of its patrons and with a view of saving much time, the Southern Pacific Company has issued instructions to its agents in Oakland and at the mole that hereafter they are not to punch commuters' tickets. The holders of commutation tickets when boarding the trains and passing through the ferry gates on that side of the bay will simply show their tickets. Returning to Oakland the tickets will be punched as heretofore. Much delay in traffic has been experienced through the inconvenient necessity of punching tickets and the new rule will no doubt be welcomed by the traveling public.

### Clergymen Plan Retreat.

The Episcopal clergymen of the diocese will join Bishop Nichols in a retreat at Belvidere, commencing Tuesday, December 8, the first week in advent. Services will be held in the newly constructed chapel.

### STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA

Amount of Capital Stock, paid up in Cash	\$200,000 00
ASSETS.	
Cash Market Value of all Stocks and Bonds owned by Company	\$454,277 50
Cash in Banks	76,284 21
Interest due and accrued on all Stocks and Loans	1,629 82
Premiums in due Course of Collection	75,663 12
Total Assets	\$608,394 61
LIABILITIES.	
Losses in process of Adjustment or in Suspense	\$48,745 00
Losses retained, including expenses	850 00
Gross premiums on Fire Risks running one year or less	\$381,125 91
reinsurance 50 per cent.	190,562 97
Gross premiums on Fire Risks running more than one year, \$75,270 00; reinsurance per rate	44,867 89
Commissions and Brokerage due and to become	15,056 83
All other Liabilities	17,734 14
Total Liabilities	\$317,816 63
INCOME.	
Net cash actually received for Fire premiums	\$429,536 72
Net cash actually received for Marine premiums	4 74
Received for interest on Bonds, Stocks, Loans and from all other sources	13,249 21
Received for profit on sale of Bonds	13,204 31
Total Income	\$466,205 58
EXPENDITURES.	
Net amount paid for Fire Losses (including \$ losses of previous years)	\$267,460 03
Net amount paid for Marine Losses (including \$ losses of previous years)	39 18
Dividends to Stockholders	10,000 00
Brokerage for Commission or Paid or allowed for Commission or Brokerage	118,316 50
Paid for Salaries, Fees and other charges for officers, clerks, etc.	1,488 90
Paid for State, National and Local taxes	12,002 51
All other payments and expenditures	866 09
Total Expenditures	\$400,899 31
Losses incurred during the year	\$282,621 21

Risks and Premiums.	Fire Risks.	Premiums.
Net amount of Risks written during the year	\$22,350,148	\$600,016 24
Net amount of Risks expired during the year	54,642,090	645,050 97
Net amount in force December 31, 1902.	39,965,190	461,473 20

Risks and Premiums.	Marine Risks.	Premiums.
Net amount of Risks written during the year		\$4 74
Net amount of Risks expired during the year		4 74
Net amount in force December 31, 1902.		None.

ROBERT C. RATHBONE, Pres. R. B. RATHBONE, Secy. Subscribers and owners to become me this 21st day of February, 1903. CHRIS. BAMBACH, Notary Public.

# CHARGE AGAINST SMITH

## Is Held Responsible for Death of Annie Wilson.

### Verdict and Accused Is in Custody.

Charles Querbeck, alias Charles George Smith, by the verdict of a Coroner's jury, rendered yesterday, was formally charged with the murder of Mrs. Annie Wilson, whose dead body was found on November 1 lying bruised and bleeding on the floor of her residence, No. 5 Capp street.

The case is one of strong circumstantial evidence connecting Smith with the injuries sustained by the woman, but the autopsy by Morgue Surgeon Luigi D. Bacigalupi showed that the beating and kicking did not inflict sufficient injuries to cause death. The heart, liver and kidneys of the decedent were diseased, and it was the opinion of Dr. Bacigalupi that heart disease had killed her death being hastened by the fright and the shock. Following is the verdict as brought by the Coroner's jury:

"That the said Annie Wilson came to her death at 5 Capp street on November 1 from hypertrophic dilatation of the heart with fatty degeneration, enlarged kidneys and liver, contusions of the body, hyperemia of the brain; said contusions being the result of kicks and beating of the said Annie Wilson by a person known to the jury as Charles George Smith, with the crime of murder."

Before this verdict had been rendered the case against Smith had been stricken from the calendar in Judge Fritz's Police Court. Later in the day he was booked for murder.

### Relief for Commuters.

For the convenience of its patrons and with a view of saving much time, the Southern Pacific Company has issued instructions to its agents in Oakland and at the mole that hereafter they are not to punch commuters' tickets. The holders of commutation tickets when boarding the trains and passing through the ferry gates on that side of the bay will simply show their tickets. Returning to Oakland the tickets will be punched as heretofore. Much delay in traffic has been experienced through the inconvenient necessity of punching tickets and the new rule will no doubt be welcomed by the traveling public.

### STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE NATIONAL STANDARD INSURANCE COMPANY

Amount of Capital Stock, paid up in Cash	\$200,000 00
ASSETS.	
Cash Market Value of all Stocks and Bonds owned by Company	\$442,077 50
Cash in Banks	104,927 26
Interest due and accrued on all Stocks and Loans	1,546 68
Premiums in due Course of Collection	85,569 82
Total Assets	\$634,121 04
LIABILITIES.	
Losses in process of Adjustment or in Suspense	\$48,035 00
Losses retained, including expenses	735 00
Gross premiums on Fire Risks running one year or less	\$388,424 91
reinsurance 50 per cent.	194,212 43
Gross premiums on Fire Risks running more than one year, \$75,270 00; reinsurance per rate	42,229 69
Commissions and Brokerage due and to become	15,949 83
All other Liabilities	31,295 38
Total Liabilities	\$324,510 35
INCOME.	
Net cash actually received for Fire premiums	\$424,092 33
Net cash actually received for Marine premiums	4 75
Received for interest on Bonds, Stocks, Loans and from all other sources	13,771 83
Received for profit on sale of Bonds	10,117 16
Total Income	\$447,986 18
EXPENDITURES.	
Net amount paid for Fire Losses (including \$ losses of previous years)	\$268,272 70
Net amount paid for Marine Losses (including \$ losses of previous years)	39 20
Dividends to Stockholders	10,000 00
Brokerage for Commission or Paid or allowed for Commission or Brokerage	116,687 72
Paid for Salaries, Fees and other charges for officers, clerks, etc.	1,305 00
Paid for State, National and Local taxes	14,281 14
All other payments and expenditures	4,953 45
Total Expenditures	\$415,579 21
Losses incurred during the year	\$282,621 21

Risks and Premiums.	Fire Risks.	Premiums.
Net amount of Risks written during the year	\$35,956,029	\$746,347 68
Net amount of Risks expired during the year	56,354,413	683,361 98
Net amount in force December 31, 1902.	35,954,502	464,703 91

Risks and Premiums.	Marine Risks.	Premiums.
Net amount of Risks written during the year		\$4 74
Net amount of Risks expired during the year		4 74
Net amount in force December 31, 1902.		None.

ROBERT C. RATHBONE, Pres. R. B. RATHBONE, Secy. Subscribers and owners to become me this 21st day of February, 1903. CHRIS. BAMBACH, Notary Public.

# C. A. HENRY & CO.

General Agents Pacific Coast Department. 215 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.