

CORRESPONDENCE OF REYES AND A IS MADE PUBLIC BY THE PRESIDENT

Continued From Page 1, Column 6.

of the republic of Panama a new situation was created. On one hand stood the Government of Colombia invoking, in the name of the treaty of 1846, the aid of this Government in its efforts to suppress the revolution; on the other hand stood the republic of Panama, that had come into being in order that the great design of that treaty might not be forever frustrated, but might be fulfilled. The isthmus was threatened with dissolution by another civil war. Nor were the rights and interests of the United States alone at stake. The interests of the whole civilized world were involved. The republic of Panama stood for the interests, the Colombian Government opposed them. Compelled to choose between these two alternatives, the Government of the United States, in no wise responsible for the situation that had arisen, did not hesitate to recognize the independence of the republic of Panama and upon its judgment and action in the emergency the powers of the world have set the seal of their approval.

Under all the circumstances, says the Secretary, the department is unable to regard the complaints of Colombia against this Government as having any valid foundation.

REYES MAKES A THREAT.

Under date of January 6 General Reyes submits another note to Secretary Hay, in which he says he has transmitted Secretary Hay's answer to his statement of grievances to his Government by cable. The Secretary's note is construed, he says, as an intimation that the Colombian forces will be attacked by the United States on their entering the territory of Panama to subdue the rebellion, and for that reason it would hold the Government of the United States for all damages caused to it by the loss of that national territory.

Replying to this, on January 9, Secretary Hay says that he finds almost all the propositions brought forward in the second note have been considered and fully answered by the note of the 5th of January.

TREATY SLIGHTLY AMENDED.

Senate Foreign Relations Committee Favors Three Alterations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations today directed Senator Cullom to report the Panama treaty with three amendments. The Republican members voted for the treaty, but only two Democrats—Morgan and Money—were present.

HEATED DEBATE IN SENATE.

Morgan and Daniel Attempt to Prevent Consideration of Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—While the Panama canal question has been before the Senate on general principles

WILD HEREROS SLAY SETTLERS

Germany Rushing Marines to South Africa to Put Down an Insurrection of Natives

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—Further advices from German Southwest Africa say the Hereros are murdering settlers and burning homesteads over wide areas. The German colonial troops in the disturbed districts are wholly insufficient to deal with the revolted natives. Chancellor von Bulow submitted to Emperor William yesterday the dispatches received on the subject by the Government, and the Emperor sent for War Minister von Elern and Admiralty Secretary von Tirpitz. The decision of the conference was to ask the Reichstag immediately to authorize the sending out of reinforcements.

SCHOOLHOUSE BURNS; ONE FATALLY INJURED

Eight Hundred Pupils Escape With Exception of a Cripple—Workman is Missing.

DATON, Ohio, Jan. 18.—The Allan School building in North Dayton today was destroyed by fire that started in the basement. The 800 pupils were got out in safety with the exception of Edna Baum, a little cripple, who was thrown down, trampled and fatally injured in the panic. A man at work in the basement is missing and is believed to have been burned to death.

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Californians in New York.

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From Los Angeles—R. R. Foster, at the Criterion; T. McCarthy, at the Arlington.

From San Diego—Mrs. Pratt, at the St. Denis.

ADVERTISEMENTS

LEST YOU FORGET
We Remind You of Our
Overcoat Sale
In Special Lines now going on. You can't afford to miss it.

Old Price	New Price
\$10.00 OVERCOATS	\$ 8.50
\$12.50 OVERCOATS	\$ 9.75
\$15.00 OVERCOATS	\$12.00
\$20.00 OVERCOATS	\$16.00
\$25.00 OVERCOATS	\$21.00
\$27.50 OVERCOATS	\$21.00
\$30.00 OVERCOATS	\$25.00

Sizes to fit everybody.

ROOS BROS.
KEARNY AT POST

HOME FOR OLD PEOPLE
This home for the aged, conducted by the Sisters of Mercy, is situated at San Diego, Cal., on University Heights, overlooking the ocean. The climate is considered the finest in the world, free from extremes of heat or cold. Aged couples are also received. The charges for a home for life are \$12000 upward, according to age and requirements. For further information apply to the Superior St. Joseph's Sanitarium, San Diego, Cal.

Such best—Schilling's Best—
—as the poor would be richer for using.
Your grocer's; moneyback.

POLICE CHIEF IS NAMED IN A STORMY SESSION

during the greater part of the present session, the Panama canal treaty was not reported until to-day. It had no sooner been reported favorably to the Senate in executive session than it became the subject of heated controversy. Senator Cullom made the report in favor of the treaty, whereupon Senator Morgan, as a member of the committee, at once entered a formal protest against the acceptance of the report, on the ground that when the committee decided to make the treaty an amendment was still under consideration, and that he had not had time to present an amendment looking to the striking out of article 22 of the treaty. He declared that very careful consideration had been given to all the details connected with the treaty, and said that instead of precipitancy being manifested the committee had given the utmost consideration to all suggestions for amendments and had adopted some of them.

Replies were made by Senators Cullom, Spooner and Allison. Speaking as chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, Cullom said that the treaty had been in committee for almost a month before it was taken up. He conceded that during the greater portion of this time Congress was not in session, but said he had called the committee to meet on the first regular meeting day after the Senate convened and that at his instance it had been holding daily sessions most of the time since. He declared that very careful consideration had been given to all the details connected with the treaty, and said that instead of precipitancy being manifested the committee had given the utmost consideration to all suggestions for amendments and had adopted some of them.

No action was taken on Daniel's resolution or Morgan's protest, but before the Senate adjourned Cullom gave notice that he would ask the Senate to take up the treaty to-morrow or Wednesday, and, until disposed of, to consider it from day to day to the exclusion of other business.

Bennington Reaches Panama.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The United States fleet at Panama has been augmented by the gunboat Bennington and the transport ship Albatross, which arrived here from San Francisco.

OFFICIAL CALL TO DEMOCRATS

Chairman Jones Summons the National Convention to Meet in St. Louis on July 6

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The following official call was issued to-day for the assembling of the Democratic National Convention in St. Louis on July 6 next:

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The Democratic National Committee, in the city of Washington, has appointed Wednesday, July 6, 1904, as the time, and chosen St. Louis, Mo., as the place for the Democratic National Convention. Each State is entitled to representation therein double the number of its Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States, and equal representation in the District of Columbia, Alaska, Indian Territory and the District of Columbia, shall have five delegates. All the Democratic citizens of the United States can unite with us in the effort for a pure, honest and constitutional government are cordially invited to join in sending delegates to the convention.

JAMES K. JONES, Chairman.

C. A. WALSH, Secretary.

Chairman Jones has announced the personnel of the committee on arrangements for the Democratic National Convention, and has called a meeting of that committee for the 20th of February next at 10 o'clock a. m. in the Southern Hotel, St. Louis. The membership of the committee is as follows: James K. Jones, chairman ex-officio; William J. M. McKinnon, vice chairman ex-officio; Michigan; N. E. Mack, New York; J. G. Johnson, Kansas; John R. McLean, Ohio; J. M. Head, Tennessee; John E. Osborne, Wyoming.

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WILL GIVE MCKINNON MEMORIAL ENTERTAINMENT

League of the Cross Cadets and Company From the First Infantry Will Participate.

The McKinnon memorial entertainment will be held at the Mechanics' Pavilion Thursday night. An excellent programme has been arranged. It will be divided into three parts. One hour will be given to music, another to a military exhibition and the rest of the evening to dancing.

The band concert will begin at 7:30 p. m. The League of the Cross and the First Infantry bands will participate. The different companies of the cadets will go through a series of military maneuvers, and Company A of the First Infantry, which saw active service at Manila, will give exhibitions of their military skill.

A good time is assured by the committee in charge of the affair and all who attend will be well pleased.

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ADVERTISEMENTS

DR. PIERCE'S REMEDIES.

3000 Tablets

The above will cheerfully be paid in lawful money of the United States, by the undersigned, proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, if they cannot show the original signature of the individual volunteering the testimonial below, and also of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing attesting the superior curative properties of their several medicines, and thus proving the genuineness and reliability of all the multitude of testimonials volunteered by grateful people, in their behalf.

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE REASON.—There is no medicine equal to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for purifying the blood. It carries off the poisons which create the miliary fluid, it increases the activity of the blood-making glands and gives the body an increased supply of pure, body-building blood. It builds up the body with a healthy flesh instead of flabby fat, promotes the appetite, feeds the nerves, and so gives to weak, nervous people vitality and vigor.

"About a year ago I had a very bad cough and it would not let me up. I noticed writes Hon. Geo. W. Lynch, of Worcester, Mass. I was a severe attack of coughing would come on coming to my office. Matter accumulated in nose and my tonsils were irritated. After reading of the wonderful cures resulting from Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery began to use it, with some doubts as to the good it would do me. I am frank to say, but after I had used one bottle I noticed quite a change for the better. Ordered five more bottles and before I had used them all the cure was complete. There is not now a trace of cough or cold in my system and my health is perfect."

To gain knowledge of your own body—in sickness and health—send for the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser. A book of 100 pages. Send 2 cents in stamps for paper-covered, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, 603 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

TWO MAIN QUESTIONS YET AT ISSUE

Czar's Expressed Desire to Avert War in the Orient Places the Peace Party in the Ascendant in St. Petersburg and the Extensive Powers of Admiral Alexieff, the Far Eastern Viceroy, Have Been Curtailed



SACRAMENTO WHO WAS ELECTED POLICE CHIEF AFTER BITTER CONTEST.

Martin Coffey Wins the Votes of Board at Sacramento.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 18.—The contest for the position of Chief of Police culminated at a stormy session of the Board of Trustees to-night when by the votes of Trustees Popert, Black, Callahan, McEwen and Carragher, Martin Coffey was declared chief. Trustees Ing, Farley, Tibbets and Elkus voted to refuse confirmation and retain the incumbent, John E. Sullivan.

Trustee Ing gave notice of a motion to reconsider, at the same time declaring that the inauguration of Coffey meant turning over the town to the gamblers. He asserted that Coffey was the creature of Bart Cavanaugh, a local politician and former poolroom owner. Trustee Popert came to the defense of Coffey, saying he had known him always as an honest man and good citizen.

Many have regarded the contest for chief as involving the proposition whether Sacramento should remain a "closed" town or whether it would permit prohibited games to run. Coffey, however, declares he shall strictly enforce the State anti-gaming laws, and he shall be guided by instructions from the Mayor and Board of Trustees as to whether he shall allow gambling to go during the State Fair season.

Coffey was appointed a week ago by Mayor Hassett, to succeed Chief Sullivan, who received his appointment from former Mayor Clark.

CRITICISM OF MARINES UNFOUNDED.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—As no mention is made in official dispatches received by either the State or Navy departments from Seoul and Chemul-

FUTURE OF WAR IS DISCUSSED

Army Officers and Civilians Join in Debate at Unitarian Club's Annual Ladies' Night

The thirteenth annual ladies' night of the Unitarian Club of California was celebrated last evening at the Palace Hotel by a banquet and debate. The long tables in the Maple room were profusely decked with pink carnations, while the decorations of those in the Marble room were of white narcissus.

The subject chosen for discussion was "The Future of War," the pros and cons of which were ably handled and most ably answered by the speakers of nearly 250 members and guests of the society.

Rev. Jay William Hudson began the debate and expressed his views on the subject in a clear and concise manner, and paved the way for the other speakers of the evening. Hon. Warren Olney, Mayor of Oakland, was very much at home with the subject in question. He said in part:

"I know what war is because I have seen it. War is said to be hell. During the last twenty-five years from our religious standpoint we have abolished hell, and in the next twenty-five years we hope to abolish war. War is cruelty, war is unhumanity.

"If we keep on progressing as we are progressing now war will become obsolete within the next twenty-five years. Improvements have been made in spite of war, but war has been an obstacle to progress. The time is not far off when all the nations of the earth will be joined together.

"Dueling is a relic of barbarism, and war is barbarism itself. If this nation of ours goes into war it will not be better than the rest of the world, but it will be because we may attempt to infringe upon the rights of other people.

"General Charles A. Woodruff followed in his opening remarks he paid a noble tribute to the womanhood of this country, and said in part:

"Whenever we had been engaged in strife the women have suffered equally with the men, and they have been ready to make any and every sacrifice for the national honor.

"Out of the 2,500,000 men engaged in the Civil War the loss in killed and those that died from wounds amounted to 1,100,000. The women were ready to make any and every sacrifice for the national honor.

"The last Congress appropriated more money for the use of West Point Military Academy than any twenty preceding Congresses had done. Among the names of those that are most highly revered throughout the world are the names of Grant and McKinley, and they were both professional soldiers.

"Remember the words of Washington: 'In times of peace prepare for war.'

"General MacArthur followed, and said that strong convictions were often accounted for by weak arguments. He offered his remarks in the nature of a suggestion, rather than as a dogmatic assertion. He declared the fact that war was hell and stated that this assertion was simply a byword which should be relegated to the past. He pictured war as the supreme court of arbitration. The different speeches were enthusiastically applauded.

"The speed of electricity unobstructed is that of light, on conductors it is comparatively slow. According to Tizeau's experiments, made in 1852, it is 111,900 miles a second in copper wire, and falls to 62,969 in iron. In transoceanic cables it is much less.

"In England alone the volume of co-operative business has grown in the last forty years more than forty times as fast as England's international trade, one hundred times as fast as her manufactures and 130 times as fast as the population.

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ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 18.—The Associated Press correspondents on high authority are able to give the following as the present status of the negotiations between Russia and Japan:

Russia recognizes Japan's predominance in Korea and Japan recognizes Russia's special position in Manchuria. There are two main questions still at issue—the Russian demand for a neutral zone upon the Korean side of the Yalu River, which Japan met with a proposal for a similar strip on the Manchurian side. Japan also asks for certain guarantees covering Manchuria, which Russia thus far has declined to grant. It is pointed out that the assurances given a few days ago by Russia regarding open ports in Manchuria and respect for treaty rights is a concession on this point.

That the two countries are not so far apart may be fairly deduced from the following statement made by Kurino, the Japanese Minister:

"War would now only be disastrous to both countries. Owing to the geographical situation armed conflict would result in a great drain on the men and treasure of both Japan and Russia without being decisive. Besides I believe it would not be worth while to go to war on the questions still in dispute."

There is a strong indication that, through the Czar's personal acts, the peace party is completely in the ascendant. Bezobrazoff, the head of the party, has gone abroad. Foreign Minister Lamsdorff, who from the beginning has favored peace, is now completely rehabilitated, and Viceroy Alexieff has been made subservient to the Foreign Office in the Russo-Japanese negotiations. His extensive powers are curtailed and he can make no move without the Czar's personal approval. In fact the fresh assurance conveyed through Ambassador Cassini to the effect that the Czar had recognized the rights acquired by the Chinese treaty is largely attributed to Count Lamsdorff's influence. Diplomatic circles regard Count Lamsdorff's conduct of the negotiations under the Czar's direction as a very hopeful sign.

Another strong influence on the side of peace has been the attitude of Witte, president of the Council of State, who has been bending his energies toward avoiding a conflict.

THREE TRAINLOADS OF BEEF.

Cudahy Ships First Consignment of the Russian "Rush" Order.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 18.—Three trains numbering fifty-one cars of extra beef are on their way to the Pacific Coast from the Cudahy Packing plants in Omaha, Sioux City and Kansas City. Twenty-five of these cars started this afternoon from South Omaha, twenty-four from Kansas City and two from Sioux City. The meat is intended for the Russian soldiers in Manchuria and was a "rush" order.

The meat was packed in especially built cases, which arrived in South Omaha last week. The work of packing the meat was hurried with all possible speed. The fifty-one cars of meat will roll into San Francisco on January 21 and will be loaded on a steamship, which will leave for the Orient on February 2. The meat will be taken to Port Arthur instead of to Vladivostok, as the harbor at the latter port is now ice-bound. From Port Arthur the meat will be transported overland to various points in Manchuria and Siberia.

CALLS FOR MORE MARINES.

American Minister to Korea Sends Request for Reinforcements.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Minister Allen at Seoul, Korea, has made a request of the State Department that the legion guard be increased. The Minister's request has been referred to the Navy Department, which is considering means of sending more marines from Cavite to Chemulpo. It will require about a week to reinforce the present guard.

FEARS A RISING OF KOREANS.

SEOUL, Jan. 18.—The Government declares the reports of disturbances on the northern frontiers to be unfounded, but it seems to think that a rising of the people is probable.

Czarina Has Recovered.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 18.—The Czar and Czarina will return to St. Petersburg this week. The Czarina has recovered from her indisposition.

NEW FREIGHT TARIFF HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE

Schedule Increases the Westbound Rates on More Than One Hundred Different Commodities.

The new westbound freight tariff, adopted several months ago by the Western railroads and which changes the rate on about 120 different commodities, went into effect yesterday. The inauguration of the new rates is expected to be followed shortly by the adoption of an increased tariff on eastbound freight, although no definite date has yet been set for a consideration of the advances.

Several of the new rates that were originally included in the tariff schedule that went into effect yesterday have already been changed as a result of protests from shippers who were able to satisfy the railroad companies that the industries to which they applied would be seriously affected.

It is expected that further changes will be made, but to what extent is only a matter for speculation.

(Wife in her latest dress from Paris) —Hurry, what's the difference between a "gown" and a "creation"? Hurry, I can't give the exact figures, but it's a small fortune.—Punch.

Yarmouth, England, exported over 272,000 barrels of cured herrings to the Continent during the last year.

NEGROES MAY DO JURY DUTY

Supreme Court Declares That Colored Men Must Not Be Barred on Account of Race

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The United States Supreme Court again to-day affirmed the ruling made in the case of Carter vs. the State of Texas, to the effect that the exclusion of negroes from Grand Juries in cases involving criminal charges against members of their race, is in violation of the constitution and therefore not permissible.

The decision was delivered by Justice Holmes in the case of a resident of Alabama named Rogers, who was indicted for murder by a Grand Jury composed entirely of white men, from which it is charged that all negroes were excluded because of their color. The Supreme Court of the State upheld the regularity of the proceedings, but Rogers brought it to the Federal court on a writ of error, with the result that the decision of the State court was reversed and the case referred to the State courts for further proceedings, not inconsistent with today's opinion.

The opinion was based on the Carter case, in which it was held that "the exclusion of all persons of the African race from a Grand Jury which finds an indictment against a negro in a State court, when they are excluded solely because of race or color, denies him

ADVERTISEMENTS

Something New in Hats for \$1.00

We have made arrangements with a large hat factory whereby we can sell a \$1.75 hat for \$1.00. We have agreed to take the hats in an immense quantity direct from the factory, so we purchase at a good price. This, together with a close margin of profit, enables us to sell these good hats for a price within every one's reach.

They come in soft and stiff shapes, in black and colors.

By actual comparison we found that this same quality hat was selling in one store here in San Francisco for \$1.75, in another at \$1.85 and in still another at \$2.00.

The hats are in our windows—see the quality for yourself.

Out-of-town orders filled—write us

S. N. WOOD & CO.
740 Market Street