

THE WEATHER.
Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours ending midnight, May 30:
San Francisco and vicinity—Cloudy Monday; light west wind.
G. H. WILLSON,
Local Forecaster.

RUSSIA IS NEGOTIATING WITH CHINA TO YIELD MANCHURIA

LONDON, May 29.—The Tientsin correspondent of the Express says that Paul Lesser, the Russian Minister, informed Prince Ching that Russia would finally evacuate Newchwang provided China granted a concession for a railway from Kalgan across Chinese Mongolia to Kiakhta, eighty miles from Lake Baikal, or that Russia would evacuate Manchuria outright if China would lease the Ili territory to Russia. Ili—or, as it is more commonly called, Kooldja—is a district of Chinese Turkestan, forming a part of Sungari. Russia claimed it as a province from 1870 to 1881 and still retains a portion of the territory. The district contains 23,000 square miles.

KUROPATKIN IS HURRYING SOUTHWARD WITH AN ARMY TO RELIEVE PORT ARTHUR

Japanese Placed in a Critical Position.

Russian Naval Guns Lost at Kinchou.

BIG TRUST OF COPPER COMPANIES

Amalgamated Will Form Gigantic Merger.

One Management to Control Two-Thirds of United States Output.

Conferences Are Being Held Daily in Boston to Harmonize Conflicting Interests.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 29.—General Kuropatkin is moving southward with an army to attack General Oku from the rear on Liaotung Peninsula. One section of the Russian force will diverge toward Fengwangcheng to hold back General Kuroki. The advance guard of Kuropatkin's army is believed to have reached a point only thirty-seven miles from Kinchou. Its sudden appearance will place Oku's victorious army in a critical position.

CHEFU, May 29.—A Chinese who arrived from Dalny to-day, having left there on Saturday, says that a Japanese scouting party was seen by villagers in the vicinity of Dalny and that a battle took place on Friday at Ying-chongtae, a point on the railroad about ten miles northwest of Dalny.

Chinese from Dalny say that the Russians had twenty-six naval guns at Nanshan and also that many guns from the Port Arthur fleet had been placed in the land batteries.

DALNY IS EVACUATED.
Dalny has been practically evacuated, according to the statements of Sikh and Russian refugees arriving here to-day by junk. All valuables, ammunition and most of the troops have been taken to Port Arthur. The only civilians remaining are the electrical engineers in charge of the mines laid in the harbor and those set to destroy docks and piers.

One large Russian warship, probably the armored cruiser Bayan, and three torpedo boats reached Tallienwan Bay on Tuesday last, the 24th inst., from Port Arthur, and it was doubtless this vessel which attacked the Japanese left wing during the battle at Kinchou on the 26th inst.

The junk just arrived here on their way down passed fourteen Japanese war vessels nine miles outside of Dalny, so the Bayan probably will be captured.

The United States gunboat Frolic now here was to go to Newchwang in case that town is evacuated by the Russians.

HAS ORDERS TO FIGHT.
LONDON, May 29.—The Times correspondent at Weihaiwei learns from a fugitive Russian that General Stoessel's orders are to dispute every inch of the country between Kinchou and Port Arthur, because it is believed that the Japanese are planning to capture the port.

A Japanese refugee from Port Arthur is now at Chefu chartering steamships to convoy supplies to Port Arthur when it falls.

The Standard's Chefu correspondent says that a Russian gunboat, believed to be the Bobr, which was in action at Tallienwan on Thursday, has arrived from Port Arthur. She was chased by the Japanese, but was able to take some refugees from the port. She was not followed into the port on account of the mines.

CHINA MUST TAKE A HAND.
The Standard's Tientsin correspondent telegraphs that, Uchida, the Japanese Minister at Peking, has demanded an immediate reply to the inquiry previously sent to the Wai Wu Pu as to whether China is prepared to hold and administer the territory the Japanese have conquered, adding that otherwise Japan must appeal to other powers to undertake the responsibility at the expense of China.

The Telegraph has a dispatch from Shanghai saying that it is reported there that Minister Uchida has notified the Chinese Government at Peking that Port Arthur will soon be captured and has asked whether China is ready to resume possession of the district, or if Japan shall hold it.

OKU ISSUES PROCLAMATION.
TOKYO, May 29.—General Oku, commanding the Japanese army now investing Port Arthur, has issued a proclamation to the people of the Liaotung Peninsula, setting forth that Japan was forced to appeal to arms on account of the unlawful aggressions of Russia in China and Korea. The proclamation declares that the Japanese army is fighting for the cause of justice and freedom, protection to persons and property and non-interference with orderly citizens.

It promises ample remuneration for all houses and food supplies requisitioned and warns the people to refrain from assisting the Russians, under penalty of severe punishment.

BALTIC SHIPS TO SAIL.
PARIS, May 29.—The Echo de Paris' St. Petersburg correspondent learns that the Baltic fleet will leave in two detachments. The first, consisting of four battleships, is due to start on June 24.

The battleship Orei has been refloated. The dynamo, the only part of the ship damaged, is being repaired.

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RAILROAD PIERS AND BOATS BURN

Fire Causes Havoc to Jersey City Shipping.

Vain Efforts Are Made to Check the Ravaging Flames.

Blaze Starts on a Barge and Sweeps Freight Laden Docks of Delaware and Lackawanna Line.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Seven freight and coal piers of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad in Jersey City were destroyed to-day by a fire that started on the barge Allen C. Churchill, which lay alongside Pier No. 12, on which a lot of barrels of oil were stored. The loss is estimated at \$1,000,000. The flames spread rapidly. Pier No. 12 was 800 feet long and was soon ablaze its entire length, and the firemen who were trying to fight the fire from the shore were unable to accomplish but little. The flames swept across to Pier No. 11 and beyond, being finally checked at Pier No. 5, which is a new coal trestle, steel framed and iron clad. Here the firemen and fireboats made a desperate stand and stayed the advance of the fire until the burning piers crumbled and fell into the water. Although there was little wind, sparks fell all along the water front for nearly a mile, endangering the Lackawanna station and even the Hamburg American and Bremen Line piers, where the firemen were kept busy playing streams of water upon buildings and over ships at their docks.

A number of canal boats and several togs were burned, the loss of small togs being variously estimated at from thirty to 200. The number of freight cars is not known, but the loss on this class of rolling stock will be heavy. The Lackawanna road moved its passenger coaches out to the Meadows and on a train of freight cars was moved out and saved.

Piers 11 and 12 were full of general merchandise; Piers 7, 8, 9 and 10 were used for coal and Pier No. 6 was a grain-loading pier. No person was seriously injured.

Vice President Lewis of the Lackawanna placed the total loss by the fire at \$5,000,000, based on the original cost of the piers burned, on the freight stored upon them, and, to some extent, on the resultant business loss. This estimate also includes the burning of the canal boats and barges. The Lackawanna Company carries its own insurance.

TRIES A STEVE BRODIE FEAT AND MAY DIE

Iowa Lad Jumps From a High Bridge and is Severely Injured.

DUBUQUE, May 29.—Charles Zuber, aged 19 years, in a feat of daring jumped from the highest point on Eagle Point bridge, connecting Iowa and Wisconsin, into the Mississippi River to-day, and is hovering between life and death.

In addition to the bruises he sustained about the face and body, he is suffering from concussion of the brain and the attending physician entertains slight hopes for his recovery.

Young Zuber had read of the feats of Steve Brodie and was ambitious to win fame as a high diver. He selected the highest point from which to make the leap and his body shot into the water with a great splash.

BRITISH ROUT TIBETANS AFTER STUBBORN FIGHT

Younghusband's Force Defeats Natives, Who Had Isolated the Gyantse Camp.

LONDON, May 29.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Chumbi, India, says the British expedition on May 26, after a fight of eleven hours, expelled the Tibetans from the village of Palla, close to the British camp at Gyantse.

A British lieutenant and three natives were killed and three officers and nine men were wounded.

The Tibetans suffered heavily and thirty-seven of them were taken prisoners.

CLEVELAND OUTSPOKEN FOR PARKER

Says Jurist Should Head Party's Ticket.

Conservatives Must Combine to Stifle Hearst Movement.

Former President Is Confident the New Yorker Will Be Choice of Democracy.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.—In an interview given to a North American reporter to-day, Grover Cleveland said:

"I have believed for some time, and I believe now, that Judge Parker will be the nominee of the National Democratic Convention for the Presidential office. This expression of my opinion is not new. I do not mean to yield my original judgment, which was that Mr. Olney or Judge Gray might have proved the strongest candidate. Circumstances and the state of public sentiment were such, however, that months ago it became apparent that Judge Parker was the man upon whom the conservative element of the party could and should concentrate. Neither circumstances nor the state of public sentiment has changed and Judge Parker remains now, as he has been for some months, the logical candidate of his party."

"Some months ago conservative leaders of the Democracy began to experience alarm over the strength that Hearst was seemingly developing. I took no stock in the Hearst candidacy myself, but realized the necessity for checking a movement which might grow formidable. I occupied ground in common with a number of others and gave out a statement favoring Judge Parker for the nomination. I pretend to no right in the direction of party affairs, nor even the right to advise the party upon men or measures, but in order to stifle the Hearst movement I gave up thought of either Olney or Gray, and I knew Parker to be a first-class, honest, safe and manly man. He is very able—in every way to lead the new Democracy."

MURPHY STAKES ALL

Will Risk Leadership of Tammany to Defeat Parker.

ATLANTIC CITY, May 29.—Beset on every hand by dangers which threaten seriously his prestige with a crew he does not trust, and with the roar of the breakers which threaten to disrupt his organization and end his career as leader of Tammany Hall growing louder day by day, Charles F. Murphy is determined to stake all upon a last stand for Mayor McClellan as his candidate for the Presidential nomination.

Murphy spent considerable time to-day with Charles V. Fornes, president of the board of aldermen, who would in the event of Mayor McClellan's nomination become Mayor of New York. That he succeeded in obtaining sufficient pledges from Fornes to go ahead with his plans is evident.

Murphy's hurried trip to New York Friday has become known. From unquestioned sources come a report that one of the representatives of a great corporation upon which Murphy has been relying for support sent word to him on Wednesday that, in his opinion, the time had arrived for Murphy to cease his war upon Parker's candidacy, and that unless the opposition of Tammany was checked Murphy might lose the leadership.

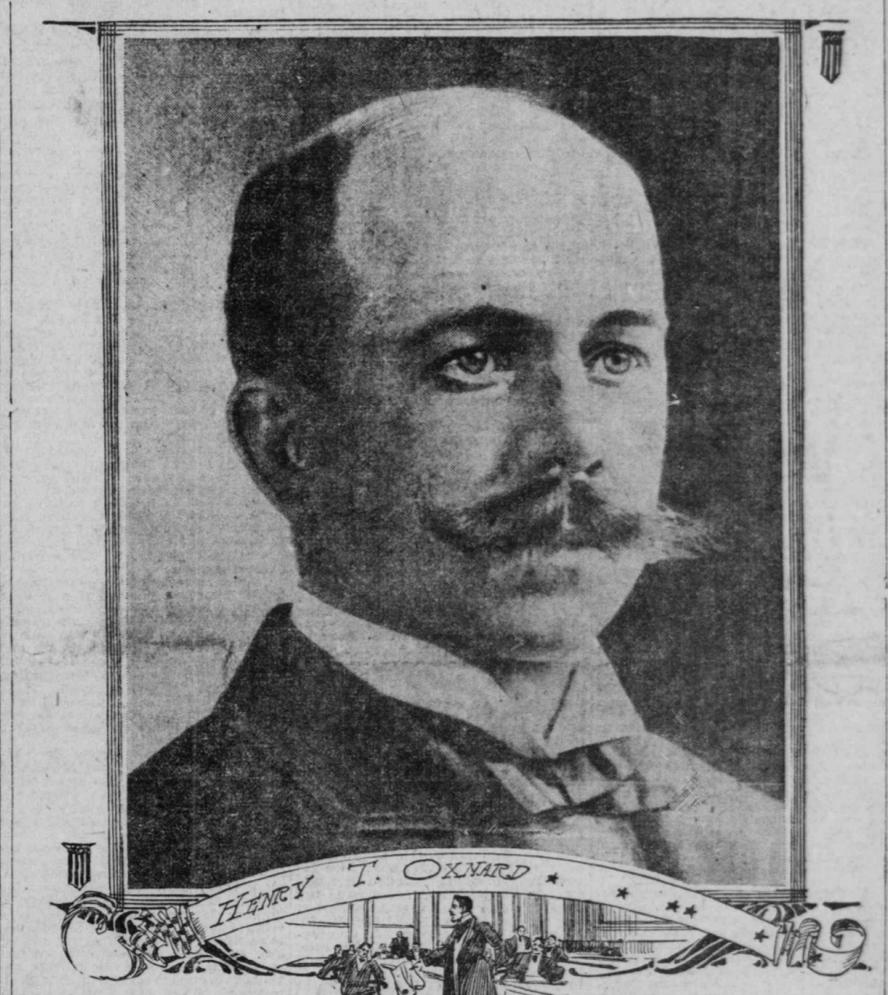
Murphy lost no time in going to New York, where he pleaded in vain for a free hand, pointing out that the nomination of Parker meant the disruption of Tammany and the end of his own career.

Convinced that his former ally was not to be moved, he returned here and made public part of a letter charging August Belmont with using the lobby of a railroad company in the South to force several States to instruct the delegates to the National Convention for Parker.

Murphy caused the following statement of his attitude to be given out to-night by one of his trusted lieutenants:

"Tammany, being bound by the strict rule, will vote for Judge Parker in St. Louis, but not until after it has warned the convention that its delegates are acting against their own judgment and that Judge Parker, being the candidate of the Republican counties of New York State, is not the choice of the Democrats of the State and will be a weak man in the great Democratic strongholds below Harlem River."

FRIENDS OF OXNARD PROMISE A LIVELY CAMPAIGN IN THE FIGHT FOR SENATORSHIP



MAY SEND CAVALRY TO MOROCCO

Washington Plans for Capture of Bandits.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—High administration officials are considering the question of sending a force of cavalry across the Atlantic to co-operate with the Moorish Sultan's troops in hunting down the bandits who kidnaped Perdicaris, an American subject, and his British stepson, Varley.

It is said that this course will be taken should France decline to exercise the pressure which Secretary Hay believes she should and if the negotiations for the release of the captives fail.

The Washington officials are convinced that it would be useless and foolish to try to capture the bandits with anything but mounted troops familiar with mountain conditions, and if an American force is sent to Morocco to attempt to rescue Perdicaris and his stepson and to punish the brigands it will be a detachment of cavalry.

Should American interest in Tangier be imperiled in any way as a result of complications growing out of the capture of Perdicaris, it may become necessary to land marines from the American man of war now on the way thither. This contingency, however, has not been seriously considered by the administration, as there has been no evidence that such a step will be necessary.

Boiler-Makers Beaten at Night.

SAN BERNARDINO, May 29.—The strike situation is growing less notorious in this city. Following an unsuccessful attempt of the strikers to induce the merchants to stop selling goods to strike breakers, two boiler-makers from the stockade were set upon and beaten by fifteen men this morning shortly after midnight.

Bard's Name Will Go to the Legislature.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

LOS ANGELES, May 29.—Henry T. Oxnard's announcement that his name will be presented to the next Legislature for the United States Senatorship has not come as a surprise. It was not needed to inform the public of Oxnard's aspirations. In fact, in various counties in this section of the State his campaign had been launched months ago and workers in his interest have been sounding prospective candidates of the Legislature. This work has been guardedly done, however, and the Oxnard workers have been careful not to take any action which would in any manner compromise their candidate or make it impossible for him to withdraw if so desired. What encouragement these workers have received cannot now be stated, but it has been sufficient to precipitate the announcement which Mr. Oxnard made yesterday. From now on there will be no doubt as to his position, and he will make an open fight throughout Southern California, in which he has enlisted the services of some of the most astute politicians in this section.

When asked for a further expression upon the subject, Mr. Oxnard said that his official announcement incorporated all that he had to say at present. He added that he believes the people know his views upon the great questions which are now before the public and which have to do with such offices as that to which he aspires. His announcement carries with it the statement that he will use all honorable means to secure the support of a majority in the Legislature, but the work in that direction will be done more by his friends than by any active canvass made by himself.

Despite his seeming reluctance to enter an open fight for the office which he has held, the name of Senator Bard will also be presented to the Legislature. There will be a spirited contest over the matter in Ventura County, the home of Bard, where Oxnard has his most important California interests. Riverside County has declared unequivocally for Bard and Orange County is expected to do the same. In Los Angeles County both sides will endeavor to secure the declaration of the convention, but it is probable that no instructions will be issued here.

San Bernardino County is now being canvassed by agents of both aspirants to the Senatorship, but with what result is not known. At present it appears that Southern California as a whole will not present a solid front with reference to the Senatorship, and the choice may therefore depend upon the action of legislators chosen from districts in the central and northern portions of the State.

AMERICA'S TRADE FAST INCREASING

Year's Exports Will Break Previous Records.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CALL BUREAU, HOTEL BARTON, WASHINGTON, May 29.—If the last two months of the fiscal year 1904 keep up the pace set by the first ten months, all records for exports of manufactures from the United States to foreign countries will be broken.

The export figures for the first ten months of the fiscal year 1904, as presented by the Bureau of Commerce and Labor, exceed those of any year in the history of the nation. The manufactured exports in the full fiscal year 1900 totaled \$483,351,754. Should the present excess of 1904 over 1900 continue during the remaining two months of the year, it would bring the grand total of the exports of the manufacturers up to \$450,000,000.

The total value of manufacturers' exports reported in ten months ending with April 1904, was \$371,712,301, against \$352,871,206 in the same period of the fiscal year 1900.

Imports of manufacturers' raw material also made a very satisfactory showing, the grand total being in the ten months ending with April, 1904, \$267,334,221, against \$275,641,587 in the ten months of last year.

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THE THEATERS.

Alcazar—"Toll Gate Inn." Matinee To-Day.
California—"Janice Meredith." Matinee To-Day.
Central—"A Celebrated Case." Matinee To-Day.
Chutes—"Vaudeville." Matinee.
Columbia—"The Little Minister." Matinee To-Day.
Fischer's—"U. S." Matinee To-Day.
Grand—"Gismonda." Matinee.
Orpheum—"Vaudeville." Matinee.
Tivoli—"The Toy Maker." Matinee To-Day.