

LARGE JAPANESE ARMY DISEMBARKS NEAR TAKUSHAN

CHEFU, June 3.--The Japanese have landed another army twenty miles from Takushan. Seventy warships and transports have discharged troops there. Reinforcements for the Japanese army which is attacking Port Arthur have been landed northeast of Talienwan.

Candidates Release Delegates From All Obligations, but the Deadlock Continues in the Illinois Republican Convention

Break to Lowden Gives Him a Good Lead.

Exciting Scenes During Day's Balloting.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 2.--A desperate effort on the part of Republican leaders to break the deadlock in the State convention failed to-day, and at 8 o'clock to-night the assemblage took a recess until 10 a. m. to-morrow without having nominated a candidate for Governor.

The attempt to bring about the break was a spectacular one. Ex-Congressman Walter Reeves, chairman of the committee on resolutions, and Chairman Cannon engineered the plan, which was made possible by the report of the committee on resolutions, which presented the resolution to the effect that the delegates be released from instructions. When it was presented, Reeves called upon the candidates, one by one, to come before the convention and express their opinion regarding it.

Each declared in favor of the resolution, speaking in the order named: Frank O. Lowden, Governor Richard T. Yates, Charles Deneen, Attorney General Howland J. Hamlin, Lawrence Sherman, Congressman Vespasian Warner and John H. Pierce.

CANNON MAKES A PLEA. Congressman Cannon demanded the attention of the convention and eloquently pleaded with the delegates to break the deadlock. He declared that the delegates must compromise and called attention to the fact that the convention, by its inaction, was injuring the Republican party, not only in Illinois, but in the entire nation.

"Let us adopt this resolution," he said, "and nominate a ticket, and let's do it to-day."

There was not a vote against the resolution, but when the roll was called for the sixty-seventh ballot there was no substantial change from the ballots of the previous day. On the next ballot taken before the noon recess a number of the uninstructed delegates voted for Judge Sherman, whose speech before the convention had made a good impression, and he received 80 votes.

When the convention reconvened for the afternoon session the long-expected break from Yates to Lowden came and he got the vote of Speaker Cannon's district as well as the votes of several other counties and some scattering delegates.

LOWDEN GAINS AND LOSES. For several ballots his vote increased until it reached a total of 631 1/2. Then the tide turned and on the closing ballot, the seventy-eighth, his vote had dropped to 522 1/2. It requires 752 to nominate.

Yates' lowest vote during the day was 362 and his closing vote was 465. There was no material change in the vote of the other candidates.

Much excitement prevailed during the afternoon session. Lowden men started several demonstrations in efforts to stampede the convention and they made a great noise. When Lowden began to fall back the Yates people began a demonstration and let down from the riggers a great banner bearing the quotation, "Hold the fort." Chairman Cannon ordered it taken down and a dozen hands tore it from its fastenings and threw the wreck into the Morgan County Yates' delegation. A fight was prevented by the interference of the police. The banner, after its rescue by the Yates men, was hung up at the rear of the platform.

Anti-Mormon Platform. BOISE, Idaho, June 2.--The Democratic convention of this county was held to-day and was of great importance because Senator Dubois' plan for dealing with the Mormon question was brought forward and adopted by the convention. The resolutions adopted demand a plank in the national platform favoring the submission of an amendment to the constitution giving Congress authority to deal with the problem of polygamy and punish those guilty of polygamous practice.

Succeeds Quay on Committee. WASHINGTON, June 2.--Postmaster General Payne, as acting chairman of the Republican National Committee, has appointed United States Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania a member of the committee, to succeed the late Senator Quay.

Wyoming Instructs for Hearst. CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 2.--The Wyoming State convention to-day selected delegates to the National Convention and instructed them to vote for William R. Hearst for the Presidential nomination.



CANDIDATE FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS, WHO NOW HAS THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF VOTES AND WHO AT ONE TIME YESTERDAY APPEARED ASSURED OF VICTORY.

COLLEGIAN CONFESSES HIS CRIME

Claremont's Shooting "Mystery" Is Explained.

POMONA, June 2.--Harry S. Willett, president of the Sophomore Club at Pomona College and who came from San Jose, has confessed that he is the incendiary who operated at the home of wealthy Mrs. Louise Renwick at Claremont, in the Pomona Valley, and that he shot himself purposely to create sympathy for himself. The confession has astounded people in this locality and little else is talked of here to-night.

Early last Friday morning the people in Claremont, heard pistol shots in the yard of Mrs. Renwick's mansion. People who ran to the scene found Harry Willett apparently unconscious on the ground, with bullet wounds in his left arm and shoulder. He said later that he had been roused from his sleep in an adjacent house by the sound of steps upon the porch of the Renwick residence. He said further that he ran out to defend the property when an unknown man shot him twice and that he fell to the ground.

It was discovered that some one had carried rags saturated with oil and a bottle of kerosene to the porch and had tried to force an entrance to the unoccupied Renwick residence. All Claremont was excited at the attempt at incendiarism and praised Willett's conduct. For a week he has been the hero of the college town and professors and students have vied with one another to nurse him back to health.

Meanwhile the local police searched long and far for the alleged incendiary and murderous assailant. Yesterday Constable Slanker found that the oil-saturated rags came from a room to which only Willett had a key. Other suspicious facts were revealed, but the Claremont people denounced the constable's theory that Willett was the guilty person.

Constable Slanker and President Gates of Pomona College went to the bedside of Willett to-day and showed him proofs of his guilt. After two hours of discussion Willett broke down and sobbingly confessed that he had planned and executed the attempted burning of Mrs. Renwick's house in

TENT CITY TO HOUSE THE SICK

Illinois to Have Colony for Consumptives.

CHICAGO, June 2.--One of the most important moves ever made in this part of the country toward the stamping out of pulmonary consumption will be instituted at once by the establishment of a tent colony at Ottawa, Ill., under the patronage of the Illinois State Medical Society.

The site, containing twenty-five or thirty acres on a bluff overlooking the Illinois River, has been donated to the use of the colony and arrangements are now in progress for the purchase of tents and other equipments. Men and women patients will be received.

It is the purpose of the physicians backing the undertaking to demonstrate that tuberculosis can be cured in this climate, when not too far advanced, by fresh air and good food. From this beginning it is expected similar camps will be established throughout the State. The only cost to the patients will be the actual expense of food. This item, it is estimated, will be from \$16 to \$18 a month.

The consumptives who avail themselves of the opportunity to regain their health will be subject to one condition. They will be required to promise when they enter the colony that they will remain there until pronounced cured. From nine months to a year is the estimated length of residence required. After leaving the colony the patients will be observed for two years and if no sign of disease reappears in that time they will be considered perfectly sound.

The tent colony will be open summer and winter alike.

order to make himself a hero in her eyes and to get a money reward for his bravery in her behalf; also that he had shot himself deliberately in order to give weight to his story of his bravery and at the same time make himself a hero in the eyes of the Pomona College students and faculty. He said he did not intend to cause anything more than flesh wounds, but the fact is he narrowly escaped killing himself.

Kuropatkin Yields to the Clamor at Home.

Sending an Army to Attack General Oku.

VANZALEN, Manchuria, Wednesday, June 1.--The Japanese are landing another army of 50,000 men at Takushan. Japanese posts were withdrawn to-day from positions near Vafangod (Vagenfuchu), destroying the bridges as they retired. They were busy during the night removing the wounded from the battlefield and burying the dead.

LONDON, June 3.--Telegrams from different points seem to confirm the rumors that General Kuropatkin is attempting a diversion in the direction of Port Arthur. Russian reinforcements, according to a dispatch from Tientsin, are moving southward from Kaiping toward Wafangtien, under General Stalckenburg. They comprise a battery of artillery, four Siberian regiments and a company of Cossacks, aggregating 12,000 men. Another brigade is following, the intention being to engage the Japanese now attacking Port Arthur in their rear.

JAPANESE NOT ALARMED.

The Standard correspondent at Tientsin, sending the same news, says:

"The Russian force in the engagement at Wafangtien on May 30 is supposed to have been formed of four Siberian regiments, which were reported to have left Tachienchao on May 28, being the first section of a relieving column for Port Arthur. The railway is fairly intact from the north to Wafangtien, but is completely deserted from there to Pulantien. The Japanese are unconcerned over this demonstration, being convinced that it will be impracticable for the Russians to move a sufficient force to prove effective."

LONDON, June 2.--The Daily Mail's Newchwang correspondent, cabling under date of June 2, says:

"General Stalckenburg, with 14,000 Russians, made up of artillery and cavalry and also infantry, has marched south of Liaoyang, in the direction of Wafangtien.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR OKU.

The correspondent of the Daily Express at Nagasaki cables that transports laden with troops continue to leave Western Japanese ports daily for the theater of war. A large proportion of those dispatched during the past week, he says, were to reinforce General Oku.

The belief here is that if General Kuropatkin is undertaking such a desperate measure, he can be doing so only in deference to the strongest political pressure and against his better judgment.

No further news of any kind has been received about the movements of the Japanese forces. Generals Kuropatkin and Oku are working in the utmost secrecy.

The Daily Telegraph's well informed Tokio correspondent estimates the total defending force in Port Arthur as 30,000.

"This is a most formidable army," he says, "and it will be a marvelous achievement to carry by assault such a place, with more than a score of granite bastions and a score of great landward forts disposed at a distance of fifteen miles from the harbor. Still, the reduction of the place undoubtedly can be accomplished."

According to the Chronicle's Tokio correspondent, the Russians have completed eleven fortresses at Liaoyang and are laying mines at a distance of 5000 feet around them.

BRITAIN'S ATTITUDE PECULIAR

Talk of Anglo-Russian rapprochement Continues.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 2.--The comment here on the settlement of the Russo-Canadian fisheries dispute is very significant. The agreement is welcomed by the Russian press as evidence of the increasing probability of an Anglo-Russian alliance, the papers pointing out that public opinion in Great Britain, France and Russia is becoming more favorable, the war, instead of proving an obstacle to an alliance, serving as one of the arguments in its favor.

More significant still is a strong intimation of the Novosti, foreshadowing that a commercial treaty between the two countries will pave the way to a purely commercial rapprochement.

The impression is growing that Great Britain is playing a shrewd game, for big stakes, commercially as well as politically, and that while a complete agreement would be mutually advantageous to both Russia and Great Britain, it would be at the expense of the United States in both these directions.

Tarpey and Budd of Hearst Forces Clash in Grill Room of the Palace, but "Jim" O'Brien Prevents Blood Letting



TWO LEADING LIGHTS OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN CALIFORNIA WHO ENGAGED IN A VERY EXCITING WAR OF WORDS IN THE PALACE HOTEL GRILL YESTERDAY. THERE WERE NO CASUALTIES.

Hammer Swinging With Both Hands.

The battle of the Santa Cruz convention broke out afresh in the Palace Hotel grill yesterday and was observed by an army of spectators. The engagement began precisely at 12:50 p. m. and lasted fifteen minutes. The clash was between M. F. Tarpey and ex-Governor James H. Budd, both of the Hearst forces. The advance of Tarpey was sudden and bold. He uttered no battle cry in particular, but swore by all the big and little buttes of great Shasta land that Budd was ambidextrous.

Just think of it! The idea of one Democratic statesman of the Hearst contingent calling a brother statesman of the same party ambidextrous, and, more than that, proving by subsequent language that he knew the meaning of the term!

"You swing a hammer with both hands," said Tarpey. "You hammer your friends. You have been talking about me. You have been talking too much about the Santa Cruz convention and saying that I butchered the Hearst campaign. Yes, on the 17th of May you said I had butchered the Hearst campaign. You are ambidextrous. You swing a hammer with both hands."

AMBIDEXTROUS DEFINED.

Reference to the dictionaries proves conclusively that Tarpey looked after his ammunition before going into the fight. He didn't provide himself with ten-inch projectiles for eight-inch guns.

Webster defines "ambidextrous": "Having the faculty of using both hands with equal ease. Practicing or siding with both parties. Esp. condemnatory of all false shuffling and ambidextrous dealings."

The Century Dictionary is equally explicit in defining what "ambidextrous" means: "Having the faculty of using both hands with equal ease and dexterity; hence skillful, facile. Practicing or siding with both parties; double dealing and deceitful."

GREAT CAVE DISCOVERED IN NEVADA

SALT LAKE, June 2.--A vast underground cavern, in places seemingly bottomless and of unknown extent, has been discovered near Cain Springs, about sixty-five miles west of Caliente, Nev., on the line of the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad. The cave is now being thoroughly explored by members of the railroad and engineering crew, who learned of it through an old resident of the sparsely settled district.

MEN FIGHT FATAL DUEL WITH KNIVES

CHICO, June 2.--Wade Andrew Hampton, a stranger in Chico, was killed this morning in the course of a fight with knives with Fred Morris, who is also a stranger in town. The men were not friends, but had met in a box car near the depot during the night, both having beaten their way here on trains.

Hampton was crazed by alcohol to-day and, drawing a knife, pursued Morris. After a chase of several blocks Morris, realizing his inability to outrun his pursuer, halted and begged Hampton to throw away his knife and fight fairly. Hampton immediately wrapped his coat around his left arm as a guard and with the open knife clamped in his right hand he advanced toward Morris, who, in his emergency, likewise protected his arm and drew a knife.

Hampton made a lunge at Morris, but failed to land with the knife, and Morris made an unsuccessful counter. Hampton repeated and Morris narrowly avoided a blow by dodging. Morris took advantage of an opportunity and with one swing cut a gash in Hampton's body. Hampton walked into the yard of W. H. Miller and fell on the porch. He died this afternoon.

Morris surrendered immediately to officers. Hampton declared that Morris was justified in cutting him, because he had forced the fighting. Hampton is from South Carolina and Morris is a miner who has worked in various States.