

WOULD AMEND CHARTER TO GAIN SUPERVISORS CONSIDER MEASURES TO ALLOW FIFTY YEARS LEASE OF SCHOOL PROPERTY

PLEA FOR LOWEST BID

Health Committee to Scan Again Proposals for Gauze Furnished City Hospital

The Board of Supervisors yesterday referred to the City Attorney for his opinion as to its validity a proposed ordinance describing a proposal to amend the charter so that the Board of Education shall have power to lease school property for fifty years with the proviso that the cost of the improvements shall be no less than the appraised value of the realty.

Braunhart explained that the amendment was designed to give the Board of Education the power to lease the Lincoln School lots at Market and Fifth streets for a period of fifty years instead of twenty as at present, so as to permit of the erection of a building to cost an amount equal to the value of the lot, which would be unadvisable under a shorter lease.

The Mayor was authorized to appoint a Citizens' Committee of twenty-five to make arrangements for the celebration of the Fourth of July.

A resolution was adopted giving notice to all those having demands against the city to file them at an early date in July so they may be settled within the statutory time.

The ordinance regulating the sale of calves for human food and making it unlawful to sell any calf unless it is in good condition and four weeks of age was passed to print.

BEATING OF CARPETS.

An ordinance making it unlawful to beat or sweep carpets or rugs upon any sidewalk or street except between 12 o'clock midnight and 8 o'clock a. m. was passed to print.

The Auditor was authorized to employ thirty extra clerks for a period not to exceed thirty days.

The roadway of Pierce street, between Union and Green, was fully accepted. The proposed acceptance of Cedar avenue, between Laguna and Octavia streets, was postponed as the result of a protest filed.

The Board of Works was directed to notify the owners of certain street obstructions removed to the corporation yard to redeem the same or the property will be sold at public auction.

An ordinance was passed to print ordering the improving of Vallejo street, between Battery and Front; Stevenson street, between Alameda and Third; Jessie street, between New Montgomery and Second; Minna street, between Third and Fourth; and Hayes street, between Larkin and Van Ness avenue, at a cost of \$21,700.

The school lot at Twentieth and Kentucky streets was transferred to the Fire Department and a fire engine house will be erected thereon.

A resolution was adopted denying the request of the Board of Public Works for permission to utilize an unexpended balance of \$2,830 in the fund of the office of superintendent of buildings to repair streets. Action was taken on the report of the Board of Public Works that the board had no right to deviate from the provisions of the budget.

Various contracts were awarded for supplies for the City Hospital, Almshouse, Department of Health, Emergent Hospital, Twenty-sixth street hospital, county jails and Department of Electricity.

The recommendation of the Health Committee that the contract to furnish gauze to the City Hospital be awarded to the lowest bidder was referred to the committee upon Bostons' protest that the charter provision should be complied with. The amount as bid was slightly in excess of the lowest proposal.

**PROTEST OUTRAGEOUS.** D'Ancona characterized as outrageous the protest of the Herbert Mercantile Company against the award of a contract to Hirsch & Samuels for whisky to be furnished to the Almshouse inasmuch as the protesting firm had not filed a bid for the same. The contract was awarded to the firm named.

The amended ordinance reducing the height limit of wooden buildings from fifty to forty-five feet was referred to a committee in order to hear protests.

Action on a resolution granting a permit for a steam laundry on Eighteenth street, between Church and Sanchez streets, was postponed one week.

J. Code appeared before the Finance Committee and pleaded that the extra clerks in the Tax Collector's office be paid for May. Tax Collector Smith stated that the fund had been exhausted and he was compelled to lay off the clerks during June. The committee said it could not grant any relief, but would look into the matter with that object in view.

A stakeholder urged the committee to pass the demands for transportation of various health officials but the committee said it would not do so unless the officials devoted all their time to their municipal duties.

The committee placed on file the communication from Brand & Brand contending that taxes on the hospital levy must be returned to taxpayers under section 3504 of the Political Code. The communication was not even discussed by the committee, which evidently considers the contention erroneous.

**Girls' High School Jinks.** The senior class of '04, Girls' High School, held a class jinks yesterday afternoon at the school, Scott and Geary streets. Following a short farce, cleverly rendered by eight of the many pretty girls, a jolly luncheon was served, followed by readings and farewell addresses. Then the reception hall was cleared and dancing consumed the remainder of the afternoon.

The jinks was under the direction of the committee headed by the school officers. The following are the class officers: Miss Edith Leale, president; Miss Nora Evans, vice president; Miss Stella Harmon, treasurer; and Miss Viola Ahlers, secretary. To-night the commencement exercises will be held at the High School at 8 o'clock.

**Petitions in Insolvency.** Petitions in insolvency were filed yesterday in the United States District Court as follows: Wallace D. Embree, San Francisco, salesman, liabilities \$1832, no assets; Joseph Francisco Fosh, San Leandro, carpenter, liabilities \$588, no assets; Norman A. Mosher, Santa Clara, laborer, liabilities \$452, no assets.

Reports emanating from Russian sources say that several Japanese vessels were sunk and the cargo lost Saturday, but buy a gas range from San Francisco Gas & Electric Co.

ADOPT BUDGET AND TAX RATE

APPROPRIATIONS STAND

Mayor Gives Notice That He Will Veto Certain Items as Means of Retaliation

The Board of Supervisors yesterday finally passed, exactly as it was passed to print, the ordinance designating specific appropriations for expenditures aggregating \$7,294,836 in the next municipal budget and fixing the tax rate for city purposes for the fiscal year 1904-1905 at \$1.2053 on every \$100, based on an estimated assessed valuation of \$465,000,000.

The ordinance was finally passed by the fifteen affirmative votes of Supervisors Alpers, Bent, Braunhart, Brandenstein, Comte, Connor, D'Ancona, Eggers, Finn, Hocks, McClellan, Payot, Rea, Rock and Sanderson, after the heads of the various departments had been heard regarding their petitions for larger appropriations. The two negative votes came from Supervisors Boston and Lunstedt. Booth was absent.

The ordinance was not finally passed until several efforts had been made to change some of the appropriations in the interest of several departments.

Supervisor Boston started the ball rolling by submitting a resolution striking out \$75,000 of the \$150,000 appropriated for Twin Peaks auxiliary water supply, \$7500 for a public convenience station at Fifth street, near Market, and \$7500 for an elevator in the City Hall and giving to the School Department \$50,000, to the Fire Department \$25,000 to give firemen one day off in a week and to the Police Department \$15,000 to pay for twelve additional patrolmen.

Brandenstein objected to the consideration of the resolution, saying that the matter of the budget was ended, that it was on submission and up for final passage and no changes could be made.

OBJECTS TO GAG LAW.

"If the gag law is to be enforced here," said Lunstedt, "it is about time we know it. I have also a resolution to offer that may affect this budget."

Braunhart took exception to what he called an attempt to draw political lines and argued that if the budget were not finally passed, as it would be attacked by some tax shirkers. Braunhart favored an extra holiday for firemen, but wanted to know what had become of the \$7500 set aside last year to give the firemen five days more vacation.

Boston made sarcastic reference to the debate on the terms of his resolution, even before it was read, calling his colleagues "a lot of mind readers."

Boston held that the charter provided that the budget should be passed on the last Monday in June, not necessarily by ordinance, as insisted upon by the Finance Committee, but by a majority vote of the Supervisors.

Boston's resolution was defeated under suspension of the rules by the following vote:

Ayes—Alpers, Bent, Boston, Finn, Lunstedt and Rea; 6.

Noes—Brandenstein, Braunhart, Comte, Connor, D'Ancona, Eggers, McClellan, Hocks, Payot, Rock and Sanderson; 11.

Lunstedt's resolution to make the appropriation for cleaning the streets \$30,000 and for \$215,000 was defeated by the same vote.

**TO CLOSE ENGINE HOUSES.** A resolution from the Fire Commission was read ordering the closing of engine houses Nos. 5, 9 and 24, because of insufficient funds to put them in sanitary condition.

Brandenstein said the board would not be intimidated by the department in changing any appropriations and that the "filibustering tactics might continue until the infernal regions freeze over." He asked his colleagues not to consider any resolutions of the kind introduced and was called to order by the Mayor, who said he had no right to question the right of any member to introduce a resolution.

Lunstedt's motion that consideration of the budget be postponed until receipt of a letter from the Board of Works was lost by the previous vote.

"I have no desire to antagonize this board by my power of veto," said the Mayor, "but there have been certain recommendations made which I believe should be accepted. If the claims made for the Fire, Police and School departments are ignored I shall be compelled to veto certain items in the budget, as that is my only alternative. The firemen should be given one day off each week and the School Department should not be hampered."

D'Ancona stated that the School Board was given \$116,000 more than last year. The Mayor said that an alleged surplus of \$108,000 was reckoned in that amount which does not exist. D'Ancona said that the money had been received from the State to pay teachers' salaries and if any of it had been used for contracts it had been done illegally. D'Ancona figured that as the charter allowed \$250 for each of the 3,352 pupils attending the schools the department was entitled to \$837,500 and under the new appropriation, even excluding the surplus of \$108,000, the department would receive \$1,278,000, or within \$940 of the limit.

**SHIFTS RESPONSIBILITY.** Mayor Schmitz stated that the Board of Works wanted it distinctly understood that it would be impossible for the city to clean the streets satisfactorily for \$215,000 in view of the fact that the laborers would have to be paid \$2.50, or 25 cents a day more than under contract, and that the "gangs" would be increased from three to five men.

The Board of Works desires to say that the Board of Supervisors must bear the responsibility for street sweeping if done improperly," said the Mayor. "If you want the streets to be swept better than under contract you must increase the sum of \$250,000 they have asked for."

"I want to notify this board," said the Mayor, before the budget was finally passed, "that I disapprove of a number of the items in this budget and shall exercise my power of veto thereon."

The ordinance will now go to Mayor Schmitz, who has ten days within which to veto any specific appropriation. Should he veto any item it will take the votes of fifteen Supervisors to override his disapproval. Should his vetoes be sustained the appropriation so vetoed will cause a corresponding reduction in the total amount of expenditures and result in a lower tax rate than that fixed by the terms of the original ordinance.

**ITEMS IN BUDGET.** The budget provides the sum of \$465,000 for street improvements, which amount is included in the total appropriation of the Board of Public Works, amounting to \$1,140,545.

The sum of \$628,336 is to be realized by a tax of 13.53 cents for the redemption of and interest on the bonds for public improvements, the validity of which has yet to be decided by the Superior Court. The segregated items on the bond issue follow:

Hospital ..... \$33,730  
Sewers ..... 127,516  
Streets ..... 49,005  
County Jail and detention station ..... 27,144  
Library ..... 68,983  
Crematorium ..... 44,400  
Golden Gate Park and Presidio extension ..... 18,850  
Telegraph Hill Park ..... 17,750  
Mission Park ..... 17,820

Total ..... \$628,336  
Among the important appropriations in the budget are the following:

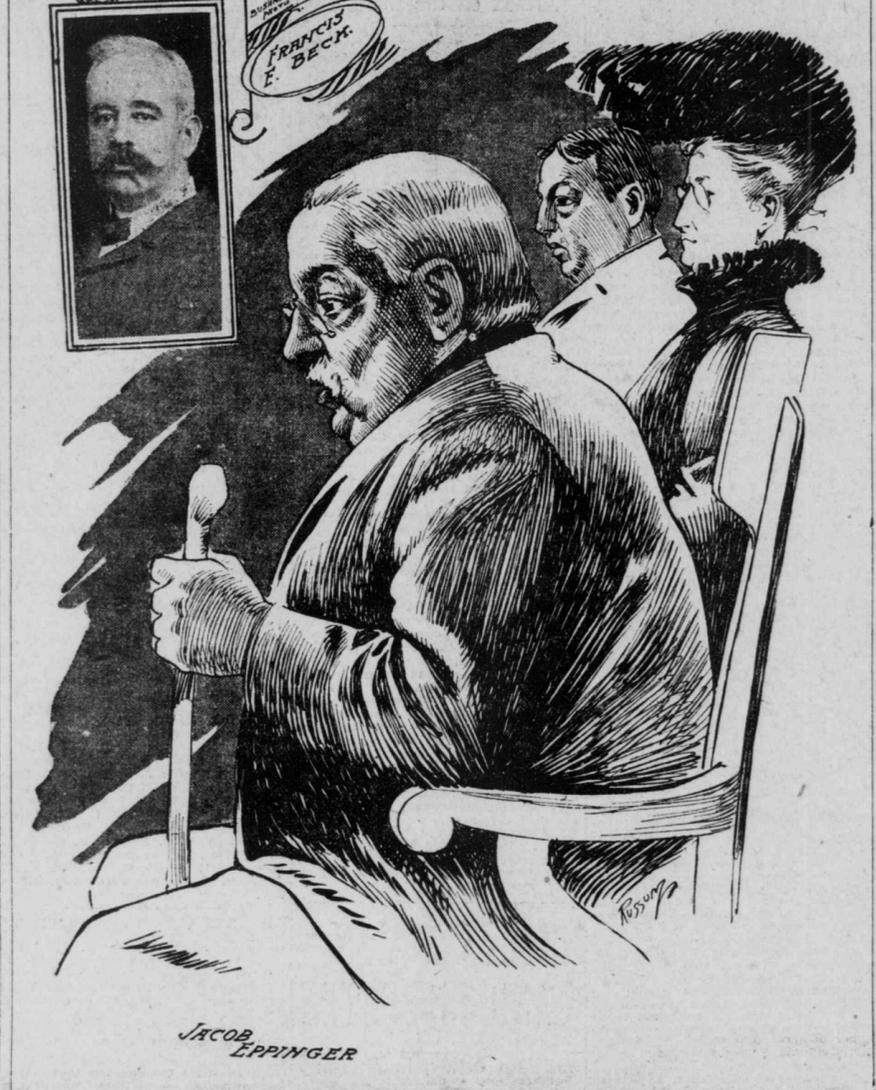
Twin Peaks auxiliary water supply system, \$150,000; widening and repaving Fourth street, \$75,000; bluingizing of H street, \$45,000; opening up of Fulton street to the Great Highway, \$15,000; bluingizing Mission street to the county line, \$80,000; purchase of burial lot for indigent dead, \$5000; for exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis, \$8000 for salute medals by the City; town, \$10,000; for expenses in acquisition of public utilities, \$5000; for hydrants, \$50,000; equipment of a juvenile detention station, \$2000; for the acquisition of lands for St. Mary's square, \$25,000; for expenses in defense of the city, \$50,000; for the water company against the city to test the water rates, \$25,000; balance of purchase price of Harbor police station, \$15,000; for Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund, \$20,000; to park Dolores street, \$5000; to light public streets and buildings, \$20,000; to clean the streets, \$215,000.

The appropriation for the Police Department provides for the employment of 600 patrolmen, an increase of twenty-five over the present force. The sum of \$7500 is set aside for extra five days' vacation of firemen during the year, making fifty-one days' vacation in all.

**Charged With Manslaughter.** Charles F. Large, drug clerk at the People's store, Fourth and Howard streets, who gave John McCann carbolic acid by mistake on Saturday night to cure heartburn, was booked at the City Prison yesterday afternoon on a charge of manslaughter. He admits his mistake, stating that he took the carbolic acid bottle, thinking it was distilled water.

JUDGE LAWLOR ORDERS EPPINGER JURY INTO CUSTODY OF SHERIFF

Every Precaution Is Being Taken to Avoid the Possibility of the Talesmen Being Tamed With in Any Manner—Colonel Beck Tells of Business Transactions With the Erstwhile Grain King



FORMER GRAIN MERCHANT, CHARGED WITH OBTAINING MONEY ON WORTHLESS WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, AS HE SAT IN JUDGE LAWLOR'S COURT WITH HIS WIFE AND SON, AND ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL WITNESSES FOR THE PROSECUTION WHO TESTIFIED AT THE TRIAL, YESTERDAY.

The taking of testimony in the case of the International Banking Company against Jacob Eppinger, charged with obtaining money on worthless warehouse receipts, began in Judge Lawlor's court yesterday morning. Almost the entire morning session was occupied with a dispute between the attorneys regarding the admissibility of certain papers. When the hour for the noon recess arrived Judge Lawlor created a mild sensation by ordering the jury into the custody of the Sheriff.

It is but a short time since a juror in Lawlor's court claimed that an attempt had been made to bribe him, and it is probably in view of this fact that the Judge ordered the jurors into safe keeping. The talesmen plainly showed their dissatisfaction, but there was no open rebellion until the close of the afternoon session, when one of the jurors arose and asked the court if it was necessary for him to take tea and milk with his meals when wine was more agreeable. The Judge passed the question up to the attorneys, and by consent the juror will be allowed his wine.

**COLONEL BECK TESTIFIES.** The first witness called was Colonel Francis E. Beck, manager of the International Banking Corporation. On direct examination, conducted by Attorney Campbell, he related in detail his business relations with Jacob Eppinger during the month of April of last year. He said he had been approached by Jacob Eppinger on April 11, when Eppinger desired to negotiate a loan of \$25,000, offering wheat stored in the warehouse at Crockett as security. The witness said he promised to loan Eppinger the money, valuing the wheat at \$22 a ton and charging interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum.

Eppinger objected to the rate of interest, and Beck finally agreed to let him have the money at 5 per cent if he could get the bills of exchange when the wheat was shipped. After the agreement had been made witness took Mr. Eppinger to the cashier's desk and explained the transaction, the understanding that Mr. Eppinger might draw the money when he chose. According to his testimony, a portion of the money was drawn on April 11 and the balance (\$8000) on April 14. It is on this latter transaction that the criminal proceedings are based.

**NOTES ARE HONORED.** P. G. Eastwick Jr., former cashier of the bank, testified as to having received a promissory note from Eppinger & Co. in return for which he issued a check for \$9800. He identified the check presented him and his signature upon it and it was admitted as evidence.

Reginald Norris, note teller at the bank, testified that he had frequently honored notes of Eppinger & Co. presented by one of their clerks and had always surrendered them.

The object of this examination was to form a foundation for the admission of warehouse receipts and other documents as evidence. The case will go on this morning at 9:30 o'clock, when the direct examination of Colonel Beck will be resumed.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals yesterday affirmed the judgment of the Idaho court in favor of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan Mining and Concentrating Company in its litigation with the Empire State-Idaho Mining and Developing Company. The contest was as to the title to the Stenwinder lode claim and the decision defined the extralateral right in and to the lode apexing within the surface boundaries of the claim. The issues involved were similar to those already decided in similar cases on the same lode, the entanglements arising out of the fact that the locators ran their side lines across the lode instead of parallel with it.

**BUNKER HILL MINE GETS THE DECISION.** United States Circuit Court of Appeals Settles the Contest About the Stenwinder Side Lines.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals yesterday affirmed the judgment of the Idaho court in favor of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan Mining and Concentrating Company in its litigation with the Empire State-Idaho Mining and Developing Company. The contest was as to the title to the Stenwinder lode claim and the decision defined the extralateral right in and to the lode apexing within the surface boundaries of the claim. The issues involved were similar to those already decided in similar cases on the same lode, the entanglements arising out of the fact that the locators ran their side lines across the lode instead of parallel with it.

**Weather Bureau Will Send Daily Reports of Meteorological Conditions in All Parts of Country.** Professor McArdie received a telegram from Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture yesterday, stating that San Francisco would have a complete daily weather bulletin beginning July 1. This means that the residents of this city will know from day to day just what the climatic and weather conditions may be in any given section of the country.

The new stations from which reports will be sent to San Francisco are Abilene, Amarillo, San Antonio and Galveston, Tex.; Atlanta, Ga.; Charleston, S. C.; Jacksonville, Fla.; Lynchburg and Norfolk, Va.; Elkins, W. Va.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Little Rock, Ark.; Cairo, Ill.; Kansas City, Mo.; Dubuque, Iowa; St. Paul, Minn.; New Orleans, La.; Detroit, Mich.; Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, Pa.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Buffalo, N. Y.; Boston, Mass.; Washington, D. C.; New York City, all Pacific Coast cities, Salt Lake and Honolulu.

**SAN FRANCISCO GETS A COMPLETE BULLETIN.** Weather Bureau Will Send Daily Reports of Meteorological Conditions in All Parts of Country.

Professor McArdie received a telegram from Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture yesterday, stating that San Francisco would have a complete daily weather bulletin beginning July 1. This means that the residents of this city will know from day to day just what the climatic and weather conditions may be in any given section of the country.

The new stations from which reports will be sent to San Francisco are Abilene, Amarillo, San Antonio and Galveston, Tex.; Atlanta, Ga.; Charleston, S. C.; Jacksonville, Fla.; Lynchburg and Norfolk, Va.; Elkins, W. Va.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Little Rock, Ark.; Cairo, Ill.; Kansas City, Mo.; Dubuque, Iowa; St. Paul, Minn.; New Orleans, La.; Detroit, Mich.; Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, Pa.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Buffalo, N. Y.; Boston, Mass.; Washington, D. C.; New York City, all Pacific Coast cities, Salt Lake and Honolulu.

**SHIP BUILDER BEFORE CLERGY**

G. W. Dickie, Manager Union Iron Works, Likens Man Unto Vessel on High Seas

CHOOSES NOVEL SIMILE

Dr. Theodore Burnham Admits Speaker's Remarks to Be as Good as Any Sermon

"The Man and the Ship" was the subject of an address by G. W. Dickie, manager of the Union Iron Works, before the Presbyterian Ministers' Association yesterday morning. The Rev. H. M. Bevier presided. Mr. Dickie said, in part:

A man, like a ship, may have inherently great stability of character. In all ordinary conditions of life he maintains an upright position, and if smooth water prevailed all through his life experience his character will be admired and others will point to him as a fine example of uprightness and stability.

But let him get out into the open sea amid the storms of life, where waves are high and great forces oppose themselves to him and his ways; it is then that his stability often degenerates into mere stubbornness. His righting moment is too great. Instead of rolling gently to the irresistible waves that beset him and swinging gracefully back again he spends his strength in the struggle to maintain his position when the waves had spent their force, we find him gathering all the power of his stability to fight against the natural forces around him, shipping huge seas in his desperate efforts to maintain his upright position, and should the storm continue he is apt to go down, a martyr to his own faith in inherent stability or sense of what is right.

**NEEDS STRUCTURAL STRENGTH.** No man, like the ship, depends very much on structural strength. If he does not start out with a sound body, which is the hull that must carry all his means of offense and defense he is apt to be worried in the struggle of life.

A good constitution for the man is to him what structural strength is to the man-of-war; and if he starts in life with such a precious possession he must be careful to preserve it.

In man, like a man-of-war, the propelling power is of great importance. It is the propeller which is the heart of the battleship, from which she obtains life, so the man's heart is the propelling power of his principles.

If he be fitted with a well-balanced triple expansion heart and he leaves his training port, the protected harbor where he was built and fitted out, with all his reserve bunkers full of the best hand-picked fuel, and his ready service bunkers full of sound principles, he need fear no enemy, provided he does not waste the precious contents of his bunkers in needless excitement, raising his boilers by forced draught, straining his engines for the sole purpose of making a big wave in society.

If this the record of his sea service the evening may find him with empty bunkers and a weathered heart.

Dr. Theodore F. Burnham said that Mr. Dickie's address was as good as any sermon and on the motion of Dr. Herritt a vote of thanks was given the speaker.

**WELCOMES COLORED PASTOR.** Professor Milton S. Terry, D. D., LL. D., read a paper entitled "Methodism and Biblical Criticism" before the Methodist Ministers' Association at Epworth Hall yesterday morning.

The Rev. J. W. E. Bowen of Atlanta, the eminent colored minister, who received a flattering vote for Bishop at the General Conference in Los Angeles, Methodist Ministers' Association.

The Rev. Daniel A. Rader, the new editor of the Pacific Christian Advocate, was introduced to the members and was accorded a hearty welcome.

The Rev. C. R. Hager, D. D., spoke before the Congregational Ministers' Association yesterday at the Y. M. C. A. building on his missionary work in China.

The Woman's Occidental Board met yesterday at the Presbyterian Mission Home, Sacramento street. Mrs. J. G. Chown in the chair. There was a large attendance and among those who watched the proceedings was a big delegation of young ladies from Berkeley, many belonging to the Christian Endeavor Society.

At noon the board and its friends took luncheon and when the afternoon session was convened Miss Mary Fullerton, sister of Dr. A. M. Fullerton, gave an address on her experiences in India. Dr. Fullerton, Miss Fullerton's sister, has also had considerable experience in India, where she studied the peculiar phases of diseases and medicines in that country.

SHIP BUILDER BEFORE CLERGY

CHOOSES NOVEL SIMILE

Dr. Theodore Burnham Admits Speaker's Remarks to Be as Good as Any Sermon

"The Man and the Ship" was the subject of an address by G. W. Dickie, manager of the Union Iron Works, before the Presbyterian Ministers' Association yesterday morning. The Rev. H. M. Bevier presided. Mr. Dickie said, in part:

A man, like a ship, may have inherently great stability of character. In all ordinary conditions of life he maintains an upright position, and if smooth water prevailed all through his life experience his character will be admired and others will point to him as a fine example of uprightness and stability.

But let him get out into the open sea amid the storms of life, where waves are high and great forces oppose themselves to him and his ways; it is then that his stability often degenerates into mere stubbornness. His righting moment is too great. Instead of rolling gently to the irresistible waves that beset him and swinging gracefully back again he spends his strength in the struggle to maintain his position when the waves had spent their force, we find him gathering all the power of his stability to fight against the natural forces around him, shipping huge seas in his desperate efforts to maintain his upright position, and should the storm continue he is apt to go down, a martyr to his own faith in inherent stability or sense of what is right.

**NEEDS STRUCTURAL STRENGTH.** No man, like the ship, depends very much on structural strength. If he does not start out with a sound body, which is the hull that must carry all his means of offense and defense he is apt to be worried in the struggle of life.

A good constitution for the man is to him what structural strength is to the man-of-war; and if he starts in life with such a precious possession he must be careful to preserve it.

In man, like a man-of-war, the propelling power is of great importance. It is the propeller which is the heart of the battleship, from which she obtains life, so the man's heart is the propelling power of his principles.

If he be fitted with a well-balanced triple expansion heart and he leaves his training port, the protected harbor where he was built and fitted out, with all his reserve bunkers full of the best hand-picked fuel, and his ready service bunkers full of sound principles, he need fear no enemy, provided he does not waste the precious contents of his bunkers in needless excitement, raising his boilers by forced draught, straining his engines for the sole purpose of making a big wave in society.

If this the record of his sea service the evening may find him with empty bunkers and a weathered heart.

Dr. Theodore F. Burnham said that Mr. Dickie's address was as good as any sermon and on the motion of Dr. Herritt a vote of thanks was given the speaker.

**WELCOMES COLORED PASTOR.** Professor Milton S. Terry, D. D., LL. D., read a paper entitled "Methodism and Biblical Criticism" before the Methodist Ministers' Association at Epworth Hall yesterday morning.

The Rev. J. W. E. Bowen of Atlanta, the eminent colored minister, who received a flattering vote for Bishop at the General Conference in Los Angeles, Methodist Ministers' Association.

The Rev. Daniel A. Rader, the new editor of the Pacific Christian Advocate, was introduced to the members and was accorded a hearty welcome.

The Rev. C. R. Hager, D. D., spoke before the Congregational Ministers' Association yesterday at the Y. M. C. A. building on his missionary work in China.

The Woman's Occidental Board met yesterday at the Presbyterian Mission Home, Sacramento street. Mrs. J. G. Chown in the chair. There was a large attendance and among those who watched the proceedings was a big delegation of young ladies from Berkeley, many belonging to the Christian Endeavor Society.

At noon the board and its friends took luncheon and when the afternoon session was convened Miss Mary Fullerton, sister of Dr. A. M. Fullerton, gave an address on her experiences in India. Dr. Fullerton, Miss Fullerton's sister, has also had considerable experience in India, where she studied the peculiar phases of diseases and medicines in that country.

**Chinese Cook Hangs Himself.** Chin Coon, a Chinese cook, 24 years of age, committed suicide yesterday morning by hanging himself in the cellar of 842 Dupont street. His reliability is one of the essential facts which aid to create the situation which is complained of. \* \* \* But for the existence of that fact it is safe to assert that the combination would not have been formed.

Does the fact that the whole combination and its success are made possible by the adventitious circumstances that in one way or another invest the capital necessary to establish a competing plant at Vancouver render the restraint of interstate commerce effected by the combination any the less direct and necessary? If such is the law it follows that to secure immunity for every such combination it is necessary only to bring into it all manufacturers of its line of goods, and to trench it behind the proposition that the resulting restraint of trade comes not from the combination, but from the inability of others to supply the market. The more statement of the proposition is its refutation.

**Advertisements.**

**KELLER'S GENUINE RETIRING SALE**

**Frisco's Greatest Bargain Carnival**

**Will Offer a Host of New Attractions To-Day**

**COME WITHOUT FAIL**

**SEE**

The "Pee-wee" Derby Hats at \$1.65—one of this season's fads—regular price \$2.50.

The Genuine Panama Hats at \$4.00—a recent importation from Ecuador, South America—regular price \$6.50.

The Soft and Stiff Hats at \$1.05—the last and noblest shapes out—regular price \$3.00.

The Fancy Wash Vests at \$1.95—they're the swellest of the real swell sorts—regular price \$3.50.

The Shirts at 65¢—golfs, negligees and stiff bosoms—eight thousand or more in the lot—none worth less than \$1.00.

The Shirts at 85¢—stiff bosoms, golfs and negligees in almost bewildering variety—worth \$1.25 and \$1.50.

The Underwear at 95¢—fine imported ribbed balbriggan goods—regular price \$1.50.

The Underwear at 75¢—handsome pink stripes—regular price \$1.25.

The Fancy Socks at 25¢—imported lisle thread and fine cotton novelties—regular price 50¢.

The Four-in-Hands at 25¢—fine silks and satins in innumerable pretty patterns and color combinations—regular price 50¢.

The To-Order Suits at \$25—tailored from fine imported fabrics by our best craftsmen—regular price \$35.

The 25c Socks at 16¢—The 25c Midget Ties at 12½¢—The \$1.50 Wash Vests at 95¢—The 25c Suspenders at 15¢—The 50c Suspenders at 35¢—The 50c Underwear at 35¢—The 15c Handkerchiefs at 8½¢—The \$2.00 Night Shirts at \$1.35—The countless other Bargains.

This is remnant day, and all the broken lines will be closed out at badly broken prices. If interested, you'd better come as soon as you can after reading this. The bargains are extraordinary even for this sale, and they'll be snapped up quicker than you could get angry.

Watch Our Windows

M. J. Keller & Co.

1028 and 1030 Market St.