

**THE WEATHER.**

Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours ending at midnight, June 23:

San Francisco and vicinity—Fair Thursday; fresh south winds, changing to brisk westerly.

A. G. McADIE,  
District Forecaster.

VOLUME XCVI—NO. 23.

SAN FRANCISCO, THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1904.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

# REPUBLICAN CONVENTION GIVES UNQUALIFIED ENDORSEMENT TO THE POLICY OF ROOSEVELT

## PLATFORM HAS NEW FEATURES

**Takes Up Cause of the Colored Voters.**

**One Plank Aimed at States of South.**

**Hints at Reduction of Their Representation.**

CHICAGO, June 22.—Because Speaker Joseph G. Cannon was the central figure of the proceedings of the Republican National Convention took on a picturesqueness and demonstrativeness which yesterday was looked for in vain. From the moment he was escorted to the platform to wield the gavel as the permanent chairman the entire atmosphere of the convention changed. Enthusiasm, which had lain dormant, burst forth and the applause rang true and hearty. He made a speech, and the audience cheered whether he spoke jocularly or in a serious vein. He was the entertainer; in fact, he was the convention.

From the standpoint of political importance the adoption of the platform was the event of the day. It contained declarations of party policy that are to form the basis of much of the oratory in the coming campaign. But the permanent chairman's personality almost overshadowed the platform.

**READY FOR NOMINATIONS.**

The second day of the convention might have been the close had it been the desire of the assembled delegates. Early in the day a movement was instituted to proceed with the nominations, but the original programme, which was prepared to extend over three days, prevailed, and the standard-bearers for the 1904 Republican campaign will be named formally to-morrow.

The party enthusiasm aroused by the hearty reception given "Uncle Joe" Cannon, as he is known from coast to coast, spread even to the routine business and culminated in a contest over the number of delegates to which Hawaii was entitled. The conflict was the first and doubtless will be the last on the floor of the convention.

The report of the committee on credentials interested the convention only so far as it dealt with the Wisconsin situation.

One of the remarkable features concerning the adoption of the platform was the fact that it has been the subject of administrative scrutiny and national interest for many weeks, and was accepted without a dissenting vote.

In addition to the tariff plank and other features which always have had a prominent position in Republican platforms there were incorporated several clauses of striking interest. One of these is a plank looking to the reduction of the representation of certain Southern States in the Electoral College and in Congress. It is built upon what is known as the "Payne resolution," offered eight years ago, and the Quay resolution, offered four years ago, but goes further than either. The plank directs an investigation to ascertain whether there have been unconstitutional disfranchisements of voters in any State, and if so demands a reduction of the representation of such States in Congress, with the consequent reduction in the Electoral College and in national conventions.

**CHINESE EXCLUSION PLANK.**

The full significance of pledges for the continuance of the provisions of the Chinese exclusion act and for the furtherance of all legitimate efforts to obtain for American citizens abroad, without discrimination, the rights of sojourn and travel, was not appreciated when read to the convention.

Visitors were not so early about the convention hall to-day, but when Root called the convention to order shortly after noon the Coliseum presented a more inspiring appearance than on the preceding day. The galleries were for the first time crowded and a large number of ladies present was especially noticeable.

The greatest demonstration as the delegates were entering the hall was that which greeted Senator Fairbanks, who had become known as the natural choice for second place on the ticket. It exceeded in enthusiasm the ovation of the first day.

The announcement of the permanent organization for the convention started the continuation of the demonstration which followed the introduction of Speaker Cannon as permanent chairman.

**LEADERS PRAISE PLATFORM.**

**Plank Concerning South's Representation Is Center of Interest.**

CHICAGO, June 22.—The plank of the Republican platform relating to Southern representation in Congress and the electoral college has attracted the greatest interest among House men here. It is regarded as a most impor-



## Party Pledged to Exclusion of Chinese.

tant announcement—perhaps the most interesting plank in the entire platform. Many persons take the ground that it means a Congressional investigation of the franchise in the South, whether it results in legislation or not. Senator Fairbanks, who will be nominated for Vice President to-morrow, expressed himself as extremely pleased with the platform, but did not want to be quoted. He said every feature was satisfactory, especially that relating to the tariff.

"That's a very good tariff plank," said Senator Allison, "now that it is changed apparently to the satisfaction of all concerned."

Powell Clayton, Ambassador to Mexico, dwelt at some length upon the plank bearing on the Southern vote, because he has given to this question a great deal of study.

"I consider that plank," said Clayton, "one of the greatest importance, and to my mind it seems that the Republican party is pledged to a Congressional investigation of the Southern franchise, and if the conditions are found such as are reported from time to time there can be no injustice in basing representation of the South in Congress and in the Electoral College on the actual vote cast. We Republicans in the South believe that this question should have been settled long ago, and I know that in my State, Arkansas, this plank will have a good effect."

Senator Dryden of New Jersey was particularly well pleased with the tariff plank.

"It is satisfactory to the protectionists of the Republican party," said he, "and all Republicans are protectionists."

"That's a good enough 'stand pat' tariff plank for me," said Representative Grosvenor of Ohio. "I like that part of the platform relating to Southern representation in Congress, because it means simply an enforcement of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution—no more and no less."

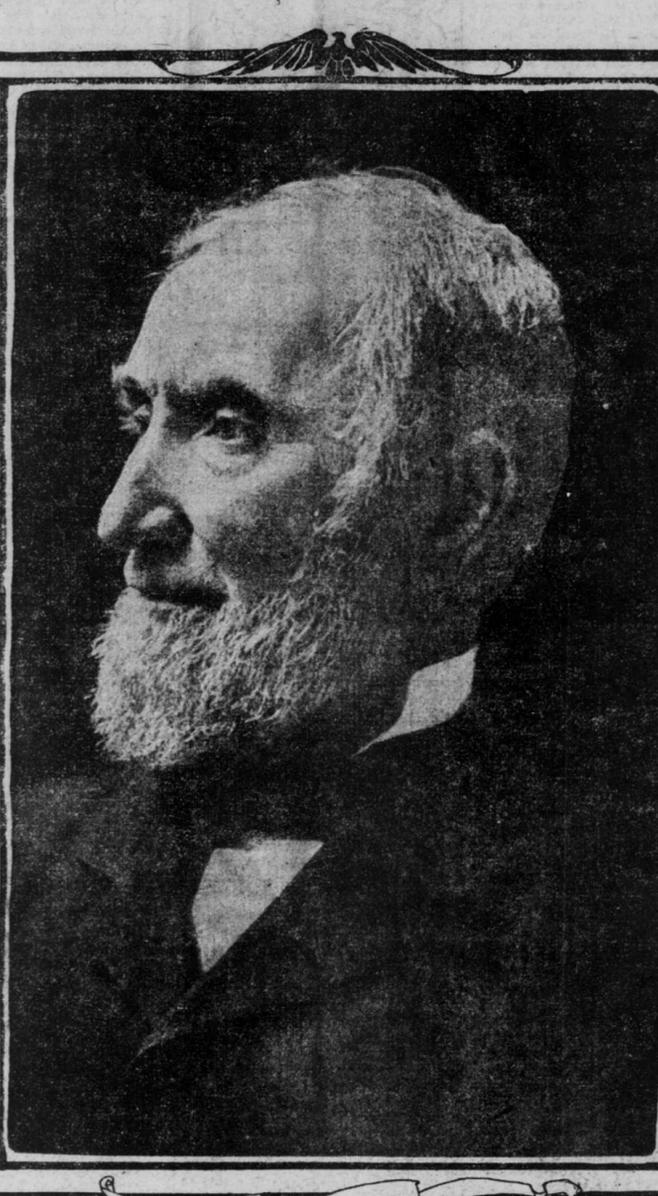
"Perfectly satisfactory," said Representative Dalzell of Pennsylvania, "the high priest of high protection," in speaking of the tariff plank. "There would be no doubt that it means what it says, and it needs no interpretation."

In regard to the Southern representation plank Senator McComas of Maryland said:

"It is a departure from the average Republican platform in this respect, but it seems to be perfectly right. It looks like a threat; but why not, if any such unjust condition as disfranchisement exists? There is no fairness in basing representation in Congress or the electoral college on a vote that never votes."

Governor Murphy of New Jersey said: "The plank relating to Southern representation in Congress is a cause no sensation, although perhaps it is a departure in Republican platforms. On the whole, it is good doctrine. If the white men of the South see fit to disfranchise the colored voter, and this can be completely proved on Congressional investigation, there can be no injustice in demanding that the South's representation in national affairs be based on the actual vote cast. It is simply a matter of the constitution and seeing that the constitution is enforced. The tariff plank in the platform is also very satisfactory and is a compromise, with a 'stand pat' leaning."

Governor Odell of New York said: "The tariff plank of the national platform could have been a little stronger on the revision side without any injury to protection interests. On the whole, however, I think the plank will be found satisfactory to all good Republicans. The Southern representation plank simply means an enforcement of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution."



HON. JOSEPH G. CANNON.

## Fairbanks' Rivals Withdraw From the Race.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Entries in the Vice Presidential race are being scratched with great rapidity since the withdrawal of Representative Hitt, which was announced to-day. Colorado, Nebraska, Wisconsin and Missouri have practically decided not to place their favorite sons in nomination. Positive announcements to this effect, however, have not been made. The course pursued when the roll of States is being called for nominations will govern.

The Missouri delegation to-night seems least inclined to abandon intention to place Walbridge in nomination. A meeting of the delegation was called for the purpose of caucusing on the question. It was postponed until to-morrow morning and the opinion was expressed that no other nomination than that of Senator Fairbanks would be made.

However, should Colorado set the

VENERABLE STATESMAN WHO WIELDED GAVEL AS PERMANENT CHAIRMAN.

## POLYGAMY NOT AN ISSUE.

Resolutions Committee Gives the Subject No Consideration.

CHICAGO, June 22.—During the meeting of the committee on platform Senator Gallinger presented and had read a communication from Mrs. Lillian N. Stevens of Evanston, Ill., on behalf of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, urging the incorporation of an anti-polygamy plank in the platform; but the subject received no attention, beyond a remark or two to the effect that the insertion of such a provision

## Joint Statehood Is Opposed by Arizona.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CHICAGO, June 22.—The six delegates from Arizona are telling all of the United States Senators and Congressmen attending the Republican convention that it would be a mistake to yoke Arizona and New Mexico in a Statehood bill. The delegates claim that Arizona should be given Statehood irrespective of the other Territory, and that the people of Arizona would refuse to ratify the action of Congress if the two Territories were merged into one State.

The delegation is headed by Governor Alexander V. Brodie, who was lieutenant colonel in the regiment of Rough Riders.

would be unwise. No resolution covering the point was presented by any member of the committee and there was no other mention of the subject.

## Party Pledges of Vital Interest to California.

"We have extended widely our foreign markets and we believe in the adoption of all practical methods for their future extension, including commercial reciprocity wherever reciprocal arrangements can be effected consistent with the principles of protection and without injury to American agriculture, American labor or any American industry.

"We cordially approve the attitude of President Roosevelt and Congress in regard to the exclusion of Chinese labor and promise a continuance of the Republican policy in that direction.

"We have passed laws which will bring the arid lands of the United States within the area of cultivation.

"The possession of a route for an isthmian canal, so long the dream of American statesmanship, is now an accomplished fact. The great work of connecting the Pacific and Atlantic oceans by a canal is at last begun, and is due to the Republican party.

"Our great interests and our growing commerce in the Orient render the condition of China of high importance to the United States. We cordially commend the policy pursued in that direction by the administrations of President McKinley and President Roosevelt.

"We favor legislation which will encourage and build up the American merchant marine, and we cordially approve the legislation of the last Congress, which created the Merchant Marine Commission to investigate and report upon this subject."



## Cortelyou Arrives to Head New Committee.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CHICAGO, June 22.—George B. Cortelyou, Secretary of Commerce and Labor, who will be chosen chairman of the Republican National Committee, arrived in Chicago early this evening and became the central figure of the convention crowd. He is a guest at the Chicago Club, where he met and conferred with Elihu Root, Senator Lodge, Cornelius N. Bliss and other Republican leaders.

Prior to receiving the chairmanship of the committee Cortelyou desired to mind the proprieties of his present position, and when asked for a statement or interview shook his head, smiled amiably and replied:

"I have come to Chicago on the invitation of several gentlemen with whom I desire to discuss business affairs."

This was all the next chairman of the next national committee would say. He appeared to be in fine health and excellent spirits. His friends declared that he was prepared to direct the Roosevelt campaign, and asserted that they had no doubt that he would prove his merit in this position as he has in other places of responsibility.

Cortelyou later in the evening met Vice Chairman Henry C. Payne of the national committee, Senator Depew, Mr. Root, Graeme Stewart, Frank Lowden, H. H. Kohlsaat, Harry C. New, Elmer Dover and others. Plans for the campaign were discussed. These plans will not be fully formulated until the new committee has organized and settled to work. It will assemble for the first time immediately after the convention adjourns to-morrow.

Cortelyou will be chosen chairman, not only without opposition, but with a cheer and with numerous wishes for his complete success. Elmer Dover will be selected secretary of the committee. There will be campaign headquarters in New York and Chicago. Cortelyou will have his headquarters in New York. Harry C. New, national committeeman from Indiana, will be in Chicago to render his personal assistance to the new chairman so far as the West is concerned. Dover will also be in Chicago nearly all of the time.

The secretary of the Eastern office will be Louis A. Coolidge, a Washington newspaper correspondent, but formerly of Boston. Coolidge's experience in the national capital and his wide acquaintance among public men are said to make him a valuable aid.

Cortelyou will be in Chicago on this visit for two or three days. After the meeting of the national committee he will confer with the big Republicans in town as to the opening of the Roosevelt and Fairbanks campaign. It is understood that both the New York and Chicago headquarters will be open within a month.

## MASS MEETING AT NIGHT.

Depew and Other Orators Address an Immense Throng.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Further to stimulate party enthusiasm, a political mass meeting was held in the Auditorium to-night, which was addressed by Senator Depew and other well-known Republican orators, who sounded the keynote of the coming campaign with what they regarded as the strong planks in the platform adopted to-day.

Long before the meeting began the theater was surrounded by tremendous crowds waiting for admission and before the first speech was concluded a force of police was necessary to prevent the Auditorium becoming overcrowded.

## PLEASING TO COAST LEADERS

**Convention Gives All That Could Be Asked.**

**California Fares Well in Resolutions.**

**Golden State's Interests Are Recognized.**

BY FREDERIC W. BISHOP,  
Staff Correspondent of The Call.

**HEADQUARTERS CALIFORNIA DELEGATION, CHICAGO, June 22.**—The Republican platform accepted to-day is especially satisfactory to the Pacific Coast. It declares in favor of the reclamation of the arid lands and for a continuance of that policy. It asserts Chinese exclusion to be a Republican policy, to which it pledges adherence. It makes protection the cardinal policy and favors reciprocity only when not inconsistent with the principles of protection. It is unqualified in its indorsement of the isthmian canal project and promises the speedy construction of the great waterway.

"In fact, if California had had the preparation of the platform under exclusive control it could not have been made much more satisfactory. The declaration of the platform on the question of capital and labor is brief, clear and perfectly plain and ought to satisfy the reasonable demands of both. The enforcement of the law against all and in favor of all is a good doctrine to tie to."

The foregoing is the opinion of Frank H. Short of Fresno on the provisions of the platform adopted by the Republican National Convention that are of greater interest to California than the many others contained in the announcement of the party's policy.

Short represents California in the committee of platform and resolutions and it was partly due to his energetic efforts that these principles were so plainly set forth.

The plank pertaining to the encouraging and upbuilding of the merchant marine will stimulate the investigations of the Congressional committee that has announced its intention to sit in San Francisco from July 15 to July 20 and longer if necessary.

**MCKINLEY MAKES A SPEECH.**

The voice of a Californian was heard on the floor of the convention for the first time to-day. It was Judge McKinley of Los Angeles, chairman of the California delegation, that gave the convention its initial impression of the eloquence of the West. F took the floor in defense of the delegation from Hawaii, which had been allowed two votes, though six of the islanders journeyed hither, in obedience to call, under the impression that each would be awarded a vote.

Foraker of Ohio had moved to allow Hawaii its entire representation and McKinley rose to second the motion. He pointed to the fact that the nation owed its fullest support to the colony of Americans far out in the Pacific, and that California, as its nearest friend, would stand and battle for its rights. He trusted that the claim that but few whites dwelt in the islands would not prejudice the convention, for, he said, all of their people had been brought under the flag and the convention should consider the question of numbers, not of color.

A word of approval met Judge McKinley's eloquent plea for Hawaii. Had Nevada stood with the Californians Hawaii would have been victorious, but Nevada's delegates refused to see the Philippines, with their 5,000,000 of inhabitants, allowed but two votes and Hawaii, with but 45,000, allowed six votes in the convention.

**CALL UPON FAIRBANKS.**

After the adjournment of the convention this afternoon the delegations of California, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, Arizona, Alaska, Hawaii and the Philippines called in a body upon Senator Fairbanks at the Indiana headquarters. Chairman McKinley of the California delegation, addressing Fairbanks, said the delegations had called to express their regard for the man that had been agreed upon to carry with Mr. Roosevelt, the Republican party to victory next November and to assure him that he had their undivided support.

Fairbanks expressed his appreciation of the action of the delegations, and as each member was presented, added a few enthusiastic words. With Governor Pardee he talked quietly for some minutes. The interview terminated with a laugh that proved that the Governor had successfully launched one of his California jokes.

During the afternoon a number of the delegates, headed by Rufus of San Francisco, called upon Mrs. Fairbanks. They were graciously received and

Continued on Page 4, Column 6.