REFORM PARTY DECLARES WAR

Announces Determination in Philadelphia to Bring About Clean Government

PREPARES FOR FIGHT

Sets Forth a Platform That Calls for Honesty and Purity of Administration

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—The executive committee of the committee of seventy of the reform organization, which took a prominent part in the gas lease fight and which had a ticket known as the "City party" in the field at the last city election, issued its declaration of principles to-night for the coming local political campaign. It says:

"The main end which this committee has in view is the good government of our city by the people and for the people. To accomplish this result it proposes to devote its best efforts as follows:

"1. To the election of honest, capable and disinterested officials, and to this end it will aid the constituted authorities by every means in its power in purging the Assessor's list and in the honest enforcement of the election laws.

"2. In advocating personal registration in obedience to the mandate of the people, which the recent Legislature so openly disobeyed.

"3. In advocating the repeal of the amendments to the Bullitt bill, which serve to mutilate the best charter we ever had. (The recent Legislature amended the city charter so that after Mayor Weaver's term expires, Councils and not the Mayor shall have the power of appointing and removing the directors of the departments of Public Safety and Public Works.)

"4. In insisting upon the following principles in the administration of city affairs: That the police shall be entirely disassociated from politics; that tenure of office in city departments shall not be dependent upon political contributions; that all contracts and proposals for the use or disposition of the city's franchises shall be given the largest publicity and ample time for consideration."

The declaration urges all citizens to organize under the platform of the "City party," and, continuing, says:

"The committee is not advocating municipal or private ownership, free silver or the gold standard, Socialism or aristocracy, tariff or free trade, or anything else except honest officials, fair elections, the repeal of the ripper bills and a 'square deal' for everybody."

POLICE OF CHICAGO RAID A CHURCH FAIR

Pastor and Men in Charge Are Arrested for Gambling.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

CHICAGO, June 4.—While congratulating themselves last evening on the success of the floral bazaar, which has been in progress for three weeks at St. Mary's Church, Wabash avenue and Eldredge place, those having the fair in charge were rudely surprised when constables appeared and served warrants, charging them with running gambling devices in violation of the law. They were further surprised when they were placed under arrest.

Those who were arrested were: The Rev. Peter J. O'Callaghan, pastor of the church; Felix Gobel, Thomas McNally Jr., G. F. Niklaus.

All were taken before Justice A. V. Lee, where they gave bonds for $200 each to appear for a hearing on June 8.

The arrests were made on complaint of Rev. Jeremiah J. Crowley, who swore out the warrants. The warrants charged that gambling was being conducted at the bazaar and specified two wheels of fortune, bearing some resemblance to roulette wheels; a table covered with oilcloth, showing different colors, and lottery tickets. The charge in one warrant is that the defendants "sold and offered for sale certain tickets, tokens or other devices in lottery for money or for disposal of prizes by chance."

The pastor of the church was accused of being the "keeper" of a gambling house and others with operating "gambling devices."

BREAKS LEG PLAYING BALL.—While playing baseball yesterday in a vacant lot at Thirteenth and Folsom streets William O'Rourke of 11 Thirteenth street slipped and broke his right leg. The broken bone was set at the Central Emergency Hospital and he was afterward removed to his home.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Life a Burden

There are times when life seems a burden—when you are tired, worn-out, have dull pains in the head and a continual feeling of uneasiness. You have no appetite, and your digestion is poor; your sleep broken, and you get no rest.

Little annoyances seem great mountains of trouble, and you are blue, melancholy and given over to gloomy forebodings.

This means low vitality—exhausted brain nerves.

For this condition Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is a specific; it is a food for the nerves. It builds up the nervous system, and restores lost energy.

Try it to-day and see if your sleep is not sound and refreshing, and the morrow brighter and more hopeful.

"I am glad to announce that I have recovered my health, as far as my advanced age will permit, as I am 82 years old. My case was very bad; my nerves were all shattered. I suffered much pain and coldness; was so weak and felt so sad and lonely and heart-broken. When I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Remedies I was completely prostrated. I have taken the Restorative Nervine, Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills, and they cured me." MRS. E. C. BAWLBY, Waterloo, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

MAY FIND NEW RACE IN NORTH

Lieutenant Peary Talks of Expected Discoveries in His Quest of the Pole

SEEKS GARDEN OF EDEN

Certain Scientists Claim Biblical Spot Is Located Beyond the Arctic Circle

Special Dispatch to The Call.

PORTLAND, Me., June 4.—"Supposing that I succeed in finding the North Pole, what good shall we derive from it?" said Lieutenant Commander Robert E. Peary as he discussed his plans for leaving New York on July 4 on the steamship Roosevelt in another effort to reach the place he has sought for several years.

"I don't suppose there is any money in it, and, although there is a possibility of finding new whaling grounds, it is a possibility so remote as to be hardly worth consideration. But there are other reasons. We may, quite possibly, take soundings which will determine the general features of the great polar ocean, and then there are 3,000,000 square miles of unknown land and sea. New land may exist there—a continent containing new fauna and—who knows—even human beings as intelligent as ourselves."

Lieutenant Peary has completed all his plans for the trip and he will sail from the Maine coast not later than June 15 for New York. He will remain in that city until July 4, when he will start on his cruise northward. The first and only stop will be at St. Johns, N. F., where his supplies will be replenished and his crew of Esquimaux taken on. His route from St. Johns will be directly through the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the Labrador coast. Thence he will proceed to the west coast of Greenland as far as Cape York. There his sledge dogs will be taken on and he will then sail to the shores of Grant Land, on the southern extremity of the Northern Polar Sea.

By that time, it is expected, it will be September, the beginning of the long Polar night. During the period of darkness Peary will establish various depots for provisions and when dawn comes he will start northward with his Esquimaux and endeavor to cover the remaining 500 miles of unknown land and frozen sea which lie between the northern shore of Grant Land and his final goal. It is in that territory that he expects to find an area of 3,000,000 square miles at the pole, where the foot of man has never trod.

"For myself I doubt the existence of human beings there," Lieutenant Peary said, "yet some claim in scientific works that the Garden of Eden originally existed at the Pole. Perhaps I may find it now and some prehistoric people in it. For me, however, there is a sentimental reason far greater than this. My discovery of the Pole means additional prestige for my country, and should I succeed in my mission—should an American be the first to plant the Stars and Stripes at the summit of the frozen north—well, it may be that 70,000,000 of my countrymen and countrywomen would feel one thrill of pride, a thrill of pride worth all the hardships and all the suffering my trip is going to cost."

Every modern appliance which science can construct will be at Peary's service. Mrs. Peary, by her own earnest desire, will accompany him, as will also their daughter Mildred, 12 years old. Nearly all the fur clothing which the Americans will wear on their trip has been manufactured in Maine. The purpose of the trip to New York is to load the Roosevelt with provisions.

WILL NOT HEAD THE EQUITABLE

Robert Lincoln States That Offer From Society Would Meet With His Refusal

SETTLEMENT NOW NEAR

Hyde Is to Begin Proceedings in Effort to Clear Himself of All Charges

CHICAGO, June 4.—Robert T. Lincoln of this city was asked to-night if he would accept the office of chairman of the board of directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, should the position be offered to him. In reply Lincoln said that under no circumstances would he accept the office.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Samuel Untermeyer, counsel for Vice President Hyde of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, made a statement to-night in which he declared that a solution of the troubles in the society seemed near. The statement follows:

"At no time since the trouble began has the prospect for a practical and permanent solution satisfactory to all interests been so promising as at present. The next few days are likely to see important developments in that direction. Every energy is being directed to that end and we are most sanguine of results. I am not at liberty to say more at this time. It is to be hoped that the directors will in the meantime assist the situation.

"Acting on legal advice Mr. Hyde will shortly begin proceedings to determine the question of the syndicate profits that were criticized in the Frick report, and most unjustly so, as we claim. When the subject is fully understood I am sure every right-minded person will agree that he was morally as well as legally entitled to the profits and that the society had nothing to do with it. Whatever else may happen, Mr. Hyde will not hesitate to secure a public exoneration of these baseless charges, which are so little understood and which have created such an unreasoning prejudice in the public mind. It is amazing on what slim pretexts men's honest motives are misjudged at times of public excitement, but we are confident that justice and fair play will prevail in the end. Mr. Hyde will bide his time."

EMBASSADOR CONGER ARRIVES AT HIS POST

American Representative Welcomed by Officials of the Mexican Government.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 4.—Edwin H. Conger, the new American Embassador, arrived to-day. He was met at the railway station by Senor Torres Rives, introducer of Embassadors and second secretary of the American Embassy Heimike. Officers of the American colony later went in a body to the Embassador's hotel to welcome him.

END OF STRIKE NOT IN SIGHT

Employers and Teamsters in Chicago as Far Apart as They Were at Beginning

EACH SIDE CONFIDENT

Attorney for Business Men Says Only Surrender of Unions Will Bring Peace

CHICAGO, June 4.—An adjustment of the teamsters' strike by mediation seems as remote to-night as it did two months ago. Peace negotiations begun last week, which promised to bring about an amicable adjustment of the difficulty, have been abandoned for the present at least and the strike will be allowed to take its natural course, according to President Shea of the Teamsters' Union. A natural course means one of two things, either a spread of the strike or defeat for the union, as all business firms now involved in the trouble absolutely refuse to concede anything further in the controversy or to bring about a settlement.

"Peace negotiations are off for all time," said Levy Mayer, chief counsel for the employers, to-night. "We absolutely are finished with all conferences with the strikers. The only thing that prevented a settlement of the whole trouble last night was pique on the part of President Shea because he had been slighted in the conferences and was angered on account of his arrest. The only way that a settlement can be reached now is for the strikers to acknowledge defeat."

"The employers blocked a settlement last night," said President Shea to-day. "Their objection to the men wearing union buttons and a refusal to agree not to discriminate against the strikers was all that prevented the calling off of the strike. We feel that our position is as strong as it was a month ago and we are not going to give in now that we believe we have the struggle practically won. Those business firms involved in the strike are losing money every day and they are getting tired of it. They will soon be willing to come to us and sue for peace. Our men are perfectly satisfied with matters as they are and we are not going to accept any proposition from the employers which would in any way affect the standing of the Teamsters' Union."

The spread of the strike depends upon a meeting to be held to-morrow between the Chicago Team Owners' Association and the Commission Merchants' Team Association for the purpose of deciding whether the two associations will make deliveries to the strike-bound houses. The two organizations have been anxious all along for this question to be left to arbitration, and at a meeting of the Chicago team owners last week the teamsters were given five days in which to come to a conclusion in the matter. The teamsters in turn put the question up to the Truck Drivers' Union for a referendum vote, as the greater portion of the employes of the Chicago team owners belong to this association. This vote is scheduled to be taken on Tuesday.

To-morrow's meeting between the commission men and the Chicago Team Owners' Association is for the purpose of making arrangements to meet any emergency that may arise in case the vote of the truck drivers is against the proposition of making deliveries irrespective of whether firms are involved in the strike or not.

The majority of the members of these two teaming organizations is said to be in favor of making deliveries to the boycotted houses and should the drivers refuse to do so, it is the general belief that all of these men will go on strike.

Albert Young, former president of the Teamsters' Union, for whom a capias was issued yesterday, has not yet been found.

Carmen Go on Strike.

SAGINAW, Mich., June 4.—The employes of the street railway systems of Saginaw and Bay City and the Interurban line between those cities went on strike to-day. Several cars were sent out manned by non-union crews, but after running a while were ordered back into the barns. Strike sympathizers pelted the cars and non-union crews with eggs and other missiles.

SUEZ CANAL COMPANY HAS PROSPEROUS YEAR

Proposed That a Dividend of Fourteen Per Cent Be Declared at Tuesday's Meeting.

PARIS, June 4.—The report of the Suez Canal Company for 1904, to be presented next Tuesday, will show the following increases: Transit receipts, $2,477,000; financial operations, $24,000; disposable assets, $2,207,600; statutory reserve, $468,800. Sales of water have decreased slightly, while the expenses have been decreased by $83,200.

An extraordinary reserve has been provided for this year, amounting to $1,000,000. The increase in transit receipts was caused by exports of Indian wheat and of coal going to the Far East. A dividend of 14.1 per cent will be proposed.

PROTEGE OF HELEN GOULD BADLY HURT IN COLORADO

DURANGO, Colo., June 4.—The right hand of Leroy Dixon, the boy who is to be educated by Helen Gould because he saved a Rio Grande train, was badly lacerated by the explosion of a dynamite cap given him by a miner to-day. The accident occurred at a camp and the boy had to be brought twenty-five miles before he was given surgical attention.

Several years ago the boy discovered a rock slide at a dangerous place in Animas Canyon and flagged a passenger train.

RATIONAL TREATMENT OF Stomach Diseases MEANS: Discard Injurious Drugs USE Glycozone

A Harmless Powerful Germicide

Endorsed by Leading Physicians.

Send twenty-five cents to pay postage on *Free Trial Bottle*. Sold by leading druggists.

NOT GENUINE WITHOUT MY SIGNATURE:

Prof. Charles Marchand

610 PRINCE ST., NEW YORK.

WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLET ON RATIONAL TREATMENT OF DISEASE.

WOULD CLEANSE LABOR UNIONS

President Post of Citizens' Association Says Leaders Abuse Power Given Them

OUTLINES HIS POLICY

Opposes Closed Shops and the Compulsory Methods Enforced Against Employes

Special Dispatch to The Call.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., June 4.—C. W. Post, who was elected president of the National Citizens' Industrial Association at Chicago last week, returned here today and stated the position of the organization in its intended war on the labor unions. He said:

"We are for no closed shops, no restriction in the use of tools, machinery or material, except such as are unsafe; no limitation of output, no restriction as to number of apprentices and helpers, when of proper age; no boycott, no sympathetic strike, no sacrifice of independent workmen to the labor union, no compulsory use of the union label.

"So long as organizations of capital exist, organizations of labor should exist. I look forward hopefully to the time when careful, intelligent, honest men will be selected for leaders of the trades unions and members of the unions shall retain the governing power, for we see on all sides the most villainous abuse of power centered in the hands of a few irresponsible, unworthy men.

"It is a well-known fact that the great majority, some careful authority states as high as 80 per cent of the teamsters in Chicago, were opposed to the strike, but the strike was ordered by their leaders.

"I am opposed to the average labor union as conducted to-day. One of two things is plain—that the unions must be cleansed or the public will demand that they go out of existence. My sympathies are with the American citizens who insist upon their constitutional rights, their liberty, and pursuit of happiness, and these include peaceable, capable mechanics and artisans, who belong to labor unions and are now held as slaves under a tyranny and oppression galling in the extreme. Our movement does not undertake the destruction of labor unions, but is intended to get the citizens together and put into their hands the power to restrain violent men from violent acts."

MANY SEEKERS AFTER OFFICE

Prominent Men of Washington Want a Place on the New Railroad Commission

FIFTY NAMES ON LIST

Personal Friend of the Governor Will Be the First to Receive an Appointment

Special Dispatch to The Call.

TACOMA, June 4.—An intense undercurrent of political activity pervades Washington pending the appointment by Governor Mead of three members of the State Railroad Commission, which will take office on June 7. Many localities—Spokane, Tacoma and Seattle, the Eastern Washington wheat districts, and districts with special interests, such as lumber, are strongly seeking a representation on the commission.

The number of candidates and men prominently mentioned reaches almost fifty. The passive candidates include former Governor McGraw, former Collector Hueston, George Dickinson, former general manager of the Northern Pacific, and several Superior Court Judges. The Governor announces that the first member to be appointed will be Harry Fairchild of Bellingham, his personal friend and supporter.

The commission will have powers said to greatly exceed those of the California commission. The Washington commission will visit California and other States having a railroad commission.

The schemer fails when his methods become known.

COUPLE CHEERED BY UNION MEN

Phelps Stokes and Fiancee Given a Royal Welcome by New York Cigarmakers

BOTH FORCED TO SPEAK

Announce They Will Extend the Work That They Have Been Doing for Humanity

Special Dispatch to The Call.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Miss Rose Pastor, the former factory girl, who is soon to wed J. G. Phelps Stokes, the millionaire University Settlement worker, caused a sensation at a meeting of a cigarmakers' union to-night by walking in leaning on the arm of Mr. Stokes.

It was the first appearance of Miss Pastor as a spectator at a labor meeting since her engagement to Mr. Stokes, and she and her fiance were given a hearty welcome. The meeting was in the midst of a lively discussion when Mr. Stokes and Miss Pastor arrived, but that was forgotten, and with one accord the delegates requested Miss Pastor to make a speech.

"Gentlemen and ladies," she said, "I have been a cigar worker myself, and I know all about the trials and tribulations of those who work in that trade. Now that I am able to do so I intend to do everything in my power to assist girls, women and men who make cigars for a living. It will be a pleasure for me to render you all the assistance I can."

The members could not restrain their enthusiasm at this, and they cheered her again and again. Mr. Stokes also was cheered and was compelled to make a speech, and there was great applause when he said:

"I hope soon to carry on the work for humanity on a more extended scale with the assistance of Miss Pastor when she is my wife, which I hope will be soon. I am glad she is a trade unionist."

At the conclusion of Mr. Stokes' remarks Delegate Lapell made a motion that he be made an honorary member of the Cigarmakers' Union, but the point was raised that as Mr. Stokes was not a cigarmaker the constitution would have to be changed to admit him. This will be done at the next meeting.

THREE YOUNG PERSONS FOUND SHOT TO DEATH

Youth and Two Girls Slain in Home of an Ohio Farmer.

HILLSBORO, O., June 4.—Three young persons—Madge Dines, aged 14; Nettie Hart, aged 16, and George Baldwin, aged 18—were found shot to death in an upper room in the home of Ed Dines, a farmer and father of Madge, three miles out of the city, late to-night. The girls were slain with a revolver. The man's brains were blown out with a shotgun. The latter weapon was found in the room in which the bodies lay.

The theory that the young man murdered the two girls and then committed suicide is not entertained, though certain circumstances point to that conclusion. A fourth person is suspected, but the identity of the alleged murderer and his motive are withheld.

The shocking discovery was made by Mr. and Mrs. Dines on returning from Hillsboro, where they had attended the baccalaureate sermon of the graduating exercises of the high school. Details of the relationship of the young people have not been learned by the police, beyond the fact that George Baldwin was a neighbor, the son of a farmer and a friend of the Dines. He visited the Dines home to-night, ostensibly to protect the girls in the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Dines. Nettie Hart is said to be employed as a domestic.

MAY INHERIT A BIG ESTATE

Olive Harper, Who Formerly Lived in Oakland, Wanted by Australian Solicitor

LOCATED IN NEW YORK

Her Own Advertisement by Chance Appears in Paper With Inquiry of Attorney

Special Dispatch to The Call.

NEW YORK, June 4.—The following advertisements appeared in this morning's Herald:

"Information wanted concerning Ellen Burrel. Literary name Olive Harper. Left California 1873. In re estate late Joseph Avery. Pepneyn, solicitor, box 2, Adelaide, Australia."

"All literary and dramatic work done promptly. Perfect French translations. Moderate translator of simple life, etc. Olive Harper, 330 West Forty-eighth."

These Herald "personals" from points so wide apart and both printed this morning conceal an interesting story. From the solicitor in Australia the advertisement asking information of Olive Harper and the advertisement from Olive Harper reached the Herald at almost the same time and appeared in adjoining columns.

Olive Harper, who is Mrs. D. A. d'Ahery and lives at 330 West Forty-eighth street, says she believes she is the person for whom the Australian solicitor is seeking. Through her attorney she will take steps to place herself in communication with him. She said:

"I had a great-uncle named Joseph Avery, and I have not heard anything of him in thirty years. He lived in Oregon and had several farms where is now the city of Willamette.

"I was living in Oakland, Cal., thirty years ago when a friend of my mother's family named Weston brought word to us that Uncle Joseph Avery had separated from his family and had taken up his abode with the Indians in Northern Oregon. At that time he was said to be worth $2,000,000. Probably the solicitor wants to communicate with me concerning the distribution of the estate."

OFFICERS SURRENDER NEGRO TO LYNCHERS

Black Man Hanged by a Mob for Having Attempted to Enter White Woman's Room.

LOUISVILLE, Miss., June 4.—Essic Bostic, a negro, has been hanged in the woods near here by a band of forty masked and armed men.

The negro, in the custody of a number of officers, was being taken to Jackson for safekeeping. The lynchers appeared and demanded the prisoner and Bostic was turned over to the band.

Bostic was charged with having attempted to enter the room of Mrs. Sarah Gordon, a widow, early Saturday morning.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED ESCAPE FROM BURNING STRUCTURE

MILWAUKEE, June 4.—The Milwaukee exposition building, occupying a city block, was totally destroyed by fire this evening. The loss is $300,000. The fire is supposed to have been started from an electric light wire. At the time the fire broke out, there were more than 1500 people in the building, but all got out safely.

"Superior Quality"

HENRY MILLER

THE BEST 5c CIGAR EVER MADE

EHRMAN BROS. & CO., Distributors.

Going East, You Choose

The way and the date that suits you best. The Burlington Route offers greater diversity than any other.

On Which Date?	To Which Point?	By Which Route?
June 12	Chicago	Via Portland, the Exposition, Puget Sound and the Great Northwest.
" 13	St. Louis	
" 14	Memphis	
" 15	New Orleans	
" 16	St. Joseph	Via the line over Great Salt Lake, thro' Salt Lake City, the Scenic Rockies, Colorado Springs and Denver.
" 17	Atchison	
" 25	Kansas City	
" 26	Council Bluffs	
" 27	Omaha	Stopovers within ten days going, and within ninety days returning.
" 28	St. Paul	
" 29	Minneapolis	
" 30		
July 4		
" 5		
" 6		
" 24		
" 25		
" 26		

Round Trip About One-Half Fare

via the direct lines, or $13.50 additional via Portland and the Northern routes one way. Fine train service either route. Ninety days return limit.

Burlington Route

Get particulars of

W. D. SANBORN, General Agent, 631 Market Street, San Francisco.

1219

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY

OF NORWICH, IN ENGLAND, ON THE 31st day of December, A. D. 1904, and for the year ending on that day, as made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of California, pursuant to the provisions of sections 610 and 611 of the Political Code, condensed as per blank furnished by the Commissioner:

CAPITAL.

Amount of Capital Stock, paid up in Cash	$660,000 00

ASSETS.

Real Estate owned by Company	$369,500 00	
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	40,000 00	
Cash Market Value of all Stocks and Bonds owned by Company	4,976,731 71	
Cash in Company's Office	500 00	
Cash in Banks	1,140,054 96	
Interest due and accrued on all Stocks and Loans	63,591 87	
Interest due and accrued on Bonds and Mortgages	150 00	
Premiums in due Course of Collection	1,038,167 56	
Bills receivable, not Matured, taken for Fire and Marine Risks	27,051 48	
Total Assets		$7,655,747 58

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and unpaid; losses in process of Adjustment or in Suspense; losses resisted, including expenses		$460,000 00
Gross premiums on Fire Risks running more than one year, $.....; reinsurance pro rata	3,241,652 37	
Due for Salaries, rents, taxes, etc.	15,000 00	
All other Liabilities	3,942 40	
Total Liabilities		$3,720,594 77

INCOME.

Net cash actually received for Fire premiums	$5,743,894 43
Received for interest on Bonds and Mortgages	1,809 00
Received for interest and dividends on Bonds, Stocks, Loans, and from all other sources	188,947 23
Received for Rents	16,437 27
Received from all other sources	9,507 75
Total Income	$5,965,598 73

EXPENDITURES.

Net amount paid for Fire Losses (including $....., losses of previous years)	$3,835,074 71
Dividends to Stockholders	274,070 00
Paid or allowed for Commission or Brokerage	1,155,907 32
Paid for Salaries, Fees and other charges for officers, clerks, etc.	509,102 42
Paid for State, National and Local taxes	111,485 39
All other payments and expenditures	265,214 31
Total Expenditures	$6,150,854 85
Losses incurred during the year	$3,834,733 12

Risks and Premiums.	Fire Risks.	Premiums.
Net amount of Risks written during the year	$2,111,301,945	$7,832,319 23
Net amount of Risks expired during the year	1,808,388,385	5,837,374 46
Net amount in force December 31, 1904	1,714,278,090	6,288,258 06

FRANK A. CUBITT, President.
C. A. B. BIGNOLD, Secretary.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 20th day of March, 1905.
THOS. WM. HANSELL, Notary Public in Norwich.

PACIFIC DEPARTMENT:
314 California St., San Francisco
W. H. LOWDEN, Manager
J. L. FULLER, Ass't Manager
JOHN D. RICHARDS, Sup't City Department
Real Property Investment Corporation
San Francisco Agents
421 Market St.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK, IN THE STATE OF New York, on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1904, and for the year ending on that day, as made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of California, pursuant to the provisions of sections 610 and 611 of the Political Code, condensed as per blank furnished by the Commissioner:

CAPITAL.

Amount of Capital Stock, paid up in Cash	$200,000 00

ASSETS.

Cash Market Value of all Stocks and Bonds owned by Company	$395,987 50
Cash in Company's office	25 00
Cash in Banks	33,596 63
Interest due and accrued on all Stocks and Loans	2,660 00
Premiums in due Course of Collection	29,711 27
Due from other Companies for Reinsurance on losses already paid	19 09
Total Assets	$462,009 54

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and unpaid	$10,068 93	
Losses in process of Adjustment or in Suspense	7,503 41	
Losses resisted, including expenses	1,611 93	
Gross premiums on Fire Risks running one year or less, $207,031 12; reinsurance 50 per cent	103,515 56	
Gross premiums on Fire Risks running more than one year, $132,563 83; reinsurance pro rata	75,336 50	
All other liabilities	5,688 64	
Total Liabilities		$203,724 99

INCOME.

Net cash actually received for Fire premiums	$273,817 84
Received for interest and dividends on Bonds, Stocks, Loans, and from all other sources	13,071 26
Profit on sale of Ledger Assets	985 00
Total Income	$287,874 10

EXPENDITURES.

Net amount paid for Fire Losses (including $21,541 21, losses of previous years)	$184,087 14
Paid or allowed for Commission or Brokerage	54,062 03
Paid for Salaries, Fees and other charges for officers, clerks, etc.	22,123 85
Paid for State, National and Local taxes	10,395 10
All other payments and expenditures	14,582 24
Total Expenditures	$285,250 36
Losses incurred during the year	$181,001 60

Risks and Premiums.	Fire Risks.	Premiums.
Net amount of Risks written during the year	$29,101,777	$391,814 17
Net amount of Risks expired during the year	27,231,298	374,856 07
Net amount in force December 31, 1904	26,317,397	339,594 95

A. F. LOSEE, Vice President.
J. H. BURGER, Secretary.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 31st day of January, 1905.
EDWIN F. COREY, Commissioner for California in New York.

PACIFIC DEPARTMENT
314 California St. San Francisco
W. H. LOWDEN, Manager
J. L. FULLER, Ass't Manager
JOHN. D. RICHARDS, Sup't City Department

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.