

RUSSIAN TROOPS BEING HURRIED TO THE FRONT

Daily Reinforcements for the Army Com-
manded by Linevitch.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT APPEALS TO JAPAN

Continued From Page 1, Column 1.

ful that such efforts as he has felt it proper to make to avert a failure of the Washington conference might not be futile.

To-day these developments began to appear. A report from Ambassador Meyer at St. Petersburg of his audience with Emperor Nicholas was received, and in addition some important advices from Portsmouth reached the President. They were regarded as so urgent that as soon as they were received in the executive office in the White House they were immediately communicated to the President by a trusted executive clerk.

The utmost secrecy is maintained regarding the communications, not the slightest intimation of the nature of their contents being permitted to become public.

It is quite certain that in addition to making a direct appeal to the Russian Emperor to take such measures as may bring the pending negotiations to a successful issue, President Roosevelt has communicated with the Japanese Government along similar lines. Whether that appeal was made directly to the Emperor of Japan, as in the case of Emperor Nicholas, cannot be ascertained, as no official confirmation is given of the statement that such a communication has been forwarded.

An impression is likely to be created by some recent reports of the President's activity in the peace proceedings that he is endeavoring to force the envoys into some sort of an agreement. No such impression is warranted by the efforts he has made. From the incipency of the negotiations the President has been actuated by motives of the sincerest friendship for both of the belligerents and by a desire to do all that in him lies to terminate a conflict so sanguinary that it has shocked the entire civilized world. In the identical note which he directed to the St. Petersburg and Tokio Governments, he expressed the hope that their representatives might come together and settle their differences themselves. Since the envoys assembled in America, in an effort to carry out the President's suggestion, he has followed in spirit and in principle the ideas he enunciated in his identical note.

In the negotiations preliminary to the conference the President acted in the capacity of an intermediary between Russia and Japan. When the plenipotentiaries arrived in America and were received by the President, he assured them that they would be free absolutely from interference in their deliberations. He made it clear to them at the same time that if he could be of any assistance to them in the accomplishment of their great mission, that assistance would be extended gladly in any proper effort to solve their differences.

The President's offer was appreciated to the fullest by the envoys, and later he was able to bring them to a peace, the President has lent his good offices to the representatives of both the warring powers, but he has refused from any effort which might be regarded as offensive either by Russia or Japan.

strength of the Russian position and speaks favorably of the spirit and condition of his latest reinforcements and the morale of the entire army.

Reinforcements for the front are reported as steadily arriving. The Thirteenth Corps is now en route and the War Ministry is preparing to dispatch a composite corps in case negotiations for peace are not reached. It is reported that the city of Moscow grenadiers have received marching orders.

A competent military attaché of a European power, who is acquainted thoroughly with the defensive facilities of Vladivostok, says that the Japanese will find that fortress a harder nut to crack than Port Arthur, if they decide to break off negotiations. This authority declares that the Japanese fleet will not be able to co-operate with the attacking army except in the way of an ineffective bombardment of the sea front, as the mine fields and heavy artillery make it out of the question for big ships to run by the fortifications into touch with the besiegers on the mainland.

This attack noticed during a trip through Russia, from which he has just returned, that the southern fortresses were practically denuded of heavy artillery, which has been employed at the approaches to the fortress at Vladivostok.

"Vladivostok," he says, "is a year's task at least, and more expensive than Port Arthur."

FEVER PLAGUE UNDER CONTROL

City of New Orleans at Last Declared to Have Conquered the Scourge

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 24.—The following is the yellow fever record up to 6 o'clock this evening: New cases, 4; total to date, 1800; deaths, 7; total, 226; remaining under treatment, 287.

With the fever here practically under control and the danger of a general epidemic eliminated the Federal authorities are anxious to put restrictions against free intercourse between New Orleans and infected communities in Louisiana and elsewhere. The necessity for some such action arises especially from the conduct of the Italians and other foreign races. Many of them fled from New Orleans to the surrounding parishes when the fever first grew violent here. They established nests of infection at various points. Since then many have been drifting back to New Orleans, setting in new neighborhoods and increasing the food here.

To-day's report was encouraging. The death list is somewhat larger than that of yesterday, but it did not reach the maximum set earlier in the month.

The territory bounded by St. Anne Esplanade, Rampart and Decatur, the heart of the original infection, is again undergoing a thorough course of disinfection.

Professor Metz, who has been given charge of the work of inspecting cisterns, gutters, etc., put 155 gallons of inspectors' duty to-day. Each gang consists of three men. They were expected to cover every habitable part of the city.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 24.—A case of yellow fever has been discovered in Grand Rapids, Mich., about 150 miles from here. The patient is Godfrey Liburg, a telephone lineman, who left New Orleans a week ago last Tuesday.

MASSACRE OF RUSSIAN MERCHANTS

Horrible Barbarism Practiced by a Peasant Mob in a Village of the Elizabethgrad District

LIVING VICTIMS ARE MUTILATED

Rendered Sightless and Their Ears Are Slashed Off After the Pillaging of Their Places of Business

ODESSA, Aug. 24.—Fresh agrarian disorders have broken out in the Elizabethgrad and Alexander districts and the peasants are destroying the property of the land owners. A big estate at Butzky has been entirely demolished.

During a fair in the village of Lihovia a crowd of peasants attacked the merchants and mutilated others, pricking out the eyes of a number of the merchants and mutilated other, pricking out their eyes and cutting off their ears. Cossacks arrived too late to save the village, which was completely devastated.

ODESSA, Aug. 24.—The trial of the sailors who mutinied on the warship Georgi Pobiedonozets in June last will be begun on August 29. The prisoners number seventy-five. The proceedings will be within closed doors.

WARSAW, Aug. 24.—The whole Government of Warsaw has been placed under martial law.

A bridge on the Vistula railway near Radom has been blown up and communication is interrupted.

The Socialists have declared a general strike, to begin at Lodz on Monday.

Since martial law was declared hundreds of arrests have been made, mostly of Socialists at Lodz and that vicinity, who murdered a number of the Emperor's duty to-day. Each gang consists of three men. They were expected to cover every habitable part of the city.

SENATOR BURTON AGAIN ACCUSED

Kansas Alleged to Have Received Payment for His Services for the Indians

ENTERS FIRM DENIAL

States That With Election His Connection With the Chickasaws Came to an End

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The Post to-day says that officials of the Department of Justice and of the Interior, who have been investigating the Chickasaw school warrant cases, last night made public portions of the records which have been unearthed. They are alleged to implicate Senator J. B. Burton of Kansas, with pressing these claims before the Government while holding the position of United States Senator in contravention of the law. The Post adds:

In all twenty-six Chickasaw warrants, aggregating \$14,000, have been paid to Senator Burton or his brother, Z. T. Burton, with whom he is alleged to have formed a partnership since March, 1903, when Senator Burton took the oath of office.

Six of the Chickasaw warrants issued in October, 1901, and aggregating \$5500, were paid directly to J. B. Burton. This was seven months after Senator Burton had taken the oath of office. Twenty warrants, aggregating \$9000, were subsequently made out in favor of Z. T. Burton, who is alleged to have received in payment of which these warrants were made out, was pressing Chickasaw claims before the Government. It is also contended that Z. T. Burton never appeared before the Department of the Interior and never practiced law in the Indian Territory, but that his name was used as a blind by the Kansas Senator.

Acting Secretary Ryan of the Interior Department said that an investigation had been made into the issuance of those warrants, in the course of which the discovery had been made that some of them had been issued to Senator Burton and his brother for services as attorneys, but that no record had been found of the issuance of warrants to the Senator for such services performed subsequent to his election.

ABILENE, Kansas, Aug. 2.—United States Senator Burton, who is at his home here, in an emphatic statement to-day declared that the Chickasaw warrants issued to him in October, 1901, were in payment for legal services as counsel to Governor Johnson prior to his election as Senator. He said:

"I have never received one penny in compensation for legal services rendered the Chickasaw nation since my election as United States Senator. I have never received one penny where else. The warrants issued to me in October, 1901, were in payment for services rendered prior to my election as Senator."

Wilson Denies Rumors.

Attorney Mounford Wilson denies a sensational story published in Honolulu regarding the Stanford case. The allegation was made that the Stanford estate refused to pay Dr. Wood, the autopsy surgeon, who worked on the case. It was also said that an effort had been made to induce the physicians who were employed in the case to change their assertion that strychnine caused Mrs. Stanford's death. "The intimation that an effort was made to have the surgeons change their statements is absurd," said Wilson. "Furthermore, all legitimate claims against the estate have been settled."

LOSES "ROLL" IN A SALOON

Commercial Traveler the Victim of Bold Thieves in Utah's Metropolis

UNFORTUNATE "FLASH" SHOWS UP \$400 IN BILLS

and Is Relieved of Them With Surprising Rapidity

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 24.—James Rice, a commercial man from Stevens Point, Wisconsin, has been made the victim of one of the boldest robberies ever committed here. Rice was on his way from Wisconsin to the Portland fair and stopped over a few hours in Salt Lake City. He had in his possession \$400 and a railroad ticket. A stranger claiming to be a resident of Rice's State engaged him in a friendly conversation and proposed that they adjourn to a nearby saloon and get a drink.

They were joined by two other men. A game of dice was proposed. But Rice insisted that he did not play. However, he declared that he had the money if he wished to take part in the game. He pulled out his roll and had no sooner gone it fairly in sight when one of the men grabbed it and passed it to one of his confederates, who ran out of a back door and escaped.

Before Rice could recover from his surprise, another man rushed in from behind and grabbed him, claiming that Rice had been gambling, enabling the other three to escape. Rice still has his railroad ticket and will go on to Portland while the police here endeavor to recover his \$400.

STEVENS POINT, Wis., Aug. 24.—James Rice was for many years general manager and member of the firm of John Rice & Brother, a large foundry firm which has been in existence for thirty years. He retired recently. Rice is sixty years old and wealthy.

SCHOONER HIT BY BATTLESHIP

Oil Vessel Struck by the Kearsarge Off Newport and Hole Made in Her Side

MEN ON BOARD RESCUED

Accident Occurs in a Dense Fog as the Big War Craft Was on Her Way to Port

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 24.—After colliding with and damaging the little kerosene oil schooner N. S. Gallup of New York the battleship Kearsarge arrived in the harbor to-night with the disabled craft and her crew of two. The warship was not injured and the loss to the owner of the schooner, the National Oil Company of New York, does not exceed \$500. The battleship squadron went out for maneuvers this afternoon between Point Judith and Newport, but was obliged to head for this port at noon because of a dense fog. At a point five miles south-east of Point Judith the Gallup, which was bound from New York to Portsmouth, R. I., with a cargo of empty oil barrels below and filled casks on deck, crossed the bow of the battleship. The latter, steaming at the rate of five knots, struck the schooner on the starboard side below the water line. The water which poured in through a hole a foot square soon filled the Gallup and caused her to capsize.

The only persons on board were Captain John Andrews and his son William. They were rescued.

BERT RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT OF BASEBALL LEAGUE

Los Angeles Franchise Is Left Open Owing to the Absence of Manager James Morley.

PORTLAND, Aug. 24.—The representatives of the Pacific Coast Baseball League are in session in this city. The following are in attendance: President Harris, representing the San Francisco team; J. Cal Ewing, Oakland; J. P. Agnew, Seattle; Dave Evans and M. A. Fisher, Tacoma; Judge McCredie and Ben C. Ely, Portland, and Secretary J. A. Anderson.

Representatives of the Spokane team appeared before the board and applied for membership in the Pacific Coast League, but action was deferred.

Eugene Bert will be president of the league for the next three years. In addition to being elected to serve three years, resolutions were passed thanking him for his past services and expressing a hope of his speedy and complete recovery.

James Morley of Los Angeles was not on hand and the Los Angeles franchise was left open. Franchises were granted to Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and San Francisco.

The umpire question was thoroughly discussed and from now on only sickness and delayed trains will go as an excuse for umpires failing to report and umpire games.

Most of the time of the meeting was taken up in the discussion of the small attendance at Tacoma and Oakland. This problem was allowed to go over.

RUSSIA'S FINAL WORD SPOKEN.

Reinforcements for Linevitch Are Being Hurried to the Front.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 25.—With regard to a dispatch that has been received here, saying Mr. de Witte was waiting instructions, the Foreign Office says it is daily in constant communication with the President and that he will be fully able to go ahead on Saturday.

The latest developments clearly indicate that the press dispatches declaring Russia will never consent to the payment of indemnity in any form represent Russia's last word with reference to the principle of monetary compensation and the expenses of the war. The authoritative statement made at Portsmouth was reiterated last evening by a declaration from the official spokesman of the Foreign Office, who said that, under no circumstances and under no disguises, would the principle of indemnity be admitted, and this decision is accepted by the Russian public as final.

The Emperor's inflexible determination to continue the war rather than yield to a demand which is regarded as warranted only in the case of a vanquished nation is strengthened by the latest dispatches received from General Linevitch, in which he reports the

WANTS A LASTING PEACE.

Japanese Would Make Russia Pay Heavily to Keep Her Quiet.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 24.—According to a Japanese informant, Baron Komura and Mr. T. Takahira are opposed to the waiving of the demand for war expenditures. This authority said:

In the conference the Japanese contention was that, in conceding the annexation of Manchuria, Russia admitted that she was beaten or that her attitude prior to the conference was unjustified. In either case Japan holds that Russia should pay the cost of the war. Japan feels that Russia's talk of her face is hardly reasonable, claiming that her face was lost "when she conceded the ante-bellum demands," which constituted the *casus belli*.

Advice received by the Japanese mission from home say that Japanese public opinion is not only bitterly opposed to further concessions, but favors even harsher terms than those originally presented. In either case the people feel—and their feelings, it is said, will be respected by the Government—that to weaken now would mean that Japan must reopen the war in a decade.

"Better fight it now, while we have an army in the field," they say, "than make a truce for ten years or more and then reopen hostilities."

MISS ROOSEVELT TO VISIT CHINA

TACLOBAN (via Manila), Aug. 24.—The transport Logan arrived here at 10 o'clock this morning with Secretary Taft and party on board. The distinguished visitors, after enjoying a ride through San Juanico strait on coast guard cutters, witnessed a great parade of the citizens of Tacloban, who showed every sign of business prosperity. The members of the party were subsequently entertained at lunch, after which they witnessed a dance of native school children. Governor Curtis of Samar Island introduced a delegation of 500 natives from that place whose appearance constituted one of the most picturesque features of the festivities.

The transport Logan will sail for Legaspi on the island of Luzon, tomorrow. The party will separate at Hongkong. The following will return to America on the Pacific Mail steamship Korea, sailing on September 6: Secretary Taft, Senators Patterson, Foster, Dubois, Scott and Long; Representatives Payne, Grosvenor, Curtis, Smith, DeArmond, Hepburn Jones, Loud, Driscoll, Hill, Cooper, Scott, Gilbert, Otjen, Howard, Wiley, McKinley, Sherley and Foss; Colonel Edwards, Major Edie, Captain Thompson, and Kelly and Secretaries Carpenter and Pedigo.

The following members of the party will proceed to Peking to be royally entertained by the Dowager Empress of China, accompanying Miss Roosevelt, the specially invited guest of the Empress. Senators Newlands and Warren; Representatives Longworth, Gillette and Cochran. The party will be in charge of Major General and Mrs. Corbin and Captain and Mrs. Sigbee.

The Pacific Mail steamship Korea will sail from Yokohama on September 17 direct for the United States, and will attempt to make a record run across the Pacific. Miss Roosevelt and party will sail from Yokohama to San Francisco via Pacific Mail Company's steamship Siberia, leaving October 7.

SMALL SUM ON HAND TO PAY ITS DEBTS

Continental Finance Company of Chicago in Sor-
rowful Plight.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Of the funds of the Continental Finance Company, only the sum of \$1216 remains to meet the demands of the creditors. This condition is shown in a report made yesterday to the Circuit Court by the Western Trust and Savings Bank, the receiver.

With the announcement of the complete wreck of the \$250,000 corporation has begun an agitation for the distribution of the company's assets. It is expected the creditors will get what ever is left after the expenses of the receivership have been paid from the \$1200 collected.

With its report touching on the \$1200 the bank asked from the court instructions as to the distribution of the checks, drafts and money orders sent to the alleged "get-rich-quick" concern, of which Henry Wulff, former State Treasurer, is president.

TRUST QUESTION COMES UP IN LAWYERS' CONVENTION

Suggestion of Extension of the Sherman Law and Increased Taxation Made.

NARRAGANSETT, R. I., Aug. 24.—An address entitled "The American Lawyer," delivered to-day by Alfred Hemenway of Boston, in which the speaker touched upon many topics of interest to the legal profession, was the feature of the second day's session of the American Bar Association.

The recommendation of the committee on international law, that the association oppose the repeal by Congress of the present bankruptcy law, was adopted.

A minority report by Walter H. Logan of New York urged the adoption of a resolution which proposed two specific remedies for unlawful combinations which may threaten commerce one being the extension of the equity jurisdiction of the Sherman anti-trust law, the other the taxation of corporations at an increasing rate in proportion to capital added.

STILL ENJOYS LIBERTY.—Sheriff Curtis made return yesterday that he had been unable to locate Mrs. Annie E. Spencer, who was committed to jail by Judge Trout for contempt of court refusing to render an account of her administration of the estate of her first husband, the late James A. Pearson. As soon as the sheriff is able to locate Mrs. Spencer he will bring her to court. Mrs. Spencer sought a new dwelling place with the result that the Sheriff must bide his time before he can locate her among his charges at the County Jail.

The Hub

Chas. Keilus & Co.
Exclusive High-Grade Clothiers

No Branch Stores and No Agents.

THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF CLOTHES SCIENCE FULLY REPRESENTED IN OUR FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS AND FABRICS. IF YOU WANT TO PAY TWENTY DOLLARS OR MORE FOR A SUIT OR OVERCOAT, THIS IS THE SHOP FOR YOU.

The Clothes Critic, the tailor's slave, can find here a better fit and better style, at less expense. This is no dream.

32 Kearny Street
Thurlow Block

URGES RUSSIA TO YIELD.

Significant Editorial in Semi-Official Parisian Newspaper.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—The semi-official Temps to-day has a notable leader respecting the growing French sentiment that Russia is losing ground by her delay in accepting the peace terms, even though they are hard. The paper says:

After the constant reverses suffered by Russian arms in the Far East, Russia will do well to accept the peace terms, even though they are hard. The paper says:

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MAY LOSE CHILD SHE ADOPTED HERE

Inquiry Made for Mrs. James H. Green in St. Louis Paper.

Special Dispatch to The Call.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 24.—PERSONAL—Will James and Stella Green, who adopted a baby in San Francisco four years ago, send press dispatches to D. J. Post Dispatch?

The advertisement is causing Mrs. James H. Green much wonderment as to its motive and the identity of the advertiser. Mrs. Green says she adopted a boy baby in San Francisco in July, 1902, and named him Wilfred Green. No one knew of the adoption and all, even her close relatives, thought the beautiful boy her own. She has answered the advertisement, but as yet has received no reply. She fears that an effort will be made to take the child from her. She is much attached to the little fellow and said at first she thought of not answering the advertisement. But feeling it her duty she replied and is now hoping she will not lose the guardianship of the boy.

STILL ENJOYS LIBERTY

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On and Off like a Coat

Olgett

COAT SHIRTS
Made in original designs of FAST COLOR FABRICS in style, quality and finish LIKE CUSTOM WORK.

\$1.50 and up.

OLGETT, PEABODY & CO.,
LARGEST MAKERS OF SHIRTS AND COLLARS IN THE WORLD.

Boys' Suits \$2.35

There are several good reasons why you should buy your boy's clothes from us. If the boy is hard on his clothes, this is one of the best reasons. Through our low prices you can easily afford a new suit when necessary.

Our prices are low because we are clothing manufacturers, wholesaling elsewhere, but retailing here in San Francisco direct to the public. Our regular prices are really wholesale prices. Our special prices made occasionally afford you a saving of nearly half on the actual value of the garments.

This week we are selling two-piece school suits for \$2.35. They are made of Scotch chevits—strong, durable materials that will wear. Patterns and new fall colorings in pepper and salt and dark gray mixtures—the best colors for school wear; ages 7 to 14 years. Come early, get first choice—\$2.35 is the price to-day and to-morrow.

These suits at \$2.35 are on sale at 740 Market street store only

Girls' Coats \$5.50

Our Girls' Department is showing all the new fall styles in coats and suits. To-day we picture a Peter Thompson we are selling at the special price of \$5.50. It has a swell cut, a tailor finish and a mannish style. To see the coat and realize that the price is only \$5.50 means you will buy the garment at sight. It's just the thing for school wear.

Girls' Tourist Coats with double plaits front and back, \$6.50.

These coats at \$5.50 and \$6.50 are on sale in both stores.

Pen and pencil box free with every purchase of clothes in our Juvenile Departments.

Free Concert Every Alt. and Sat. Eve.—Art Reception Room—Powell and Ellis Store—Ladies Cordially Invited

S. N. WOOD & CO.

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Two Large Stores

740 Market Street and Cor. Powell and Ellis