

SON RESCUES HIS MOTHER FROM DEATH IN THEIR BURNING HOME.

WOMAN SLEEPS NEAR THE FLAMES



William F. Marten Proves a Hero at Fire.

OAKLAND, Nov. 26.—Invisible from smoke and the heat of flames which had crept upon her as she slept, Mrs. Mattie Marten, residing at 1034 Chester street, was saved from certain death in her burning home this morning by her son, William F. Marten, who, forcing his way through the stifling smoke, carried his mother from her room just as the fire burst through the floor.

Marten was awakened by the crackling of the flames at 4 o'clock this morning and at once located the fire at the rear of the house, near his mother's room. The young man fought his way through the smoke, and, reaching his mother, found her helpless. He carried her to a place of safety.

After seeing her safely in the home of George Carter, who lives at 1036 Chester street, Marten returned to his home and went to work to carry the household furniture out of the blazing dwelling. In the meantime an alarm

was given and the fire department arrived. The fire was extinguished in about an hour, but the damage to the property was considerable. Mrs. Marten's personal loss is small.

The fire originated under the hearth in the back parlor of the house, and Marten said today that he thought it had been smoldering for the last two days, as on several occasions he had detected the odor of smoke about the house, but had paid no attention to it, thinking it came from the kitchen stove. The flames must have broken out about 3:30 o'clock this morning, for when discovered by Marten they had already reached the upper floor of the house and had burst through the roof of the one-story kitchen at the rear of the dwelling.

The room occupied by Mrs. Marten is directly over that in which the fire originated and as soon as the flames, creating their own draught, reached the second floor they broke through the wall of her apartment.

It would seem from other remarks which President Eliot uttered that he is by no means so hostile to football as he is credited with being. One particular statement that he made seems to show clearly that he is in favor not so much of totally abolishing football as he is of eliminating those objectionable features which make it brutal and dangerous at the present time.

"As the game is now played," he said, "these things will continue to occur and will do so until the playing rules are revised."

BLAMES RULES COMMITTEE.
President Wheeler Takes Firm Stand on Football Question.
BERKELEY, Nov. 26.—President Wheeler made public a statement on football to-night in which he takes the stand that unless the game is re-modeled thoroughly it must be abolished. The executive head of the University of California declared that the failure of the National Rules Committee to reform the game is responsible for the criticism that has come upon the pastime because of numerous fatalities and extraordinary accidents.

Word was received to-night by the President that Chancellor McCracken of Union College, New York, had appealed to President Eliot of Harvard University to call a special meeting of University presidents to act at once on the subject of football. This move was due to the killing of Moore, a Union College man, in a football game. It was shown that there had been nineteen fatalities on the gridiron field this season and 135 accidents out of the ordinary. The deaths this season were more than double the average for the last five years, during which there had been forty-five fatalities. In his official statement as head of the University of California, President Wheeler said: "The game of football must be entirely made over or it must go. The addition of a few more restrictive rules is not enough. The so-called rules committee is responsible for its present status. It promised us reform, particularly this year, but gave none. That committee must now be totally set aside. I should welcome President Eliot's initiative."

WOMAN WHO NARROWLY ESCAPED DEATH IN THE FLAMES WHICH DESTROYED HER HOME IN OAKLAND EARLY YESTERDAY MORNING, AND HER BRAVE SON, WHO BROKE INTO HER ROOM AND RESCUED HER. SHE HAD BEEN OVERCOME BY THE SMOKE AND LAY UNSENSIBLE.

FLEET OF THE ALLIES ARRIVES AT MITYLENE

Sultan Proposes a Compromise to Prevent the Seizure of His Harbors.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 26.—The fleet of the allied powers arrived at the island of Mitylene to-day. A further sign of the yielding attitude of the Porte is that the foreign minister, Tewfik Pasha, on Saturday visited the British and Austro-Hungarian ambassadors with the object of proposing a modification of the Macedonian reform scheme. It is doubtful whether the powers will accept the modifications.

Earthquake Damages a Cathedral.

ROME, Nov. 26.—A slight shock of earthquake was recorded in all the observatories of the kingdom this morning. It caused little damage except to the Cathedral of Ariano in Apulia, in the extreme southeastern section, which suffered considerable damage. No lives were lost.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Great Relief

During that trying period in which women so often suffer from nervousness, backache, sick headache, or other pains, there is nothing that can equal Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They stop the pains, soothe the nerves, and give to

Women

the relief so much desired. If taken on first indication of pain or misery, they will allay the irritable condition of the nerves, and save you further suffering. Those who use them at regular intervals have ceased to dread these periods. They contain no harmful drugs, and leave no effect upon the heart or stomach if taken as directed. They give prompt relief.

"I have given an invalid for 9 years of neuralgia, rheumatism and pains around the heart. By using Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills I am relieved of the pain, and get sleep and rest. I think had I known of the Pain Pills when I was first taken sick, they would have cured me. I recommend them for periodic pains."
MRS. HENRY FUNK, E. Akron, O.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails, he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

NINETEEN KILLED ON GRIDIRON

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

Cracken of New York University after the death of Harold P. Moore, right half-back of the Union College football team, in the Fordham (N. Y.) Hospital last night.

"As yet I have not replied to Chancellor MacCracken's telegram," said President Eliot, "and when I do it will be by letter and not by telegram. I shall not call a meeting of college and university presidents to discuss the football situation. Such a movement should not come from me, but from the board of overseers."

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PRESIDENT DRAWN INTO THE FIGHT

Odell, by a Shrewd Move, Practically Effects a Partnership With Mr. Roosevelt in New York Politics

SUPPORTS PARSONS FOR CHAIRMANSHIP

Man Whose Candidacy Was Suggested From the White House Is Now Being Assisted by Platt's Rival

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—"The wealth of the production of the farms of the United States in 1905 reached the highest amount ever attained in this or any other country—\$6,415,900,000."

In his annual report, of which the foregoing is an extract, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson presents an array of figures and a statement telling of the products and profits of the farmers of this country, which, he says, dreams of wealth of production could hardly equal.

Four crops have made high records this year as to value—corn, hay, wheat and rye—although in amount of production the corn crop is the only one that exceeds previous yields. In every crop the general level of production was high and that of prices still higher.

Besides the enormous yield of wheat, the Secretary estimates that the farms of the country have increased in value during the past five years an aggregate of \$1,133,000,000.

"Every sunset during the past five years," he says, "has registered an increase of \$3,400,000 in the value of the farms of this country."

This increased value, the Secretary suggests, is invested better than in bank deposits or even in the gilt-edged bonds of private corporations.

In dealing with the crop report "leak," Secretary Wilson, after referring to the "gross breach of trust" on the part of one of the employees of the Bureau of Statistics, says:

This department acted with vigor and dispatch when it got evidence of wrongdoing on the part of one of its employees. We have no evidence of disciplinary or preventive action at the traders' end of the line, where gamblers interested neither in the production nor consumption of the products of the farm products. When this form of industry ceases these parasites who tempt department officials will have work for their heads.

The method of handling crop reports, Wilson says, has been thoroughly recast during the year. There also has been a decided change in the methods of work prescribed for field agents. Each agent is now confined to a definite group of States with which he becomes thoroughly familiar by travel each month.

Analyzing the principal crops for the year the Secretary says that corn reached its highest production at 2,708,000,000 bushels, a gain of 42,000,000 over the next highest year, 1899; hay is second in order of value, although cotton held second place during the two preceding years.

The hay crop this year is valued at \$95,000,000. Cotton comes third with a valuation of \$75,000,000, wheat \$72,000,000, oats \$28,000,000, potatoes \$138,000,000, barley \$38,000,000, tobacco \$12,000,000, sugar cane and sugar beets \$20,000,000, rice \$13,800,000, dairy products \$95,000,000, an increase of \$54,000,000 over last year.

M'CURDY QUILTS MUTUAL LIFE

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CALL.
NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The World says Richard A. McCurdy, president of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, has resigned. The date of his resignation depends only on the time required by the trustees to find his successor.

The investigating committee did not accept McCurdy's offer to cut his salary in half, because such acceptance would have placed them to a continuance of the McCurdy regime.

Quickly following the retirement of McCurdy his son, Robert H. McCurdy, general manager of the Mutual, and his son-in-law, Louis A. Thebaud, the favored general agent for New York, have resigned. Each of these three men has been drawing approximately \$150,000 a year in salaries and commissions.

Two Lumber Mills Shut Down.

SANTA CRUZ, Nov. 26.—Two lumber mills closed down yesterday for the winter after a big season's run. The mill of the California Timber Company on Waterman Creek and the mill on Deer Creek, belonging to the Santa Clara Valley Mill and Lumber Company.

Hydrozone Cures Sore Throat

A Harmless Antiseptic, Endorsed by the Medical Profession. One 25c. Bottle, Free to any one sending 10c. to pay postage. Sold by Leading Druggists. Not genuine unless label bears my signature.

Good until Dec. 15, '05. Only one sample to a family. 610 Prince St., N. Y.

Write for free booklet on Rational Treatment of Diseases.

BANNER YEAR FOR FARMERS

Production for 1905 in the United States Reaches Over Six Billion Dollars

ALL RECORDS BROKEN

Secretary Wilson in Annual Report Takes Occasion to Score the Speculators

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"The farmer's hen," the Secretary

BOYCOTT FAILS TO CHECK TRADE

Exports to China From the United States for This Year Greater Than Ever

FIGURES SHOW GROWTH

Shipments to the Flowery Kingdom Thirty Millions Above Figures of 1904

Special Dispatch to The Call.
CALL BUREAU, POST BUILDING, WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Despite the boycott against American products the export trade of the United States with China, as figured up to November, for 1905 was more than twice as large as for the same period in any preceding year. This is shown by a bulletin issued by the bureau of statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor. The officials who computed it have not concerned themselves with the reasons for this increase in the face of the boycott. The advent of peace, the industrial awakening of the entire Chinese empire and the efforts which American cotton manufacturers have made to make and maintain an Oriental market have been potent factors in the growth of the export trade. The bulletin says:

In the month of October, 1905, for which the Department of Commerce, through its bureau of statistics, has just announced its figures, the total was larger than in any preceding October, with the single exception of October, 1904. The total value of the merchandise exported from the United States to China in the ten months ending with October, 1905, was \$30,104,297, against \$20,557,164 in the corresponding ten months of 1904, which up to that time was the high record year in our trade with China.

The United States sold to Canada last year exports to the value of \$195,000,000. This amount constituted more than 42 per cent of the whole Canadian imports, and it was only 11 per cent of the exports of the United States.

"It is becoming a worthy companion to his cow. The annual production of eggs is now a score of billions. Poultry products have climbed to a place of more than a half billion dollars in value, so the farmer's hen competes with wheat for precedence."

There are more horses and with a larger aggregate value than ever before, notwithstanding, as the Secretary says, they were "threatened by the bicycle and later by the suburban trolley and the automobile." He estimates their value at \$1,200,000,000, or nearly as much as the corn crop.

Although milk cows are increasing in number and value, the report states that other cattle and sheep have for several years been decreasing. There are 17,500,000 milk cows, valued at \$482,000,000. Other cattle are numbered at 43,669,000, with a value of \$462,000,000. Swine number 47,321,000, valued at \$283,550,000. In the aggregate the value of farm animals has increased a few million dollars within the year and since the census of 1900 has increased 3 per cent.

With this enormous production, the Secretary says, the wants of 83,000,000 people have been supplied, with a remaining surplus constituting a generous contribution to other nations.

CAMPAIGN FUNDS MAY SEE LIGHT

Plan Set on Foot by Perry Belmont to Bring About Publicity as to Donations

COMMITTEE IS SELECTED

Subject Will Be Brought to the Attention of Congress and Legislation Advocated

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Perry Belmont of New York, who is advocating a plan for publicity in all matters relating to campaign contributions, has appointed the following committee to urge legislation on the subject:

Joseph W. Folk, Missouri; Governor Lucius C. Garvin, Rhode Island; M. E. Douglas, Ohio; Melville E. Stone, New York; G. B. M. Harvey, New York; Oscar S. Strauss, New York; Norman S. Mack, John G. Milburn, Edward M. Sheppard, Martin W. Littlejohn, J. Hampton Robb, Edward Lauterbach, Francis L. Stenson, former Governor Frank S. Black, D. E. Lockwood, Julius M. Mayer, George B. Haven Putney, all of New York; J. W. Kern, Indiana; Clark Howell, Georgia; John Wannamaker, Philadelphia; J. H. Clark and Judson Harmon, Ohio; W. D. Vandiver, Missouri; August Belmont, New York; J. J. Willett, Alabama; B. B. Smalley, Vermont; Joseph Quincy, Massachusetts; John S. Lamb, Indiana; Colonel Alexander Troup, Connecticut; P. H. Quinn, Rhode Island; Charles W. Knapp, Missouri; E. Francis L. Stenson, New York; Claude A. Swanson, Virginia; Ira Remsen, Baltimore; John T. McGraw, West Virginia; James K. Jones, Arkansas; Andrew Carnegie, Pennsylvania; William R. Nelson, Cincinnati; J. G. Schurman, president, Cornell University; James A. Tate, Tennessee; E. Benjamin Andrews, University of Nebraska; George D. Adams, Iowa; George Harris, president of Amherst College; M. Woolsey Striker, president, of Hamilton College.

Belmont has sent letters to prominent men throughout the country expressing the opinion that the time has arrived to advocate by means of organization, national in character, the enactment in all States of such legislation on the subject as "embodies the results of the practical experience of Missouri and Massachusetts."

The letter says William J. Bryan, Judge Gray, Carl Schurz, James R. Garfield, Edward M. Shepard and Samuel Gompers are among those who have consented to act as members of the national committee now being formed.

"The necessity of Federal legislation on this subject has become apparent," it is added, "and such legislation should be strongly supported in the coming session of Congress."

The New Safety Station

At the foot of Grant avenue and O'Farrell street faces the best Trunk, Dress Suit Case, Hand Bag and General Leather Goods Department in the city—come and see us. All our holiday goods now on display. Sanborn, Vail & Co., 741 Market street.

BURGERS BLOW OPEN A SAFE AND SET FIRE TO BUILDING

Thieves Frightened Away Before They Have Chance to Loot the Vault.
ONTARIO, Nov. 26.—Burglars last night entered the office of the Ontario Power Company and dynamited the safe. The explosion set fire to the building and caused a damage of \$1000. Passers-by were attracted by the fire and it was extinguished before the building was destroyed. The burglars were frightened away and were unable to effect an entrance to the safe.

A Few Facts About Clothes To Order From \$10 to \$35

- If you do not have us make your clothes, you are paying more for them than you need to.
- The above statement is convincingly proven by the following facts:
- We buy all our cloth direct from the largest woolen mills in America. We are the only retail firm on this coast who can buy direct from the mills. No tailor in the West can buy as we do. His business is not large enough. He must buy from the jobber.
- We save you the twenty-five per cent the other tailors are forced to pay the jobbers before they can get the cloth.
- Through a large volume of business we can operate with less running expenses than a small establishment. The profit of other tailors is fully ten per cent more than ours.
- In ordering your clothes here you save thirty-five per cent. Think of it! You save a third. The suit we make for \$20 will cost you \$30 elsewhere.
- We guarantee the fit and wear of the clothes. If they do not fit to your entire satisfaction we will make you another suit at no extra charge, or refund your money if preferable to you.
- If you are pleased and take the suit we will keep the garments in repair free. Furthermore, we will sponge and press the clothes at no charge any time you bring them in.
- The prices range from \$10 to \$35. In this range every man's price is represented.
- Will you buy your clothes from S. N. Wood & Co., or will you go elsewhere and pay more money? That is the question.
- Suits satisfactorily made to order for out-of-town customers—write for self-measuring blank and samples.



S. N. WOOD & CO.

Manufacturers Wholesalers and Retailers of Clothing

Two Large Stores

740 Market Street and Cor. Powell and Ellis