



THE WEATHER.

Forecast for November 29, 1906: San Francisco and vicinity—Cloudy unsettled weather Wednesday, probably rain; brisk south winds.

THE CALL

THE THEATERS. ALCAZAR—"My Friend From India." ALHAMBRA—"The Millionaire Detective." CALIFORNIA—"The Parisian Belles." CECE—"Vaudeville." COLUMBIA—"The Sho Gun." FISCHER—"Vaudeville." GRAND—"King Richard III." LYRIC HALL—"Outcast Lecture." MATINEE ONLY. MAJESTIC—"The Light Eternal." ORPHEUM—"Vaudeville." MATINEE. TIVOLI—"Comic Opera."

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SAN FRANCISCO, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1906.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HILLS OF SEBASTOPOL MAY RESOUND TO-DAY WITH ROAR OF CANNON.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 29, 1:54 a. m.—The last day of grace accorded the mutineers at Sebastopol expired at midnight, with no signs of surrender on the part of the men. The hills towering above the harbor of the Russian stronghold in the Black Sea may resound this morning with the roar of musketry and cannon.

HOWISON SAYS ALL ANIMAL LIFE IS IMMORTAL.

Now comes Dr. George H. Howison, the eminent philosopher of the University of California, with a declaration to his class that all animal life has the reflective faculty of mind and is not guided altogether by instinct. And intelligence and mind, wherever found, are immortal, asserts the savant.

Philosopher Startles Class With His Statement.

Asserts Lower Forms Have Reflective Mind.

BERKELEY, Nov. 28.—The startling declaration that animals have intelligence which corresponds to the reflective faculty in man, and that this gives the lower orders of creation the right to be regarded as immortal, created a sensation in Professor George H. Howison's classroom at the University of California this morning and inspired a buzz of tongues through the philosophy building that did not subside until the place was deserted for the day.

Professor Howison barely escaped making the declaration of belief that animals have souls—immortal souls—his statements regarding the matter leaving it to be inferred, as all of those present did infer, that the distinguished philosopher who addressed them has it as part of his belief that animals are immortal, that their intelligence is that which will live forever, and that it is man's intelligence also, which is to insure his immortality.

The venerable philosopher's positive statement that animals have mental powers which enable them to reflect and that such intelligence is to be immortal as much so as human intelligence appeared to constitute a novelty in philosophic thought and was so regarded by Professor Howison's class in ethics.

EXISTENCE IS ETERNAL. Professor Howison's remarks on this subject were in effect as follows:

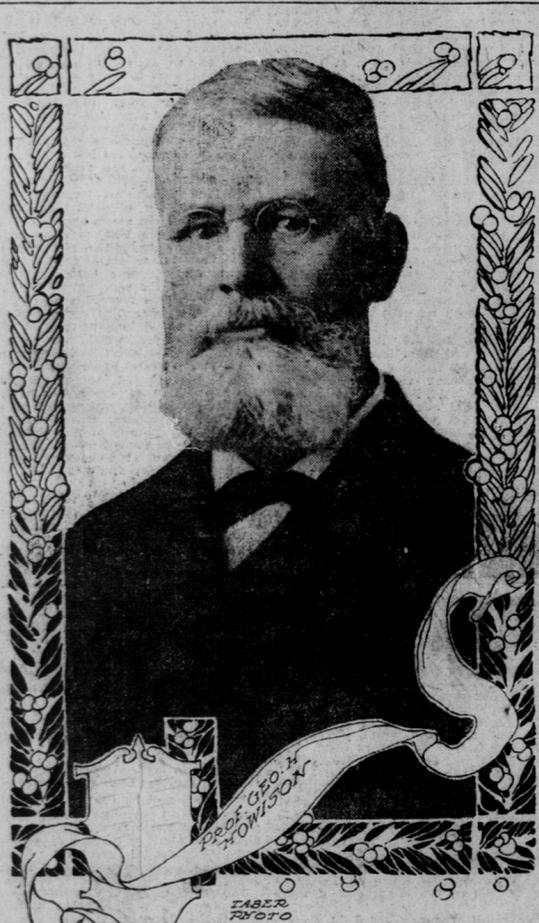
"Animals have intellect, as do men. The difference in intellect consists in the difference in the hindrance to the intellectual faculty. Increased intelligence means increased control, perfected control. Do animals reflect as man does? Undoubtedly they do. If they reflect then they have intelligence. Once it is admitted that they have intelligence then you must admit that they are to exist eternally just as much as you are to exist eternally. Are animals capable of overcoming the hindrance to their intellectual faculty? I answer yes."

No hint had been given by Professor Howison, whose lectures on ethics attract the greater part of the student body which is philosophically inclined, that his class to-day would be treated to so sensational a discussion as was given during the hour when "Ethics" is discussed by the aged philosopher. Evolution has been the subject matter of most of Professor Howison's philosophical lectures of late, and it was upon evolution that the class to-day fixed its mind when Professor Howison began his address.

Scouting the idea entertained by some apostles of evolution that consciousness has been evolved from matter, Professor Howison proceeded to demonstrate to-day that there always has been consciousness—self-existing, eternal consciousness. From this phase of the subject, which was not particularly novel, the university philosopher diverged to a discussion of intelligence, as exhibited in animals, and then came his radical declaration—radical to the young idea which he was instructing, at least—that animals have reflective capacity which qualifies them to be classed as reasoning beings, with intelligence corresponding to man's intelligence, the latter being assumed to be immortal.

RELIGION OF BUDDHA. The religion of Buddha was cited by Professor Howison as an example of recognition given by a great religious teacher to the lower animals, a recognition nowhere granted by Jesus Christ. Alike from the doctrine of Buddha embrace a recognition of the dignity of the lower order of animals, said Professor Howison. A remarkable feature of Christ's teachings is that they include no reference to this, a leading phase of Buddhism. In this respect Buddha may be said to surpass Christ, according to Howison, although Buddha had no such conception of the immortality of the soul and the dignity of the individual and the individual life, as did Jesus Christ. Christ in this respect grandly transcended the religious teacher of India.

The Biblical story of the serpent in the Garden of Eden, and the curse said to have been pronounced there upon the serpent, was smilingly referred to by Professor Howison, with the declaration that



EMINENT SCIENTIST WHO SAYS THAT ALL ANIMAL LIFE IS IMMORTAL.

CALIFORNIAN RESIGNS FROM NAVAL SCHOOL. Midshipman White Dissatisfied With His Treatment.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Robert E. White, midshipman at the naval academy, has resigned because he is dissatisfied with the treatment he receives at the hands of upper classmen. In his letter of resignation, received by the Secretary of the Navy to-day, White gave as his reasons for resigning that he considers himself "unfit for the service" and that he has found the naval academy distasteful to him since he began his course about four months ago.

It is believed that White was forced out of the academy by the midshipmen's code of honor. White was appointed from California.

FIERCE FIRE CAUSES A BIG PROPERTY LOSS. Manufacturing Establishments Damaged Fully \$100,000.

A disastrous fire broke out early this morning in the cigar box manufacturing establishment of Ellis & Gautadine, at 224 Fremont street, and before the fire department got the flames under control property valued at \$100,000 was consumed.

The fire was discovered by Policeman Walsh, who was making his rounds shortly after 1:30 a. m. Two alarms were sent in and a dozen engines were soon attacking the conflagration from every point. The fire was fanned by a stiff breeze and quickly spread to adjoining structures. The fire was fiercest in the building occupied by the Jardine Machine Company, which was entirely consumed.

Among the places completely destroyed were Union Iron Works at 222 Fremont street; Reliance Engine Company, 226 Fremont; Ellis-Gautadine cigar box manufacturers, 224 Fremont; and the Jardine Machine Works at 218 Fremont. Heavy loss was also sustained by the V. Kingwell Brass Foundry at 238 Fremont street and the Betts Spring Company at 216 Fremont street.

The losses will probably reach fully \$100,000. Most of the property is insured. At 2 a. m. the department had the fire under control.

TWO MEN ARE SHOT BY MASKED THIEVES. SPOKANE, Nov. 28.—Three masked men while holding up the Hilliard Bar saloon at 7 o'clock to-night shot Thomas Kehoe, the bartender, twice in the head and when he came out from behind the bar they beat him on the head with their revolvers. It is thought that he will die. The thugs also shot J. C. Parks, breaking his arm. They also shot at Jack Regan. The robbers then jumped into a sleigh owned by a farmer and escaped. Hilliard is a suburb of Spokane.

BLOWN UP BY GIANT POWDER. Lodging-House Is Wrecked by Blast. Husband and Wife Hurlled Into Alley. Woman Mangled and Man Is Seriously Injured.

Two Score Inmates Thrown Into Panic, but Escape With Their Lives.

An explosion which destroyed a building at 10 St. Charles place, off Pacific street, occurred early this morning and nearly sacrificed the lives of forty people who were in the house. Isador Sellinger and his wife, Augusta Sellinger, were badly mangled and are being treated at the Central Emergency Hospital. The east side of the building is a total ruin. Sellinger and his wife were blown from the ruins into a narrow alleyway that leads to Pacific street, and were extricated with difficulty by the police.

What caused the explosion is a mystery. It is probable, however, that giant powder or dynamite—stored within the room in which the man and woman slept—was responsible for the blow-up. The two sons of Sellinger, both of whom are employed in a local drug establishment, assert that no explosives or chemicals were kept on the premises. The police, however, discovered a quantity of gunpowder in the room of one of the boys and dispute the assertion that nothing of an explosive nature was around the house.

The explosion startled the residents in the neighborhood of Kearny street and Broadway. Police Officers Sullivan, Lysett and Nelson, neither of whom appeared on the scene and commenced the work of rescue.

Sellinger and his wife were found buried under a heap of debris and it was with difficulty that the police extricated them. They had been hurled from their bed and when the walls fell outward they dropped into a narrow alley, in which the police found them.

Sellinger is the proprietor of the house. He and his wife occupied the room in which the explosion took place and his two sons, Benjamin and Harry, occupied a room adjoining. Both of the boys awoke when the report occurred and found themselves buried under a mass of plaster and timber. Neither was seriously injured. Both denied emphatically to Detectives Mulcahy and Matheson that anything in the nature of an explosive was kept about the place.

The police after an investigation are of the opinion that the explosive was stored away in the room. The investigation covered every person who occupied the house, and thus far it has not been discovered that any who were lodgers had any enemy or could have been responsible for the affair.

The injuries to Sellinger consist of a lacerated wound of the scalp, a lacerated wound of the right eyelid and a contusion on the foot. His wife had her right foot mangled in such a manner that the surgeons at the Central Emergency Hospital found amputation necessary, and she sustained an extensive lacerated wound of the left foot.

Logger Dies in the Snow. FRESNO, Nov. 28.—The body of Samp Smith was found in the snow a few miles from Shaver Lake to-day at noon. Smith was a logger employed by the Fresno Flume and Irrigation Company at Camp Four. Monday night he left the Meadow Saloon, where he had been drinking, for his home. To-day he was found where he had probably fallen in a drunken stupor, beside the tracks of the company's logging road. Smith leaves a family.

GAS POISONING MAY CONCEAL ROBBERIES. Fotis Valisaris, a Greek, was found partly asphyxiated by gas at 829 Howard street yesterday. When revived he claimed his murder was planned to conceal theft of his money. Two suspects are held and similar cases have attracted police investigation.

Greek Says Murder Was to Hide Theft

PHOTOGRAPH OF MISS MAMIE WALTERS, WHO WAS ARRESTED YESTERDAY BY THE POLICE IN CONNECTION WITH THE POISONING OF FOTIS VALISARIS BY GAS AT 829 HOWARD STREET.



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In the miraculous escape of Fotis Valisaris, a Greek, from the fumes of the deadly illuminating gas at a lodging-house at 829 Howard street, yesterday morning, the police believe they have obtained a clew to criminals who have made a practice of robbing foreigners after rendering them unconscious. Valisaris was found unconscious in his room and he claims that his room was entered after he retired, the gas turned on and an attempt to rob him frustrated only by the action of a fellow lodger. The police have made two arrests, and are still working on the case.

A similar affair took place a year ago at 827 Howard street, next door. The Greek who narrowly escaped death was robbed of \$45, and left by his plunderers to die of the carbon monoxide fumes. Valisaris and the police are convinced that the same cold-blooded crime was enacted yesterday morning. There have been four other asphyxiations of foreigners by gas within the radius of a block, some resulting in death.

Another circumstance that points to systematic work of thieves in the house is the report by Gus Pepsalis that his room was entered a week ago by a woman who eluded his grasp and escaped. The woman gained entrance with a latchkey, and her attempts to steal his money from beneath the pillow, caused her detection. Pepsalis says the woman had a shawl over her head, and he could not identify her. Valisaris was found by Jack Bradshaw, the night clerk, who, together with J. H. Hill, a lodger, and the landlady, Mrs. May Allen, attempted to resuscitate the Greek. Their efforts were partially successful, as Valisaris was in a semi-conscious condition when the ambulance arrived. At the Central Emergency Hospital the case was confused by the arrival of two more Greeks from another part

Mutineers Are Ready for Battle. Czar Must Elect to Attack or Retreat. Troops Not Likely to Heed Orders to Open Fire. First Shot Would Be Signal for General Outbreak of Revolt.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 29, 2:30 a. m.—The rebellious sailors at Sebastopol, whose crew mutinied, has been assumed by Lieutenant Scheddt, who was dismissed from the service on account of his revolutionary tendencies. The Town Council has asked for help to save the city.

SEBASTOPOL, Nov. 28.—The command of the cruiser Otchakoff, whose crew mutinied, has been assumed by Lieutenant Scheddt, who was dismissed from the service on account of his revolutionary tendencies. The Town Council has asked for help to save the city.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 29, 2 a. m.—The rebellious sailors at Sebastopol are playing a waiting game and apparently have full confidence that the guns of the fleet will not be turned against them. If they have not actually disregarded the summons to haul down the red flag, they seem determined to make the authorities show their hand.

Whether General Neptuoff, the commandant of the fortress, will be released by the mutineers, and whether General Baron Meller-Gakolevskii will dare to accept the challenge of the mutineers and stake the discipline and loyalty not only of the troops at his disposal, but of the whole army, on the cast, is, however, doubtful. Dispatches from a score of garrisons in Russia show that the land forces of the empire are in a state of discontent and any order to the troops to fire upon their comrades in the sister branch of the service might precipitate a general and widespread mutiny. On the other hand, it would be difficult to starve out the sailors by a regular siege, as provisions and water can be obtained by them and as they are under the guns of not unfriendly warships.

CREWS WILL NOT OBEY. The report that the whole fleet had gone over to the mutineers under the command of Lieutenant Scheddt, the revolutionary commander of the cruiser Otchakoff, is incorrect, though the officers of the ships, during Vice Admiral Kruger's abortive demonstration against the mutineers on the Kliaz Potemkin (now the Pantelimon) at Odessa, probably will be unable to obtain obedience of the crews for the carrying out of any measures against their comrades.

The staff quarters at Sebastopol are guarded by Cossacks and the officers in the streets are accompanied by escorts of Cossacks, the only branch of the service the fidelity of which is absolutely unquestioned. Even the members of the Guard regiments, who are pets of the imperial family and superlatively paid and treated, as compared with the members of other regiments, are joining in the revolutionary movement.

Two hundred and fifty men of the Guard regiments who were said to have been leaders in spreading the revolutionary propaganda were arrested at their barracks last night.

It is understood that the soldiers of the equipages from which the crews of the imperial yachts are drawn will be withdrawn to St. Petersburg on account of dissatisfaction among them.

ANOTHER GENERAL STRIKE. The Council for National Defense held a protracted session yesterday at which the situation was discussed. The rumblings of another general strike are being discussed among them.

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