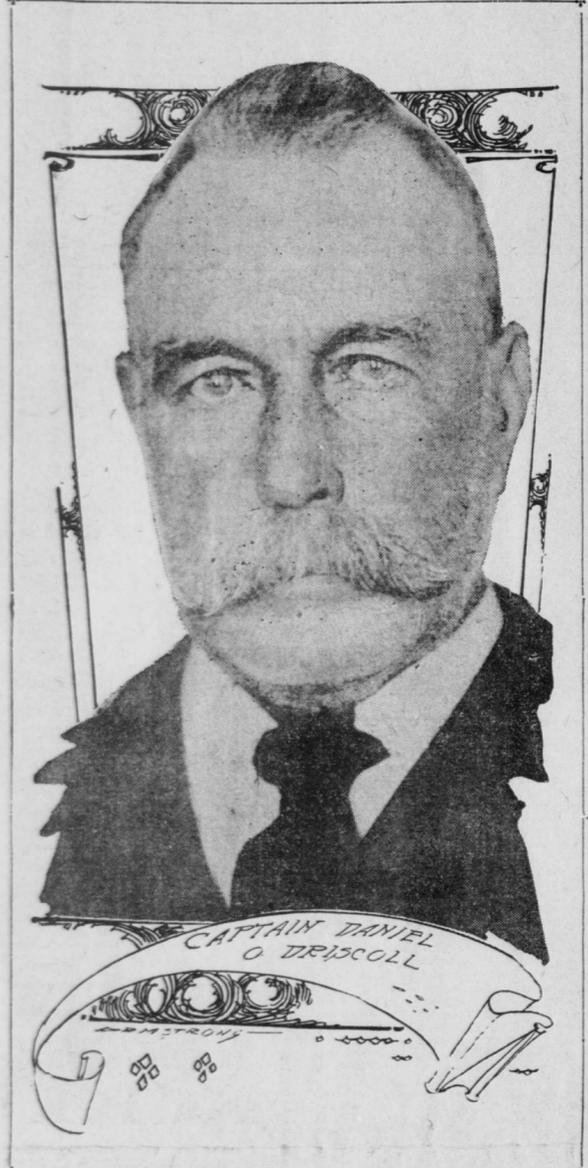


# MIRACULOUSLY RESTORED TO SIGHT AND REASON.

## Recovery of Captain W. O. Driscoll From Living Death Amazes Physicians.



MASTER MARINER WHO SUDDENLY REGAINED SIGHT AND REASON IN OAKLAND WHILE BEING DETAINED BECAUSE HIS FACULTIES HAD GIVEN AWAY. NOT TILL HE COULD HIMSELF TELL WAS IDENTITY LEARNED.

OAKLAND, Feb. 18.—Totally blind and bereft of his reason six days ago, Captain Daniel O. Driscoll, a retired mariner, had both sight and reason restored to him to-day. Last Monday night he was found trying to feel his way along the street and muttering unintelligibly. Since then he has been lying in the detention ward of the Receiving Hospital almost in a state of coma. To-day he saw the sunlight again and became once more a rational being.

He was lying on his cot, his sightless eyes turned toward the door of his cell. His lips were muttering gibberish. Suddenly he rose and moved toward the door with arms outstretched. The attendant thought he was attempting to escape. But the light of reason shone in the patient's face. "There was no suggestion of insane menace in his attitude. "I am Captain Driscoll," he said with mild dignity. "Why am I here? Where am I? What has happened to me?" Steward Harry Borchert was so amazed at the seeming miracle that he hardly knew how to act. The steward gradually learned that the patient had a son and a daughter living at 1023 Buchanan street in San Francisco. He telephoned and they immediately came to Oakland. Captain Driscoll was at one time one of the best known master mariners on the Pacific Coast. Of late he has been living quietly with his son and daughter in San Francisco. Falling health forced him to abandon the vocation he loved.

**CASE PUZZLED DOCTORS.**  
The case is a mystery to medical men. Dr. E. N. Ewer, City Physician of Oakland, hazards the guess that the case of Captain Driscoll may be something akin to Jacksonian epilepsy. Another theory is that the temporary loss of sight and reason was caused by an "epileptic falling in a fit should as suddenly recover. The case is one for the investigation of specialists on medical troubles and as far as I know without a parallel in medical history."

**TELLS STORY OF WANDERING.**  
The mystery of how the man got from the Marine Hospital in San Francisco is almost as great a one as his recovery. He tells the following story of his wanderings:  
I can only remember that I left the Marine Hospital in San Francisco, where I had been under treatment in an effort to recover the use of my eyes, about 10 o'clock last morning. From that time until I came to myself in this room two hours ago I know absolutely nothing. I feel like a man who has just awakened from sleep, and at times there is a flash of dim recollection that I knew I was confined in a cell, and most of the time since I have recovered my memory I have been unable to remember anything since I left the hospital. The first that I knew of the trouble, which evidently caused the loss of my memory, was on December 8 of last year when my eyes just suddenly began to fail. By the morning of December 9 I was totally blind.  
On January 9 I went to the Marine Hospital, where I remained under the care of Dr. Houston until last Monday, when I remember that some impulse caused me to leave the hospital at 6 o'clock in the morning. That is the last thing I remember until I suddenly recovered two hours ago and was told by Mr. Borchert that I was in the Oakland Receiving Hospital on suspicion of insanity.  
Captain Driscoll was taken home to San Francisco last night by his two children. Driscoll is a little pale and weak, but otherwise seems none the worse for his experience.

# CHINA REPORTED AS BEING QUIET

## Cablegrams From Missionaries in the Empire Say No Trouble Has Occurred

LONDON, Feb. 18.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Shanghai says: "Nothing is known here of conditions requiring the dispatch of United States troops to China. There is no marked anti-foreign feeling in Northern or Central China."  
NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—In view of the many disturbing reports appearing in the public press concerning the conditions in the empire and the possibility of further outbreaks, such as those at Lienchow and Shanghai, and the consequent anxiety of relatives and friends of missionaries in China, the secretary of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal church sent cablegrams of inquiry to Bishop Bashford at Shanghai and also to representatives of the several missions of that church at Tientsin, North China; Nanking, Central China; Chungking, West China, and Fochow, for the Fochow and Hinghua missions.  
These cablegrams were sent on Thursday and Friday, February 15 and 16. That to Bishop Bashford covered an inquiry into all the church's missions in China. He recently returned from an official visit to the West China Mission, coming down the river through the Central China Mission, whose chief stations are on the Yangtze. In the late fall he spent some weeks in the Fochow and Hinghua missions in the south, where there has been the most agitation among the Chinese people. The Bishop's telegram, dated February 16, is reassuring. It is as follows: "All are safe in China. No danger apparent."  
The responses from the mission treasurers in North, Central, Western and South China, dated February 17, are of like tenor to that from the Bishop. They are as follows:  
TIENSIN—No disturbances; safe.  
NANKING—No trouble anywhere.  
FOUCHOW—Fochow and Hinghua quiet.  
CHUNGKING—All quiet.

Not a letter received recently at the missionary office from any Methodist missionary in China speaks of any trouble or excitement among the Chinese people or expresses an apprehension of an outbreak.  
The secretaries of the Missionary Society added to the foregoing statement the following:  
As China is in a tranquil state and the leaven of Western ideas is working the mass, some of the ferment is to be expected, but any general uprising such as the Boxer uprising is not very probable. The veteran missionary, Dr. Arthur Smith, author of "China in Convulsion," expects some trouble and sporadic outbreaks, but does not believe that the awful tragedy of 1900 can be repeated. The Government of China knows that the vengeance of the foreign nations would fall with terrific force not only upon the dynasty, but upon the empire itself, if the terrible scenes of 1900 were re-enacted.  
The situation is delicate and calls for prudence on the part of the missionaries and precautionary measures by the societies. The missionaries are on the ground; many of them are men and women of large experience and know how to discern signs of coming danger. It is safe to rely on their judgment. Bishop Bash-

# FALLIERES PRESIDENT

## With Simple Ceremony Loubet Surrenders the Office to His Successor and Passes Into Private Life

# CROWDS SURROUND THE ELYSEE PALACE

## Citizens of the Republic Cheer New Chief and the Guns of Every Garrison in Paris Thunder a Salute

PARIS, Feb. 18.—Clement Armand Fallieres to-day assumed the duties of President of France, while former President Loubet passed into private life. The ceremony of the transmission of office took place in the Elysee Palace at 4 o'clock this afternoon, while the crowds were massed in the surrounding streets, shouting "Long live the President" and "Long live Fallieres," and every military garrison thundered a salute of twenty-one guns.  
President Loubet, surrounded by the members of his Cabinet, the Presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies and the members of his military household, welcomed Fallieres and in a few earnest words committed the executive functions to the new President. The reply of Fallieres was without formality. It was a simple acceptance of the new responsibilities and an assurance of his best efforts in carrying them out.  
Fallieres and Loubet both wore evening dress, with the broad scarlet sash of the Legion of Honor across their breasts. The presence of their military staffs in full uniform gave a touch of brilliancy to the scene within the palace, while the escort of cuirassiers which accompanied Fallieres and Loubet to and from the palace gave fitting dignity to the occasion.  
Following the ceremony the former President and his family withdrew to their private apartments in the Rue Dante. President Fallieres did not remain long at the palace, returning to his former home, where his wife awaited him. President and Mme. Fallieres will take up their residence in the Elysee Palace to-morrow.  
Thousands lined the route from the Luxembourg Palace to the Elysee Palace and cheered the new President as he passed in an open landau with Premier Rouvier, smiling and bowing to the continuous ovations.  
The scene as the President-elect drove within the courtyard at the Elysee Palace was one of great animation. A regiment of infantry which encircled the entire courtyard, rendered military honors; bugles sounded fanfares, the colors were dipped and the band struck up the "Marseillaise."  
President Loubet awaited his successor in the Salon des Embassadeurs, where the formal transmission took place. After welcoming his successor, President Loubet said:  
"I have long and brilliant services to the republic assure the success of your presidency and the well being of the republic and country. Throughout my administration, which is now brought to a close, I have sought to establish peace, union and concord between all good citizens, that they might labor together in the upbuilding of our institutions of social progress and in strengthening the bonds between France and other countries. The future will say if I have realized some of this programme, to which I have concentrated all my efforts."  
"Thanks to the constant support of Parliament, the relations between France and other nations have been constantly fortified and we have full confidence in the maintenance of peace and security of the national honor."  
President Loubet closed with evidence of such emotion. Fallieres responded as follows:  
"I am profoundly touched by the cordiality of the welcome given me. I came here simply as one goes to a duty, knowing that I will be sustained in my task by the recollection of the high civic virtues of which you have never ceased to set an example during your term as President. I take up these great responsibilities hoping that I may fulfill them as you have done under all circumstances. Like you, I will be everything to France and to the republic."  
As a delicate compliment, President Fallieres drove with Loubet as the latter left the Elysee Palace to return to the life of a simple citizen.  
This evening Premier Rouvier formally handed the resignation of the Cabinet to President Fallieres. The new President, however, requests the Rouvier Ministry to continue in office. The Cabinet will meet on Tuesday morning for the first time in the administration of President Fallieres.

# TRouble ANTI-DYNASTIC

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The Tribune's correspondent at Peking in a dispatch discussing the "growth of the American boycott in an anti-foreign and anti-dynastic agitation on the discovery that the boycott has united all parties and has faiths into a common purpose," says:  
As time has advanced control of the boycott has passed completely from the hands of honest merchants to the revolutionaries, until now it has become a great weapon to overthrow the Manchu dynasty. Meanwhile the Government, energized by Japan's success, awoke to China's position in this regard and instituted wide-reaching reforms. To-day the Dowager Empress is, under Yuan Shi Kai's advice, the foremost reformer in the empire.  
The mass of the people believe China is capable of assuming her place at the head of nations and the Government for being pro-foreign and obstructive.  
Yuan Shi Kai possesses an equipped and disciplined army and has the power to control its political opinions. The Government's copper cent currency is at 90 per cent discount. Hence the Government has dispatched a force of disaffected Chinese with twenty-four guns against the bandits and guerrillas, a service in which it will be absolutely ineffective.  
The ice will break up soon, and as recent experiences have demonstrated the impossibility of transporting guns across the mud flats after the thaw, the presumption is that Yuan Shi Kai has removed the danger when the blowing up of a single mine by the guns would cut off Peking.  
The crisis is anti-dynastic and only incidentally anti-foreign. Of the 800 Chinese students in Japan, 500 of them are Manchus. These all carry revolvers as protection against their Chinese compatriots. Danger exists at Kwangung. All the Chinese in San Francisco are Cantonese.

# CRIMINAL WRITES OF FINANCIERS

## Remarkable Posthumous Manuscript of Edward Wiler Dunlap, Princeton Graduate and Notorious Convict

# GOES INTO THE LIVES OF WALL STREET MEN

## Says Speculative Plungers and Common Thieves Are Both Working Against Society in Different Channels

Special Dispatch to The Call, PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—"The kings of high finance who figure in the sensational events of to-day are merely the successors of Jesse James, 'Jimmy' Hope, Max Shilburn, 'Banjo Pete,' 'Piano Charlie' and other notorious criminals who perpetrated great robberies in their day."  
This, in substance, is the essence of the preface to one of the most remarkable studies in criminology ever reduced to writing. Edward Wiler Dunlap, an alumnus of Princeton and one of the most notorious criminals in the annals of America, made the observations and reduced them to writing while serving his sentences in penitentiaries. While in an Eastern penitentiary he attracted the attention of Dr. John Chalmers de Costa, who eventually procured his pardon and gave him an opportunity to live an honest and useful life.  
As a token of appreciation, Dunlap bequeathed his manuscript to Dr. de Costa, and, as an evidence of good faith, he directed that his body be dissected with a view to a scientific study of his skull and brain.  
Best known in the world of crime as "Split the Wind," Dunlap achieved national notoriety as a housebreaker. His literary efforts were confined to essays on the subject of involuntary crime, and in every chapter he sought to show that detected crime is held as a great moral wrong, while moral crime, kept within the strict letter of the law, has ever been exploited as enterprise and in some cases as genius. He analyzed the life work of Jay Gould and sought to show that it differed in no essential of morality from his own life. Carrying out this theory, Dunlap argued:  
"Just as new thieves have come upon the scene so have new methods been developed. The Napoleons of finance, who are the bandits of to-day, substitute legislation for the road agent's gun, and the threat implied by the familiar 'Hands up!' appears in the form of ruinous competition. Of the two types the road agent stands out the better man, because the braver."  
With an amazing knowledge of finance, he dissected many of the more notable achievements of men like Morgan, Gates, Schwab, Rogers, Rockefeller and Lawson, and, upon presenting irresistible conclusions, asks science to tell the world wherein these men differed from him, in that his robberies violated only the law of the land, while their

# BOY WANDERS FROM HOME IN SACRAMENTO



13-YEAR-OLD BOY OF SACRAMENTO WHO HAS BEEN MISSING SEVERAL DAYS.

# Father of Frederick Muller Seeking Lost Son.

Frederick Muller, a 13-year-old boy, has been missing from his home, 913 Thirteenth street, Sacramento, since last Friday. His parents believe that he has made his way to this city or Oakland, as he was an adventurous little fellow. The father of Frederick visited The Call office yesterday and left a description of the missing boy. The little fellow is 5 feet 1 1/2 inches tall and has brown hair and gray eyes. He wore a gray coat, corduroy trousers, and a black and yellow sweater. The boy's parents are very much concerned over his disappearance.

**Hollister to Have New Hall.**  
SAN JOSE, Feb. 18.—A movement is on foot to provide Hollister with a new \$20,000 Hall of Records. The Supervisors of San Benito County have called for plans and specifications for the proposed building and work will be commenced with money from the general fund.

**If You Want Satisfaction.**  
That is, if you want the best pictures you ever saw for a little money, come to our Art Gallery, where we are displaying broken lots of pictures at fast selling prices. Sanborn, Vail & Co., 741 Market street.

# SAYS MITCHELL HAS "BIG HEAD"

## President Dolan of the Pittsburgh District United Mine Workers Denounces Chief

# MAKES MANY CHARGES

## National Leader of Organization Accused of Shirking His Responsibilities

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 18.—In a statement he made public to-night President Dolan of the local district, United Mine Workers of America, scores the methods of John Mitchell, national president of the Mine Workers, and charges him with trying to shirk the responsibility for the present position of the Mine Workers. Dolan also accuses Mitchell of "playing to the galleries" by throwing the operators with a national strike, but "the operators called the bluff." Mitchell is further charged with having sent organizers into the local field to defeat Dolan and use the money belonging to the miners by their getting out of a Turkish bath he disappeared from the convention with an attack of what he called "nervous prostration." Never in his career has he fought against the popular tide, no matter whether it was right or wrong. Two years ago, when the operators whipped him into line for a reduction he disappeared from the convention with the labor movement that Mitchell is suffering from a common, ordinary case of "big head." He is working all the time toward one-man power, and the truth of the matter is that he is not in touch with his own people or with the mining situation. Circumstances have made him. The tide has always been in his favor until lately, and now he does not measure up to his job. It takes something besides a Prince Albert coat and carnation in the buttonhole to make a real labor leader. It takes common sense and courage, and the man who lacks either ought to hire somebody to tell him of his shortcomings and retire from his job.  
NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—John Mitchell and his associates on the anarchic miners' subcommittee to-day finished their work of preparing proposals for an agreement and probably will meet with the coal operators' subcommittee on Tuesday or Wednesday.  
It is practically certain that the miners will take a firm demand for the eight-hour day for all men employed about the mines. One of the miners' representatives said to-day that the eight-hour question was more important to the men than any other demand mentioned. If at the meeting with the operators this week no agreement should be reached the miners would have to go back to Pennsylvania, and the whole matter would be submitted to a tri-district convention, that being a convention of the three big anthracite districts which control the entire coal field. No matter what may be the result of the conference here it will have to be ratified by the convention to be held in Pennsylvania.

Dr. McKanna's treatment for the liquor habit has no equal. 14 Geary.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Twenty-one depositors of the defunct Bank of America received checks for their money to-day, the bank having been open between 10 o'clock in the morning and 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Only \$2000 remains due to savings accounts.

ROME, Feb. 18.—Pope Pius has decided to hold a consistory February 23 to appoint fifteen French Bishops to the twenty-two vacant Bishops. No new Cardinals will be created.

# HEPBURN BILL MEETS FAVOR

## Its Substance Preferred by the President to That of All Other Measures

# AMENDMENTS POSSIBLE

## Executive, However, Opposed to Changes Which Would Alter the Main Feature

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—President Roosevelt in a recent talk with Senators and Representatives has stated that, while he is not attempting to dictate the terminology of the railroad rate bill, his preference is that the substance of the Hepburn bill should be kept. He has taken occasion to say that he cares very little for the form of the bill if the "essence" be kept.  
There are two or three minor points on which he thinks amendments may possibly be made with advantage, as for instance, instead of making a 30-day limit for the time when a regulation is to take effect, to make it go into effect at any time set by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The President has felt that there are arguments both for and against the proposal that if a stay is granted the railroads shall be required, pending the decision, to pay into the court the difference between the rates as they exist and as they would exist if the commission's ruling is sustained. The President has emphasized that the main point is an appeal to the courts. The Hepburn bill itself, the President believes, allows such an appeal and so does every other bill proposed in both Houses.  
The proposal coming from Senators Aldrich, Foraker and others who hold similar views looking to a complete retrial of the case by the courts, both as to the law, and the facts, the President does not believe in. He believes, as outlined in his speech before the Iroquois Club last May, that the appeal to the courts should be only to test whether the order of the commission is in whole or in part confiscatory, and also to test the legality of the order.

**"Bring Them Out to California."**  
Bring out your folks and friends to California while rates are low. The Santa Fe will telegraph ticket and see that they get special attention. Conductor will look after them all the way to California.  
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**FORMER SAN FRANCISCO MAN KILLED BY TRAIN NEAR YUMA**  
Commercial Traveler for Paper House Meets Death While Heading His Way in Arizona.

YUMA, Ariz., Feb. 18.—Robert Grepen, formerly of San Francisco, leader of Los Angeles, where he was a traveling salesman for the Blake, Moffatt & Towne Paper Company, was run over last night by an east-bound passenger train on which it is supposed he was trying to beat his way. He was found at 1:30 o'clock this morning near the track by a freight crew, west bound, and brought to Yuma and taken to the County Hospital. One arm had been cut off, a leg broken, the toes of one foot cut off and the lower portion of his body crushed. He died an hour after reaching this city. He has a wife and child in Los Angeles.

# There's a difference in Tailors.

Why our made-to-measure Suits at \$15 are most excellent.

We will build you a suit of clothes for \$15 that no other tailor could afford to sell for less than \$25. This is a broad statement, but it is a fact and there's a reason for it--- and a good reason.

Most all the tailoring shops in this city give out their work to individuals. The material is cut in their own establishments, but, generally speaking, the work of making the clothes is done outside by contract. They naturally are compelled to employ a class of help of uneven ability. Many of these individuals may be good workers, while in the majority of them there is a vast opportunity for improvement, and so the class of workmanship under these conditions is always uncertain.

It is, of course, impossible for tailors to operate their own shops until their volume of business has reached vast proportions. You will readily recognize the full meaning of this when we tell you that in our tailor shops upward of two hundred journeymen tailors are employed the year around. From the drafting of your pattern to the last touch of the presser's iron your garment never leaves our personal supervision—insuring a uniform excellence which by any other system is impossible.

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