TELEGRAPH OPERATORS PRESENT NEW SCHEDULE

Postal Promises to Consider Demands of Union Employes

AID FOR THE CARMEN

Labor Council Will Take Up Case of the Brewery Workmen

The committee appointed by the telegraphers' union at its meeting Sunday to present the schedule of wages and hours asked for by the operators called upon the officials of the Postal and Western Union telegraph companies yesterday.

The Postal company received the schedule and promised to consider it, but the Western Union official, while meeting the committee, refused to receive any communication from it.

The press dispatches yesterday made mention of the president of the union being in communication with the executive board of the Western Union at New York, and it is supposed that the San Francisco schedule formed a portion of the communication.

* * *

Pavers' union No. 18 voted a donation of $150 last night to be divided equally among the laundry workers, telephone operators and carmen. It was decided to impose a fine of $25 on members caught riding on the cars.

* * *

Boiler makers' union No. 205 has ratified the agreement between the iron trades council and the employers.

* * *

The brick layers' union was waited upon last night by committees from the unions on strike, each of which expressed thanks for the donations made by the union. It was stated that there was no foundation for reports to the effect that the brick layers of this city intended to ask for a change in the scale of wages. The contractors shortly after the conflagration voluntarily raised the wages from $6 to $7. There will not be any change in the scale for two years at least. A few men have received $8 a day.

* * *

Painters' union No. 19 at its meeting last night donated $300 to the telephone operators and purchased 200 tickets for the ball game next Sunday at Recreation park for the benefit of the unions on strike. This union will hold a special meeting next Monday night to consider the advisability of subscribing for additional stock in the Building Trades temple.

* * *

Work on the Building Trades council temple at Fourteenth and Guerrero streets, which was suspended because of the lack of steel, will be resumed today. Much of the steel has been received.

* * *

The action in the east in regard to the brewery workers who have been read out of the American federation of labor is likely to come up in the labor council next Friday, possibly on an order from President Samuel Gompers. Those who are most interested in the matter from the labor standpoint say they will stand pat, as by referendum vote taken a short time ago by an almost unanimous vote of 40,000 it was decided not to do as the federation desired.

* * *

Bakers' union No. 24 at its meeting last Saturday night donated $600 to the carmen's union and purchased $100 worth of tickets for a benefit for that union. The union will hold a special meeting June 15 to nominate candidates for the offices to be filled at the election on July 6.

* * *

Carpenters' union No. 22 and millmen's union No. 423 intend to help the laundry workers by having a team of ball players from each organization play a game at the recreation grounds next Sunday.

* * *

The photo-engravers' union has decided to assess its members to aid the unions now on strike.

An election of officers will be held in Lilly hall by carpenters' union No. 22 June 14.

* * *

A strike was contemplated in one of the large houses in Atlanta, Ga., recently, by the garment workers employed there, but last week the firm announced that the workers, commencing June 1, would be allowed a full holiday on Saturday provided they would work the other five days in the week from 7 in the morning until 5:30 in the afternoon. This offer was accepted.

* * *

The annual convention of the national association of steam engineers will be held at New Bedford July 12-13.

* * *

The horseshoers' union of Boston has won its increased scale for the current year and all the men have returned to work.

The Boston and Maine railroad company has given to its car department men a general increase averaging about 7 per cent on all schedules.

* * *

The New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad company has granted its machinists a 2½ cents increase and its helpers 2 cents per hour.

* * *

The Boston barbers' union is now second, as to numerical strength, in the country.

The newspaper compositors of Brockton, Mass., have been allowed an increase of $1 a week.

* * *

The "surprise test," which is being adopted in the east by a number of the larger railroad companies is a new condition which the locomotive engineers are to face. An eastern journal says:

The "surprise test" distinctly is a surprise. It grew out of the recent alarming series of railroad wrecks which have stirred the whole country. Railroad managers, looking into the causes of wrecks that have occurred, have begun to wonder how many other wrecks might have resulted if something hadn't happened to counteract the results of carelessness on the part of train crews.

The "surprise test" will furnish a line on this possibility to the extent that it is put to service. Materials for the test belong to the fixed code of signals that govern the movement of trains. When a block is set against a train, or a fuse left burning, or a torpedo laid on the rail, or a signal light attached unexpectedly to a train on a siding under these "signal tests," somebody will be close at hand to note and report how carefully these "test" signals are regarded. The engineer will not know of the fact. He will not know whether the signal is a "tester" or whether it be the real thing. But the operating department of his road will know how he acts toward that signal in observing rules.

* * *

There are some of the people of Pennsylvania who are not satisfied with the liability bill, but the labor leaders declare honest employers are needlessly excited over the act, which they declare is not aimed at employers as much as it is designed to rectify unjust conditions which have been introduced by modern casualty and liability companies.

"It is only sheer justice to give labor an employers' liability law so that the injured workingman can have something to defend himself with against the employers' liability companies," said Frank Feeney, the president of the central labor union, recently. "The employers who most strenuously object to our liability law are the very ones who have set the pace for us. If things were like they were in olden days we might not need an employers' liability law. The employer would take an interest in the safety and welfare of his employes, and if any accident happened the kindly disposed old fashioned employer would endeavor to do justice to his faithful employe injured in his service. There are some of those employers still. But the most modern way, the most prevalent way, is for the employers to take out a policy in one of the modern casualty or liability companies. In theory, these casualty policies insure the lives of the firm's employes. Some employers believe that they do, others don't care whether they do or not so long as the casualty company attends to all their damage suits for them. Now, in practice, these casualty companies amount to a pool of employers combined to deny their injured workingmen even the most scanty justice. The casualty companies are not in business to insure the lives of employes; their business is to insure employers against all claims; their business is to pay nothing to anybody, the maimed, the widows or the orphans. The casualty companies never pay. They fight from one court to another, wearing out the penniless plaintiff, drilling it into the heads of all other employes that they have no show in court. We have injured brothers in every union who have been the victims of employers taking chances on the lives of their employes because casualty policies are cheap and the casualty companies must do something to earn their money."

* * *

There is considerable feeling between the American federation of labor and the knights of labor. Recently Simon Burns, president of the windowglass workers' association, L. A. No. 300, knights of labor, and grand master of the knights of labor, said:

Of all the trusts and combinations of capital in the country organized for the purpose of crushing competition there is none to be compared in downright meanness and in its methods to the American federation of labor, which seeks to crush down the very organization that gave it life and supported it in its weakness.

Time and time again, when organizations that are affiliated with Gompers' trust came to us for financial help or aid that we could give in any way, we have given; and I have the records to prove my statements if any one doubts them. What has been our reward? About a month ago the unions affiliated with the united labor league and the Iron City trades council were told that they must either desert the united labor league or they would be put out of the Iron City trades council. We have stood about all we are going to from these people.

We have never opposed them. We have not fought them. They attack us in other cities as well as this. A short time ago in Washington, D. C., one of our organizers organized the unskilled men employed on one of the big buildings in the city. The skilled men all belonged to organizations affiliated with the American federation of labor. When the skilled men heard that the unskilled men had been organized into the knights of labor they struck on them. They were willing to work with them when they were nonunion men, but never when they were knights of labor men. This has been their policy everywhere. It is a short sighted policy, that is dictated to them by their great chief, Samuel Gompers. They would rather have the workmen all unorganized in the city of Pittsburg than have them belong to the knights of labor. They had better look out or they will all be unorganized. We have stood all we are going to stand. They come around to us wanting to sell goods with union labels on them. Let them try it again. I wonder if they would have the hardihood.

* * *

The following from the Michigan Union Advocate of recent date is of general interest to all labor unions:

Judge Anderson of the United States court has rendered a decision in Indianapolis which is somewhat unique.

A strike of machinists took place in the Pope motor car company in that city and the men proceeded to picket the plant to prevent nonunionists from being employed. The company brought a number of men there, but many of them never reached the plant, being persuaded to return to their homes.

The company applied to the court for an injunction to prevent the picketing of its shop, which was granted, but not until a large bill of costs had been piled up. This the company demanded should be paid by the losing party.

The injunction had been issued against the machinists' union as an organization and against its members as individuals. The union had no tangible property and the court was asked to instruct its officers to proceed against such individuals among the strikers as had property not exempt under the homestead law.

Louis W. Poehler and Joseph W. Peltz, two of the striking machinists, were discovered to have unincumbered real estate. Fee bills were issued against them and their property was advertised for sale. The Poehler property brought $1,500, and as this sum was ample to pay the costs the Peltz home was not sold. The trust company that purchased the property paid the money into the court and the title will pass from Poehler unless he redeems it within the next 60 days.

The name of Poehler does not appear anywhere in the proceedings except as a member of the machinists' union. He was a striker, but was not one of the pickets, nor was he accused of violating the temporary restraining order.

TELLS O'NEIL HE'LL BE NEXT OFFICIAL INDICTED

Attorney O'Connell Makes Threat Against Sheriff in Wordy War

KING CASE IS HEARD

Judge Coffey Refers Prisoner's Complaints to Grand Jury

Joseph King, known as the preacher convict, was taken before Judge Coffey yesterday for a hearing on his affidavit charging the officials of the branch county jail in which he was confined with cruelty. No decision was rendered, with the principal development of the hearing was a wordy war between Daniel O'Connell, attorney for King, and Sheriff O'Neil.

According to King's affidavit, he was kept in a dark cell for sixteen weeks. Chief Jailer E. J. Kerwin, in answer to that charge, testified that King was incorrigible, that he used opium and that his general conduct and debased morals made it necessary to keep him away from young prisoners. While Kerwin was testifying Sheriff O'Neil sat on a chair beside him. Attorney O'Connell called the attention of the court to O'Neil's position and entered an objection.

"You don't think that I would mislead the witness?" asked O'Neil.

"I don't know what you would do," replied O'Connell, "but I am taking no chances."

O'Neil found another seat and the hearing went on. Judge Coffey suggested that the case be submitted to the grand jury. He continued the hearing one week and suggested that in the meantime steps be taken to improve the conditions against which King had made protest.

Out in the hall O'Neil and O'Connell had more words. Trouble was renewed when O'Neil said to Assistant District Attorney Harrison:

"The grand jury is in session; why don't you take it up now?"

"I'll take it up," said O'Connell.

"It may be your case," said O'Neil, hinting that he would ask an investigation of King's affidavit.

"It will be your turn next," retorted O'Connell.

O'Neil resorted to argument. By way of emphasis he put his finger on O'Connell's arm.

"Don't you put your finger on me," shouted O'Connell. Whereupon O'Neil removed his finger and the trouble ended.

Major John Biddle Assigned Here

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3.—Army orders: Major John Biddle, corps of engineers, will report to the commanding general, department of California, for duty as chief engineer officer of that department.

DR. PERRIN APPEALS FOR AN EARLY TRIAL

Aged Physician Indicted for Land Frauds Eager to Face Jury

Dr. Edward B. Perrin, who is indicted with John A. Benson for land frauds, made a remarkable plea yesterday in the United States district court for a speedy trial of the case against him, setting forth his advanced years and the fact that his brother, Robert Perrin, 72 years old and in bad health, probably would die within three months. Peter F. Dunne and Lloyd & Wood, who appeared for Perrin, and J. C. Campbell, representing Benson, requesting the court to fix as early a date as possible.

Judge de Haven said that on June 17 he would set a date for the trial which probably would be between that date and July 15 when the judge is to hold court in Eureka. In support of the request for an early trial Peter F. Dunne filed the following affidavit of Dr. Perrin:

This affiant has lived in Arizona and California for nearly 40 years last past and is now 68 years of age. He avers that he is innocent of any violation of law charged in the indictment or otherwise and that the bringing of such indictment and the pendency of these proceedings have caused him great mental distress and have seriously affected his health and that the continued pendency of these proceedings will still more seriously affect him in health and in mind, particularly in view of his advanced years. He has from the first been exceedingly anxious to have this case tried and disposed of and has repeatedly in person and through his counsel requested of the United States district attorney that he be given a hearing at the earliest possible moment, and has constantly objected to any delay in the proceedings. He was met by the objection from the United States district attorney that the pendency of the case against him, Hyde and others in the city of Washington and the trial of the same at that place would necessitate the presence there of the codefendant of affiant herein, and that such trial would occupy two months or longer and would therefore require postponement of the trial of the case at bar.

The affiant went on to state that the postponement of the trial in Washington until the fall removed this obstacle, and that the district attorney had no further reason for delay. It was averred, further, that affiant's brother, Robert Perrin, was an important witness to his innocence; that Robert was 72 years old, had been very ill for the past year and was likely to die at any time; that from Dr. Perrin's knowledge as a physician he was convinced that Robert had but a short time to live, even under the most favorable circumstances, and his death within the next three months was probable. He averred further that the pendency of this case was preying upon Robert's mind and that, therefore, a speedy trial was of the utmost importance.

TROOPS ARRIVE HERE ON WAY TO PHILIPPINES

More Than 1,400 Men Will Sail on the Thomas Tomorrow

Troops of the Twenty-sixth infantry that are to sail on the transport Thomas for the Philippines tomorrow at noon arrived here yesterday. They came from Fort Sam Houston, Texas, where they have been stationed for the last two years. They are in command of Major Charles J. T. Clarke.

The troops of the Tenth cavalry also arrived to sail in the transport. They are troops B and I, which have been stationed at Fort Robinson, Nebraska, and are in command of Captain Robert J. Fleming.

The Thomas will be loaded to the guards. Besides the enlisted men and officers, who number 1,400, there will be many casuals.

Lieutenant H. Clay M. Supplee of the Twenty-sixth infantry and his wife arrived from Fort Sam Houston, Texas, yesterday and are at the Palace. They will sail for the Philippines tomorrow on the Thomas.

MAY WORK AS BAKER, BUT MUST NOT OPEN A SHOP

Judge Graham Compels Louis Vore to Keep His Agreement With His Former Partner

An employing baker who sells out to his partner under an agreement never to go into business again in the same city may work at his trade as a journeyman, but cannot open another shop. This was the decision rendered by Judge Graham yesterday in the case of E. Perrot against Louis Yore.

Perrot and Yore were partners in a French bakery at 3581 Twentieth street and Perrot bought out Yore. The agreement of sale contained a stipulation that Yore should never start another bakery in San Francisco. According to Perrot, Yore ignored the agreement, opened a bakery at 1340 Pierce street and devoted some of his energy to coaxing customers away from his old partner. Perrot hurried to court and obtained a temporary order restraining Yore from carrying on business. Judge Gaham heard the testimony in the case yesterday and made the injunction permanent.

Yore testified that he was merely an employe of the Pierce street shop. In deciding the case Judge Graham told Yore that he could work as a baker as much as he pleased, but could never more rank as a proprietor of a bakery in San Francisco.

DEFENDANT IN DIVORCE TRIAL BRINGS PISTOL

Breitenstein Explains He Thought It Was Desired as Evidence

SAYS HE LOVES WIFE

Judge Troutt Puzzled by Case Involving Charges of Cruelty

When the divorce suit of Laura Breitenstein against Jacob Breitenstein was called for trial before Judge Troutt yesterday, Charles S. Peery, attorney for the wife, startled the court by saying: "We object to going on until the defendant takes his pistol out of the valise that lies beside him."

The bailiff seized the valise, took out a black bundle and after unwinding a yard of cloth revealed a pistol. It was not loaded, and Breitenstein explained that he brought it with him merely because the complaint charged him with threats to kill, and he thought it might be called for as evidence.

Breitenstein has been married four times. His last wife accused him of driving her and Annie Dillon, her daughter by a former marriage, out of doors at the point of a pistol. He admitted a fondness for firearms and said that he always carried a pistol, but denied ever having threatened to use such a weapon on either his wife or stepdaughter. He was asked if he had not used a pistol on a former wife, but balked at the question and the court ruled that he need not answer it.

The testimony brought out that one of the duties of Breitenstein's last wife was to see that his pistol was always put in his lunch basket before he started for work. He said that his wife hit him on the head with a shoe one night when he was putting the stepdaughter out of doors, but this did not lessen his affection for his fourth helpmeet. He said to the court: "I love her more than I love my life." Judge Troutt took the case under advisement.

CHINESE INTERPRETERS PREFER TO REMAIN HERE

Order to Break Up Their Homes Causes Great Consternation

The announcement made yesterday that it was the intention of Secretary Strauss of the department of commerce and labor to transfer to other points all interpreters of Chinese now in the immigration offices throughout the country caused intense excitement in the custom house here. There are five Chinese interpreters at this port whom the order affects. As the majority of them have families and have settled homes here, the order to remove to some other part of the United States is regarded as working a great hardship.

The Chinese interpreters at this port are Rev. John Endicott Gardner, Joseph Gubbins, Herman Lowe, Edward Park and B. R. Becker. Lowe and Park are Chinese-Americans. Dr. Gardner is an immigrant inspector also and has not been doing much interpreting work for the last six months, except when occasion called for an interpreter of the mandarin or official dialect of China. He is the oldest in the service here.

It is believed that the recent order was promtped by suspicions of bribery in Chinese bureaus outside of this state. United States Immigrant Commissioner North and Inspector Charles Mehan, in charge of the Chinese division, said that they had not received official notification of the proposed change.

AUSTRALIAN PAINTER WILL BE DEPORTED

Escapes From Steamship and Is Betrayed by Neglected Wife, Who Asks for Maintenance

Albert D. Lattimore was surrendered yesterday to United States Immigrant Inspector David J. Griffiths by his attorneys and will be deported in a few days. He arrived from Australia on the steamship Sonoma on February 28 and was denied a landing by the quarantine officers, who found that he was afflicted with trachoma.

Pending his deportation, Lattimore escaped from the ship and came ashore. His whereabouts was discovered a short time ago, when his wife sued in the superior court for maintenance. Lattimore since his landing has been working as an automobile and sign painter at 740 Laurel avenue.

Dr. Trotter examined him yesterday and found that he was still suffering from trachoma. A medical board will pass upon his case today and then he will be deported.

DUFFEY STOPS BUILDING IN COURSE OF ERECTION

Claims Structure in Golden Gate Avenue Was Started Without Permit and Violates Law

President Duffey of the board of works condemned and ordered to be closed yesterday a three story lodging house at 1016-1028 Golden Gate avenue, which was erected in violation of the building ordinance.

Duffey discovered that the building was erected by George Bates without the necessary permit having been first obtained. This oversight was due to the scarcity of building inspectors, according to Duffey. The building also lacked fire escapes and had only one entrance, besides being wanting in other requirements of the law.

Chief Shaughnessy of the fire department and Duffey made a thorough inspection of the building last week and decided that it must be closed until it is altered in compliance with the law.

PRINCIPAL CONDEMNS OPEN PLAYGROUNDS

Describes Dangers to Which Tots Are Exposed by Board's Order

PLAY ON FIRE ESCAPE

Janitress Finds Little One Clinging to Third Story Frame

Miss Keating, the principal, and Mrs. I. Fevrier, janitress of the Richmond grammar school, appeared yesterday before the board of education and protested against the board's action in removing the fence which formerly excluded children from playgrounds after school hours. They stated that children living many blocks away had learned that they might play at will in the school yard at First and Point Lobos avenues and that the little ones were subjected to many dangers in roaming through the building.

The chief complaint was that the tots climbed the fire escapes and experimented with the tube intended for the convenience of smaller children in case of fire.

Mrs. Fevrier said that one day she found a baby clinging to the fire escape on the third floor and that the children were so numerous that she could not control them.

Merrick Welch, the small son of foreman Henry Welch of fire engine 26, fell from the fourth floor to the pavement Sunday and lies in the French hospital with a fractured skull.

The Woman's club recently induced the board of education to take down the fence and open the yard to the children of the neighborhood. The small boy's favorite pastime is to be hoisted to the ledge of the first floor of the building, catch his fingers in the window casing and pull himself up so that by a quick movement he can get a hold on the fire escape and then climb.

When he has ascended two, three or four stories, as he chooses, he walks into the building through the swinging doors.

Once inside he slips into the tube fire escape into which small children are supposed to be shot out into the open in case of fire. The rate of speed properly used is rather dignified for a small child, but the way the small vandal uses the chutes is to hurl himself into it and get sufficient momentum to go down with a crash against the door at the lower end.

"It may be all very well theoretically to have the school grounds open," said Miss Keating, "but experience has taught us that it can't be done with safety."

MATE EISLER IN TROUBLE

Whitney Irving Eisler, first mate of the steamship City of Sydney, was arrested by United States Marshal Elliott yesterday on complaint of William Reid, a negro member of the crew. Reid charges that Whitney beat him on the head with a revolver while the ship was on the high seas. Eisler was released on his own recognizance by United States Commissioner Heacock. His examination will be held this morning.

SUGAR 2c a lb.

We reduce the price of this group of goods of everyday use to compel introduction of our supreme quality pure foods, which have always been, as now, the highest grade obtainable. This list enables families to buy on wholesale basis. Holds good until June 15, 1907.

CALL FOR COMBINATION 67 C

25 lbs. Fine White Cane Granulated Sugar, or 50-lb. sack Best Stockton Flour, S. C. S. brand for..... 50c
1 FuH weight square of Best Creamery Butter, 2 lbs.; or 6 tins of Choice Canned Corn, for 40c
5 tins Daffodil Cream, 10c tins, equals any, for..... 25c
1 qt. Supreme Olive Oil; or 1 gallon New Tomato Catsup; or 2½-lb. tin Pure Eastern Baking Powder..$1.00
4 lbs. Fancy Dried Pears, 20c grade 50c
10 lbs. Fancy 10c Prunes; or 5 lbs. Extra Fancy 20c Peaches, dried 85c
5 lb. Caddy, our new crop finest imported Green, Japan, Uncolored, Spider Leg, English Breakfast, Oolong, Ceylon, Gun Powder or Mixed Tea, all equal to 75c grades or better; guarantee to please or money refunded; or 8 lbs. our very finest Mocha and Java, 40c quality Roast Pure Coffee, supremely delicious, for...$2.50

Total for the lot unchanged....$6.00

REGULAR OPEN PRICES

Butter, Isleton, today, 2 lbs. for....55c
Eggs, extra fancy, 2 dozen for....45c
Sugar, best cane, 19 lbs. for.....$1.00
Flour, best California, 50-lb. sack..$1.40
Fancy Northern, 50-lb. sack....$1.14
Santa Clara Laundry Soap, 7 bars..25c
Garden Hose, in short lengths, Couplings free, foot.....10c

CAMPERS OUTFITTED HERE

Blue Flame Gasoline Stoves, Tents, Hammocks, Icecream Freezers, Outdoor Kitchen Utensils, Nails, Tools, Hardware, Upholstery Goods, Bedding, etc. Complete stock at right prices.

NEW—Our auto now delivers daily to Marin county customers. Mail your orders or write for our solicitor to call. City patrons served promptly; also free delivery from Oakland to Hayward. Use our telephones—Temporary 529 and 2584. Addressed postal cards furnished and complete catalogues upon request. Change your account now for next month's supplies to

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New No 14 to 24 Steuart St. S. F. Only Wholesale Mail Order Rates to Families Write Us for Priced Catalog. Saves 1-3.

THE CALIFORNIA PROMOTION COMMITTEE

(Organized 1902)

PROMOTION: The act of promoting; advancement; ENCOURAGEMENT.—Century Dictionary.

The California Promotion committee has for its object the PROMOTING of California as a whole.

It has nothing to sell.

Its energies are devoted to fostering all things that have the ADVANCEMENT of California as their object.

It gives reliable information on every subject connected with the industries of California.

It gives ENCOURAGEMENT to the establishment of new industries and invites desirable immigration.

It is not an employment agency, although it gives information regarding labor conditions.

It presents the opportunities and needs in all fields of business and professional activity.

The committee is supported by popular subscription and makes no charge for any service rendered.

Affiliated with the committee are 160 commercial organizations of the state, with a membership of over 30,000.

Meetings are held semiannually in different parts of California, where matters of state interests are discussed.

Headquarters of the committee are maintained in San Francisco in California building, Union Square.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED

RUMFORD
The Wholesome
Baking Powder
Complies in every respect with all Pure Food Laws.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
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Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.
Convenient for tourists.
PREPARED BY
I. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
Brent Good
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

TEA
Good tea is so much better than common that you won't buy any more poor stuff.
Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best: we pay him.

PROPOSALS

PROPOSALS—Bids wanted—Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Directors of the Veterans' Home of California, at the Veterans' Home, Napa county, California, up to 11 o'clock a. m., MONDAY, JUNE 10TH, 1907, And opened immediately thereafter in the presence of bidders, for furnishing and delivering quartermaster and commissary supplies, etc., for the Veterans' Home, Napa County, California (railroad station Yountville, f. o. b.) for one year, commencing July 1, 1907, and ending June 30th, 1908. Schedules with information and instructions for submitting olds will be furnished upon application by the undersigned. Bidders will carefully follow the conditions of the schedules, and no bid will be considered unless it is in accordance with such schedules. Bids must be made on samples submitted whenever called for in the schedule. Each bidder must accompany his bid with a certified check upon some well known and responsible banking house for at least 10 per cent of the amount of his bid, payable to C. de Colmesnil, Treasurer, conditioned that the bidder will enter into a good and valid contract upon notice of acceptance, as required by law. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to order any quantity over or under the amount specified.

Preference will be given to goods manufactured or produced in this State, price, fitness and quality being equal, under the provisions of Section 3247 of the Political Code.

Address John F. Sheehan, Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Veterans' Home of California, Veterans' Home (P. O.), California. By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN F. SHEEHAN, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR TWO SUCTION DREDGES. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 a. m., June 28, 1907, at which time they will be opened in public, for furnishing the above mentioned dredges. Blanks and general information relating to this Circular (No. 369) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 1086 North Point street, San Francisco, Cal., and 410 Chamber of Commerce Building, Tacoma, Wash. D. W. ROSS, General Purchasing Officer.

PROPOSALS for Ordnance Supplies—Benicia Arsenal, Benicia, Cal., June 1, 1907.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, upon blank forms furnished by this office only, will be received here until 1 p. m., July 1, 1907, for furnishing during year ending June 30, 1908, forage, hardware, lumber, paints, oils, cements, electrical supplies, etc. For information apply to MAJOR J. W. BENET, Commanding.

AMUSEMENTS

AMERICAN THEATRE
MARKET AND 7TH STS.; Phone Market 381
TONIGHT—MATINEE SAT. AND SUN.
BEST RESERVED SEATS 25c and 50c
A New Version of the Celebrated Play.
EAST LYNNE
Monday Next—"IT IS TO LAUGH."
"THE GIRL FROM PARIS."
RICHARD J. JOSE AND 40 OTHERS.

NEW ALCAZAR THEATER Tel. West 6036
ABSOLUTELY CLASS A STRUCTURE.
Corner Sutter and Steiner Streets.
Belasco & Mayer.....Owners and Managers
TONIGHT
SECOND WEEK
THE UNDERTOW
MATINEES SATURDAY AND SUNDAY
Prices—Night, 25c to $1; Matinee, 25c, 35c, 50c.
COMING—OLD HEIDELBERG

AMUSEMENTS

VAN NESS THEATER
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