

Roosevelt Urges Automatic Liability Law in Interest of Injured During Employment

"THE nation's most valuable asset is the children; for the children are the nation of the future. All people live to the nation's need should join together to work for the moral, spiritual and physical welfare of the children in all parts of our land."—President Roosevelt.

Says Lawsuits Work Unjust Handicaps Upon Toilers Upholds Equity of Inheritance Tax in Address at Jamestown Exposition

NORFOLK, Va., June 10.—This was Georgia day at the Jamestown exposition, and the opening of Bull Run hall, one of the features of the exposition, was the feature that drew President Roosevelt to the exposition for a second visit.

From the time the President and Mrs. Roosevelt and their distinguished guests were landed at the government pier, at 10:50 o'clock this morning, until their departure at 4:57 o'clock this evening, every minute was occupied. The president spoke in the Georgia ceremonies from the reviewing stand, and in the afternoon addressed the convention of the national editorial association in the exposition auditorium, where the speech was given an enthusiastic welcome.

Perhaps the very fact that I am half southern and half northern in blood, and that for many years I have lived in the north, has made me feel for the life of the great west, makes it natural for me to feel with intensity the strong sense of kinship with every portion of our great country which would be brightened by every true American. Since I have, as president I have visited every state and territory within the borders of the union, save such as have been reached by sea, and I have seen the people of the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the great lakes to the Gulf. I have spoken at country clubs, at schools, at churches, at fraternal organizations, to associations of professional men, to labor organizations, to men of every creed and color. The thing that has struck me most has been the general goodness, the essential unity of our people.

In the fundamentals I have found American citizenship the same everywhere. In whatever locality of the country, whether our fortune or occupation in life, the strength of our national character, and such the same shortcomings in any particular of our citizens.

FIELDS FOR REFORM
Of course, each community has its special shortcomings, its special ailments, and it is our duty to try to cure them. There are many fields for the reform energies of every citizen. In the matter of the reform of home and neighborhood conditions.

Not only in all this, but as between one community and another, and as between one class of our citizens and another, we must meet and meet meaning people who have a genuine regard and dread of all right and wrong, and who are not afraid to speak their minds, and who are not afraid to stand up for their rights. Now and then we meet a few such people, and we are glad to see them. In each group we find men who are as foolish as good as any other men in the country. In each group we find men who are as wise as any other men in the country. In each group we find men who are as brave as any other men in the country. In each group we find men who are as noble as any other men in the country.

SALES FROM WAR CRAFT
As the Mayflower steamed down the long column of vessels each in turn greeted the president, who stood on the bridge of his yacht, with a salute of 21 guns. The foreign vessels had the positions of honor in a line nearest and parallel to the exposition grounds, and were received by the Mayflower first, so that their guns were the first to be heard in sounding their salute.

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"THE government should demand the highest quality of service from its employes and should care for them properly in return. Congress should adopt legislation providing limited but definite compensation for accidents to all workmen within the scope of the federal power. Similar legislation should follow throughout the states."—President Roosevelt.

decade, it becomes more and more necessary that without sacrificing their individual independence, the people of this country shall recognize in more effective form their mutual interdependence. We need a law which will be of interest to each in the ultimate interest of all. We have inherited and developed a superbly individualistic character, and I most earnestly hope that it will not be lost, that it will never be exchanged for a deadening socialism. The only permanent beneficial way to help ourselves is to help one another, to help ourselves, or any form of social expression, do not do us any good. The greatest wrong is really done to the individual.

NEW CHILD LAWS
Nevertheless, as the conditions of life grow more complex, it is not possible to trust our welfare only to the unbridled individual initiative of each unit of our population working as that individual. We need a law which will protect children which were not needed when this country was in its infancy. We need laws for the control of vast corporations which have grown so large that they are no longer controlled by their owners, and when these corporations were not combined for business use. In the past we need to change our attitude toward labor problems from what that attitude was in the days when the great bulk of our people were engaged in agriculture, stock raising, or other relations that are implied in the connection between the farmer and the hired help.

For example, the great increase in mechanical manufacturing has brought about a corresponding increase in the number of accidents to the workmen employed therein. These injuries are not the result of carelessness on the part of the ordinary wage worker's family, but a calamity which strikes him as a citizen. It is a bitter injustice that should be met by the government, and that should be met by the government, and that should be met by the government.

It is of course a mere truism to say that no citizen of our country should be a victim of an industrial accident, and that no citizen should be a victim of an industrial accident, and that no citizen should be a victim of an industrial accident.

At 2 p. m. the president addressed the national editorial association convention as follows:

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"RAILROAD employes are entitled to receive damages for any accident that comes to them, and the law should be such that it will be impossible for the railroads successfully to fight it without thereby forfeiting all right to the protection of the federal government."—President Roosevelt.

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CIVIC PREPAREDNESS
This lesson of preparedness does not relate merely to war; it is just as true of our ordinary civil affairs. It is in the truest sense of the word a lesson of preparedness. It is in the truest sense of the word a lesson of preparedness.

CHECKING FOREST WASTE
But another department, that of agriculture, possessed the trained men. In other words, the government forests were without foresters and the government foresters without forests. Waste of effort and waste of forests were the result. The government forests were without foresters and the government foresters without forests.

WATERWAY TRANSPORTATION
The inability of the railroads of the United States to draw public attention forcibly to the use of our waterways for transportation. But it is obvious that this is only one of their many uses. The inability of the railroads of the United States to draw public attention forcibly to the use of our waterways for transportation.

RECLAMATION PROJECTS
In 1902 the reclamation service began to develop the larger opportunities of the western half of our country for irrigation. The work has been conducted with the clear and definite purpose of using the valuable water resources of the public domain for the greatest benefit of the people. In 1902 the reclamation service began to develop the larger opportunities of the western half of our country for irrigation.

LAND LAWS DEFECTIVE
In these regions the system lent itself to fraud, and much land passed out of the hands of the government without passing into the hands of the people. The department of the interior and the department of justice joined in prosecuting the offenders against the law. In these regions the system lent itself to fraud, and much land passed out of the hands of the government without passing into the hands of the people.

SHOULD ENCOURAGE NAVY
Every encouragement should be given to our navy, and no public servant should be pardoned for failing to do everything in his power that we have the best type of our guns, and that our officers and enlisted men are the strictest accountability so practicing with the ships and guns that no navy afloat can be so well equipped for sea duty. Every encouragement should be given to our navy, and no public servant should be pardoned for failing to do everything in his power that we have the best type of our guns, and that our officers and enlisted men are the strictest accountability so practicing with the ships and guns that no navy afloat can be so well equipped for sea duty.

NATION'S CHIEF ASSET
It is a good thing to try to reform bad children, to try to build up degenerate children; but it is an even better thing to try to keep healthy children, to try to keep healthy children. It is a good thing to try to reform bad children, to try to build up degenerate children; but it is an even better thing to try to keep healthy children, to try to keep healthy children.

TECHNICAL SCHOOLS NEEDED
There must be agricultural and industrial colleges, and, above all, schools in which there can be elementary preparation for agriculture and industry. These schools for technical training will hold a great place in the future. There must be agricultural and industrial colleges, and, above all, schools in which there can be elementary preparation for agriculture and industry.

TIES OF CITIZENSHIP
Let us realize that in very many ways we are knit together in ties of brotherhood, and that while it is proper and necessary to defend our individual rights, we should not be patient and considerate in hearing with one another, and in trying, so far as in us lies, to look at the problems that face us from his brother's standpoint as well as from his own.

BURDEN DISTRIBUTED
The community at large should share the burden as well as the benefits of industry. Employers would thereby gain a desirable certainty of obligation and get rid of litigation to determine the weight of the burden upon each family would be relieved from a crushing load. The community at large should share the burden as well as the benefits of industry.

JUSTICE TO WORKMEN
The present practice is based on the principle of justice and good sense demand that a workman shall take upon himself all the ordinary risks of his occupation. In many instances, however, the workman is not able to do so, and the burden of the risk is shifted to the employer. The present practice is based on the principle of justice and good sense demand that a workman shall take upon himself all the ordinary risks of his occupation.

VICE NOT CONFINED
There are good and bad men in every walk of life, and the bad men are not confined to any one class. The vice is not confined to any one class, and the bad men are not confined to any one class. There are good and bad men in every walk of life, and the bad men are not confined to any one class.

CONSERVING PUBLIC DOMAIN
In addition to treating aright for the benefit of the whole people the forests and the mineral beds, we should similarly try to preserve for the benefit of the whole people the public domain. In addition to treating aright for the benefit of the whole people the forests and the mineral beds, we should similarly try to preserve for the benefit of the whole people the public domain.

PREVENTING LAND FRAUDS
For several years we have been doing everything in our power to prevent land frauds on the public land. What can be done under the present laws is now being done through the prevention of fraud through the prevention of fraud through the prevention of fraud. For several years we have been doing everything in our power to prevent land frauds on the public land.

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BENEFITS OF GERMAN LAW

The German law is of special interest because it makes the inheritance tax an imperial measure while allowing to the individual states of the empire a portion of the proceeds and permitting them to impose taxes in addition to those imposed by the imperial government. In the United States the national government has more than once imposed inheritance taxes in addition to those imposed by the states and in many instances the states have imposed such taxes concurrently with the national government, making a combined maximum rate, in some cases as high as 25 per cent; and, as a matter of fact, several states adopted inheritance tax laws for the first time while the national law was still in force and unopposed.

INHERITANCE TAX EQUABLE
In my judgment, however, the inheritance tax is both a far better method of taxation and far more important for the purpose of providing for the needs of the country than the inheritance tax laws for the first time while the national law was still in force and unopposed.

WOULD NOT IMPEDE INDUSTRY
Such a heavy progressive tax is of course in no shape or way a tax on thrift or industry, for thrift and industry have ceased to possess any meaning in a maximum rate of the nearly equal swollen fortunes of which I speak long before the tax would in any way seriously affect them. Such a tax would be the means of securing a maximum rate of the nearly equal swollen fortunes of which I speak long before the tax would in any way seriously affect them.

ALL IRON WORKS CLOSED
Thinking that the strike was over, 4,000 men employed in the different crafts connected with the iron industry rode "bump wagons" or walked to their former places of toll yesterday morning and then walked back again. The refusal of the machinists to ratify the agreement between the iron trades union and the metal trades association was the cause. The owners said they could not profitably conduct their business without the machinists, and so they were no whistles blowing and no rickshaws being driven in the Union, Risdon, Fulton and other manufacturing and building plants.

WILDER RETIRES
Following the example of the late C. P. Huntington, E. H. Harriman, his successor in control of the Southern Pacific company, will advance his nephew to a position of trust with the railroad. The retirement of J. C. Wilder as superintendent of the coast division, which was announced yesterday, will pave the way for the promotion of Averell Harriman, a nephew of the Wall Street magnate.

WILDER'S POST WILL BE FILLED
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THE SCALE DESTROYER

The black scale which preys upon the orange and olive in California is hereby given notice that its days are numbered. The horticultural commission has found a new enemy of the fruit and the name itself guarantees death. The new destroyer is the lecanium oleae, George Compere found it, named it, and all in Australia. It was feeding on the immature black scale there. He has forwarded a boxful of the insect to this city. They will be bred and sent out in colonies.

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