News of Counties

ALAMEDA

CONFESSED BIGAMIST MUST SERVE TWO YEARS

Walter Stockford Comforted by Matilda Janvier After Being Sentenced

WIFE HELPS CONVICT

Gives Damaging Testimony Against Deserter From the Navy

OAKLAND, June 24.—Walter Stockford, alias John Stock, former quartermaster sergeant of Company A, Fifth regiment, N. G. C., and a confessed bigamist and deserter from the navy, was sentenced to serve two years in the penitentiary at San Quentin today for the crime of bigamy. In passing sentence Judge Harris said that but for the sake of Stockford's two infant children the sentence imposed would have been much more severe.

Stockford's lawful wife, Luella Stockford, was present today and gave damaging testimony against Stockford's character. She said he had frequently remained away from home nights and neglected her. Her testimony was supported by that of M. M. Knight, at whose house in Vallejo they lived.

Miss Matilda Janvier, who was married to Stockford on June 1, was also present, but gave no testimony. She offered consolation to the man after the passing of sentence and was told by him that the time would pass quickly and that after his release they would be separated no more.

Stockford consumed about 15 minutes in making a statement to the court. He said his liberty had been sworn away by his wife, but he declined to further blacken her character by giving more information about her acts.

District Attorney Brown, in closing, said he failed to see how a man could do more to ruin the reputation of his wife than Stockford had done. Sentence was then passed by Judge Harris, who said he was wearied by so much talking.

"CORNER" ON QUARTERS IN MEN'S DORMITORY

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CALL

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, June 24. Freshmen will be a rare sight in Encina hall, the men's dormitory, when its doors swing open for the fall semester. Profiting by experience, the older undergraduate students have reserved the rooms before leaving for their vacations. The few new students who will enter Encina hall will be graduates of those who have proved in "corner" on the rooms.

A ray of hope is held out by the "Bull" of the hall and members of the student board of control of the dining club to the prospective members of the 1911 class. Some of the old students may not return to occupy the rooms they have reserved.

To the upper classmen the absence of the freshmen will be as disappointing as to the freshmen themselves or their tormentors, the "sophs." The large number of boxes and trunks to be moved and the numerous odd jobs especially reserved for freshmen talent will be forced upon other shoulders than those of the brand new collegians. The newly developed but healthy fag system instituted several years ago will receive a setback and many upper class shoes will go unblacked.

GIRL AND LOVER ARE RELEASED FROM JAIL

OAKLAND, June 6.—After having been detained in the city prison for a day and a night, 17 year old Stella Foy, who ran away from her home in Cincinnati to join her lover, Charles Nelson, with whom she was arrested in this city, was released with the latter this morning. Acting Chief of Police Petersen received instructions to free the pair from Constable N. D. Parker of Cincinnati, who informed the local authorities that there would be no prosecution.

Nelson came to Oakland about three months ago, having left Cincinnati because of the objections of Miss Foy's father and mother to his attentions to the girl. A few days ago Miss Foy left the home of her parents and started for this city to join Nelson. Her father immediately took steps to cause the arrest of Nelson, whom he charged with having enticed his daughter from home. Nelson was arrested at 1056 Twenty-fourth avenue and later the girl was taken into custody as she left the train at the Sixteenth street depot.

On being notified that Nelson and his daughter were in custody, however, Foy relented of his determination to prosecute the former, and this morning came the request for their release. Miss Foy will be 18 years of age in August and declares that she will marry Nelson the moment she is her own mistress.

FIFTY THOUSAND TON SHIP

KIEL, June 24.—The Hamburg American line, through its managing director, Herr Ballin, gave an order to the Harlan-Wolff firm of Belfast last week for a 50,000 ton steamer. The ship will be the largest vessel afloat, surpassing even the big Cunard liners Lusitania and Mauritania.

VICHY CELESTINS

(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)

NOTICE

We caution Physicians against accepting substitutes so-called "VICHY" offered by unscrupulous dealers.

Not Genuine without the word CELESTINS

NEGRO FUGITIVE SHOT TO DEATH BY POLICE

Supposed Burglar Attempts to Escape and Bullets Stop Him

PROWLS IN A HOTEL

Breaks Away From Captors When Found and Taken Into Custody

OAKLAND, June 24.—Attempting to escape after having been arrested as a burglar, a young negro believed to be O. A. Bloomfield was shot and fatally wounded by a pursuing policeman early this morning at Eighth and Franklin streets.

Information was received by the police that a negro was prowling through the halls of the Brunswick hotel, and Policemen Dame and Smith were sent to investigate. They found the negro in a hallway in Ninth street and placed him under arrest. As they started off with him he broke away and ran down Ninth street to Franklin and turned down Franklin toward Eighth. Dame, after calling on the fugitive to halt, fired a shot at him. At Franklin street the chase was taken up by Policemen McCready and Fife, and as the negro reached the corner of Eighth and Franklin streets both policemen fired at him.

One of the bullets struck the fugitive in the back and penetrated the lungs. He was removed to the receiving hospital, where he died without having regained consciousness. In the morgue a meal ticket bearing the name O. A. Bloomfield was found in the negro's clothing.

NATIVE SONS AT IDORA

OAKLAND, June 24.—Berkeley, Oakland, Piedmont, Athens and Brooklyn parlors, Native Sons of the Golden West, will hold a festival Wednesday at Idora park. In the evening "The Ameer" will be sung.

SAN MATEO SUPERVISOR WOULD ANNEX PALO ALTO

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CALL

REDWOOD CITY, June 24.—Should the people of Palo Alto decide, as Mayor J. F. Parkinson of the college suburb intimated some time ago, to renounce allegiance to Santa Clara county and join San Mateo, they would receive a cheerful reception. According to J. H. Coleman of San Mateo, president of the county board of supervisors, the annexation of Palo Alto would be generally favored in this county. Supervisor Coleman, however, said that he regarded the town as too choice an asset to be lost by Santa Clara without a bitter fight.

"We would welcome the admission of Palo Alto to this county, for several reasons," said he. "It is logically a part of San Mateo. This county is small in comparison with Santa Clara, and Palo Alto is on the extreme edge of the latter county."

It is not believed here that the Palo Altoans are really in earnest or that they would make the change if invited at the present time.

Palo Alto, if annexed, would bring into the local political field as entirely new influence. It is a "dry" town and its vote would materially alter conditions in San Mateo county.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF UNIVERSITY OPENED

BERKELEY, June 24.—The annual summer school of the university opened this morning with 435 students enrolled. The registration is not so large as in other years, but the authorities are confident that before many days have passed the average registration will be reached. Several European savants, including Dr. John McTaggart of Cambridge and Professor John Adams of London, will not be here until tomorrow. The remainder of the faculty began instruction work this morning.

The first open meeting of the school was held this afternoon in Hearst hall. Dean C. H. Rieber presided and welcomed the students. Professor C. H. Suzzalo of Stanford and Professor Henry Morse Stephens delivered short addresses. Dean Rieber deprecated the idea that culture could be acquired merely by sitting under the Berkeley oaks, and urged that students attend classes steadily and work for credits with as much zeal as though their examinations were for entrance into higher fields.

Professor Suzzalo compared the summer school to the night schools in cities where students who have been denied educational advantages in early life may make up deficiencies. He declared that new problems in America are economic and their remedies are educational. Teachers constantly must face new problems. The summer school enables teachers to do this by putting them in contact with thinkers in varied fields.

Professor Stephens advised summer school students to seek stimulus and not to be deterred from participation in classroom work because of fear of examinations. He sympathized with those who dreaded examinations, and lauded such, because from them no examination papers might be expected. He declared he loathed examination papers. He was glad he had invented the so-called "auditor's ticket," which permits students who pay $12 to the university to attend the summer school classes without undergoing any examinations at the end. He believed inspiration and stimulus would come to those who "tasted" at the summer school, even though they did not dip so very deep. In these words he said he believed he spoke for President Wheeler, "one whom we appreciate now more than ever before because of the fear we had that we might lose him."

CARNEGIES LEAVE KIEL

KIEL, Germany, June 24.—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie started for The Hague at 5 o'clock this morning. Emperor William during the day visited the Japanese and Argentine warships in these waters.

ELECTRIC CARS COLLIDE

NORTH ATTLEBORO, Mass., June 24. Motorman James Harding was fatally, and nine passengers were more or less seriously, hurt today in a collision between two electric cars on a curve between North Attleboro and Attleboro Center.

Judge Lennon Will Address College Graduates

HARRY B. HOOPER (AT TOP) AND EDWARD I. BERRY, WHO WILL RECEIVE GOLD MEDALS FROM ST. MARY'S COLLEGE (PHOTOS BY DORSAZ).

OAKLAND, June 24.—Graduation exercises of St. Mary's college will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Ye Liberty theater. This will be the thirty-ninth annual commencement day of the college. The program includes the presentation of honor medals to the following winners of high place in the scholastic struggle of a year. The victors are as follows:

Archbishop's gold medal, for evidences of religion, founded by Most Rev. P. W. Riordan, Archbishop of San Francisco—Jerome P. Donegan; next in merit, Edward I. Barry. Justin gold medal, for modern languages, founded by clergy of the archdiocese of San Francisco—Henry A. Davie; next in merit, Jerome P. Donegan. Alumni gold medal, for the best English essay, founded by the Alumni association of St. Mary's college—Henry A. Davie; next in merit, Edward I. Barry. Cottle gold medal for oratory, presented by Rev. J. E. Cottle, '77—Edward I. Barry; next in merit, Henry A. Davie. Erminold gold medal for mechanical drawing, founded by friends of the college—William J. Thompson; next in merit, Laurance F. Barnum. Mathematics gold medal, presented by a friend of the college—Henry B. Hooper; next in merit, William H. Barringer. Philosophy gold medal, presented by T. F. Bonnet, '82—Edward I. Barry; next in merit, Jerome P. Donegan. Plover gold medal, for Christian doctrine, founded by J. P. Plover, '01—Richard J. Doran; next in merit, Hugh J. Carroll.

Judge Thomas J. Lennon '85 will deliver the address to the graduates. Orations will be delivered by senior students as follows: "A Science Study—Berthelot," Charles W. Deterding; "The Progress of the South," Harry B. Hooper; "A Glimpse of the New Orient," Henry A. Davie; "The Nation's Duty to Liberty," Edward I. Barry.

Davie's theme in the alumni medal contest for the best English essay was "The Discipline of Adversity."

Degrees will be conferred upon the following graduates:

Bachelor of Arts—Edward Ignatius Barry, San Francisco, Cal.; Henry Alexander Davie, Oakland, Cal.; Jerome Patrick Donegan, Sacramento, Cal.

Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering—Laurance Finlay Barnum, Los Angeles, Cal.; William Henry Barringer, San Francisco, Cal.; Edward Joseph Burns, San Francisco, Cal.; Charles William Deterding, Sacramento, Cal.; Stephen Joseph Field, Monterey, Cal.; Henry Bartholomew Hooper, Capitola, Cal.; Robert Edward Moore, Hoquiam, Wash.; William Otto Snider, Mt. Hebron, Cal.; William Joseph Thompson, Santa Clara, Cal.

Commercial diplomas were granted to the following students:

Edward S. Budd, Oakland, Cal.; William J. Carraghar, Sacramento, Cal.; Edward S. Hallinan, Hayward, Cal.; Edward A. Hayden, San Rafael, Cal.; Thomas M. Healy, Oakland, Cal.; Augustus S. Hofmeister, Oakland, Cal.; George M. Jumper, Weaverville, Cal.; J. Inez Piero, Sinaloa, Mex.; John D. Stephens, Woodland, Cal.; Domingo A. Zanone, Eureka, Cal.

ATTEMPT TO SAVE PARR BY CHARGING INSANITY

OAKLAND, June 24.—An application for a warrant charging Ralph E. Parr with insanity and asking to have a time set for an examination was denied by Judge Melvin today and Attorney Howard K. James, who presented the application, was reprimanded by the court. The application had been drawn up by James on a complaint of Parr's mother, Mrs. R. M. Parr, and was issued by Justice of the Peace E. E. Johnson of Alameda. District Attorney Brown opposed the move, saying that in a criminal case there were provisions for insanity examinations of defendants, and that, in view of the fact that Parr's preliminary hearing for forgery was set for tomorrow morning, he believed the action was taken to embarrass the prosecution. Brown criticised Justice Johnson for having issued the application.

Judge Melvin asked James whom he represented. James said he was not the attorney for Parr, but merely represented the Parr family. He was informed that if he represented the family he had no standing in the case and could not address the court. James persisted and was finally ordered to his seat. Judge Melvin then denied the application for an insanity warrant.

MILITARY CONVICT FREED

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., June 24.—Hedges Kirkman, former lieutenant in the United States army, was discharged from the United States penitentiary here today, his sentence of three years for embezzlement having been commuted by President Roosevelt. Ex-Captain George W. Kirkman, serving a sentence of five years in the prison, will be discharged in October.

Bordering the Bay

MARIN CONTRA COSTA

WANTS HALF MILLION DAMAGES OF HARRIMAN

New Jersey Man Says That Magnate Conspired to Disrupt Interests

BIG PROJECT UPSET

Alleges "Trick and Device" in Obstructing Plans of Oregon Road

NEW YORK, June 24.—A suit was begun today in the United States circuit court by Henry M. Walker, a resident of New Jersey, against Edward H. Harriman and other defendants, alleging breach of contract and conspiracy to prevent construction of the Portland, Nehalem and Tillamook railway in Oregon. In his complaint Walker places his monetary damages at $500,000. Two corporative defendants and 29 other individuals have not been served, and for this reason their names have been withheld by the court.

Walker says he was employed in 1905 by the officials of the Portland, Nehalem and Tillamook railway to float its bonds in London and make arrangements with a California corporation, also named as one of the defendants, to advance $600,000 to be used in constructing the railway, the security to be bonds of the railway company. An issue of $3,000,000 of bonds was to be disposed of by him, for which he was to receive a commission of 15 per cent, 2,400 shares of stock and $35,000 in cash.

The issue of bonds was to be delivered to him in London, where he entered into an agreemnt with the London share and debenture company, which was to advance the sum of $2,400,000 on the bonds. Walker claims the bonds were not delivered to him, and on his return to the United States he found that the president of the corporation and its board of directors had refused to sign the bonds. Walker also asserts he found that "by trick and device" the charter and property of the railway had been transferred to E. L. Lyttle, an agent of Edward H. Harriman, and all of the capital stock of the road had been rendered practically worthless through the influence of Harriman. He claims, also, that Harriman and his associates brought about the insolvency of the California company, which had contracted to loan the money to the railway for construction purposes.

The complaint of Walker says that Harriman and his associates are bitterly opposed to the construction of this railway or any other in the vicinity, fearing it would interfere with their ownership and monopoly in that part of the state.

Walker asks that a receiver be appointed for the property, that officers of the company be ordered to sign and issue the bonds, account to him for 2,400 shares of stock they have wrongfully withheld from him and to pay $35,000 legally due to him. He further asks the cancellation of all transfers made by Harriman or the latter's agents and that the road be restored its franchise by the State of Oregon.

SAN MATEO SUPERVISORS REJECT COURTHOUSE BIDS

REDWOOD CITY, June 24.—The board of supervisors of San Mateo in special session today shied at the bids offered by contractors for the restoration of the county courthouse. Believing five active and rival firms were out for the contract, the revelation that but two had taken up the proposition has put a bee in the official bonnet and the deal will be probed. By unanimous vote the figures submitted by W. F. Hanrahan, a street contractor of Palo Alto and San Francisco, of $174,840, and the American Hawaiian construction company of $170,000 were rejected summarily.

The appearance of but two bidders on the contract has set the tongues of the countryside to wagging and the prompt action of the county officials does not come as a surprise.

All the bidders have been notified that the matter is off, that a clean sheet has been turned down and a brand new set of figures will have to be forthcoming or the big job will not be awarded.

The construction of the courthouse formerly cost the county about $200,000, when it was constructed by the Hawaiian company. It was later rendered a complete wreck by the earthquake, the only salvage being in the steel dome and unbroken stones. Now the two rejected bidders are ready to reconstruct the building with the material at hand for practically the same figure along the old lines, with the exception of steel construction throughout. The former builders placed a bid of $170,000 and Hanrahan one of $174,840.

But $150,000 has been set aside to restore the building, this figure being set by the architect employed by the county as ample for the purpose and the money was raised accordingly by bond election. In the words of a member of the board the cause for the action is revealed. He said: "But two bidders entered the field. Their bids were very close and above the expected figure. One is a street contractor of Palo Alto and the other company is the one which put up the old building. We have decided to readvertise to see what can be done. We will advertise for bids to be submitted Monday, July 29. We understood five men were in the field and the appearance of two came as a surprise. The opinion of the board was unanimous."

MILITIA TRANSPORTATION PAID FOR BY GOVERNMENT

State Troops Have Status of Regulars When Under W r Department Orders

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The comptroller of the treasury decided today that the pay for transportation of any body of organized militia, when traveling under orders of the department, should be governed by the same restrictions as applied to the transportation of regular troops. The question arose in connection with the visit of the Hawaiian militia to Camp Ferry, Ohio, to participate in the national rifle match this summer. It was desired to know whether the expenditures for transportation were payable from the regular congressional appropriation for the support of the militia, which question was answered in the affirmative.

HEAT KILLS ELEVEN

PITTSBURG, June 24.—Eleven persons are dead and many prostrated as a direct or indirect result of the warm weather experienced in the Pittsburg district within the past 24 hours. The maximum temperature today was 82.

Pleads That Police Kill Dog That Bit Her Child

EMMA VOIGT, BERKELEY CHILD, THREATENED WITH HYDROPHOBIA AS THE RESULT OF A DOG'S BITE.

BERKELEY, June 24.—With tears streaming down her face, Mrs. Elizabeth Voight of 1214 Grant street appeared in the police station today to petition Chief Vollmer to kill the vicious dog which had bitten her daughter Emma a few weeks ago. Mrs. Voight believes that her little girl's chance of escaping hydrophobia would be increased if the animal were destroyed.

"My little girl cries in the night," said Mrs. Voight, "and then she awakens me with noises like the purring and the mewing of a cat. I am afraid that soon she will begin to bark like a dog.

"Please—please, Mr. Officer, have the dog that bit my little girl killed. Then I shall feel safe. If the dog is not killed I shall have no rest. I am afraid all the time that Emma is to have hydrophobia, but something tells me that she will be safe if the mad dog that bit her is out of the way."

John Herb of 1921 Hopkins street, whose dog had attacked Emma Voigt and tore open her face and scalp, has been arrested by the police, charged with keeping a vicious dog. His trial is to be held soon. Pending the result the police have no right to kill Herb's dog and they so informed Mrs. Voigt today.

Physicians have assured Mrs. Voigt that her daughter is suffering now merely from a form of nightmare induced by nervous disorders which her wounds brought about, but Mrs. Voigt will not be convinced.

CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN AROUSES PARLIAMENT

LONDON, June 24.—Premier Campbell-Bannerman today moved his resolution curtailing the power of the house of lords before the fullest house of the session. The galleries also were crowded, those present in that part of the house of commons including many peers. The resolution was as follows:

"That in order to give effect to the will of the people as expressed by their elected representatives, it is necessary for the power of the other house to alter or reject bills passed by this house to be restricted by law so as to secure that within the limits of a single parliament the final decision of the house of commons shall prevail."

Replying to a question the premier said it was not proposed that the resolution should be moved in the upper house after its discussion in the house of commons had been completed. He emphasized the fact that the resolution embodied the principle of the predominance of the house of commons and said that in adopting this course the government was following certain historic precedents. The resolution itself, even if adopted, would not have the effect of law or procure the desired results. A bill would be necessary and the government would exercise its discretion as to when it should be introduced.

His majesty's ministers had decided to test the opinion of the members and make sure that they had the house of commons behind them. They held the view that the house of commons alone was authorized to express the country's sentiments. He declared that the only course open was to recognize the constitutional authority which resided in the house of commons.

Amid loud ministerial cheers, the premier protested that parliament would be usurped by a nonelective house. The government proposed that provision should be made for conferences between the house of commons and the house of lords where differences arose over a bill. If no agreement was reached the bill should be reintroduced and sent to the house of lords with the declaration that should a conference fail to result in an amendment the house of commons would pass the bill over the house of lords.

CARLOS WADDINGTON IS ON TRIAL AT BRUSSELS

BRUSSELS, June 24.—The trial of Carlos Waddington, the 16 year old son of Senor Luis Waddington, former charge d'affaires of Chile at Brussels, upon the charge of murdering Senor Balmaceda, secretary of the Chilean legation, on February 24 last, opened this morning. The court was crowded with society people and diplomats. Balmaceda was engaged to be married to the daughter of Senor Waddington. A few days before the tragedy he called upon Mrs. Waddington and announced his decision to withdraw from the marriage. He admitted, it is charged, that he had behaved improperly toward Miss Waddington, but accused the young woman of having misbehaved before he met her. Later Carlos Waddington drove to the home of Balmaceda, who was his personal friend, and after a quarrel shot and killed him.

The contention of the Balmaceda family is that the Waddingtons had tried to force the marriage upon the young secretary of the legation and that upon his refusal they resolved to get rid of him. The Waddingtons submit as justification for Carlos' act that Balmaceda had refused to redress the wrong that he had done Miss Waddington.

NEW INDIAN COMMISSIONER

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., June 24.—President Roosevelt appointed today Michael E. Banning of New York City a member of the board of Indian commissioners, to succeed Dr. Maurice Francis Egan, who resigned to accept a diplomatic position.

VETOES RECOUNT BILL

NEW YORK, June 24.—Acting Mayor Patrick F. McGowan vetoed the supplementary recount bill late today. The bill now goes back to the legislature which will be asked to pass it over the veto.

PEACE DELEGATES TO CALL ON HOLLAND'S QUEEN

Wilhelmina Will Receive Conferees in "House in the Woods"

COMMITTEES MEET

General Porter Advocates Alleviation of Port Bombardment

THE HAGUE, June 24.—Queen Wilhelmina arrived today from Castle Loo and drove in a closed carriage from the railroad station to the royal palace, passing through the Hall of Knights. She will remain here only two days and will receive the delegates to the peace conference at the House in the Woods, a royal villa situated about one and a half miles from The Hague. The international peace conference of 1899 met in this villa.

The third committee of the interpeace conference met in the Hall of Knights behind closed doors. General Horace Porter, Brigadier General Davis, Rear Admiral Charles Perry, W. I. Buchanan and James Brown-Scott were present. President Count Tornilli delivered a short inaugural speech, saying that his appointment was due not as an honor to him personally, but to Italy, which was the cradle of international law and which had adopted the most liberal and broadest views in legislation regarding warfare upon the seas.

He pointed out the importance of the problems submitted to the committee, chiefly those relating to the private property of belligerents, converting merchant ships into warships, the treatment of belligerent ships in the harbors of neutrals and the laying of mines at sea.

General Porter presented a proposition on the subject of the bombardment of harbors, with the view of preventing useless damage and loss of life.

FOURTH COMMITTEE MEETS

The fourth committee (Geneva convention) met at 2:30 p. m. in the Hall of Knights behind closed doors. General Horace Porter, L. M. Rose, David J. Hill, Brigadier General George S. Davis, U. S. A.; Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry, William I. Buchanan and James Brown-Scott were present. The president of the fourth committee, Professor de Maertens, summarized the work accomplished by the convention of 1899 and the fields to be covered.

Professor de Maertens in his speech recalled the men who worked for the same purpose in 1899, and mentioned Andrew D. White, head of the American delegation to the conference of 1899, whose original skepticism, the speaker said, was transformed at the end of the conference into the best hope for its success. The speaker referred to General Porter's proposition, especially regarding the bombardment of unfortified towns by naval forces.

Joseph H. Choate presented a proposition regarding the enemy's private property at sea.

Lord Reay and Sir Ernest Satow presented a proposition on the subject of neutral prizes, reserved the right to present another proposition for the definition of what constitutes a warship and presented a statement on contraband of war.

AMERICA'S PROPOSITIONS

The American delegation has not yet given out the definite draft of its proposition for the collection of contractual debts. This is causing some uneasiness among South American countries, especially after the publication this evening of the minutes of the sitting of June 19, from which it appears that General Porter, in announcing the American propositions, said:

"The United States will present a proposition for concluding an agreement in which it will introduce some limitations in using force for the collection of contractual, public and ordinary debts."

The feeling among certain South American powers is that the word "some limitations" show that it is the intention of the United States so to reduce the Drago doctrine as to deprive it of its original character, thereby destroying the purpose for which it was intended—protection against illicit European interference.

General Porter, on the other hand, seems to be satisfied with the work accomplished, and is confident of the support of the European and South American countries in this matter.

ASKS THAT THE REFUGEE CAMPS BE ABOLISHED

At a meeting in Hamilton square Baptist church last night, at which nearly every pastor in the city was present, the church federation by a vote virtually unanimous decided to call upon the authorities to abolish the refugee camps. This action was taken after a number of clergymen had characterized the camps as centers of the worst forms of vice. Heated speeches were made, in which it was said that the state of morality in many of the camps had reached the level where reform could be worked only by annihilation. It was stated that an irregular family life had sprung up, that young girls were debauched and young boys were led astray.

As a result of the evening's discussion it was decided to send a letter to the park commission, asking it to stand firm in its determination to break up the camps in August. A letter will be sent to the police commission also calling its attention to the evils. Rev. Cecil Marrack, Rev. William Rader, Rev. H. H. Bell, Rev. Samuel Patterson and Dr. Cave led in the discussion. They had made personal inspection of the camps and cited revolting incidents which had come under their observation.

Dr. Patterson told of his experiences in the juvenile court, where youths from the refugee camps had been called up for minor offenses. Dr. Patterson said that he had found repeatedly that these children had been supplied with forbidden literature.

The federation placed itself on record as desiring the abolition of the refugee camps at the earliest date possible.

The federation also took up the question of the coming primaries and decided to appoint a number of agents to be known as "investigators," who will be called upon to make an investigation of the record of every person whose name is placed on any primary ticket. These reports will be published in the hope that public opinion will defeat the unfit.

The federation indorsed the proposed industrial peace conference.

WANT DIVORCES—Oakland, June 24.—Lillie S. Moon has filed suit for divorce against Theodore Moon on the grounds of habitual intemperance and cruelty. Moon is a longshoreman. Divorce proceedings have been commenced by Louisa Murphy against George E. Murphy for desertion.

SAN MATEO

WINE GROWERS' LEADER GREETED BY THOUSANDS

Marcelin Albert Arrives at Argelliers Amid Great Cheering

PREMIER IS LENIENT

Promises to Release All the Prisoners if Rioting Is Stopped

ARGELLIERS, France, June 24.—Marcelin Albert, the "redeemer," arrived here today and was cheered by 12,000 persons who had gathered to meet him. He announced, however, that he could make no statement until he had conferred with his colleagues, at which there was much disappointment.

Later he met the members of the committee and announced to them that the premier had promised if the wine growers would give up their illegal attitude he would release the prisoners, withdraw the troops and take the most lenient view of everything that had occurred and further that the premier had promised to do his utmost to advance the interests of the wine growers.

The committee after a long discussion resolved, in view of the unsatisfactory nature of the law passed and the vagueness of the promises made by M. Clemenceau, to continue the movement calmly and peacefully until full satisfaction had been attained. The resolution passed unanimously, M. Albert himself voting in favor of it.

BEXZIERS, France, June 24.—The mutinous soldiers of the Seventeenth Infantry have been transferred from Agde without notice. Three other regiments quietly marched into that town, surrounding the barracks, and escorted the mutineers of the Seventeenth to a train in which they were locked. The destination of the mutineers is kept secret, but it is believed to be Briancon, in the department of Huates Alpes, far from the scene of their insubordination.

PARIS, June 24.—A delegation headed by the mayor of Nimes visited Premier Clemenceau today and pleaded for the release of M. Ferroul, ex-mayor of Narbonne, and the imprisoned members of the commission of Argelliers, and the quashing of the proceedings against the resigned mayors and other members of municipal governments as the best means of restoring tranquillity.

M. Clemenceau replied that the government was disposed to show clemency at the proper time, but that nothing could be done until the mayors had set an example of respect for the law by resuming their functions.

LISBON, June 24.—King Charles has refused to consent to the severe measures proposed by the premier of France against the alleged organizers of the rioting of June 19. It is anticipated that his majesty's disapproval will hasten the expected resignation of the premier.

FRESNO NEGRO SLASHES FRIEND FROM TAHITI

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CALL

FRESNO, June 24.—Because he criticised his friend's manner of treating to beer, John Bottwood, a Tahitan, is at the city hospital with two long razor cuts on his head. He narrowly escaped death.

Bottwood and Alfred Jones of the negro quarter went out driving with two women today and stopped at a saloon, on their return, for some beer. Jones went into the saloon and brought out two cans of the beverage. The women started to drink from the cans.

"Dat ain't no way to treat a lady," said Bottwood, "and Ah's going to get some glasses."

"You black Taheety nigger," yelled Jones, "don't tell me how to conduct myself."

Jones drew a razor and sliced Bottwood's face viciously. The latter, being recently from Tahiti, was not familiar with the weapon, and carried none. Jones was arrested.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

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