



Are the most beautiful girls in town those behind the counters in the stores? See the photos of them and judge for yourself. First pictures in **The Sunday Call**

GOOD GOVERNMENT'S TRIUMPH

DEFINITE figures on the vote were not at hand when this edition of The Call went to press, but they were not necessary. Returns from every precinct show that Taylor wins by about 11,000 over McCarthy; that Ryan is a poor third; that Langdon wins by a majority of about 16,000; that with few chances of change the entire good government ticket is elected in about the same ratio. It was the right kind of an avalanche.

Republican Coalition With Hearst's Party Stamped by Disapproval of New Yorkers

Voters Unite to Defeat Fusionists and Tammany Ticket Scores an Overwhelming Victory

Special by Leased Wire to The Call

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The Herald's great searchlight in Madison square tonight told all Manhattan that Tammany Hall has won a sweeping victory in the election carrying its entire ticket through, burying Hearst's fusion with the republicans beneath heavy pluralities.

Thomas Francis Foley was elected sheriff over Hearst's pet candidate, Max F. Ihmsen, by a majority of 35,000. The entire local Tammany ticket was elected by corresponding pluralities, and the independence league was shown to be a broken and wrecked machine with its future two years behind it.

The first few election districts reported indicated clearly the victory of Tammany over the fusion ticket. The later returns only confirmed the defeat of the Hearst-Parsons alliance. From every section of the city the returns indicated a sweeping victory for the Tammany ticket.

In Manhattan and the Bronx the unimportance of the league vote taught Parsons the folly of having linked the republican party to a myth. The combined vote of the two organizations was not nearly so large as the normal republican vote.

Hearst by this election has been disposed of for all time as a political factor in New York. He has been dwindling steadily since 1905, and reached the vanishing point today.

It was late at night before the final returns from the city could be received this evening, and this delay was due to the difficulty in counting the split ballots.

It was known early in the day that a vast amount of knifing was going on in the fusion camp and that the republicans and independence leaguers were cutting each other bloodily.

The vote in Thomas F. Foley's district was heavy, but the baseless and absurd cry from Hearst that repeaters were being used in the district is made to look foolish and childish when it is known that the entire vote of the district for Foley was only slightly over 4,000, while the same district last year gave Hearst 5,100.

The results of today indicate clearly the natural trend of the New York voter. The rabid vilification and abuse indulged in by Hearst and the Hearst newspapers, the Hearst orators and spellbinders reacted upon the entire fusion ticket.

On the other hand, the result in the city shows that the republican party will not stand for a combination where principles are forgotten in the effort to get votes. While the Tammany ticket pulled through by pluralities ranging from about 30,000 to 50,000, the democratic-republican state ticket sweeps the city of New York by upward of 200,000.

The result of the election is a stinging rebuke to Representative Herbert Parsons, the president of the republican county committee, who, ignoring the advice of his friends and the newspaper press, deliberately formed a coalition with Hearst that was doomed to defeat from the start. Undoubtedly the election means a reorganization of the republican party in the city.

Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader, gave out the following statement:

"The result is most gratifying to the organization and to myself, and it indicates that the people have enthusiastically endorsed the policies and the candidates of the organization and repudiated Hearst and everything for which he stands.

"The vote should have a tendency to convince Hearst that the people will not tolerate reckless and groundless assaults upon the characters of decent men, made for the purpose of political advantage."

General election results may be thus summarized: The New York assembly will be heavily republican, as usual, but the democrats have a few gains. James W. Wadsworth, speaker of the assembly, against whom a determined fight was made, has been re-elected.

The result in New Jersey is very close with both parties claiming the state. The indications are that Frank S. Katsenbach Jr., democrat, is elected, although the republican state committee claims Fort's election by 10,000.

Roosevelt carried the state by 82,000. There is a surprising result in Massachusetts: Guild's plurality will probably reach more than 100,000. At the same time John B. Moran, the district attorney of Suffolk county, in which the city of Boston is situated, who is a democrat, but independent of all party influences, has been re-elected by about 30,000.

The municipal election in Cleveland, O., is very close. There has been a very exciting campaign there between Mayor Johnson, democrat, and Theodore Burton, republican. The returns to hand indicate that the Democratic majority in the city, which has ranged from 7,000 to 10,000 when Johnson ran, has been greatly cut down and perhaps obliterated. The very latest claims are Johnson's election.

In Rhode Island, Jackson, republican, wins over Governor Higgins, democrat, and the chances are that the entire republican ticket is elected. This is a somewhat unexpected result. The republican candidate for mayor of Cincinnati, Leopold Markbreit, has been elected by perhaps 15,000 pluralities.

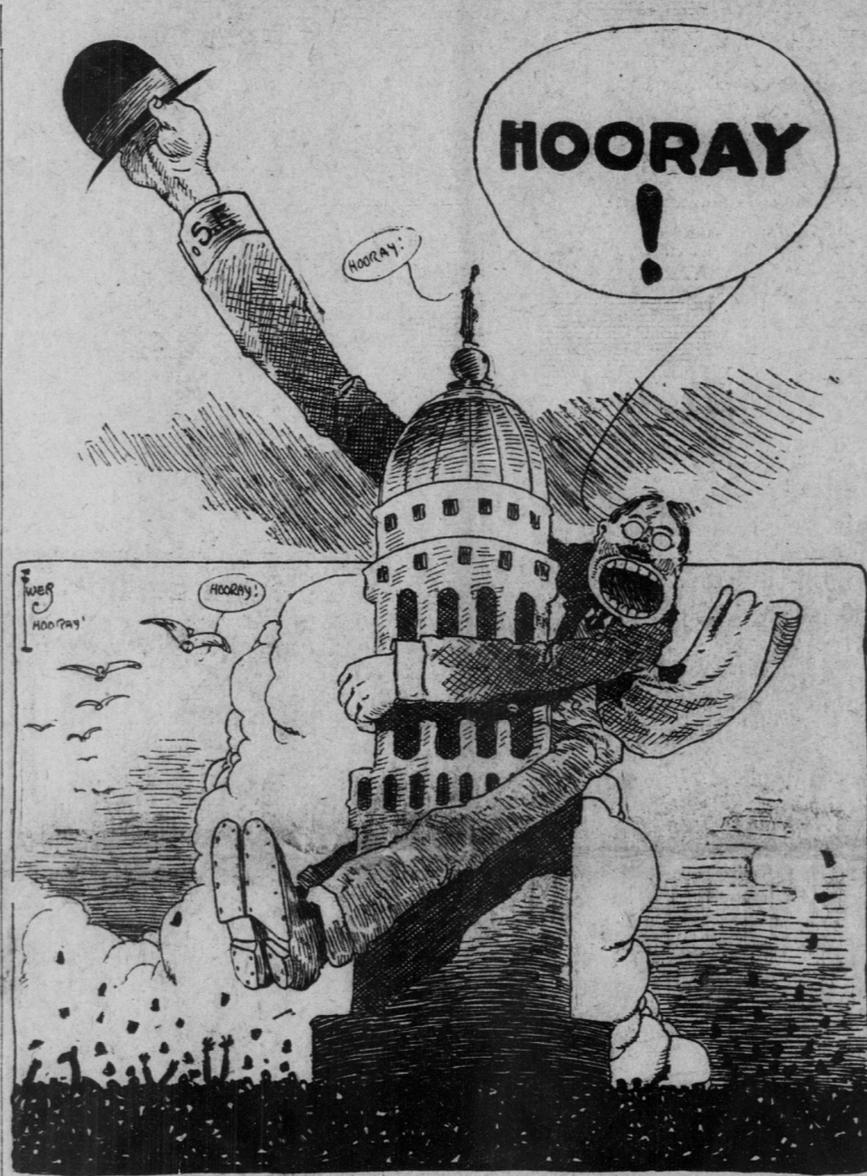
Returns from Kentucky are very slow coming in. The republicans have apparently carried Louisville, electing their candidate for mayor, but all signs indicate that the election in the state between Hager, democrat, and Wilson, republican, for governor is close.

In Maryland the returns are insufficient to indicate whether Crothers, democrat, or Gaither, republican, has been elected. The democrats also had a primary in Maryland for United States senator and the returns from Baltimore on this primary place John Walter Smith strongly in the lead over Governor Warfield.

Delaware, which voted on the question of license or no license, has apparently gone "dry" with the exception of the city of Wilmington, which voted for license.

Pennsylvania has elected a state treasurer, and the republican majority will exceed 100,000.

For the first time in 14 years the republicans elected a mayor at Utica, and for the first time in 17 years the democrats carried Newburgh. The republicans carried Newburgh. The republicans carried Newburgh. The republicans carried Newburgh.



Partial Returns Show Election of Taylor by Plurality of More Than 11,000 Votes

Same Precincts Indicate That District Attorney Langdon's Majority Will Be Fully 16,000

The vote cast yesterday reached the unexpected total of 59,000. The return to the Australian ballot and the large number of charter amendment and ordinance propositions made the count slow. Based on the partial returns from 232 out of 273 precincts available at midnight Mayor Taylor is elected by a plurality of more than 11,000, while District Attorney Langdon's majority will reach 16,000. The incomplete returns from 232 out of 273 precincts received by the registrar follow.

DISTRICT.	MAYOR.				DIST. ATTY		SHERIFF.			Total Vote Cast.
	Ryan	Taylor	Regan	McCarthy	Langdon	McGowan	Dane	Doan	O'Neil	
28th	46	30	4	112	77	122	19	92	96	
29th	41	52	9	100	66	79	17	77	96	
30th	31	54	6	83	81	85	10	66	88	
31st	78	141	20	241	235	225	47	182	230	
32d	235	358	43	537	635	527	105	505	513	
33d	170	236	37	434	481	411	83	393	378	
34th	186	522	12	383	689	367	128	595	332	
35th	179	498	10	271	585	278	94	540	272	
36th	56	123	12	107	190	95	35	127	113	
37th	231	835	43	263	940	433	188	826	342	
38th	173	716	20	292	729	386	142	610	334	
39th	214	1,000	36	403	907	494	228	818	338	
40th	133	771	18	195	694	324	184	671	228	
41st	88	421	5	210	432	257	126	367	184	
42d	17	55	0	16	61	26	19	45	22	
43d	44	207	1	87	210	89	45	179	114	
44th	23	89	3	49	84	71	27	74	52	
45th	57	127	11	162	131	156	31	103	134	
Total	2,005	6,235	290	3,945	7,227	4,425	1,528	6,270	3,866	

Taylor 11,000, Langdon 16,000 Is Estimate of Pluralities Based on Partial Returns

Landslide for Antigrift Leaders Recorded in Great Republican Section of City

By George A. Van Smith

Mayor Taylor is elected by a plurality probably in excess of 11,000. District Attorney William H. Langdon triumphs over McGowan and the enemies of the graft prosecution by a majority that will approximate 16,000. The entire good government ticket seems to be elected by votes ranging from overwhelming majorities for some of the supervisors down to small pluralities in one or two instances.

The regeneration of San Francisco is no longer a theory. Decency and the cause of good government are enthroned where graft and corruption reigned unhindered and unashamed until put to rout by the graft prosecution. **ALL PARTISAN AFFILIATIONS CAST ASIDE** The citizens of San Francisco won yesterday the most significant victory in the annals of American municipal politics. They cast aside partisan affiliations and every consideration but good government and the continuation of the graft prosecution. When the ballot boxes disclosed the registered will of the people San Francisco stood before the world free—vindicated.

On the face of the incomplete returns Mayor Taylor, District Attorney Langdon and the good government ticket have carried all of 18 assembly districts except the twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth and forty-fifth.

MCCARTHY'S VOTE DOWNTOWN IS HEAVY

The twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth, with a combined registration of approximately 2,000, polled a total vote of about 1,500. In these water front and downtown burned districts the incomplete returns show that McCarthy polled a vote approximating the combined vote of Taylor and Ryan and that McGowan ran very closely with the head of his ticket.

The forty-fifth district, which has for years been voted by Recorder John H. Nelson and in which the McCarthy men confidently expected to return a 3 to 1 vote for McCarthy and McGowan, seems to be in the McCarthy column by a safe margin, but McGowan ran behind the head of the ticket there.

LANDSLIDE FOR TAYLOR AND LANGDON

In the great republican district beginning with the thirty-seventh and extending north to the bay to the forty-second district inclusive the votes for Taylor and Langdon assumed the proportions of a landslide. The districts south of Market street which were expected to offset any republican gains Taylor made north of Market street, instead of offsetting the tremendous republican vote given the cause of good government north of Market street joined the procession and changed the anticipated thousands for McCarthy and McGowan into hundreds for Taylor, Langdon and the good government ticket.

A striking instance was furnished by McCarthy's home precinct in the very stronghold of the union labor vote. On the face of the incomplete returns McCarthy not only failed to carry his own district, but he lost his own precinct to Taylor by a vote of more than 2 to 1.

McCarthy will be probably not less than 11,000 behind Taylor, while Ryan ran an unexpectedly bad third.