

and detainer, or unlawful detainer, replevin, ejectment, divorce, commitment of insane persons, probate proceedings in the estates of minor and insane persons, and the trial of causes for the enforcement of liens of laborers and mechanics, and the trial of the superior courts to have the right to make any orders in chambers they are authorized to make at any other time.

3. To approve the following amendments to the charter of San Francisco, to wit, relating to the board of auditors, following the treasurer to deposit city funds in certain banks under certain terms and conditions and fixing the salaries and vacations of firemen and policemen.

4. Concerning harbor improvement at Islais creek, San Francisco.

5. To remove Andrew M. Wilson from the office of railroad commissioner on the ground of corruption.

The governor said that he might include the consideration of the payment of state troops which looked after government property in San Francisco during the recent car strike, for whose payment no provision was made in the opinion he has prevailed for some time that the governor would call the legislature in extraordinary session.

Pressure to this end has been brought to bear upon him from all parts of the state. At first the governor was much averse to calling the legislature together, on the ground that it might be construed as an advertisement to the world that California could not pay its taxes.

During the last few days of his term he has been besieged by prominent proponents of the special session plan and he reached the conclusion today that such a convocation was necessary.

At the conference, which was begun early this afternoon and continued until about 11 o'clock, all phases of the question were considered. During the last few days the bankers have been most insistent that an extra session was necessary and their position was with great energy.

The refusal of the tax collector of San Francisco to accept clearing house certificates in payment of taxes was the initial incentive urged upon the governor. Since that time the governor has been asked to include in the call scores upon scores of questions. He decided, however, that if the legislature were convened it would be asked to consider the number of questions which he deemed necessary for the public good. He went over the whole list again today and cut right and left, until tonight he had pruned down the list of possibilities to less than a dozen.

On this number, the governor said, five would certainly be included in the call. Of the other he said: It is possible that one or two more may be included. The business time which was called out to protect government property during the recent car strike in San Francisco has been a very busy time for me, and which they may be paid. It is possible that I will advise consideration of an appropriation of the money necessary to pay the wages of the men who were on duty during that time.

When asked regarding the proposal to oust Andrew M. Wilson from the office of railroad commissioner he said: I had not thought that Wilson should be removed. I should like to see him have for a long time thought that Wilson was not a proper man to hold the responsible position of railroad commissioner. I have long since wished him to resign the office. As far back as last April I sent him a letter requesting his resignation, but the resignation was not forthcoming.

Governor Gillett stated tonight that he wished the legislature to do its work in as short a time as possible and at the least expense to the state.

### Five Millions Leave Mint to Be Placed in Subtreasury

Orders were received at the mint yesterday from Washington to transfer \$5,000,000 in gold to the subtreasury. The order coming immediately after the announcement of Secretary Cortelyou that the treasury department had turned its attention to the west and the Pacific coast, caused general speculation as to the use to be made of the money thus transferred.

In the absence of information to the contrary it was believed in banking circles that the coin was intended to be used against transfers from California and Oregon banks \$1,100,000. Fifty thousand dollars of this amount came from Philadelphia, \$50,000 from Boston, and the remainder from New York. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars was sent to Oregon and the rest divided among banks located in San Francisco, Sacramento and Fresno.

Bankers were not inclined to expect much of the way of assistance from the federal government. They pointed out that the quickest mode of relief consisting of the exchange of government bonds at the subtreasury for gold had been denied.

"We do not look for any special aid from the government," said Homer S. King, president of the clearing house. "San Francisco will take care of itself."

The new \$2 certificates will not be ready for circulation before Saturday. A sufficient amount will be placed on the market for the purpose.

### DEPOSED BANKER KILLS HIMSELF IN DESPAIR

Former Head of Knickerbocker Trust Cannot Endure Disgrace

SHOT MISSES HEART

Hand That Had Commanded Millions Wavers in Hour of Death

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Charles Tracey Barney, deposed president of the Knickerbocker trust company, and until recently a power in the financial world, shot and killed himself today in his home. His loans with the bank, it is said, were amply secured, but when he was forced from his presidency he was to all intents and purposes, eliminated as a factor in banking circles.

Distress of mind over the dissipation of his private fortune and the loss of his high standing among business associates, it is said, were the causes that broke his health and reason. At the time when Barney was dying at his home and surgeons were probing for a bullet that had entered the body below the heart, his friends at a downtown office were concluding an arrangement to save part at least of his personal wealth. The conference broke up at the announcement that Barney was dead.

Barney, who was in his fifty-seventh year, shot himself early today in his chamber. The bullet entered below the heart and lodged under the left shoulder blade. He died about 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. When the coroner arrived he found with Mrs. Barney and her son Ashbel, Mrs. Susan A. Mead, a guest, Dr. George A. Dixon, Joseph A. Blake and Attorneys George L. Nicholas and Arthur Masten.

Only with difficulty could any statement be secured from the women, who were almost prostrated. Mrs. Mead said that she entered below the heart and stretched on the floor. Mrs. Barney insisted that as she reached the bed chamber her husband stood upright and as she stepped inside he fell. It was determined that Barney deliberately shot himself soon after rising.

Mrs. Mead was the first to reach the chamber and she summoned the physicians. Dr. Dixon responded and called two other physicians. Barney was revived and told Dr. Dixon that it was an accident with the wound in the chest. Dr. Dixon told the coroner he concurred.

Ether was administered and unsuccessful efforts were made to remove the bullet. According to those who were present, Barney made no other statement than the one to Mr. Dixon.

Barney was born in Cleveland January 27, 1851. He was the son of A. H. Barney, president of the United States express company. After graduating from Williams college in 1870 he married Miss George A. Dixon.

Barney was connected with the stock exchange firm of Rogers & Gould. His personal investments in New York city were made with clear conscience.

In all an issue of \$5,000,000 of clearing house certificates has been authorized, but not much more than half of this amount has been put out.

A statement was expected yesterday from the California safe deposit and trust company but late yesterday evening it was announced that the statement would not be ready for a day or two. It is understood that it will be reassuring to the depositors that the clearing house certificates will be arranged later under which the bank will reopen its doors.

Grain, which has been tied up because of the car shortage, is beginning to move to market and will materially aid in the clearing house situation. The news at the extra session and the fact that the clearing house certificates did not reach the city yesterday until long after banking hours.

### Morgan Fails to Obtain French Gold for Import

Bank Asks Guarantee From the United States and Is Refused

PARIS, Nov. 14.—The negotiations with J. P. Morgan & Co. have been conducted for more than a week with the Bank of France to obtain between \$20,000,000 and \$40,000,000 in gold for direct shipment to New York were definitely broken off today. The final demand that the United States government furnish a guarantee could not be complied with.

It was learned indirectly about 10 days ago that several regents of the Bank of France, as a friendly act to the United States, were disposed to look favorably on a proposition to furnish direct aid, and negotiations were begun. The first condition that the United States government should formally request such aid was complied with when the United States government allowed the French government to understand through diplomatic channels that it would be "gratified" if a loan of \$20,000,000 to \$40,000,000 could be arranged. The French government was favorably disposed, and communicated with the Bank of France, and the negotiations were brought to an end at noon today when J. P. Morgan Jr., who managed the negotiations, left Paris for London.

He said to the correspondent of the Associated Press that, high financial stocks in Paris were favorable, and that there is general disappointment that the Bank of France did not see its way clear to make the loan.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Communication with Washington still continues in the effort to find some method by which the proposed French loan can be completed. Even if Washington officials cannot see their way clear in the matter, the gold probably will be brought over. Collateral can be given until the exports to France of the amount.

### CLEARINGS DECREASE

Abnormally High Showing Last Year Causes Unfavorable Comparison

Bank clearings for last week show decrease from those of the same time last year. The clearing for the week ending at present, the comparison seems all the more unfavorable on account of the abnormally large clearings of last year. The clearing for Los Angeles last week were \$3,123,285, as against \$14,268,506 a year ago, being a decrease of 35 per cent. The San Jose banks cleared \$499,908.27 as against \$2,287,000 a year ago, showing a gain of 46 per cent. At Sacramento the week's clearings amounted to \$785,057.02 and at Stockton \$421,416.98.

Only one "BROMO QUININE" that is Laxative Bromo Quinine. Look for the signature of E. W. Grove. Used the world over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

### Charles Tracey Barney, deposed head of Knickerbocker trust company, who killed himself under strain of despair in New York home.



### NORA MAY FRENCH ENDS USEFUL LIFE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5

work and wrote with rare felicity of the moods of nature. The swirl of the rain, the whisper of the wind in the tulle grasses, bird song and the calm, sweet freshness of early morning—the themes that poets have used for thousands of years—were her themes. She wrote of these things with a sympathy, understanding and melody surpassed by few. To quote from one of her recent, and by no means one of her best, poems:

"It is a silver space between two rains, The hulling storm has given to the day An hour of windless rain and riven gray, The world is drained of color; light remains."

This and other things that she had done will be treasured as expressions of a woman more than ordinarily gifted.

### BUSINESSMEN LINING UP FOR CONSOLIDATION

Continued from Page 1, Column 6

cerns. Instead of half a dozen executive boards, there would be but one, and the tax payers would be saved the additional cost. The men who have business interests here and live across the bay would have a voice in the government of their city. I have no doubt that the cities across the bay would gain by the arrangement. The arguments of those who oppose it is that the other cities would have to stand a share of the cost of rebuilding San Francisco, but this argument is worthless when it is understood that it is proposed to employ the borough system in New York. By this system the city is divided into boroughs, and each borough stands the cost of its own improvement. I am heartily in favor of the scheme, and will do all I can to bring about its realization.

C. H. Bentley, president of the chamber of commerce, also endorsed the movement.

"A special meeting of the trustees of the chamber of commerce has been called for next Saturday," he said, "and we will then officially discuss the proposition. I am in favor of the scheme, and will do my best to bring it about."

G. H. Mastick of the law firm of Mastick & Partridge said he had discussed the matter with several persons in San Francisco and across the bay, all of whom were in favor of the scheme.

"I think," he said, "that such a merger would add greatly to the prosperity of the entire state."

### SAN MATEO FAVORS PLAN FOR GREATER SAN FRANCISCO

Majority of Board of Trade Would Support Consolidation

About 25 members of the San Mateo board of trade attended a meeting Wednesday night at which addresses were made by several citizens regarding the plan for a Greater San Francisco.

E. R. Hoag of the San Francisco real estate firm of Lyon & Hoag spoke in favor of the movement. He told of the meeting held here yesterday and outlined some of the benefits that would result from consolidation. Principal among these, he said, would be a material reduction in the tax levy. He cited New York and other eastern cities as instances, telling how in each of them taxes had not increased by concentrating many towns under one head.

His views were opposed in a speech made by Attorney John E. Bennett. In the opinion of Bennett a town like San Mateo would be too far from the central government to be benefited by the consolidation.

Bennett's view, however, did not seem to be that of the members of the board, the sentiment being in favor of consolidation. The feeling of the majority of the members was voiced by John H. Coleman, president of the board, and Paul Pinkney, secretary, both of whom spoke briefly. They said that while they had not investigated the question at any great length, their tendency was decidedly toward consolidation.

### NEUTRAL AS TO ANNEXATION

BERKELEY, Nov. 14.—The manufacturers' association has decided to take no action with regard to the agitation in West and South Berkeley for annexation to Oakland. The association will remain neutral in so far as a formal vote is concerned.

### KILLS BROTHER IN LAW

STOCKTON, Nov. 14.—As the result of a family quarrel Giovanni Isala shot and killed his brother in law, George Barbieri, tonight on the ranch of the latter, about three miles east of this city.

### NEW GOLD STORAGE COMPANY

Articles of incorporation of the Mutual gold storage company, a \$2,000,000 concern, were filed with the county clerk yesterday. Following are the directors: E. I. Blake, W. O. Cavanaugh, J. E. Bernhardt, J. H. Barber, Anna P. Wadsworth, James P. Wadsworth and B. C. Soter, all of San Francisco.

### AUTUMN EXHIBITION OF THE ART ASSOCIATION

Many Paintings of Notable Merit Are Displayed in New Building

WILL BE FREE TODAY

No Charge to Be Made to Public on Wednesdays, Mondays and Fridays

The autumn exhibition of the San Francisco art association, comprising studies in water colors, pastels, black and white and sketches in oil, is now being held at the San Francisco Institute of Art at California and Mason streets. The exhibit will close November 29.

This is the first regular exhibition held since the fire, although the fifty-fourth on the calendar of the institute. The new building is excellently adapted to the needs of the association, the tones of the rooms being subdued and low, while the light, both natural and artificial, is admirable.

The exhibit is exceedingly interesting for its varied character and for the number of well-known artists represented. In water colors M. de Neale Morgan shows "The House of the Four Winds," a study whose clear, luminous effects make an instant appeal to the eye. "A Boatload of Rain" by Percy Gray has a striking scene faithfully depicted in a good color. Eugen Neuhaus' "View of the City from Nob Hill Before the Fire" is a picture that makes one behold the scene in reality and linger long before it.

A couple of crayon drawings by Oscar Kunath, picturing two charming heads, are original and effective. Some sketches in tempera by Neuhaus are admirably strong and well drawn. They not only attract, but hold the attention. Bertha Stringer Lee shows a picturesque study of a doorway in Carmel mission. Its clear lights contrast with the somber shadow thrown across the level of the door. This artist has several clever bits well placed on the walls.

Perhaps the most remarkable and unusual sketches are those of G. H. Mastick. Theodore Wores and Mrs. Olga Ackerman. Judson has done fine work on Pacific Grove and its vicinity. Pacific Grove seems to be a favored subject among the art fraternity, as several have used it as a basis for some of the best work.

Wores has a sketch of Mount Tamalpais which is singularly pleasing in its effects of blues and yellows. The picture is wonderfully harmonious, though even in the colors have an odd look.

The study of a boy seated in a chair by Mrs. Olga Ackerman is an exquisite arrangement of tones in differing shades of browns. The whole picture is a tour de force and the drawing extremely good.

John A. Stanton shows sketches of immense possibilities; one a portrait sketch, another a study in yellows and browns. On the wall in the Santa Clara Valley" is a charming bit of work, expressing to the full the indefinable, elusive atmosphere of the building and flowering spring.

William Keith and Joaquin Miller by F. Soule Campbell lend a delight all their own to the scene. They are extremely well done and form a pleasing specimen of line work. These are already marked "sold."

The exhibit as a whole displays some masterly work. It is distinctive in massing together bits of great variety and of the highest quality. On the part of the management, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays the exhibit will be thrown open to the public free of charge. On alternating days the usual admission fee will be exacted. The opening reception for members of the association and contributing artists, held last evening had the added enjoyment of an exceptional musical program under the direction of Sir Henry Heyman, and was well attended.

### MAJOR TAYLOR LASHES NEW CITIZENS' ALLIANCE

Declares He Will Use All His Power to Crush the Movement

DEFENDS UNION MEN

City's Executive Says That Class Hatred Must Be Stamped Out Here

"To attempt to revive the Citizens' alliance at such a time in the history of the city as the present is little short of sheer idiocy," said Mayor Taylor in an interview on the subject last night. He was told that on the day following his election the men behind the movement met and reorganized the Citizens' alliance, child of the Employers' association, and elected as president Andrew Carrigan.

Mayor Taylor made no attempt to disguise his feelings on the subject, nor to hide his belief that the newly formed alliance had for its sole object the crushing out of labor unionism. Neither did he attempt to conceal his disgust at what he termed the "selfishness" of the men, who have thrown over all pretense of maintaining the industrial peace for which the mayor has stood, and for which he urgently insists, he will continue to stand for during his entire term of office.

"The movement would make me out a liar," said the mayor, "if I did not use every effort to crush it before it gathers headway. Throughout my time in office and during the entire campaign I have said and reiterated my intention of using my utmost effort to bring about the industrial welfare of this city through the maintenance of industrial peace."

"Labor voted for me and my administration because it thought that I intended to play fair with it. Labor can rest assured that I do intend to play fair with it. I shall deal with the law breaker in this city, no matter of what walk of life he may be. I have no more sympathy with the law breaking stevedore or drayman than I have with the law breaking merchant or money lender. Don't mistake me, I have been put in office to enforce the law of the city and that law I shall enforce."

"The gentlemen who organized the Citizens' alliance must have thought that I lied to the people when I said, during the recent campaign, that I was not a mayor, but that I stood for the people. I have won a great victory for good in this city, but I want to say right here that this victory will be of no avail unless we are wise-wise, not with the wisdom of selfishness, but with the wisdom which overrules personal ends and aims, throws out personal desires and strives for the general good. Unless we are that wise we will have strife, where we so deeply desire peace—industrial war where we need industrial quiet."

"We must realize the spirit of man is much the same no matter under what kind of a coat it may be. The trouble has been that employer and employee have been looking at the question in a purely material way, even as the Citizens' alliance is looking at it. On the one hand the employer and labor market, as though living men and women were so much meat or sugar, and it sickens me. On the other hand one hears talk of long wages and short hours, the speakers ignoring the debt they owe to themselves, their city and their generation. We must reach a common ground, some moral ground on which men can take their stand together."

"There are hostile camps in San Francisco. They must be turned into peaceful camps. I have seen a circular advocating the recrudescence of the Citizens' alliance. If the Citizens' alliance wants trouble, let it get it. Let the power that my office confers upon me I shall use in crushing it out. I have said that I wanted to devote my time to the upbuilding of the city, but I shall let time take care of that if need be and give all of my time to stamping out the spirit of class hatred that will, unless checked, be the downfall of San Francisco."

"The unions cannot be crushed in that manner—nor, for the matter of that, can they be crushed in any manner. They are here for good and must be treated fairly. Their object is good, laudable and just and I shall stand by the pledges I made to the union men of the city. The union man is not a devil with horns and hoofs, but a man and any other good man will receive under the present administration."

"Already signs show what the ultimate outcome of any such movement will be. The recrudescence of the action of the alliance. I trust that nothing will come of it. I feel sure that the men on both sides will have the good sense to realize that the welfare of San Francisco depends largely on the course of conduct which employer and employe adopt now."

### CALIFORNIANS IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The following Californians are registered at New York: San Francisco—J. P. Coultery, Grand Union; L. W. Neustadter and wife, Netherlands; W. A. Thurston, Holland house; G. R. McLeod, Albany; C. F. de Berna, Astor hotel; Mrs. S. Henicke, H. A. Taussig and wife, R. G. Taussig; P. R. Lund and wife, Wellington; W. C. Bress, Grand hotel. Los Angeles—P. V. Lotten, Algonquin.

### HARRIMAN DENIES STORY

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—E. H. Harriman said today that there was no truth to the Omaha story that all of the receipts of the Union Pacific system had been shipped to New York since the stringency began.

"Far from that being the case," said Harriman, "we specifically desired the receipts to be held in Omaha to help the situation there."

### RETIRING CERTIFICATES

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The clearing house announced today that some of the clearing house certificates issued a week or two ago in behalf of some small banks have now been retired from circulation. The bankers in charge of the issuing of certificates declared that this shows that financial conditions are fast becoming normal.

### FISK'S GRASP ON \$8,000 FEDERAL JOB SLIPPING

Continued from Page 1, Column 1

of his name as a member of the campaign organization.

The distinguished services rendered to Herrin in the 1905 campaign led to the undoing of Fisk as boss of the big thirty-seventh district. He essayed the task of electing a Fisk-Herrin delegation to the last republican convention, but the Roosevelt republicans of the district promptly accepted the challenge and when the primary vote was counted Fisk took his exit cue, defeated in every precinct of the balliwick that he had reckoned as his private political asset for many years.

Defeated at home, Fisk gave it out that he had taken no interest in politics and sank into the retirement which he hoped would result in making the Roosevelt republicans forget that his name had been on the ticket and to expire. His hopes have not been realized. The Roosevelt republicans have not forgotten. They have not agreed upon a candidate for the place, but they have agreed to give Fisk a fight and to elect a legislative delegation from San Francisco next fall that will make it uncomfortable for Perkins if he chooses to stand for Fisk's reappointment.

### COINING BRITISH GOLD

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14.—Ten million dollars in gold bullion from England has been received at the mint and will at once be made into eagles for American circulation. The mint can turn out \$1,000,000 worth of eagles in 48 hours.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The United States today purchased \$451,000 in bar gold and \$278,000 in American eagles from the bank of England.

### STARVATION SITS AT LOADED TABLES

You Can Lead a Dyspeptic to the Table, but You Cannot Make Him Eat

There comes a time in the lives of a great many men and women when even a strict steak ceases to be poetry. It becomes a protest. The appetite becomes fitful and fretful. Nothing on the bill of fare can coax it.

The appetite is there and yet it isn't. This makes eating a mere matter of machine—the mouth doesn't water. The stomach has been worked overtime, and the body and the brain are paying the penalty.

There are thousands of people in every station of life who are walking the earth today with dyspeptic

stomachs. They wear a dejected, forlorn appearance, their energy is at zero, nothing interests them, and they interest no one, their faces are shrunk, their nerves are wilted and their shoulders sag.

Everything on the table may look delicious, but nothing will be tempting. That's one sure sign of dyspepsia.

If you have ever felt bloated after eating and imagined it was your food that filled you; if you have felt your stomach lie "like a lump of lead" on your breath, difficulty in breathing after a meal, suffered from eructations, burning sensations, heartburn, brass, or gas on the stomach, make up your mind you have dyspepsia. And the chances are you have had it a long time.

Your stomach is overworked, abused, fagged out. The gastric and digestive juices are weak, the muscles of the stomach are jaded, and the whole business needs new life. It needs something which will take hold of the food as it comes in and do the digesting, and let your stomach take a rest.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do that very thing. They contain a most powerful ingredient which helps the stomach in the process of digestion, cures dyspepsia, sour stomach, indigestion, heartburn, eructations, acidity or fermentation. They invigorate the stomach, increase the flow of gastric juices, and do two-thirds of what the stomach would have to do without them. That gives the stomach some rest, and a chance to get right again.

You will feel the change first in your mind and heart and then over your whole body. You'll feel rosy and sweet. That's the object. You can get these effective little tablets almost anywhere on earth for 50c a package.

Send us your name and address today and we will at once send you by mail a sample package free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

### Under the New Pure Food Law

All Food Products must be pure and honestly labeled.

### BURNETT'S VANILLA

was fifty years ahead of the Law. It was always pure Vanilla. Every bottle now bears this label: Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act June 30th, 1906. Serial Number 21, which has been assigned to us by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.

JOSEPH BURNETT CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Call Today With Your Ads for Sunday's Call

### Starvation Sits at Loaded Tables

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