

Shipping News and Gossip

Pacific Mail Liner Korea Sails With 175 Cabin and 300 Steerage Passengers

The Pacific Mail steamship company's liner Korea, Captain Dixon, sailed promptly at 1 o'clock for Honolulu and Japanese and Chinese ports. It carried more than 4,000 tons of freight, 175 cabin passengers and 300 steerage.

The Korea was not so heavily loaded as usual, but carried a miscellaneous cargo, most of which was destined for China.

Following is the list of cabin passengers who sailed on the Korea yesterday for their destination:

For Honolulu—Miss Anna Baser, Miss Ida Helms, E. H. Bign, Miss M. Bign, Mrs. F. Bign, Miss H. Bign, Mrs. W. Bign, Mrs. C. Bign, Mrs. D. Bign, Mrs. E. Bign, Mrs. F. Bign, Mrs. G. Bign, Mrs. H. Bign, Mrs. I. Bign, Mrs. J. Bign, Mrs. K. Bign, Mrs. L. Bign, Mrs. M. Bign, Mrs. N. Bign, Mrs. O. Bign, Mrs. P. Bign, Mrs. Q. Bign, Mrs. R. Bign, Mrs. S. Bign, Mrs. T. Bign, Mrs. U. Bign, Mrs. V. Bign, Mrs. W. Bign, Mrs. X. Bign, Mrs. Y. Bign, Mrs. Z. Bign.

For Yokohama—George C. Adams, Mrs. Adams, Mrs. J. Adams, Mrs. K. Adams, Mrs. L. Adams, Mrs. M. Adams, Mrs. N. Adams, Mrs. O. Adams, Mrs. P. Adams, Mrs. Q. Adams, Mrs. R. Adams, Mrs. S. Adams, Mrs. T. Adams, Mrs. U. Adams, Mrs. V. Adams, Mrs. W. Adams, Mrs. X. Adams, Mrs. Y. Adams, Mrs. Z. Adams.

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Weather Report table with columns for Stations, Rainfall, and Wind.

MOVEMENT OF STEAMERS table with columns for From, Steamer, and Due.

TO ARRIVE table with columns for Destination, Steamer, and Date.

TO SAIL FROM SEATTLE table with columns for Destination, Steamer, and Date.

Sun and Tide table with columns for Time, Height, and Location.

FOREIGN PORTS table with columns for Port, Date, and Remarks.

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FOR A WORLD WIDE FARM INSTITUTE

Nations Bidden to Send Delegates to Agricultural Convention in Rome

As a result of the initiative of Victor Emmanuel, king of Italy, there was held in Rome, May 1, 1908, an international conference in which the representatives of 40 governments discussed the question of the advisability of forming an international institute of agriculture.

It was the unanimous conclusion at this conference that the formation of such an institution was not alone advisable, but that it was imperatively necessary. Accordingly a protocol was drawn up, signed by all the representatives and turned over to the Italian government for presentation and action of the other governments.

This was done and as a result the following nations have adhered to the institute: Italy, Montenegro, Russia, Argentine Republic, Roumania, Serbia, Belgium, Salvador, Portugal, Mexico, Luxemburg, Switzerland, Australia, Persia, Japan, Ecuador, Bulgaria, Canada, Denmark, Spain, France, Sweden, Norway, Greece, Uruguay, New Zealand, Austria-Hungary, Norway, Egypt, Great Britain, Guatemala, Ethiopia, British Guiana, Nicaragua, United States of America, Brazil, Costa Rica, Chile, Peru, China, India, Paraguay, Turkey.

Accordingly, the Italian government has notified, through its representatives abroad, to the adhering nations that the permanent committee of the institute is to meet in Rome in the spring of this year, to draw up a plan for the working of the institute. This plan will be submitted for the approval of the general assembly of the institute at its first session in the fall of this year.

The date for the convocation of the permanent committee is Saturday, May 23, at the palace of the institute in Rome, now nearing completion.

This palace is the result of the munificent gift of the king of Italy, who has bestowed the revenue of estates on the institute, the annual income of which is from \$50,000 to \$100,000 a year. The funds for the institute are provided by the nations, each in proportion to the classification of its adherence.

The following is an opinion by John H. Hubback on the international institute of agriculture. Hubback's opinion is of importance, because he is ranked among the principal experts in the Liverpool grain trade. He was instrumental in establishing the Liverpool term market and clearing house, which has been of so much importance to the grain trade.

"I have been asked to give my impressions for what they are worth, of a conversation with David Lubin, relative to the international institute of agriculture, a body composed of delegates from nearly all nationalities. I understand that the objects of the institute are only limited in so far as they deal with nothing but agriculture, but that everything connected with the growth, harvesting, marketing and transport of the produce of the soil is included in its aims. Specially, I gather that the institute intends to collect and disseminate information as to progress and results of crops, and to summarize, for the benefit of all those interested, every kind of detail relating to production. The notification of the prevailing at the chief points, whether export or import trade is concerned, and of the cost of transport incurred, with any other material factors, is to be undertaken, so far as is practicable. The assimilation of weights and measures of the various countries which have joined the institute will be a matter of serious concern. The international institute of

Without Knife or Pain—No Pay Until Cured

IN WOMAN'S BREAST ANY LUMP IS CANCER

There are many factors in the distributive operations comprehended in the final price of raw material. Then, again, it is clear that accurate information is an essential foundation of all modern business, and further, that real accuracy is attainable only when the utmost dispatch is used. To all traders who will of the name great advantage will accrue from such information becoming available for general use.

The relative yield per unit of area is also a matter of vast moment. The wheat crops of England and of New Zealand frequently give a threefold output per acre when contrasted with those of Russia or South Australia. This difference is not based upon crop failure in the last named countries, but on approximately normal harvests.

As a necessary, of course, to obtain reports of current weather conditions, and these should be carefully guarded from a defect so constantly experienced in such reports. The tendency is to give as absolute facts what is frequently mere opinion as to probable results of such and such weather.

The United States department of agriculture has a very complete network of agencies for collection of monthly reports on the condition of crops. The department receives some of these reports and proceeds to express the results by a system of percentages of a perfect or ideal crop. It is impossible, in my opinion, to foretell the final outcome of any crop in this way.

It would give enhanced value to the United States government reports if the department subordinated figures to facts, so long as crops are growing, and employed the percentage basis, if considered necessary at all, only as a means of expressing such weather returns when practically ascertainable.

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