Owen Oliver rates his "The Little Finger of the God" as one of the best short stories he has ever written. It will be one of the choice fiction bits in
**The Sunday Call**

# THE San Francisco CALL

Would you like a panorama picture, 90 inches long, of San Francisco as the city appears today? Such a picture will be given you without cost next Sunday in
**The Sunday Call**

VOLUME CIV.—NO. 51. SAN FRANCISCO, TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1908. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

# PARTY TRAITORS IN DANGER OF A FELONY CHARGE

### Herrin's Hirelings on County Committee Make Puerile Defense

### If False Statements in Doodle Dee Organ Are Sworn To, Prosecution Will Follow

### Attempted Vindication of Turncoats for Vile Treachery Proves Boomerang

*By George Van Smith*

Criminal prosecutions for false swearing may take the place of the edifying spectacle of an "appeal to the grand jury," which Hearst's local organ of doodle deeism promised yesterday would be made by Johnny Lynch's subordinate Herrin lickspittles on the republican county committee.

The machinery of the courts will be invoked for the assistance of Charles H. Forbes, Fred G. Cartwright, Rudolph Gercke and Ben Levy if they will only swear to the statements given to the doodle dee sheet in a pitiable attempt to set themselves right in the eyes of the people of San Francisco. The people have placed the brand of traitor on these four and their associates, who take orders from Herrin through Johnny Lynch.

Yesterday Hearst's Herrin sheet printed statements by Forbes, Cartwright, Gercke and Levy, members of the Herrin turncoats push on the county committee. These statements, false in their essentials and vicious in spirit and purpose, were designed to injure the cause of good government by showing that Rudolph Spreckels had attempted to coerce these men into common decency and save them from the commission of the vilest of political treachery. Taken at their face value, the statements published by Hearst fail to show anything like coercion, are naturally enough contradictory and fail miserably either to condone or excuse the treachery of four men elevated to the councils of their party by republicans who had fought and defeated the Herrin machine.

Hearst announced yesterday that Forbes, Cartwright, Gercke and Levy would swear to their statements and present them to the grand jury.

Rudolph Spreckels said last night: "I sincerely hope nothing will deter these men from making affidavits to their statements. There will be criminal prosecutions then, and I will fight them to the bitter end. The statements have the color of truth, but are full of falsehoods. I did attempt to persuade those men to stand up to their pledges to the people. There was no attempt at coercion, and by their own statements, as published, those men give the lie to the assertion that there was any attempt to coerce them."

**SPECTACLE IS PITIABLE**

The spectacle of Johnny Lynch's new sublieutenants appealing to the public to protect them from men striving to keep them from political dishonor would be funny if it were not pitiable. The espousal of their cause by Hearst removes any lingering shadow of doubt about his relations with the Herrin machine and the cause of graft in San Francisco.

In the statements published by Heart's venal newspaper Charles H. Forbes was quoted as charging that he was offered the position of secretary of the children's playground at Golden Gate park at $125 a month and more later if he would support and work for the Lincoln-Roosevelt league. According to Forbes this offer came from Harry McKannay, Mayor Taylor's private secretary. Forbes said the offer was made through a friend and Hearst identified the friend as Charles Creighton. McKannay absolutely denied the weird tale yesterday. But his denial was not necessary. Forbes' statement that he refused the job was sufficient proof that the offer was never made. McKannay said yesterday that he did not know Forbes and that he knew Creighton only slightly; that he had never authorized Creighton to offer Forbes the job described or any other job or inducement.

"I have never heard of such a position," McKannay said. "I am not aware that it exists. In any event, I have no places in the park to offer anybody, and the story that I authorized an offer to Forbes is absolutely false."

Fred Cartwright, according to Hearst, charged Spreckels with using his position as president of the First national bank to force Cartwright to be decent. Cartwright is quoted as saying that Spreckels told him that he never used his position to his personal advantage, but that in spite of this statement the First national bank made a call for the reduction of a loan.

The facts in the case are that Cartwright notified the bank that he would be obliged to default on a proposition which he and not the bank had made and that the bank promptly granted the extension which he requested. A further fact established by Cartwright's own statement is that this notice of default and the grant of an extension by the bank, which, he charged, was being used against him, were made after Spreckels had asked Cartwright not to betray the people to Herrin and Cartwright had announced that he would stick to his partner, Tim Sullivan.

**GERCKE UNTRUTHFUL**

Rudolph Gercke's statement that he was threatened by The Call are as truthful as his further statement that Spreckels' appeal to him resulted in no agreement. Gercke was not threatened by The Call. He did promise not to participate in the attempted delivery of the county committee to Herrin. That promise was not made to The Call. It was made to Rudolph Spreckels and F. H. Dam, chairman of the county committee, in the presence of William J.

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## Register Today!

*VOTERS, have you registered since the first of the year? If you have not, register at once. Registration closes on July 22. After July 22 it will be out of your power to qualify for the primary election of next month. The registrar's office in the city hall is open nights. Secure the right to a voice in your party affairs by registering today.*

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TELEPHONE KEARNY 86

TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1908

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# TAFT APPROVES CRITICISM OF COURTS' ACTS

### Says Strength of Judiciary Rests Upon People Sharing Responsibility

### Candidate for Presidency Regrets That He Ever Left the Bench

### Dedicates Courthouse and Is Given Cordial Welcome by Virginians

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 20.—Judge Taft today assisted in the opening of court and in the dedication of a courthouse at Germantown, Va., five miles from Hot Springs. Judge Taft accepted the invitation to be present at this ceremony on the ground that it was a neighborly affair. The subject of his speech was the administration of justice by the courts. He was greeted by a large gathering at neighboring towns and by country folk, many of whom traveled far to see and hear the republican candidate for the presidency. He was given a cordial welcome.

The strength of the judiciary, he declared, was based on the fact that it rested upon the principle that the people share the responsibility for the work of the courts, in the form of duty on juries and in other capacities.

He justified proper criticism of the courts by the people because by such criticisms "those who administer justice shall feel that they are under the critical eye of men and women entitled to have justice of the people administered without fear or favor."

**REGRETS LEAVING BENCH**

He could not come into the atmosphere of the court, he said, without a feeling of deep regret that he had ever left the bench. He concluded his remarks by congratulating Bath county upon the fact that in it two political parties are nearly equally divided, which, he said, was a guaranty against evils in the administration of the government.

Judge Taft was heartily applauded when he opened his address and was frequently interrupted by applause. Mrs. Taft accompanied her husband to the courthouse, which was reached after a drive over splendid mountain roads.

Judge Taft was presented to the assemblage by J. A. Rivercombe, a member of the board of supervisors of the county, Judge George K. Anderson, the presiding judge, being present. In presenting the visitor Rivercombe referred to him as the "most distinguished gentleman in the United States." He spoke of his wide and varied experiences in public life, and in concluding said: "I take pleasure in introducing to you the next president of the United States."

After alluding to the dedication of the courthouse Judge Taft said:

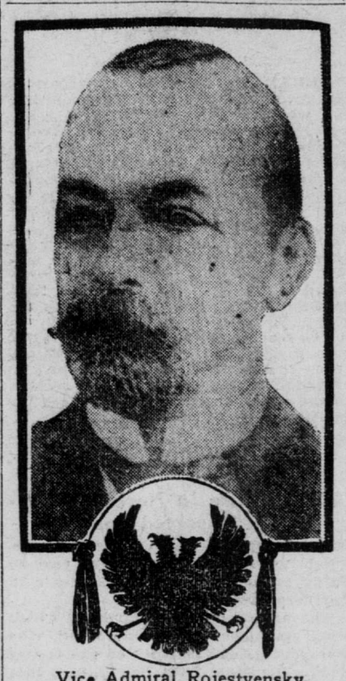
"This scene today, to anyone who looks at it in a comparison with other countries, suggests the blessing of a free government. Those who have had any experience with other countries will realize that in many of them a government means to the people an entity different from themselves, something in a sense antagonistic to them. It has a different personality and the feeling with respect to it generally among the people is that the government has the power and must look after itself. In such countries among the people there is an absence of a sense of responsibility as to what is done by the government, absence of a desire to help the government, because they are not a part of it such as we have here today. Such sense of responsibility, such desire to help government, is illustrated in every meeting of this kind the country over. They come from the belief that we, the people, are the government and in courts of justice it is increased by the fact that the people take part in the administration of justice, that they are called upon by the jury, that they are part of the tribunal that decides the issue of fact in courts of law. As long as the people feel that these are their courts, that this is their justice, that when it goes wrong, when it results in injustice, they ought to be ashamed for it, and they are responsible for it, we can count on a continuance of a free government.

**CRITICISM IS JUST**

"The administration of justice in the country perhaps better illustrates what I have said, and the people of it than even of the city, because if you understand the practice, it is for all the country people to gather about on court days to watch the proceedings, to learn the law as it is dealt from the bench, to take an interest in the issues as they are presented to the jury of their neighbors, to criticise, as they have the right to in a proper way, the rulings of the court or the verdict of the jury, so that those who are administering justice shall feel that they are under the critical eye of men—and, I may say, of women—entitled to have the justice of the people administered without fear or favor.

"I can not come into the atmosphere of a courtroom without a feeling of deep regret that I ever left it, for I was 11 years on the bench. I can not refrain, in the presence of members of this bar and of the distinguished judge who presides over it, from commenting on what to me and, doubtless, to Judge Anderson has been, except for the family relations and that of the most intimate friendship, the sweetest relation that I have ever experienced in life; that between the judge on the bench, whose character, whose impartiality, all the members of the bar recognize, on the one hand, and the members of the bar, whose sincere assistance in the administration of justice, whose desire to have a square deal all around is recognized by the court. Each member of the bar feels that he will get a hearing, and that the judge will decide as the case requires, and that, no matter how he decides, the relation of close friendship, of the mutual respect and co-operation in the administration of justice will always remain as cement bonds, than which there are few dearer."

## Czar's Admiral Diesin Germany



Vice Admiral Rojestvensky

# Rojestvensky Strikes Colors to Death

### *Russian Admiral Defeated by Japanese Succumbs to Hurts Received in War*

BAD NAUHEIM, Germany, July 20.—Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, who commanded the ill fated Russian fleet which was annihilated by the Japanese in the sea of Japan in May, 1905, died here last night from heart trouble.

It is believed that the heart affection resulted from injuries received by Admiral Rojestvensky in the battle of the Sea of Japan.

Sinovi Petrovich Rojestvensky was about 60 years of age and for many years bore the reputation of being one of the most cool headed and scientific naval officers in the Russian service. He was Admiral Alexieff's second in command of the Russian squadron in the far east in the Russo-Japanese war. In 1902 he was promoted to the rank of rear admiral and made an aide de camp to the emperor, succeeding Admiral Aviellan as chief of the naval headquarters staff and head of the intelligence department of the Russian military. In this capacity he supervised the equipment of the second Russian Pacific squadron, which he afterward commanded and took to the far east.

**STARTS TO MEET JAPANESE**

During the late war between Russia and Japan the latter country having scored great advantages on land, Admiral Rojestventsky was ordered early in August, 1904, to have his squadron in readiness for proceeding from the Baltic around to Vladivostok. This voyage resulted in the annihilation of the Russian Baltic fleet.

The start was made from Libau on October 16 of that year and, passing around Denmark, the Russians encountered the British North Sea fishing fleet off Dogger bank. The warships fired on the fishermen, mistaking them for torpedo boats, which led to a strained state of affairs between Great Britain and Russia that at one time threatened to result in hostilities between the two countries. An international commission of inquiry, however, which met at Paris, after a complete investigation, excused the admiral for his action, while condemning the firing.

Rojestvensky was later joined by Rear Admiral Voelkersan and his division of the squadron. The Russian combined squadrons, consisting of 47 vessels, passed Singapore April 8 and coaled and reprovisioned off the coast of Annam and the island of Hatien. On May 8 the division commanded by Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, consisting of nine ships, joined forces with Rojestvensky and the united fleet sailed north to meet the Japanese.

**GREAT BATTLE ENSUES**

The battle of the sea of Japan, otherwise the battle of Tsushima, was the result of this meeting. It was the greatest naval struggle since Trafalgar. Entering the straits of Tsushima between Korea and Japan, the Russian fleet was attacked by the Japanese under Admiral Togo, the opening shots in the fight being fired about 2 o'clock on the afternoon of May 27.

The battle lasted until the afternoon of May 28 and included a general engagement and a torpedo attack on the night of May 27. The Kniaz Souvaroff, the flagship of Admiral Rojestvensky, was blown up; the admiral, himself seriously wounded, was rescued by a Russian torpedo boat destroyer, which was afterward captured by the Japanese, who took Rojestvensky prisoner. Admiral Voelkersan was killed in the conning tower of the Oslyabia and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff was taken prisoner. Twenty-one ships of the Russian fleet were sunk, including six battleships and four cruisers. Five Russian ships were captured. The Russian loss was estimated at 4,000 killed or drowned and more than 7,000 officers and men taken prisoners. The Japanese in this engagement lost three torpedo boats, 116 officers and men killed and 538 wounded.

A naval court of inquiry, June 7, 1906, presented an indictment against Admiral Rojestvensky for surrendering to the enemy, but on July 10 the admiral was acquitted on the ground that he was not in his full senses (he was found unconscious from several injuries by the Japanese) and therefore not accountable for what happened at the time of surrender.

**WOUNDED LIEUTENANT DIES**

MANILA, July 20.—Lieutenant Guy Burr, who was wounded on July 10 in an attack on outlaws at Cota, on the island of Mindanao, has died from his wound. Lieutenants Burr and Whitney, commanding a detachment of the constabulary, stormed Cota, which was occupied by the outlaw Uyan. Fourteen of the outlaws were killed and two guns were captured.

# BOARD STANDS BY ITS GUNS IN TROLLEY FIGHT

### Competition Clause Insisted on in Outer Track Permit Granted U. R. R.

### Money Payment for Franchise Waived, With Right Retained to Revoke at Will

### Action of Majority Members Puts Responsibility for Horsecars Squarely on Company

By the decisive vote of 12 to 3 the board of supervisors refused yesterday to give the United Railroads the exclusive right to operate electric cars in lower Market street. The board granted a permit to run trolley cars on the outer tracks from Sansome street to the ferry, but with the proviso that the corporation first agree in writing to allow a municipally owned line to use those rails. The permit was made revocable at will. It is understood that the United Railroads will refuse to avail itself of the privilege, choosing rather to use the horsecars than to permit another line to obtain a Market street outlet to the ferry. The resolution covering the subject was passed by the following vote:

Aye—Bancroft, Booth, Connolly, D'Ancona, Giannini, Jennings, Johnston, McLeran, Murdock, Murphy, Payot and Rixford—12.

No—Pollok, McAllister, Comte—3.

Absent—Center, Hocks, Broderick.

The franchise was approved with the safeguarding attached after a motion had been defeated, the purport of which was to grant the permit with no stipulation protecting the rights of the city. This motion received the affirmative votes of only Pollok, McAllister and Comte.

**PERMIT IS REVOCABLE**

The resolution, as finally adopted, first makes the permit "revocable at will" and then continues: "Provided, however, that before such privilege shall be exercised * * * said Sutter street railroad company shall file with the board of supervisors a stipulation in writing agreeing to grant a right of way for a municipally owned street railroad over said tracks."

The franchise was sought in the name of the Sutter street company, which has become a part of the United Railroads in all but name. The matter came before the supervisors in the form of an elaborate petition from the commercial interests of the city.

By their action yesterday the supervisors have drawn the issue in a clear cut manner. They waived the condition which had been previously insisted upon that the company pay the city $1,000 a month for the permit and left only such restriction as would enable the city to retain for itself the use of its streets. A refusal on the part of the United Railroads to accept the permit as offered would naturally indicate that the sole purpose of the company in refraining from the use of the outer tracks for the Sutter trolley cars was a desire to maintain a monopoly in lower Market street.

**REBUKES COMMERCIAL BODIES**

Representatives of local commercial bodies were present at yesterday's meeting of the board and it was to them that Supervisor Connolly addressed some pointed remarks. He said:

"It is a hard thing for the supervisors to have to sit here and refuse the United Railroads a privilege that the representatives of civic and commercial bodies are clamoring for them to grant. The railroad officials know they can sit easily at their desks and depend upon the 'leading citizens' to come here seeking their privileges for them while they laugh in their sleeves.

"The exclusive privilege to operate electric cars on all the tracks of lower Market street is one, I believe, well worth $1,000,000. We supervisors are the trustees of the citizens of San Francisco in the ownership of its streets and that trust we must administer for them."

## LOUIS O'FARRELL SLAPS FACE OF AN ATTORNEY

### Sensational Incident in Court During Trial of Teresa Wensinger Will Contest

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CALL

SANTA ROSA, July 20.—During a hearing of a phase of the famous Teresa Wensinger will contest this morning Louis O'Farrell, one of the O'Farrell heirs, stepped up to and deliberately slapped the face of Attorney Burke, counsel for the executors of the will. The assault occurred while the crowd was leaving the courtroom and no judicial notice was taken of the incident.

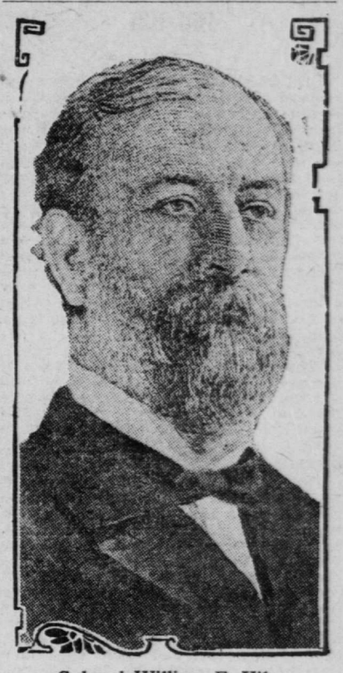
The O'Farrell heirs are questioning the claim of the archbishop for a one-third share of the entire estate, contending that the division should be made from the remainder of the estate after bequests to seven charities had been made. The matter was heard before Judge Denny, sitting for Judge Seawell, and continued until Wednesday.

## PLANS OPPOSITION LINE TO HAMBURG-AMERICAN

### German Prince Will Back Venture and Emperor's Friend Will Assist

BERLIN, July 20.—Prince Christian Kraft Hohenlohe-Oehringen, who has a large interest in the Deutsche Levante steamship company of Hamburg, is preparing, according to the Kleine Journal, to found a system of great shipping lines in opposition to the Hamburg-American line. Prince Egon Fuerstenburg, the emperor's most intimate friend, has agreed, the Journal affirms, to become a heavy share holder in the new enterprise

## Noted Bourbon Nears His End



Colonel William F. Vilas

# Col. W. F. Vilas, Once in Cabinet, Dying

### *Former Senator and Only Living Member of Cleveland Council Suffers Hemorrhage*

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CALL

MADISON, Wis., July 20.—Colonel William F. Vilas of Madison, former United States senator from Wisconsin, and the only living member of Cleveland's first cabinet, suffered a cerebral hemorrhage while asleep at his home here last night and is dying. The rupture of the blood vessel is on the right side of the brain and the entire right side of the body is paralyzed.

Last evening he played billiards for several hours with former Congressman Burr W. Jones and later retired in fine spirits and apparently in the best of health.

During the last few months Colonel Vilas had been busy supervising the erecting of Wisconsin's new $6,000,000 capitol, being the leading spirit of the state commission of five members which has that work in charge. Owing to the fact that the governor has been busy with other duties of his office, and the other members of the commission reside outside of Madison, most of the active work of looking after the big building has fallen on Colonel Vilas. He is also a member of the state commission appointed to erect the $100,000 monument at Vicksburg in memory of the Wisconsin soldiers taking part in the memorable siege.

Colonel Vilas attended the funeral of former President Cleveland and was much depressed by the death of his old political friend and associate.

## PIONEER OF SONOMA COUNTY PASSES AWAY

### Losson Ross, Eighty Years Old and Pioneer of State, Is Dead

SANTA ROSA, July 20.—Death claimed another pioneer citizen of Sonoma county late this afternoon when Losson Ross died at his Forestville home, where he had resided since 1857. The deceased came to this state with the argonauts in 1850 and was 85 years old.

Ross had been ill for a long time and the doctors in attendance gave up hope days ago. Trere were gathered at his deathbed, besides the widow, five sons and a daughter.

## IDAHO TOWN SWEPT BY $300,000 BLAZE

### Fire Wipes Out Business Section of Cottonwood Before Flames Are Stopped

PORTLAND, Ore., July 20.—A special to the Oregonian from Lewiston, Idaho, says:

Fire today destroyed the business section of Cottonwood, entailing a loss of $300,000. The fire originated in a saloon and the wind carried it to neighboring buildings.

This is the second fire to destroy the place within 13 months.

The losers were:

Cottonwood hardware company, $23,000; Samuel Goldstein, merchant, $16,000; Sims & McKinney, hardware, $10,000; W. G. Brust, merchant, $25,000; J. M. Meden, furniture, $12,000; Severns & Fuchs, merchants, $9,000; other losses ranging from $1,000 to $5,000.

## BROKERS ARRESTED FOR STEALING NAMES

### Former Auditors of Nat C. Goodwin Company Charged With Theft

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CALL

RENO, Nev., July 20.—Charles W. Raymond and W. H. Nagle, former auditors for the Nat C. Goodwin brokerage company, who have opened brokerage offices of their own in the Odd Fellows' building, are under arrest today charged with stealing a valuable investors' mailing list from their ex-employers. The Nat C. Goodwin company alleges that Nagle, who was employed as chief accountant, stole the names and that he and Raymond were using them.

The management of the Goodwin company hopes to prove the theft by maintaining that the names taken could have been obtained in no other way. They allege that the people whose addresses disappeared are buyers of valuable mining stock.

**DIVORCEES LACK MINISTER**

NEWPORT, R. I., July 20.—The wedding of Herbert H. Harriman and Mrs. May Brady Hall is expected to take place here as soon as a clergyman can be found who is willing to perform the ceremony, since both parties have been divorced.

# VAN RENSSELAER MAKES THREATS TO KILL MOTHER

### Member of New York's Oldest Family Is Arrested for Extortion

### Writes Letter to Parent in Which He Demands $5,000 or Her Death

### Prisoner Admits Crime Charged and Promises to Cause Further Scandal

NEW YORK, July 20.—John A. Van Rensselaer, son of Mrs. John King Van Rensselaer, and a member of one of New York's oldest families, was taken into custody tonight on a charge of attempted extortion. The arrest was made on advices from Chief of Police Crowley of Newport, L. I., who received a complaint from Mrs. Van Rensselaer that her son had written a letter threatening her with bodily harm unless she provided him with funds. Van Rensselaer is 34 years old and married.

Van Rensselaer is connected with a local brokerage house and when he returned to his home tonight he was placed under arrest by detectives, who produced the letter alleged to have been written by Van Rensselaer to his mother. The detectives and Lieutenant Mannion, before whom Van Rensselaer was brought in the police station, said that the young man declared that he had written the letter, which is without any conventional beginning or ending, and of which the postscript is unsigned.

**SENDS THREAT TO MOTHER**

The letter reads:

I have just seen Lawrence Lee and I am given to understand that you will pay $30 per month for my board if I will go 300 miles from New York and that I must have your written consent to leave the place that you may select.

Did it ever occur to you that I have an absolute remainder interest in Aunt Frances' estate securities and that by blowing your head off my wife would have an income sufficient to support her?

I will take that course if necessary and upon my head will rest the consequences. (Thaw is still alive, maybe I will be.)

In any case my wife, God bless her, will benefit by your death, even if I do not.

I have seen many disagreements and much suffering in my life, and I must say that most of it is due to you. A selfish peacock, whose name in these times amounts to nothing, and who is almost, if not entirely, forgotten in circles once courted.

I am now in no humor to be trifled with, and I wish to go on record that I will take action on sight unless something is done at once. You gave Harold $6,000 and a trip to Europe. What have I had for being honest?

J. A. VAN RENSSELAER.

I want you to raise on that fancy name of yours $5,000 for me. If you are such a great lady, make good; if not, keep out of my sight. I can raise cash enough yet to go to you wherever you are, and I have a good name.

**EXPLAINS THE DEMAND**

Van Rensselaer was taken later to police headquarters, and the police of Newport, where Mrs. Van Rensselaer is now residing, were notified of the arrest. The prisoner made inquiries regarding bail and spoke vaguely of a man named Lee, who would be glad to furnish it. Van Rensselaer will be carefully observed by the police. Admitting to Lieutenant Mannion that he had written the letter, Van Rensselaer, according to the police, made the following statement regarding the demand on his mother:

"I gave her $1,000 when she was on her uppers, and now I wanted $5,000 to go into the brokerage business. When I was in business before I had a good friend who used to loan me any amount I wanted up to a couple of hundred thousand. This friend's mother wanted to get into the Colonial Dames of America, of which my mother was a member, but my mother blackballed her. Then soon after that I went to this friend again for another loan, but he told me if my mother was too good to associate with his mother he guessed his money was too good for me."

Van Rensselaer is a son of John King Van Rensselaer and grandson of Brigadier General Henry B. Van Rensselaer, aide de camp to Major General Winfield Scott. The Van Rensselaers are descendants from Colonel Jeremiah Van Rensselaer, who was a member of the colonial assembly in this state. Young Van Rensselaer was twice married, having divorced his first wife.

## ORGANIZES COMPANY TO NAVIGATE THE AIR

### Charles J. Glidden Forms Corporation to Operate Airships on Regular Lines

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CALL

BOSTON, July 20.—Charles J. Glidden, the millionaire globe girdling motorist and a prominent aeronaut, is organizing here the American aerial navigating company, the first aerial navigation company in America, which probably will be incorporated in this state.

The company will manufacture and operate a trial device and establish aerial routes for the transportation of passengers and freight for sporting purposes in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

Glidden anticipates that within the next 18 months the new company will be carrying passengers and merchandise by the "air line" between Boston and New York, either by dirigible balloon or aeroplane. He believes that with relay stations near Springfield and New Haven this trip can be made 300 days in the year. The first experiments will be made with small dirigible balloons carrying one or two passengers in addition to the operative.

**NO TRACE OF GIRL FOUND**

The police have been unable to find any trace of Miss Mary Bunderson, the pretty daughter of a wealthy rancher near Petaluma, who disappeared Sunday, leaving a note for her parents that she had gone away and not to look for her. The girl's father came to the city Sunday night, but returned home yesterday afternoon. The police are continuing their search, believing that the girl is in this city.