PACIFIC MAIL NO COMPETITOR FOR RAILROADS

Government Shows Steamship Company Does Not Affect Transcontinental Lines

Harriman Blamed for Failure to Arrange for Oriental Connection With San Pedro

The government took the opportunity yesterday during the hearing of the suit against the Harriman merger to demonstrate that the Pacific Mail steamship company had ceased to be a competitive factor in the Pacific-Atlantic freight business. At the same time it was brought out that a plan on the part of the Clark road to compete for the traffic of the orient had been nipped in the bud. The Clark road officials had been negotiating with the Dollar steamship company for trans-Pacific connections at San Pedro, but the idea was abandoned after it came under the eye of the Harriman officials.

That the Pacific Mail vessels were "tubs" was the testimony of A. L. Scott, president of the Pacific hardware and steel company; that they are "out of date" was the statement of J. P. Williams, agent for the Panama railroad.

RAILROADS DO NOT COMPETE

Beside the broadsides at the Pacific Mail, the government's representative, C. A. Severance, sought to establish the fact that the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific had ceased to compete.

Scott testified not only to the inadequate facilities of the Pacific Mail, but told of changes in tariffs and routings after the acquisition of the Union Pacific by the Harriman interests.

Testimony was introduced by Severance to show that the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific had been competitors for Atlantic seaboard freight before the merger, but that since then they had acted in accord. For this purpose C. R. Havens of Murphy, Grant & Co. and A. A. Watkins of W. W. Montague & Co. were called to the stand. J. H. Cooper, assistant manager of the Pacific Coast steamship company, and P. M. Goodall of Goodall, Perkins & Co., told of the service between San Francisco and northern ports by the steamship routes.

RIVAL ROUTE ABANDONED

The chief witness at the afternoon session was H. C. McCartney, principal assistant engineer of the Western Pacific. McCartney served under Virgil Bogue when the latter was chief engineer of the Union Pacific. Later McCartney was employed by the San Pedro line (the Clark road) in running the survey through Nevada.

McCartney testified that shortly after he placed his men in the field the surveyors of the Oregon Short Line appeared on the scene and began to run lines. There was difficulty between the two parties, and some time later the Oregon Short line men were withdrawn and McCartney was given instructions to run two lines paralleling each other.

McCartney testified further that in 1902 he received orders "to disregard the double route and survey a single line giving it the most advantageous location possible. This he did and under this survey the San Pedro line was built.

Severance endeavored to make it appear that the single line had been built as the result of an agreement between the San Pedro line and the Oregon Short Line. This will be substantiated later by a copy of the contract between Clark and Harriman.

CANYON FOUND NARROW

Judge W. R. Kelly, chief counsel for the San Pedro road, assisted Judge Lovett and Peter F. Dunne in the examination of the witness. They sought to make it appear that it had been found impossible to construct the two lines through the narrow canyon and that the second line had been abandoned for engineering reasons.

A. D. Shepard, secretary and general manager of the Pacific improvement company, and formerly general freight agent of the Southern Pacific, objected to the persistence with which Severance plied him with questions as to the Union Pacific.

"I am not here to speak for the Union Pacific," replied Shepard. "I am here merely to tell you what I can from my limited knowledge. The Union Pacific can speak for itself.'

SOUTHERN PACIFIC DOMINANT

Severance showed through Shepard's testimony that the Southern Pacific had handled the bulk of its freight by water from New York to New Orleans and thence to San Francisco by rail.

The witness stated that the Southern Pacific was always the dominant factor in rate making. Severance again tried to show that the Union Pacific, if in reality a competing line, could route freight to Portland and thence by boat to San Francisco, thus eliminating the Southern Pacific. Shepard said that he did not regard such routing as practicable.

Stanley Dollar of the Dollar steamship company, which operates vessels to oriental ports, stated that he had opened negotiations with the San Pedro line for a trans-Pacific service, but that after the question was referred to W. H. Bancroft of the Oregon Short Line by the officials of the San Pedro line, the project was abandoned. In the agreement, as tentatively drawn, San Pedro was to be the main port of call.

Further testimony as to the routing of westbound freight was given by A. C. Rufolson, president of a local sheet metal factory.

J. P. Williams, local agent of the Panama railroad, said that the vessels operated by his company on the Atlantic were far superior to those run on the Pacific by the Pacific Mail. The latter, he said, were out of date. It was brought out that the boats on this side consume 25, 30 and 35 days in reaching the isthmus while those from New York make the run in six days. Williams testified that it required frequently 45 days to bring freight from New York. It requires but 10 days to get the freight from New York to the Pacific side of the isthmus.

The hearing will be resumed this morning and it is expected that it will be concluded before night.

CUTS OUT CONGRESS MEMBERS—Boston, May 11.—The advocates of direct nominations received a decisive defeat in the house of representatives today when the bill extending such privileges to nominations for senators and representatives was killed by a vote of 77 to 97.

BANKRUPT BROKER INDICTED—Cleveland, May 11.—George O. Lamprecht of Lamprecht Brothers & Co., brokers, who recently failed for over $1,000,000, was indicted by the grand jury today on th echarge of embezzlement. He was immediately arrested and released on bond.

Three Professors Let Out By University Time Clock

PROF. R.H. LOUGHRIDGE PROF. G.H. HOWISON PROF. B. RISING.

Members of faculty who were dropped from roll of university yesterday.

THEIR RETIREMENT CALLED AUTOMATIC

Professors Rising, Howison and Loughridge Dropped From State University Roll

Former Members of Faculty Uncertain if They Will Get Pensions and "Emeritus"

BERKELEY, May 11.—Three professors disappeared from the faculty roll of the University of California today, but how it happened neither they nor their friends are able to tell. At the office of the secretary the situation was covered in the brief phrase, "automatic retirement." That is the nearest to an announcement that the unusual occurrence has developed. The three thus unceremoniously shoved off the faculty bench are: Prof. W. B. Rising of the chemistry department, Prof. George H. Howison of the department of philosophy and Prof. R. H. Loughridge, expert in soil analysis. That their retirement was slated was stated in these columns yesterday. The event was brought off as scheduled, but with a strange accompanying silence.

The three professors decline to enter into any discussion of the subject. In fact, they are in a large degree uncertain of their fate.

NEW ORDER WORKS LIKE CLOCK

The process of automatic retirement, which appears to have been invoked with abundant success by President Wheeler, operates with something of the precision of a time clock. When the professor reaches the age of 65 the combination breaks, the bars drop and out slides the victim. It is regarded as a far more satisfactory system than the ancient method of calling the professor into council, telling him how valuable he has been to the college and how "sorry we are to lose you, but I have decided to allow you an indefinite leave on half pay."

Under the new order of things, the professor is placed on the long incline and tobaggoned into space. It he takes the chute gracefully, he gets an "emeritus" and a Carnegie pension.

NO SONG, SERVICE NOR FLOWERS

Professor Hilgard retired some time ago and due and formal announcement was made. Similar announcement was made recently when Prof. Isaac Flagg was placed on the pension roll. In the wholesale retirement of yesterday there was neither song, service, nor flowers.

Professor Howison passed the age limit some time ago, but declined to retire. He is regarded as an authority on philosophical subjects. His early students are the professors of today in many of the big eastern colleges.

Professor Rising has long been the head of the department of chemistry. In close association with him has been Professor O'Neil, who has gradually taken over much of his work.

Professor Loughridge has been one of the active workers in the agricultural department. Through his expert researches in soils, he has contributed largely to the upbuilding of the agricultural resources of the state.

DIGEST FOOD TO GAIN GOOD HEALTH

Illustration Drawn From the Lives of Trappers by Easterner

Body's Condition Depends on Action of Stomach, Says Cooper

The Owl Drug Store, in the Phelan building, has presented a scene of unusual activity for the past few days. This store is the headquarters for L. T. Cooper, the young man who claims the stomachs of many Americans are degenerate.

Cooper, with his assistants, is meeting the public at this store. The success he had in eastern cities has followed him to San Francisco, for an astonishing number of people are calling to have his theory and medicines explained to them. While discussing his medicines yesterday afternoon, Cooper said:

"I am often asked if my medicine is good for kidney trouble, or liver complaint, or rheumatism, or a dozen other diseases. These are hard questions to answer. Frankly, my treatment is for the stomach and for the stomach alone, but if the function of digestion is being properly performed, very few people can be sick.

"The stomach is the seat of life. The entire system depends upon its action. Why are there so many half sick people today? It is because the stomach of a man or woman who lives a shut-in life from day to day, taking little or no exercise in the fresh air, can not digest the amount of food that is forced upon it. It gradually grows weaker under these circumstances, and nervousness, kidney troubles, rheumatism, etc., are the result.

"I am successful with my treatment because the medicine cleans out the food tracts that have become clogged, gets the digestive organs regulated and gives nature a chance. Give nature a chance—that is the secret of health.

"Last year I was on a fishing trip in Northern Minnesota. I had wo guides who had spent their lives in the woods, trapping, hunting and fishing. When night came these men would eat a frying pan full of bacon, pouring the grease over great chunks of a soggy sort of bread. The sight of those slabs of bacon would sicken most city people, but those men munched it down with a relish and then rolled up in blankers and slept like logs. They never knew they had stomachs, so perfectly did the gastric juices perform their functions. I asked them if they were ever sick. 'Never had a minute's sickness,' they said.

"Modern conditions make it impossible to live as those men live, but if all men and women will get their digestions in shape, there will be mighty little rheumatism, or kidney trouble, or liver complaint. I do not believe in taking medicine unless it is necessary, but if a man or woman who is suffering with what is called a 'general run-down condition,' and which I call a played-out stomach, will take my treatment for six weeks, they will need no more medicine for many months to come. The proof of the pudding is in the eating. Today I have had a dozen people call and thank me for 'my wonderful medicine,' as they call it."

One of Cooper's caliers, who, as he said, came to thank him Tuesday afternoon, was David Cobb, living in San Jose, Cal., who said:

"For years I have not had a well day. My stomach has been in frightful shape. The mere thought of food would nauseate me, and when I did force myself to eat, no food tasted right. I would have indigestion, gas on stomach and bloating, always after meals. Now, however, I have taken the Cooper treatment and feel strong and well once more. My stomach trouble is gone. Any one who knows what catarrh of the stomach is knows what this means to me. I consider this the most remarkable medicine I ever heard of."

SIGNAL SERVICE MEN FOR ALASKA—Omaha, May 11.—Forty-one signal service men left this afternoon under Master Signal Electrician Gunaurd for Alaska. These men have finished their course in telegraphy at Fort Omaha and are now to go to the several stations in Alaska to relieve men who have finished their time there and to make improvements under the present telegraph system now in use.

DIRECTORATE RE-ELECTED—Schenechtady, N. Y., May 11.—The annual meeting of the stock holders of the General Electric company today resulted in the re-election of the entire board of directors.

"JOHN ORTH" IS DISCOVERED AGAIN

Chicago Paper Identifies in Poor Machinist the Long Missing Archduke of Austria

CHICAGO, May 11.—The Journal today devotes its entire front page to the elaboration of an unequivocal statement that it has discovered the "Lost John Orth," otherwise Archduke Johann Salvator of Austria, prince of the house of Hapsburg, who disappeared 13 years ago after marrying Fudmikla Stubel, an opera singer.

Briefly sketched, the Journal story says:

WORKING AS MACHINIST

"John Orth" was discovered at Painesville, Ohio, working as a machinist at $15 per week. Previously he had followed this occupation at Grand Rapids, Mich., and Cleveland, Ohio. His reason for making his identity known at this time, the Journal states, was due to his advancing age and his desire that he might be buried in Austria.

Johann Salvator, as the alleged archduke has always been known since he left the court at Vienna, was married in London, and he and his wife afterward sailed for South America in the Santa Marguerita, a schooner which he had chartered.

It has always been believed that the archduke lost his life when the schooner sank off the coast of Chile.

NOT ON THE SCHOONER

According to the story of the Painesville machinist he and his beautiful wife were not aboard the ship. They went ashore at Cusavana, a small port on the Rio de la Plata. It was planned that they should meet the ship at Valparaiso, but the craft sank en route.

The romantic couple drifted all over the world, finally taking up a plantation on the island of Martinique. In the Mont Pelee catastrophe his wife and their two children were killed. Salvator, according to the Journal story, was rescued and came to the United States.

HOT PURSUIT OF BOLD LEADER OF OUTLAWS

Many Murders Are Ascribed to Jikiro of Jolo

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The Philippine government has determined to take into custody a Moro outlaw known throughout the Sulu archipelago as Jikiro of Jolo. For months many murders and robberies have been charged to the band of this leader.

The recent outlawry has been so bold and extensive that the authorities decided to taxe extraordinary steps to end it. A gunboat is searching along the smaller islands in the Sulu archipelago and land forces are tramping the mountains, hoping to ensnare the outlaws.

On March 12 Jikiro is reported to have led 50 Moros in an attack upon the constabulary barracks at Siasi, in the hope of procuring arms and ammunition. The 22 soldiers within, under command of Captain Dewitt and Lieutenant Bennett, had an exciting time defending themselves in the darkness.

FIGHT WITH KNIVES IN PEW OF THE CATHEDRAL

Desperate Duel in Midst of Worshipers at Mass

MONTEREY, Mexico, May 11.—While all around them scores of people were kneeling at mass, Ricardo Quiroz and Alfonso Farias, members of wealthy families and students of Marista college, last Sunday fought a duel with pocket knives as they sat in a pew of the cathedral. Both were seriously wounded.

There had been ill feeling between the two for some time and Quiroz had challenged Farias to a duel. No acceptance was received, and when they met in the cathedral Sunday Quiroz taunted the man he had challenged, accusing him of cowardice.

Farias at once drew his knife and began slashing. In an instant Quiroz's knife was also at work, and before the combatants were separated, both were bleeding from a number of wounds. The fight created a panic among the worshipers.

PROMISES PROTECTION AND TO PAY DAMAGES

Peru Will Settle Claims of Chinese Victims of Riot

LIMA, Peru, May 11.—The Chinese minister to Peru, following the rioting in this city last Sunday, in the course of which several Chinese stores were looted, has demanded protection for Chinese subjects, as well as the payment of damages.

Foreign Minister Porras has promised protection and says the government will settle all just claims.

Owing to serious economic conditions in Peru the government will ask the companies engaged in public undertakings to provide work for the unemployed.

The McCartney Apartments, Second avenue and Lake street, are plastered. McCullough would be pleased to have you call and look them over.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SONS OF HERMANN BAR THE ORIENTALS

Only Members of Caucasian Race Will Be Eligible to Join Order

[Special Dispatch to The Call]

NAPA, May 11.—At the session of the state convention of Hermann's Sons in this city this afternoon a strong stand was taken by the delegates in favor of the white race against orientals. A resolution was adopted, after discussion, providing that delegates to the national grand lodge, which meets in Denver in September, use their influence to secure the adoption of a new law that only members of the Caucasian race be eligible to membership in Hermann's Sons. This is intended to shut out Japanese and Chinese from membership in the order.

Santa Rosa was selected as the place for holding the state convention in 1910 after a lively contest with San Jose.

Election of officers was then held and there was a spirited competition for grand guide and grand trustees. The complete list of officers is as follows: Grand president, John Brendel of Santa Rosa; grand first vice president, H. J. Kessel of San Francisco; grand second vice president, Otto Deissler of Los Angeles; grand secretary, E. G. Bruegge of San Francisco; grand treasurer, Hans Juergen of San Francisco; grand guide, C. W. Esemann of Oxnard; grand inner guard, Martin Peter of Santa Rosa; grand outer guard, H. Blume of Vallejo; grand trustees, J. Kiefel, R. Sproete and F. Werner. Finance committee, H. Waret, Dr. C. Troppmann and William Krappenharft. Delegates to national grand lodge, J. Pope, Oscar Hocks and E. G. Bruegge of San Francisco and W. Luedke.

Tonight a grand ball was given in honor of the visiting delegates at East Napa pavilion.

At the session today State Grand Secretary Bruegge called attention to the celebration of the nineteen hundredth anniversary of the famous battle of Teutoburg to be held in San Francisco from August 1 to August 8, this year. The convention strongly indorsed the project. A similar celebration will be held in all the large cities in the eastern states and also in Germany.

The celebration commemorates the victory won by Arminius (Hermann) and the German hosts over the Roman army in the Teutoburg forest, Germany, in 9 A. D. All German organizations in California—Hermann's Sons, turnverein, schuetzenverein and Hermann's Sons' Sisters—will be represented in a great parade to be held in Market street and Van Ness avenue, with ten or more elaborate historical floats among other features.

The committee on mileage and per diem, J. Tillman of Oakland, G. Schlotz of Woodland and Henry Jurgens of San Francisco presented their report.

WAS KNOWN AS ONE OF IMMORTAL SIX HUNDRED

Famous Confederate Veteran Answers Final Roll Call

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Captain Jackson Kirkman, formerly a Mississippi editor and well known confederate veteran, died at a hospital here today. He was one of the officers known in the south as the "Immortal Six Hundred," who as pirsoners of war were placed under confederate fire on an island near Charleston by the union army as a measure of retaliation. In late years he was a department clerk in Washington.

ACTORS' ORGANIZATIONS MAY BE AMALGAMATED

Plan to Consolidate Society and Fund Is Approved

NEW YORK, May 11.—Amalgamation of the Actors' fund of America and the Actors' society of America will be perfected if suggestions made at today's annual meeting of the Actors' fund are carried out.

Joseph R. Grismer, who presided, proposed that the two consolidate and erect a large building to house all the theatrical organizations of the city. Thomas A. Wise president of the Actors' society, approved the proposal.

F. F. Mackay told of the progress of the actors' home, maintained by the fund, saying that 79 old actors had been received in the eight years of its existence, while 30 are now quartered there.

CHICAGO POLICE ABOUT TO PUBLISH NEWSPAPER

Every Policeman, 4,000 of Them, Will Be Reporter

CHICAGO, May 11.—"Evening paper—Chicago Star!" That is the newsboys' cry that will soon be heard in the streets, if plans now being formulated do not miscarry.

The new paper is to be edited and published under the auspices of the Chicago police department. It will be devoted to the interests of Chicago policemen and the employes of other branches of the city government.

The publication expects to have the largest staff in the world, counting each of the 4,000 members of the police department as a reporter.

You Are Losing Money

If you have a vacant room in your house. Rent it—a little ad in The Call will do it. Phone Kearny 86 and the "ad man" will call.

STEINWAY

Futile as imitation ever is, there is no more irrefutable testimony to Steinway worth and supremacy than the continued and continuous effort to imitate the Steinway. It is the most impressive tribute ever paid to any manufacturer.

Sherman, Clay & Co.
Steinway and Other Pianos
Victor Talking Machines
Kearny and Sutter - - - San Francisco
Broadway at 13th, Oakland. 1635 Van Ness, S. F.

NEW YORK. Altman's INCORPORATED PARIS.
1333 Van Ness Avenue
Our Going Downtown Sale
IS PROVING A GREAT SUCCESS

WE wish to apologize to our customers who could not be attended to owing to the great number that took advantage of the unprecedented reductions on our large stock of

SUITS, COSTUMES, WAISTS
CLOAKS AND MILLINERY

We will continue our sale till we move to our permanent location, 139-141-143 Geary street.

Splendidly equipped De Luxe Train. Runs daily via Salt Lake Route, Union Pacific and Northwestern.
Ask L. A. BELL, D. P. A., 714 Market St., San Francisco, or any ticket agent about it.
THREE DAYS—LOS ANGELES TO CHICAGO

S. N. WOOD & CO.
The Largest Retailers of Apparel in the West

Sale of Street Dresses

$17.50 Silk Street Dresses $10.75
Rich soft silk of a very fine quality—made on the popular Redfern model—these dresses are in black and white and blue and white—large plaids, now the rage in the East, and black—a very pretty dress. Value $17.50, sale price $10.75.

$20.00 Rajah Silk Dresses $10.75
Made of a very good quality Indian Rajah in natural and evening shades. The entire garment generously trimmed with contrasting satin, oriental trimmings and covered buttons. Sale price $10.75.

$18.50 Tailored Street Dresses $10.75
A Chiffon Panama of a very fine texture; panel effect front and back, with two rows of self-covered tailored buttons finished with Bengaline. In all the new Spring street shades. Sale price $10.75.

Silk Skirts Free With Your Suit
Until Saturday night you may select one of our famous $5 silk skirts free with your tailored suits—this gratuitous presentation of skirts will positively end then. Sale of special $25 suits will continue this week.

Sale of Beautiful Hats at $6.50
In order to continue this sale for the rest of this week we have selected quite a number of $8.50 and $10.00 hats in both tailored and dress hats, which we will include in the assortment now on sale at $6.50.

S. N. WOOD & CO. Market at 4th
and Oakland at Washington and 11th

STATEMENT
OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE
Connecticut Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, on the 31st day of December, 1908, and for the year ending on that day. Made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of California, pursuant to the requirements of Section 613 of the Political Code of said state.

ASSETS

Net value of real estate owned by the company	$7,857,615.45
Amount of loans secured by mortgage on real estate	23,457,441.03
Loans to policy holders on company's policies assigned as collateral	3,501,760.00
Cash market value of stocks and bonds owned by the company	29,484,707.40
Amount of cash in banks	1,001,028.15
Interest due and accrued	996,036.89
Rents due and accrued	12,284.69
Real estate sold under land contract, balance purchase price	548,863.52
Net amount of premiums in process of collection and of deferred premiums	459,536.66
Premium notes on policies in force	340,807.19
Total	$67,860,069.78
Deduct agents' credit balances	79.12
Total assets	$67,659,990.66

LIABILITIES

Claims for death losses and matured endowments due and unpaid	$66,468.80
Claims for death losses reported, no proofs received	151,001.00
Claims for death losses not due	129,395.00
Claims for death losses resisted by the company	10,882.00
Net present value of all outstanding policies computed according to the actuaries' table of mortality with 4 per cent interest, and American table with 3 per cent interest	60,954,624.95
Present value of amounts not yet due on supplementary contracts not involving life contingencies	13,185.72
Dividends or other profits due or to become due to policy holders	91,650.21
Dividends left with company to accumulate at interest and interest thereon	1,481,854.09
Real estate contingent depreciation account	300,000.00
All other liabilities	290,899.77
Total liabilities	$63,480,961.54

INCOME

Cash received for premiums on new policies during year	$606,448.16
Cash received for renewal premiums	5,193,133.59
Cash received for rents	448,592.50
Cash received for interest	2,720,739.73
Profit on sale or maturity of ledger assets	34,243.08
Consideration for supplementary contracts not involving life contingencies	13,789.75
Gross increase in book value of ledger assets	18,624.39
Dividends left with company to accumulate at interest	192,324.73
Total income	$9,227,895.93

EXPENDITURES

Cash paid for losses and matured endowments	$4,395,581.12
Cash paid to annuitants	20,852.00
Cash paid for surrendered policies	856,785.09
Cash paid for dividends to policy holders	1,424,411.19
Cash paid for dividends to stock holders	
Commissions paid to agents	472,494.34
Salaries and other compensations of officers and employes except agents and medical examiners	176,361.56
Salaries and traveling expenses of managers of agencies, clerks, agency expenses, etc	83,070.89
Medical examiners' fees and inspection of risks	31,679.06
Cash paid for taxes	341,672.38
Cash paid for rents	46,003.33
Paid for claims on supplementary contracts not involving life contingencies	797.49
Gross loss on sale or maturity of ledger assets	285,213.12
Gross decrease in book value of ledger assets	125,825.76
All other expenditures	302,762.00
Total expenditures	$8,313,509.35

PREMIUM NOTE ACCOUNT

Premium notes and other premium obligations at beginning of the year	$374,343.68
Total	$374,343.68

DEDUCTIONS DURING THE YEAR

Amount of notes and other premium obligations used in payment of losses and claims	$11,339.22
Amount of notes and other premium obligations used in purchase of surrendered policies	2,127.93
Amount of notes and other premium obligations used in payment of dividends to policy holders	15,911.60
Amount of notes and other premium obligations redeemed by the maker in cash	3,821.72
Amount of notes and other premium obligations voided by lapse	342.00
Total reduction of premium note account	33,542.49
Balance note assets at end of year	$340,801.19

JOHN M. TAYLOR, President.
WILLIAM H. DEMING, Secretary.
D. H. WELLS, Actuary.
HERBERT H. WHITE, Treasurer.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of February, 1909.
NATHAN F. BECK, Notary Public.

A. K. P. HARMON
GENERAL AGENT
CLAUS SPRECKELS BUILDING
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

W. T. HESS, Notary Public
ROOM 1112, CALL BUILDING
At residence, 1460 Page street, between 7 p. m. and 8 p. m. Residence telephone Park 2791.