

Suffragettes More Bouncing Against Race Suicide, Bouncing Babies Displace Politics as an Argument

BALLINGER NOT FIT FOR TRUST, SAID A JOURNEY

Secretary Against People's Interest, Declares Glavis' Counsel in Brief

Head of Interior Department's Acts Are Above Criticism, Vows Lawyer Vertrees

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Briefs were filed by the attorneys for the "prosecution" and "defense" with the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee today. The committee did not meet today, but will assemble Saturday to prepare for its deliberations.

Attorney Brandeis, counsel for former Special Agent Glavis, and Attorney Pepper, counsel for former Forester Pinchot, contended in their briefs that the evidence adduced during the investigation has shown that Secretary Ballinger is unfit to administer the affairs of the public domain because of an obvious leaning toward a policy of destruction instead of conservation of the people's lands. They condemned his attitude toward the champions of conservation, and charged him with causing embarrassment to the president and loss to the people.

Equally insistent that Ballinger's actions, in and out of the interior department, have not been open to criticism, Attorney Vertrees, counsel for the secretary, declared that none of the accusations made against him has been sustained by presentation of fact.

Vertrees attempts to show by the evidence that there has been a conspiracy afoot to secure Ballinger's removal from office because he did not approve of the so-called "Gardola policies."

60,000 WORD BRIEF
The Glavis brief, prepared by his attorneys, Louis S. Brandeis, George Rublee and Joseph P. Cotton Jr., is a printed document of between 50,000 and 60,000 words and is divided into 17 chapters.

The introductory chapter asks: "Is Mr. Ballinger a man, single minded, enlightened and courageous, so seriously devoted to the interests of the common people, so vigilant and resolute in resisting the insidious inroads of the special interests, that to him may be entrusted the carrying forward of the broad policy of conservation of our national resources?"

In answer, Glavis' attorneys declare that Mr. Ballinger does not meet these simple tests, we submit, has been conclusively established, and if only this is true, the department of the interior should be under other guidance. The best defense that Mr. Ballinger has offered is that he was ignorant of the situation in Alaska and that all of the acts for which he was criticized were performed by subordinates for whom he is not responsible. Such a defense is enough to condemn him.

In our opinion the record discloses Mr. Ballinger's knowledge of the situation. The evidence in the record and conduct of Mr. Ballinger throw a straight light upon his character. No man with such a character would be trusted by any individual or private corporation with care of important property interests.

Regarding the investigation of the Alaska coal claims by Special Agents H. K. Love and Horace T. Jones, the brief says:

The testimony shows Mr. Ballinger's sympathetic attitude toward the coal claimants. It shows that Mr. Ballinger minutely supervised the investigation and what it was in progress discussed with Jones and Love. The results they were obtaining. This is important in his bearing, first upon Mr. Ballinger's assertion that when he directed the clear listing of the Cunningham claims he acted without any knowledge except Love's "favorable" report, and secondly, on the president's finding of the fact, that as commissioner Mr. Ballinger acquired no knowledge in respect to the most formal character.

"ACT INDEFENSIBLE"
"We do not pretend to fathom Mr. Ballinger's mind and to discover the motives that prompted him to clear the Cunningham claims. What his motives were, we do not know. The order clear listing the Cunningham claims shows that Mr. Ballinger had no proper conception of his duty as a trustee and that he was ignorant of what he was doing."

Concerning Glavis' report to the president, the brief says that "while it was of necessity fragmentary because it dealt only with the matter of which Glavis had a personal knowledge, it is notable for accuracy and candor."

Continuing the brief says: "A deluge of typewritten matter came to the president from the interior department in answer to the Glavis report. Those answers were supplemented by oral statements and arguments made by Secretary Ballinger and Oscar Lawler, assistant attorney general of the interior department, in their interviews with the president on September 6 and 7, and finally by the draft of a letter exonerating Ballinger, prepared by Lawler, his appointee, and in effect his subordinate, a man who had a special grudge against Glavis and who in that draft letter declared Glavis guilty of falsehood, of the suppression of the truth and of neglect of duty, thus condemning Glavis on evidence which he had never seen and of course had no opportunity to meet, on arguments that he had never heard, and what is even more, on charges of the preferring of which against him he had no knowledge whatsoever."

"What a pitiful story it is," comments the brief. "The whole machinery of an important government bureau was employed for months in an effort to injure and disgrace Glavis in order to execute on him the revenge of his former superior without any possibility of advantage resulting to the government."

Concerning Ballinger's defense the brief says that it "consisted chiefly in explaining away the natural meaning of documents in pleas of ignorance, and in placing responsibility upon subordinates. His words alone give whatever force such testimony possesses."

In conclusion the brief says: "In this proceeding Mr. Wickersham appears no longer as an assistant judge filling his office as an overzealous advocate. In this proceeding Mr. Lawler is not the judge, but stands in his true light—a prejudiced witness, bitter and vituperative."

VERTREES' REPLY
Vertrees, in his brief for Ballinger, declares that neither the official nor personal acts of his client are open to criticism.

"First of all it is to be borne in mind that Mr. Ballinger neither directly nor indirectly, at any time, was interested in any coal lands in Alaska," says Vertrees. "He was not counsel for the Cunningham claimants, as Glavis said. At the time he became secretary, he was counsel for not one of them. The



Bunch of babies on exhibition at the show of suffragette mothers. Some of the infants are in costumes other than nursery garb.

JUDGES ARE BUSY PICKING THE BEST

Sixty Infants Go to Prove That Club Women Are Not Behind the Times

The loudest feminine yells for liberty and self-rule ever heard under the suffragette banner in this city filled the rooms of the Votes for Women club in Sutter street yesterday afternoon when the assembled women gathered around a miniature pool and dropped their votes into the ballot box in the name of the ticket they favored. The occasion was the baby show of the children of suffragettes, and the voting was for the five most attractive children of the 50 or 60 rosy, chubby tots entered.

Defending Ballinger's clear listing of the Cunningham claims, Vertrees says that action which reflected the loyalty of Chief of Field Division Schwartz, the official upon whom he relied to be advised, "if that order was erroneous," continued, Vertrees, "clearly the secretary would be excused, but it was not erroneous. It was proper and right as the record stood."

Vertrees referred to the testimony of Ballinger's confidential stenographer, F. M. Kerby, who declared that the act of Chief of Field Division Schwartz, reflected against the secretary.

Referring to the interior department, Vertrees says: "Nothing has been revealed which reflects upon the integrity, the good faith, the sense of duty of any man therein."

The only persons who can be criticized, continues Vertrees, are those who have been discharged and have arrayed themselves against the secretary and the department of the interior.

Attorney Pepper, in his brief for Pinchot, declares Ballinger entered his duties knowing "little or nothing of forestry problems" and noting whatever of power site protection.

Pepper gave a general and a specific answer to the question as to what inference ought to be drawn from the testimony respecting the administration of the interior department since Ballinger became secretary. His general answer was that there has been no administration worthy of the name, but only a series of acts unwisely in themselves, referable to no sound theory of principle or action, and that these acts have been directly responsible for embarrassment to the president and loss to the people.

His specific answer was that the testimony taken in this investigation establishes that the course pursued by the department has been characterized by a lack of fidelity to the public interest; that Ballinger is responsible not merely technically and officially, but substantially and actually, for "the entire series of unhappy events," and that the president would never have found himself irrevocably committed to an endorsement of the secretary had he not, at critical points, been "successfully deceived" as to the real significance of what was happening in the department.

As regards the secretary's attitude toward forest lands, Pepper declared that "in the two instances where Ballinger as secretary has had to do with the administration of the national forest he has sacrificed the public interest in petty manifestations of hostility to the forest service."

Asserting that the original charge of deception made against Ballinger had been corroborated by his conduct on the witness stand, Pepper said that Ballinger was compelled to take direct issues of veracity with different witnesses and that first statements on the stand have in a number of instances been contradicted by admissions subsequently wrung from him on cross examination or by the terms of the documents subsequently produced.

RAILROAD TO TAP SIERRA (TIMBER LAND)
Construction on Porterville Line to Begin July 1

[Special Dispatch to The Call]
PORTERVILLE, June 13.—Survey parties have taken the field to tap the line of the Porterville-Springville railroad, and the definite announcement was made today that construction work will be started July 1. For considerable of the distance the line will follow the proposed route of the defunct Sierra Pacific, for which detailed surveys were made up the Tule river.

It is understood, and not denied by the promoters, that the Springville road is a Southern Pacific enterprise. It has a traffic agreement with the Southern Pacific and will use its rolling stock and freight depot in this city.

This new road will not only tap the North and Success orange districts and the immense timber tracts of the higher Sierra, but it will be an important line to summer tourists, affording them easy access to points which are now reached over rugged trails with saddle and pack animals.

Season at Santa Cruz Opens June 18th, 1910
Eleven trains daily leaving Fort of Market Street (Ferry Building) and Third and Townsend Streets Depots. Extra trains Saturdays and Sundays. Ask Agents Southern Pacific.

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PARENTS USELESS

Husband's Father Joins Family and Wife's Mother Breaks It Up

Following the trial of the case of Archie G. Donaldson against Nettie S. Donaldson for divorce, a difference of opinion developed yesterday as to whether it was a case of "too much father in law" or "too much mother in law." Donaldson admitted the trouble started when he took his father to live in his home. But the trouble was intensified when Mrs. Donaldson's mother advised her daughter not to stand for Mrs. Gerber, together with the custody of the 2 1/2 months old child and \$25 a month alimony.

Divorces were granted yesterday as follows:
By Judge Van Nostrand—Augusta Wren from Fred Wallen, cruelty; John H. R. Bonford from Bessie Bonford, desertion.

By Judge Cabanis—Kalll Armacoast from E. Matson Armacoast, cruelty.
Actons for divorce were begun yesterday by: Rose McMillan against Wiley McMillan, cruelty; Elizabeth Rossbach against Robert H. E. Rossbach, cruelty; Iva J. Carson against Joseph W. Carson, cruelty.

Justice of the Peace Alfred B. Lawson yesterday filed an appeal with the supreme court asking that the decree of the superior court awarding alimony of \$100 a month to his wife, Sadie B. Lawson, be set aside. The matter was set for hearing on the July calendar.

\$2,500 CLAIMED FOR LOSS OF WAGON AND HORSES
Fassler Suing United Railroads Before Judge Lennon

Judge Thomas J. Lennon of Marin county, sitting yesterday before a jury of the action in which Joseph Fassler is suing the United Railroads for \$2,500 damages for the destruction of a wagon and six draft horses.

An employe of Fassler was driving the six horse team in Mission road early in the morning of May 1, 1908, when, it is alleged, a car dashed along at reckless rate and collided with the team. Two horses were killed outright, three were crippled so badly that they afterward died and the one that is still alive is useless and a source of expense.

Fassler values the horses at \$350 each and the wagon at \$400. The United Railroads yesterday sued the United Railroads yesterday for \$25,000 damages for injuries sustained March 16, 1910, when she was hurled from the dummy of a Powell street car between Bush and Pine through the gripman stopping the car suddenly. Her knees, breast, right hip and right arm were severely bruised and hurt, and she claims to be a permanent sufferer from insomnia because of the accident.

J. W. CUSICK—Albany, Ore., June 13.—J. W. Cusick, president of the banking firm of J. W. Cusick & Co. of this city, died today from the result of injuries received in a runaway accident last Wednesday. Cusick was 75 years of age and came to Oregon in 1853.

WOMAN'S BLOW

"Beast!" Cries Mrs. R. Silverman as She Strikes Sister's Alleged Abductor

"You ruined my sister, you beast!" cried Mrs. Ray Silverman of 526A Natoma street as she struck George Pierce a blow on the face that made him stagger across Police Judge Deasy's courtroom yesterday just after court adjourned. Before she could repeat the attack Bailiff Ring grabbed her and she fainted in his arms.

Pierce and William Balmain, according to the police, are typical representatives of dealers in white slaves. Yesterday they appeared before Judge Deasy on charges of abduction.

Balmain, who was held for trial before the superior court, was accused of abducting Henrietta Nelson, 16 years of age, who lived at 444 Montgomery avenue last April, and sending her to Mrs. May Taylor, who keeps a resort at Point Arena. Pierce is accused of abducting Nellie Sketer, 17 years of age, who lived with her sister, Mrs. Silverman, and sending her to the same place. His case will come up for hearing tomorrow. The Sketer girl was a witness against Balmain, and her sister was in court.

Detective Furman says that Balmain and Pierce have not been doing any work for years, but have lived off the earnings of young girls. According to Furman, the men made it a practice to meet girls at nickel dance halls.

FREE AT CHURCH DOOR DISAPPROVED BY POPE
Vatican Also Demands Report Upon Duties of Priests

NEW YORK, June 13.—The latest report of the Ecclesiastical Review, the official organ of the Catholic clergy in this country, will do away with the existing practice of collecting a fee at the doors at services, in this and other countries. The pope has demanded a report from the bishops of the zeal with which priests answer sick calls and whether they shirk confessional or other duties.

DR. C. H. BOXMEYER—Palo Alto, June 13.—The early death of Dr. Charles H. Boxmeyer yesterday came as the result of an acute attack of a long standing ailment. He was regarded as one of the ablest specialists in his line in this country. He was born at Holden, Mo., in 1876. He graduated in 1898 from Stanford in the physiology department.

TRAVELERS IN SESSION—Chattanooga, Tenn., June 13.—The annual convention of the Travelers' protective association convened here this morning with 300 delegates and 2,000 visitors in attendance.

WHEN THE SKIN AILS
Real "First Aid" in Eczema and Skin Troubles of Every Nature

Most medicinal preparations for physicians' use tell on the label what particular disease they are best adapted to cure. All the troubles readily curable by poslam, the new skin remedy, make a lengthy list, including every surface skin affection, for poslam is "first aid" whenever the skin ails. While primarily a remedy for eczema, acne, tetter, barber's and other forms of itch, etc., it promptly cures all the lesser skin affections, pimples, redheads, blotches, fever blisters, black noses, inflamed skin, rash, herpes, chert's complexion and keeps the skin in a healthy condition.

Many of these minor troubles are eradicated by poslam overnight, others in a day or two, and many cases of eczema yield in two weeks. Itching stops on first application and the skin begins to heal at once.

Every drugstore keeps both the 50 cent size (for minor troubles) and the \$2 jar, and either of these may be obtained at The Owl Drug Co., as well as other reliable drug stores.

But no one is even asked to purchase poslam without first obtaining a sample package, which will be sent by mail, free of charge, upon request, by the Emergency Laboratories, No. 22 West Twenty-fifth street, New York city.

SCANDAL ARISES IN PHILIPPINES

F. W. Carpenter, Executive Secretary, Accused of Misconduct in Lease of Friar Lands

Nephew of Dean C. Worcester Also Involved in Charges

WASHINGTON, June 13.—As a result of information sent to the house last Saturday by the war department disclosing the alleged fact that Frank W. Carpenter, executive secretary of the Philippine government, and E. L. Worcester had bought and leased friar lands in the Philippines, Representative Martin (democrat) of Colorado today introduced a resolution demanding an investigation and charging malfeasance in office.

Worcester is a nephew of the Philippine secretary of the interior, Dean C. Worcester. The information upon which Martin bases his resolution was sent to the house in response to a previous resolution he had introduced inquiring what persons had acquired these lands.

The report said that one of the friar estates had been sold to Carpenter and 3,000 acres of another estate were leased to Worcester. The sale and lease were made by the director of public lands in the islands and was approved by the secretary of the interior.

Representative Martin's resolution declares these transactions are "so criminally corrupt and immoral as to constitute malfeasance in office on the part of the officials involved."

ANOTHER ANTI-TRUST SUIT—Washington, June 13.—The government is engaged in collecting evidence intended, it is said, to form the basis of a suit against the Great Lakes towing company under the Sherman anti-trust law on the ground that it is a combination in restraint of trade.

PAY FOR CREDITORS—Lexington, Ky., June 13.—Receiver J. C. Rogers of the defunct Southern Mutual investment company today assumed that he would pay \$200,000 to claimants against the concern. There are creditors in 36 states, with total claims of \$1,500,000.

Furniture Sale



Discontinued patterns at a great reduction
Going through our stock prior to inventory, we find a great many discontinued patterns—designs which the factories have stopped making. It is not wise for us to retain these—hence a very low reduced price to get them away quick. Reductions vary from 25 to 50 per cent—and in some cases more. For instance:

- \$8.50 White enameled iron bed reduced to..... \$5.00
- \$12.50 Enameled and gold bed reduced to..... \$5.00
- \$45.00 Birdseye maple dresser reduced to..... \$35.00
- \$20.00 Fumed oak library table reduced to..... \$12.50
- \$35.00 Early English library table reduced to..... \$18.50
- \$70.00 Circassian walnut chiffonier reduced to..... \$37.50
- \$45.00 Mahogany chiffonier reduced to..... \$20.00
- \$90.00 Mahogany princess dresser reduced to..... \$50.00
- \$60.00 Mahogany dresser reduced to..... \$30.00
- \$35.00 Maple bureau reduced to..... \$25.00
- \$40.00 Gray maple chiffonier reduced to..... \$20.00
- \$25.00 Gray maple toilet table reduced to..... \$15.00
- \$27.50 Forest green toilet table reduced to..... \$19.50
- \$35.00 Satin walnut chiffonier reduced to..... \$25.00
- \$22.50 Maple bed reduced to..... \$12.50
- \$40.00 Maple bed reduced to..... \$20.00
- \$25.00 Mahogany settee, leather seat, reduced to..... \$15.00
- \$15.00 Mahogany sofa, loose cushions, reduced to..... \$10.00
- \$27.50 Mahogany sofa, loose cushions, reduced to..... \$16.50
- \$75.00 Fumed oak desk reduced to..... \$40.00
- \$100.00 Three door bookcase reduced to..... \$50.00
- \$30.00 Walnut sonno reduced to..... \$20.00
- \$35.00 Satin walnut bed reduced to..... \$22.50
- \$100.00 French walnut bedstead reduced to..... \$75.00
- \$35.00 Satin walnut bed reduced to..... \$22.50
- \$25.00 Fumed oak arm chair reduced to..... \$18.75
- \$16.00 Fumed oak chair reduced to..... \$12.00
- \$40.00 Fumed oak hall table and glass..... \$30.00
- \$75.00 Mahogany parlor table reduced to..... \$37.50

Read our easy terms
Your credit is good at Breuners
John Breuner & Co.
281 Geary Street, Near Powell
Exclusive Agents for the World-Famous "Craftsman" Furniture.