

HEARS HEARING OF VAN LIEW

Attorney for Accused President Calls Dr. Miller "Snake in the Grass"

Hyatt Intimates That Gillett May Order Further Investigation at the School

the dismissing of the charges of his bad reputation. The testimony showed that his reputation was not good, and on that ground I refused to vote in the affirmative on that motion.

"However, as the matter is finished, I hope we will see the end of it. I have no intention of pressing any further charges personally, but of course if Governor Gillett sees fit to lay others before us I suppose we will have to hear them out."

Girl Not Believed

Trustee E. A. Warren—"Every man of any worth has his enemies, and Doctor Van Liew is no exception. He would not be the kind of man to be the head of the Chico normal school had he not enemies. In communities such as this there are those who have no hesitancy in profiting themselves financially by teaching young men to drink, and this class Doctor Van Liew has fought and fought hard. He has gained their enmity, and it was palpable that much of the prosecution was either forced by them or materially helped by them. As far as the charges of Ada Clark, I will state briefly that I did not believe the girl's story and neither that of her friend, Miss Nona Lindley. Therefore, not being able to believe them, I voted to exonerate Doctor Van Liew."

Ex Officio Trustee Hyatt—"I believed Ada Clark and her friend, Miss Lindley. I believe the girls told the truth. I saw nothing to account for a 16 year old girl subjecting herself to such ordeals unless what she said was true."

"To the charges of drunkenness I did not give much heed, as my chief objection to the motion was to the exonerating Doctor Van Liew on the charge made against him by Ada Clark. I do not know whether I will testify with the action taken by the board of trustees or not. I can not give any statement in regard to this until I have consulted Governor Gillett."

Trustee J. F. Campbell—"It was a case of believing the girls' story against Doctor Van Liew, and I believed the latter. I paid great attention to the investigation, and considered seriously all the testimony that was introduced. But when it was all in it was palpably evident to me that it was flimsy and insufficient, and ought not to be considered. Accordingly I voted for a complete exoneration."

CROWD PACKS ROOM

When the hearing opened this morning the place was packed from door to door. Femininity of all stages, from students of tender years to white haired mothers and grandmothers, formed the majority. Shortly after Attorney General Webb had commenced his opening statement applause broke out and he made an appeal that is discontinued. He was backed up in this by the chairman, and soon the crowd forward there were no further demonstrations.

"It is impossible to approach this subject," began Webb, "without recalling the fact that a short time ago members of this board considered the same matter which has been under consideration by you for the last four days, and that on the previous occasion at least a part of the testimony heard by us here was heard by you. It is impossible for you to free your minds from the fact that you heard testimony offered by both Doctor Van Liew and Miss Clark, as well as certain other witnesses on the case, at the time of which I speak."

"Notwithstanding these facts, I approach, and I know you approach, this investigation free from the belief that the position taken by you on this previous occasion should be allowed to influence in the slightest degree your opinions and attitude now. The examination into this charge has been taken a wider scope and the investigation has been gone into further than before. At the beginning of the present hearing it was your duty to free your minds absolutely of impressions gained previously so far as they had a bearing on the case in hand. It was and is your duty to feel absolutely impartial toward Doctor Van Liew on the one hand and his accusers on the other. Always you should have in view the best interests of this educational institution. I know you will approach the final deliberation of this case with the idea of doing your duty under the law and in accordance with the solemn oath you have taken."

"Mothers and fathers must feel that their children are safe while attending this institution. They must know that these sons and daughters, leaving home for perhaps the first time in their lives, must bring home again the virtues which they have learned. They must feel their children will find here a substitute for their parental care."

"MISERABLE BACKBITERS"

Attorney Yell, replying for the defense, declared on opening that the charges were based on idle rumor, instigated by "miserable backbiters."

"The charges are based," he declared, "on these rumors started by some one who dares not come out in the open and fight like a man, but who has made use of the Rev. C. Todd Clark and his sister to further his schemes of securing the position of president of the Chico normal school. I am sorry for Doctor Clark. She can never recover from all this, and for many years to come she will be pointed out as the girl who brought charges against the gray hairs of the president of the Chico normal school."

"He termed her story the whim of a girl of 17 years, saying that it was so flimsy and improbable that no reasonable man could accept it. He pointed out that the alleged occurrence was supposed to take place in a public office and in a position where any one entering would be able to see what was going on immediately on opening the door a few inches."

DOCTOR MILLER SCORED

He referred to Doctor Miller as a "snake in the grass," and branded some of the witnesses as "scummy scoundrels," "miserable bums," and "despicable personages."

"Governor Gillett," said Yell, "demanded the resignation of Dr. C. C. Van Liew, saying in his own characteristic language: 'Give in your resignation or go to the hell.'"

"Gentlemen, Doctor Van Liew has gone to the hell. But immediately on Doctor Van Liew refusing to resign under the circumstances, as any other

DIRECTOR SMITH EXPANDS POSITION

Head of Geological Survey Tells Reason for Urging E. W. Parker's Candidacy

Believes He Is Well Fitted to Be in Charge of Bureau of Mines

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Director George Otis Smith of the United States geological survey has made a statement explaining his position in the campaign going on for the appointment of a permanent head of the new bureau of mines. He said that all telegrams or letters which he has sent out bearing on the candidacy of E. W. Parker against Dr. Joseph A. Holmes, were written because he has a deep interest in the future of the new bureau, and wished to see the man he thinks is best qualified given the directorship. In a dictated statement he said:

"Newspaper comment on my endorsement of a candidate for the director of the bureau of mines has been called to my attention. There has been neither secrecy nor publicity sought by me regarding this action or activity, while all that I have done in the way of bringing the candidacy to the attention of my friends, has been done in a personal and not official way. I appreciate that I cannot divorce my official position from whatever I might wish to do simply in a personal way."

SUBJECT TO CRITICISM "Moreover, I realize that my interest in the organization of the bureau of mines and in the inauguration of its work as an independent bureau, is largely actuated by official connection with this work for three years while under my supervision, and by a less direct connection with the future activities of the new bureau by reason of my position as director of the co-ordinate bureau in the same department. Criticism of my interest in the selection of the director of the bureau of mines might have been avoided had I simply endorsed another candidate, whose friends early sought for him my endorsement and have since been outspoken in their criticism of my action as taken."

"The reason for following the dictates of my own judgment, as well as the counsel of my associates in the survey, springs wholly from an anxiety to insure for the new bureau at the outset such policy and procedure as conform to my ideas of the best type of governmental administration. Co-operation between the two bureaus is most essential to the best interests of both, and to be successful must be based upon a certain degree of agreement in policy, even though the functions and fields of the two bureaus are naturally and properly distinct, though closely related. Being well acquainted with the candidates through my official association with them in the survey, I naturally and properly endorsed the one whom I considered better qualified to serve, what I regard as the best interests of the bureau of mines and the public service."

TELEGRAM TO MINERS

The criticism of the methods used in the bureau of mines campaign grew out of the action of an Arizona mining engineer making public a telegram sent to him on June 8, last. The telegram was a duplicate of others sent to various mining men over the country, along with numerous letters, and urged that endorsement of E. W. Parker, who is opposing Doctor Holmes for the directorship of the new bureau, be sent to President Taft. The 55 words that opened up the discussion which is going on here are as follows:

Washington, D. C., June 8, 1910. Peter B. Scotland, Clifton, Arizona. Edward W. Parker, my chief mineral resources, geological survey, for director, bureau of mines. Several prominent engineers, refuse to be candidates. I believe appointment should be made of one whom new bureau will and can co-operate with the survey. Parker has support of Hayes, Lingren, Campbell, Brooks, other survey associates. GEORGE OTIS SMITH.

Smith now occupies a dual position, in his regular position as director of the geological survey, and as temporary head of the mines bureau, having been named by President Taft to organize the work on July 1. It is not known when the president will appoint the permanent chief of the bureau, but it is probable that a selection will be made within the next three or four weeks. Endorsements of both men are being sent out, and it is expected that they will continue until a permanent appointment is made.

DIRECTOR OF CLOSED BANK IS ARRESTED

Big German Institution Rumored Insolvent

DORTMUND, Germany, July 27.—Herr Ohm, a director of the Deutsche bank, which was closed July 13 to permit of an investigation of its condition by accountants, was arrested today.

The bank has branches in 10 industrial towns in west Germany. The inquiry has not been completed, but pessimistic reports concerning the bank are current in financial circles.

honest, innocent man would have done, Governor Gillett hired a detective and sent him down here to scour the countrv. The evidence and the kind of results of that move. Wherever he could discover a person with a grievance against Doctor Van Liew, that person was brought here and testified. As against these, however, you have the testimony of those who stood for the defense—the best men and women of the community. You saw the difference between the two classes of witnesses, and that fact speaks for itself."

In the course of his address Yell referred to Miller as Judas Iscariot and to Van Liew as a star of Bethlehem.

DROP IT, SAYS WEBB

Attorney Seymour followed with two hours of impassioned oratory, and Webb concluded with a plea to the board to settle the matter and then drop it for all time.

All the members of the board of trustees denied having told Governor Gillett that Governor Pardee had recommended the appointment of Van Liew, despite his reputation. They also declared that they knew of no charges against him filed in 1903, or at any other time.

"When discussing this affair with Governor Gillett," said Chairman Cogswell, "he told us he had charges filed with Governor Pardee in 1903. This was the first intimation I had of any such charges, and my understanding was that Governor Pardee had thought them so insignificant that he had not passed them to the board of trustees for investigation. I know positively that no charges were filed with the board of trustees."

Wear White Paying Watches, diamonds, etc., 1 week. Brilliant's, 704 Market, 9th fl., opp. Call bid.

CURRY WIN AFRAID OF HIS ATTACKERS

Chester Rowell Declares Supporter of Anderson Sent Out Vile Letter

None but Papers Aiding Johnson Received Document Sent From Los Angeles

Continued From Page 1 been brought to the attention of the good government organization of Los Angeles on Monday by A. M. Dunne, a member of that organization's executive committee. Dickson was unable to say whether or not the copy received by Dunne was inclosed in a franked envelope without a stamp, but he was clear that it was delivered in an envelope bearing the imprint of the United States marshal's office.

HAS HIS SUSPICIONS Dickson said an investigation was at once instituted and that the Los Angeles newspaper organization might be able to report results in a few days. He admitted that he had a suspicion as to the identity of the person or persons responsible for the attack, but declined to disclose that suspicion. Dickson declared that in his opinion the scurrilous circular was an attempt to embroil the Curry and Johnson forces to the injury of both.

President Rowell of the Lincoln-Roosevelt league telegraphed from Fresno protesting that the published statement that the circular was sent to Anderson papers and a further implication that they originated in the Johnson camp. Rowell subsequently admitted that his investigations had failed to disclose the receipt of the circular by any but Johnson newspapers. He declared that his statement that 50 circulars had been sent out was based on information furnished him by Johnson supporters in Los Angeles, but that he was unable to state how they gained their information on that score.

Rowell did not deny that he was a supporter of Curry, but he declared that the person or persons responsible for it had acted on behalf of Anderson.

ROWELL'S CHARGES "Whoever sent them I imagined he was acting in Anderson's interests," said Rowell. He also declared that the obvious purpose of the circulars was to injure Curry with one class of readers and Johnson with another.

"No supporter of Johnson is responsible for that attack," said Charles W. Patrick, secretary of the Lincoln-Roosevelt league. "No one of us would tolerate such gutter-snipe politics. We are making a campaign on one issue, without individual personalities."

The Lincoln-Roosevelt league leaders were plainly perturbed. Some of them insisted that there was no good reason for expecting them to discuss the attack in an article which expressed an opinion of the kind of politics involved in the circulation of such infamous matter.

"That the attack would result in strengthening rather than weakening Curry was the consensus of opinion in San Francisco yesterday. None was prepared to say what candidate for the gubernatorial nomination would suffer most from it. It was generally admitted that if responsibility for the circular could be established before the primary election the candidate from whose camp it came would be made to appreciate the position."

WONT HURT ME, SAYS CURRY

"The men responsible for that attack are beneath the contempt of decent men," said Curry last night. "My only regret is that there are men in California low enough to commit such a dastardly act. It will not hurt me. It only does a boomerang and will hurt only those responsible for it. I have lived a decent life. There is not an unclean man connected with me or the management of my campaign, and that is more than my opponents can say. There is not a man in my office who is not a decent, reputable citizen and a competent public servant."

"My men compare favorably with any in the state's service or the service of any other state. My record speaks for itself. I do not know the motive behind this attack. I do not care to know it. I hope to be able to leave my bed in a few days. I shall go to Los Angeles and join in the hunt for the persons responsible for this. If he is a good, big prominent man, there is a punishment for him. If it is only a poor tool he ought to go to jail, and I will put him there."

BOSTON HEADS LIST OF EXPENSIVE CITIES

Salt Lake Pays Most for Schools and Montgomery Least

WASHINGTON, July 27.—According to figures prepared by the census bureau, the larger cities of the country pay more for schools and for police and fire protection and related service than on all other accounts and, of these two items, the payment on account of schools is much the largest, the per capita expenses for schools being \$4.70, as compared with \$2.25 for police, and \$1.72 for fire protection.

The figures cover the financial operations for cities in 1908. The report covers all cities of more than 30,000 population, of which there are 158. The aggregate cost of operating these cities was \$494,997,312.

The report indicates a general increase in the cost of maintaining city governments. In 1902, the average was \$13.75 per capita, but now it has advanced to \$18.81; of the total amount more than one fourth was paid by New York. Philadelphia's expenses were about one fourth as much as those of New York.

Boston's expenses are the largest in proportion to population—\$27.58 for each person. New York comes next with a cost of \$24.71, while Washington, with a cost of \$24.53, makes a close third.

Of the first class cities New Orleans paid less for city government than any other, the cost being only \$12.76 per capita. Baltimore was second with expenditure of \$13.24.

Of the cities of the second class, Denver stood at the head and St. Joseph, Mo., at the foot of the list, the figures for the Missouri city being only \$5.44 per capita, and those of Denver \$24.44.

Salt Lake City paid most per capita for schools, \$5.11 for New York, Mass., with \$8, was a close second. In this respect, Montgomery, Ala., made the lowest expenditure, \$1.63 per capita.

RESTRAINING ORDER ISSUED AGAINST N. P.

[Special Dispatch to The Call] SANTA ROSA, July 27.—Mrs. Antonette Cobb, wife of O. O. Cobb or Josephine, of New York, had arrested the Northwestern Pacific railroad to restrain it from laying a track across her land at Guerneville. She secured a temporary restraining order from Judge Seawell pending the hearing of her action.

HARDING WINS IN OHIO CONVENTION

Nominated for Governor by a Combination of Regulars and Progressives

Platform Indorses Taft, Tariff and Conservation, but Ignores Recall Act

COLUMBUS, O., July 27.—With a candidate for governor who was nominated by a combination of regulars and progressives and a platform pronounced good by the former element and 99 per cent good by the latter section of the party, the Ohio republican convention broke up and the delegates went home today contented.

The ticket includes: For Governor—WARREN G. HARDING of Marion.

For Lieutenant Governor—FRANCIS W. FREEDWAY of Cleveland.

For Secretary of State—GRANVILLE W. MOOREY of Austintown.

For Attorney General—U. GRANT DENMAN of Toledo.

For Treasurer—RUDY A. ARCHER of Belmont county.

For Justices of the Supreme Court—WILLIAM B. CREW of McConnellsville and AUGUSTUS N. SUMMERS of Springfield.

Warren G. Harding, the nominee for governor, was at various times in the preliminary squabbles of the convention described as "everybody's second choice." He is the editor of a newspaper at Marion, O.; has been lieutenant governor of the state and previously has been a tentative candidate for governor and United States senator. He is known in the state as an effective stump speaker.

Until today, however, it had appeared beyond reasonable expectation that the convention could not arrive at the consideration of a second choice candidate without a long and bitter struggle.

George B. Cox of Cincinnati had declared he would stay with Judge Oren B. Brown of Dayton to the thirtieth ballot if necessary; the "progressives" were refusing to consider anybody but James R. Garfield, who was not, however, an announced candidate; and the men ordinarily identified with the national administration side in state politics were supposed to be hopelessly divided between Secretary of State Carmel Thompson and Harding.

The finish of the fight was peculiar. James Garfield announced his name would not be presented as a candidate. Simultaneously Thompson withdrew and, like Garfield, without any announced reason.

BOOM FOR LONGWORTH Cox broke the news of Secretary Thompson's withdrawal on the convention floor and the Brown side then would win on the first ballot. However, the Cuyahoga county (Cleveland) delegation, of which Senator Burton was chairman, threw 75 votes to Congressman Longworth. Judge Brown, who was second on the first ballot with 413 votes, dropped to 363 in the second ballot, and the Longworth vote increased from 92 to 184. Nearly all the "progressives" were voting for Harding. The 96 Clevelanders, who all voted for Longworth on the second and third roll calls, were yelling wildly for the Cincinnati man. On the third ballot by the time the vote had reached Hamilton county the Longworth candidacy was advancing in great strides.

Chairman Cox surrendered with discretion. He arose and cast the 91 Hamilton county votes for Harding. All but 120 of the Brown supporters, some of whom had voted before Hamilton county was counted, went to Harding, and the nomination was made by a good margin of 551 votes over the nearest competitor, Longworth, who did not run for governor. The nomination was made unanimous and the fight was over.

INDORSE TAFT The platform, adopted with only a few scattering cries of "No," contains a strong indorsement of the president and of the purpose and tendency of the tariff law demanded by the "regulars." It contains the conservative plank and all but one of the state planks wanted by the "progressives." The omission is that of the demand for a law for recall of unfaithful public servants.

HYDRANTS MUST BE INSTALLED AT ONCE Board Demands That Water Company Take Action

OAKLAND, July 27.—The board of police and fire commissioners has instructed Fire Marshal Ball to notify the People's water company that work must be commenced at once on the installation of fire hydrants in East Bond street, east of Melrose. The people in that section have been complaining for some time of the lack of fire protection, as it is said, homes have been destroyed that might have been saved with proper facilities. Two hose wagons have been voted for the section by the board, but the water company has thus far failed to install hydrants.

BOARD OF WORKS TO MEET WITH ARCHITECTS Officials Will Confer on City Hall Plans

OAKLAND, July 27.—A special meeting of the board of public works will be held tomorrow night at the city hall, when Henry Hornbostel and H. W. Jones, who represent the firm of Palmer & Hornbostel, the successful competitors in the recent city hall building competition, will be present. The architects and the board members will confer on detailed plans for the new structure.

"SACK" MYSTERY NOT YET CLEARED

NEWPORT, Ore., July 27.—The coroner's jury investigating the "sack" mystery which created a sensation here yesterday, when the skeleton of a hero enveloped in a sack was found on the beach, decided today that the skeleton was that of a woman who had been murdered, apparently about six years ago. The authorities say yet have not been able to connect the skeleton with the disappearance of Miss Sophie Nola, who disappeared from Newport October 17, 1904.

PEACE MAKER IS INJURED—Mrs. Flora Norman, a negro, living at 406 2nd street, yesterday attempted to interfere in a fist fight between Charles May and his wife, Mary, both colored, and now she is nursing a badly fractured jaw, for making a hard swing, missed his wife, but caught the peace maker. She was treated at the central emergency hospital by Doctor Calton.

RUSSIANS ARRIVE FROM VLADIVOSTOK

[Special Dispatch to The Call] EUREKA, July 27.—In charge of A. Colmer, manager of the labor department of the Northwestern Pacific railroad company, 50 Russian laborers arrived on the steamer State of California. The 50 men are accompanied by many children and women. They have come direct from Vladivostok and are the first bunch of Russian immigrants ever to arrive in this county. They presented a queer sight when they came off the steamer. They will go to the scene of the railroad construction work beyond Holmes camp tomorrow morning.

SWEENEY TO SPEAK—The speaker at the open air forum of the school of employment, Trececa canyon, Sunday afternoon, will be John W. Sweeney, a member of the building trades council.

CALIFORNIA WINS FRATERNITY OFFICE

PORTLAND, Ore., July 27.—A California man, A. E. Sunderland of Fresno, defeated P. E. Snodgrass of Fresno, Ore., for re-election as head banker of the Woodmen of the World, who are in session here.

By unanimous vote and without opposition the officers were elected, as follows: Head consul—L. I. Bank of California, with offices at Denver, Colo., (re-elected). Head adviser—T. P. Revelle, Seattle. Head clerk—C. V. Benson, Denver (re-elected). Head auditor—F. P. Bertack, Denver (re-elected).

TWO DIE IN FIRE—La Grande, Ore., July 27.—The destruction by fire of a house six miles from Union last night resulted in the deaths of Mrs. J. S. Dean and an adopted daughter. A son, who was sleeping in the yard, was awakened by the heat, but he was unable to render his mother and sister any assistance.

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Sale: Tailored Blouses

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Scarving (by the yard)

The rage in Paris and destined to be one of the most popular fads of the year is the wearing of silk crepe scarfs. Bordered silks, 23 inches wide, in many designs. Shown in the Silk Department, \$1.00 Yard

\$10.50 **\$14.50** **\$19.50**

Wash Petticoats, 95c

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Boys' School Suits, \$5

New models just received, built of handsome weaves in heavier fabrics. Made with new cut coat and full peg top roomy knickers—some have two pairs. West Entrance

Flannelette Gowns

For women are long, full, well cut, and well finished flannelette gowns of extra heavy quality. Shown in plain white or assorted stripes. Priced—

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Choose from a wide assortment; any man can find his size. The large man has an immense allotment to select from. All are fashionable suits, but sizes are somewhat broken. Needless to say, these are from the country's best makers, as it is The Emporium that presents the sale.

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Regular \$2.25, our price.....	\$1.50
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We give more for the money than any line of business in S. F. and have done it for 14 years.

Your choice of one of the following dishes, with a glass of wine, steam or lager beer, buttermilk or a clear, for 50c.

Portion of crab served with two 50c purchases.

Chili con Carne	Crabs
Mexican Beans	Clam Juice
Chick Chorus	Beef Stew
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