

TRIP FROM MOROCCO TO AGADIR

Takes Four Days and Is Far From Pleasant

Sixty dollars would bring one in comfort from the Morocco wharf, London, to Mogador, but it costs quite as much in money and a thousand times as much in nervous force to traverse the short distance from Mogador to Agadir.

At present this journey requires four days of the most tortoise and uncomfortable traveling. At least three mules are necessary—two for the baggage and one for yourself.

MULES LACK VITALITY

The mules and horses to be hired in Mogador are a very sorry collection. If we were nearer Spain about half a dozen good mules would be had.

ARABIC IS USEFUL

Another necessary nuisance is an interpreter. All he can do is to tell you how much you have got to pay for fodder and corn.

Oh, for a little Arabic, a very little Arabic! Twenty well chosen words would enable one to dispense with that egregious fraud, the interpreter.

Ordinarily there are three stopping places between Mogador and Agadir: Calid Anfus, Calid Ghillil and the Sheikh Hammush.

HOUSES STAND APART

Around Dar-Ghullil the land is comparatively fertile, though it is surprising how the harvest manages to grow up between the stones.

A CURIOUS LAUNDRY

The second well, near Call Anfus, was an oblong platform of masonry. It reminded me of a music hall stage, and the resemblance was heightened by the fact that a native gentleman in a Maud Allen costume was dancing on it.

HOSPITALITY FROM A MOOR

The most interesting place at which I stopped was the house of the Sheikh Hammush, a poor said whose lonely home was built on some sand hills facing the Atlantic, close to the place where the river Eltamer enters the sea.

REDUCTIO AD ABSURDUM

For instance, take the instance cited by a federal judge, in which he said that, under the literal construction of the statute, if there were two persons, one a citizen of the United States and the other a foreigner, and they united in a partnership, the union in partnership would be a violation of the statute.

The Lurline Ocean Water Baths

Bush and Larkin streets, supply free to women bathers elaborate shampoo rooms, hot air hair dryers and electric curling irons.

TAFF'S DECISIONS GO TO TRUSTEES

Big Business, He Says, Must Now Abandon Monopolistic Idea for Free Competition

Alternative, President Warns, Is Resort to Regime of State Socialism

DETROIT, Sept. 18.—President Taft today plunged into the political phase of his long trip through the west and delivered one of the set speeches which may have a determining effect upon his future.

Taft chose the "trusts" for his first speech, and outlined his position regarding this issue. In a second speech he answered the charge that he has used patronage to further his own ends, and challenged the men who had made the charge to come forward and join him in an extension of the civil service policy to all appointive offices under the government.

The president announced his unqualified opposition to any amendment of the herman anti-trust law designed to overthrow the "rule of reason" laid down by the United States supreme court in the Standard oil and tobacco trust cases, and challenged William J. Bryan and all other critics of the court to cite a restraint of trade which they would condemn and would not be condemned under Mr. Justice White's definition of the law.

Taft said the department of justice at Washington is conducting an investigation of corporations suspected of operating in defiance of the anti-trust law, and added that the statute, as interpreted by the supreme court, would be sufficient cause for breaking up of any illegal combinations.

The president entered into the defense of the supreme court with more than usual vigor, and his speech, although read from manuscript and devoid of oratorical effort, was frequently interrupted with applause. He said, in part:

It is proposed to take up the question which has occupied the attention of the American people for now 20 years, that of the trusts. During the last year we have had two great decisions by the supreme court, the one in the Standard oil case, and the other in the tobacco case.

Persons who do not understand the effect of these decisions and really do not understand the law have a great deal to say which is intended to lead to a change in the statute.

When the statute was passed in 1890 the expressions used in it to define its object and what it was proposed there in to denounce as unlawful were not new, but they were sufficiently broad to cover the trusts.

The early decisions under the law were made by the supreme court. The decision in which was known as the sugar trust case—the Knight case—was really a retrograde step and one which seemed to limit much the operation of the statute.

Where there is a well of cold water, however, people gather round it in the evening as we gather round a cheerful winter fire, and there is some approach to sociability.

Now, I would like to ask Mr. Bryan, or any of the other publicists and jurists who have been denouncing this opinion as the surrender of the rights of the people, and the usurpation of judicial power, to tell the public what particular contract or restraint of interstate trade he would condemn which would not be condemned within this definition of the court.

It is true that in one of the decisions of the supreme court there was a statement made that the term "reasonable" could not be introduced into the statute because congress had not put it there; but the very same court, and the very same judges, in another decision, representing a restraint of trade that must be condemned as unlawful, if a literal meaning were to be given to the statute, said in so many words that it must be reasonably construed, and that it must not be construed to include con-

tractions that were merely incidental restraints of trade and were not made for that purpose.

It is in view of the increasing inquiries and demand from the United States addressed to this consulate for Valencia onions that the court has decided to include such smaller in size, and are besides firmer and resist long sea voyages much better than the large, soft, whitish flat onions harvested some six weeks earlier in the district of Valencia.

It should be understood that these instructions are applicable principally to the mild, bright golden red tinted variety of the onion, and not to the smaller in size, and are besides firmer and resist long sea voyages much better than the large, soft, whitish flat onions harvested some six weeks earlier in the district of Valencia.

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A CASE IN POINT

In one of the cases a man owned some steamboats that did an interstate business on the Ohio river. He wished to sell out. He did sell out, and in the sale of the steamboats he wished to sell the goodwill of the line which he had been running.

In other words, the supreme court in this case made a reasonable construction to the statute and eliminated from its operation those harmful features which were not intended by the law.

It is not fair to the court. It is true that the construction of the statute, had said that it could not limit the statute to effect by the courts, but the construction was deemed reasonable at common law. But as other cases arose it found it necessary to make exceptions to the literal operation of the words "restraint of trade," and it did so, that in this case it made an incidental or indirect, and including only those cases where the chief object of the restraint or combination was the restraint.

In doing so the court said that it must give the statute a construction and not one leading to absurd or ridiculous results. In the last two cases the court has done this, and the result has been a construction of the statute which is in accordance with the intent of the law.

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ONIONS INCREASE POPULARITY

Importation of Spanish Product Now 412,000 Crates Per Annum

(From Consul Robert Frazer Jr. at Valencia, Spain.) The excellent results obtained by Valencia onion growers during the past two seasons induced them to extend the area of cultivation this year by about one-third, and the crop now harvested exceeds record proportions.

The visible supply for export at the commencement of the present season was estimated at 4,500,000 bushels, against 4,600,000 bushels actually shipped from Valencia during the year. The keeping qualities of the present crop, however, appear to be very defective.

Many speculators, taking advantage of the comparatively low opening prices, 12 to 15 cents an arroba, purchased large quantities and stored to await higher prices when the heavy shipments of the first three months had reduced surplus stocks, but they have already lost 10 to 20 per cent by a particularly destructive form of rot, which enters from the roots and consumes the whole center of the bulb.

Exports to the United States since the opening of the season total 412,000 boxes and crates of onions, or 146,000 tons, valued at \$1,200,000, or a percentage to the same date last year.

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PANAMA PROFITS

Canal Commission Encourages Isthmian Farmers to Improve Methods

Americans are beginning to take an interest in the agricultural possibilities of the various provinces, particularly of Panama and Chiriqui, and a large number of applications for land are being received.

The land law of the republic of Panama governing the acquisition of public lands (tierras baldias) is of interest. By a recent decision American citizens can not take up public lands unless they are able to show that foreigners are able to do the same in the respective states of the United States in which the applicants reside, or in case of a company, in the state in which the company is incorporated.

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REPLICA OF "LA JACONDE" AT MUSEUM IN QUIMPER

Picture Part of Bequest of 1,100 Paintings

The Temps announces that there is a replica of "La Jaconde" in the museum at Quimper. Our contemporary says it appears to have been painted by the great Florentine painter, M. Frederic le Guyader, the curator of the museum, gives some interesting details of the painting.

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WOMAN ACCUSED OF CHARGE

United States district court yesterday acquitted Edna Cunningham Melchior of a charge of perjury before the federal grand jury last May in the investigation of the case of R. S. Melchior, now serving a six month sentence in the Alameda county jail on a white slavery charge.

A bachelor fools himself with the belief that he can sidetrack marriage up to the last minute if he wants to. A girl will refuse a man a kiss in an instant if she knows that he would have rejected inwardly had he taken it without asking.

A handcap often comes in handy as an excuse. Wise is the man who knows just when to stop. Many a man goes broke in trying to break the speed record.

Some things are common to those who wait for a moth eaten. It sometimes happens that when a man loses his reputation he is lucky. The man who makes history must be trying to encourage book agents.

The girl who can't cook should keep out of the matrimonial frying pan.

The world of Fashion rests on our store. Men who know, bow with approval to our styles.

Clothing for particular men, and young men even more particular. In fact, we are very particular ourselves — our clothing must be right in quality, style and value.

There is satisfaction in knowing that you are buying your clothing where you are confident you will get the best. This is the place. Suits \$15.00 to \$45.00.

HASTINGS CLOTHING CO. Post and Grant Avenue

A VICTROLA for \$15

This new Victrola is equipped with all the latest Victor improvements, including Exhibition sound box, tapering arm, "goose neck," ten-inch turn table and concealed sound amplifying features.

Victor Victrolas, \$15 to \$200. Victor Talking Machines, \$10 to \$68. Moderate Terms on Any Victor.

"HOUR OF MUSIC"—Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock in our Recital Hall. Public cordially invited. Take elevator to 8th floor.

Sherman Way & Co. KEARNEY AND SUTTER STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO. FOURTEENTH AND CLAY STREETS, OAKLAND.

HOTEL COLONIAL. Stockton Street, Above Sutter. American Plan, \$3.00 Day. European Plan, \$1.50 Day.

HOTEL ARGONAUT. Society of California Pioneers' Bldg., Fourth St., near Market. 400 rooms, 200 baths. European plan, \$1 per day and up. Dining room and bar. CIGARETTES IN CAFE SERVICE, as desired. 11:30 CIGARETTE LUNCHEON EVERY DAY, FROM 11:30 TO 2 P. M.

HOTEL ADENA. 144 O'Farrell St. 150 rooms, 100 private baths, steam heat, private exchange phone in all rooms; \$1.00.

HOTEL TURPIN. Newest and Most Popular Commercial Hotel. 17-19 Powell Street at Market.

HOTEL HARCOURT. LARKIN AND SUTTER. European and American plan, elegantly furnished, modern, best First-class.

HOTEL VON DORN, 242 TURK ST. European plan, \$1 per day and up; American plan, \$2.25 per day and up; American plan, permanent guests, \$50.00 and up; European plan, permanent guests, \$5 per week and up. Best class, from A. strictly fireproof. ST. CAR FROM FERRY.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Being made without alcohol, this "Medical Discovery" helps the stomach to assimilate the food, thereby curing dyspepsia. It is especially adapted to diseases attended with excessive tissue waste, notably in consequence from various fevers, for this blood-purifying and those who are always "catching cold."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent on receipt of 31 cent stamps or money order. Dr. R. V. Pierce found the stomach was out of order, the blood impure and there were symptoms of general breakdown, a tonic made of the glyceric extract of certain roots was the best corrective. This is called

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