

To Get Booklovers' Contest Answer Books, Catalogues or Pictures

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY—Highest temperature, 58; lowest Sunday night, 50. FORECAST FOR TODAY—Showers; brisk south wind.

TAFT UNMASKS FALSE PROPHETS IN THE PARTY

Policy of Progressives Will Lead to a Revolution, He Says

"They Are Political Emotionalists or Neurotics," He Tells New York Republicans

Much Progress Has Been Made in Curbing Corporations, Declares President

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—President Taft brought his celebration of Lincoln's birthday to a close here tonight with a political speech to the Republican club, in which he breathed defiance to the democratic party, declared it was his belief that the republicans would triumph next November and made it plain that he had little sympathy with those of his own political faith who call themselves "progressives," but who are "political emotionalists or neurotics."

His speech came almost at the end of a strenuous day that took him to Newark and Orange, N. J., and gave him six hours in New York in which to attend the political dinner and drop in at banquets of the Retail Dry Goods association and the Graduates club. Leaving for Washington tonight, the president is due in the capital early tomorrow.

Alaska for Taft

While at the banquet of the Republican club the president received a telegram assuring him that two delegates to the republican national convention from Alaska, pledged to support him, had been elected today.

Most of the prominent leaders of the party in the state were present at tonight's banquet. William L. Ward, a republican national committeeman, who refused to attend the president's White House dinner to members of the national committee last December, also attended.

President Taft came to New York from Newark, where he was the guest at luncheon of former Governor Franklin Murphy.

Raps Progressives

In his address before the Republican club here tonight President Taft said in part:

Men praise Lincoln today and attack the republican party, altogether forgetful of the fact that in Lincoln's life the man and the party were so closely united in aim and accomplishment that the history of the one is the history of the other. The truth is that the history of the last 50 years, with one or two exceptions, has been the history of the republican party.

With the effort to make the selection of candidates, the enactment of legislation and the decision of courts depend on the momentary passions of a people, necessarily differently informed as to the issues presented, and without the opportunity to them for time and study and that deliberation that gives security and common sense to the government of the people, such extremists would hurry us into a condition which could find no parallel except in the French revolution, or in that bubbling anarchy that once characterized the South American republics.

Such extremists are not progressives—they are political emotionalists or neurotics who have lost the sense of proportion, that clear and candid consideration of their own weakness as a whole, and that clear perception of the necessity for checks upon hasty popular action which made our people who fought the revolution and who drafted the federal constitution for the greatest self-governing people that the world ever knew.

It has been said, and it is a common platform expression, that it is well to prefer the man above the dollar, as if the preservation of property right had some other purpose than the assistance to and the uplifting of human rights. Private property was established as an instrumentality in the progress of a civilization and the uplifting of man, and it is equality of opportunity that private property promotes by assuring the man the results of his own labor, thrift and self-restraint.

We have permitted the establishment of corporations and the corrupting use of money in politics, so as at times to give to a few dangerous control in legislation and government; but during the last 10 years much progress against such abuses has been made in this regard. Statutes have been passed, notably the anti-trust statutes and the interstate commerce law and its amendments, to restrain a misuse of the privileges conferred by charter, and, if need be, there is nothing in the future of the country to prevent and everything in the principles and history of the republican party to forecast progress in this direction.

We have an army of mobile troops, not more than one to 1,000 of our population, and now it is proposed by our democratic friends in congress to reduce that army by eliminating a third of our cavalry. They would cut out some of the

Mrs. Sinclair, Who Said She Married To Oblige Family



THOUGH CARE-FREE, LOVE TIRES KEMP

He Deserts the Bungalow and Author's Wife Goes Home to Her Folks

[Special Dispatch to The Call]

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Mrs. Meta Fuller Sinclair, divorced wife of Upton Sinclair, author of "The Jungle," according to friends, is today deserted. Only a few months ago she and Harry Kemp, "Tramp Poet," of Kansas, went to the home of ideal love, to a cottage near West Point Pleasant, N. J., to live the life of idealists, as they called it. Now their romance is shattered. This second "love bug bungalow" experience of Mrs. Sinclair has proved no better than the first. As the wife of Upton Sinclair she defied conventionalities and married only because of the feeling of her relatives. As the companion of Harry Kemp she again defied conventionalities.

The breaking of the last alliance came as quietly and secretly as did the flight to the lowly bungalow in which Mrs. Sinclair proposed to live the ideal love with the carefree poet.

Mrs. Sinclair was told by her parents that she could return to her home, but the parents absolutely refused to have the poet as a fixture. His love would not bring food to the home of the father, William Fuller, clerk of the court of special sessions in New York.

Sinclair is in Europe with his 10-year-old son, David, whom he is to place in school in that country. Until he returns it will not be known whether the first love of Mrs. Sinclair will be resumed at the breaking of point.

The history of the Kemp-Mrs. Sinclair-Sinclair triangle is interesting. After the marriage of the Sinclairs the socialist author and health exponent declared that both hated the idea of being tied together by either a religious or a legal ceremony.

"We tried to make up our minds to set the right kind of example to the world," he declared. "But we knew Mrs. Sinclair's father and mother would go raving crazy if we did what our consciences told us was right. So, to ease their minds, we let some one mumble a few words over us."

"We are married now and we have seen the world and know a great many married people, and we are a good deal ashamed of being married ourselves. Marriage in this day is nothing but legalized slavery."

\$750,000 OPERA HOUSE FOR CITY IS NOW ASSURED

Municipal Palace of Song to Be Erected at Civic Center Before 1915

Musical Association Finances Project; Profits to Support Conservatory

MAGNIFICENT municipal opera house for San Francisco—a palace of music that will rival the Opera of Paris, La Scala of Milan, the Wagnerian opera house of Bayreuth or any of the other famous homes of music in the capitals of Europe—is assured. It will be erected at the new civic center in time for dedication when the gates of the Panama-Pacific international exposition are thrown open.

Every difficulty attending the financing of the project has been overcome after weeks of quiet endeavor, and yesterday the results of the period of planning were made public by Supervisor Henry Payot, who has been instrumental in laying the definite foundations upon which it is now practically assured that the dream of all local music lovers will become a reality.

Will Remove Barrier

At next Monday's meeting of the board of supervisors Payot will present a resolution opening the way for the granting of a portion of the civic center property as a site for the opera house. Its passage, together with the authorization of the civic center bond issue, which will be presented to the voters of the city next month, will remove the last barrier that stands in the way of the success of the venture.

The new opera house, which will cost \$750,000, will be built without cost to the taxpayers of the city, yet will be owned and directed by the city. The financing of the project has been arranged for by the Musical association of San Francisco, and to that organization belongs credit for working out and carrying to a successful conclusion the details of the scheme.

Plan City Conservatory

The musical association, as an organization, will always have a voice in the direction of the opera house, but will derive no profit from it. Every cent of profit will be turned into a general opera house fund and devoted to supporting a municipal conservatory

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FEDERALS DEFEAT MEXICAN REBELS

Abram Gonzales Enters Chihuahua With \$300,000 to Buy Off Belligerents

JUAREZ, Mexico, Feb. 12.—The band of rebels in Chihuahua commanded by Braulio Hernandez, who recently resigned as secretary of state of Chihuahua, was defeated in Moqui, west of the city of Chihuahua, yesterday by federal troops.

Several were slain on both sides and the federals captured a number of prisoners. Hernandez and his band fled northward.

The three peace commissioners sent to Casas Grandes recently to confer with the Vasquisistas have been imprisoned by orders of the jefe politico, according to telegrams received today by Juarez officials.

Abram Gonzales, constitutional governor of Chihuahua and minister of government in the Madero cabinet, left El Paso in a special train today for Chihuahua to distribute \$300,000 among the rebels in an effort to get them to lay down their arms.

He enters the state following the issuance of a proclamation yesterday by Acting Governor Gonzalez calling attention to the possibility of American intervention unless trouble soon ceases in Mexico.

ONCE BIG LAND OWNER, WOMAN DIES IN POVERTY

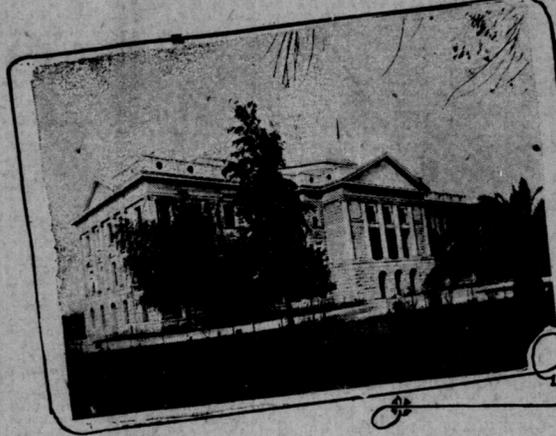
Mrs. Lucero Last Survivor of Spanish Family

[Special Dispatch to The Call] SAN JOSE, Feb. 12.—The last survivor of one of the earliest and most prominent Spanish families of California, once owner of a large part of Santa Clara, Santa Cruz and Monterey counties by royal grant, Mrs. Angela Lucero, died today at Los Gatos.

She was the granddaughter of Joaquin Castro, who accompanied the padres on their first journey to this country. At Los Gatos she was "abuelita" (grandmother) to every man, woman and child for 50 years. Reduced to making and peddling tamales for a livelihood, Mrs. Lucero could remember when she was owner of estates which it took five days to traverse on horseback, and which are now worth millions.

ARIZONA A STATE TOMORROW First Elected Governor Will Be Inaugurated

Arizona state capitol at Phoenix and George W. P. Hunt, the first state governor.



Day Fiftieth Anniversary of the "Admission" to Confederacy

Taft Will Issue Proclamation in the Forenoon

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 12.—After a territorial existence of 49 years, lacking only 10 days, Arizona will emerge chrysalis-like into the sunlight of complete self-government Wednesday forenoon when President Taft signs the proclamation admitting Arizona as the forty-eighth state of the union.

Holiday Proclaimed

Governor Richard E. Sloan, the last of the territorial governors, has issued a proclamation decreeing Wednesday a holiday in Arizona. On that day he will turn over the executive offices in the capitol to the first governor ever elected in Arizona. The statehood proclamation is expected to be followed by the sending to the United States senate of Sloan's nomination to be federal judge of the district of Arizona. The admission day program will begin with a salute of 48 guns. Shortly

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ALOFT IN BIPLANE HER TEARS FREEZE

Woman Becomes Hysterical When Engine Dies, but Airman Glides to Earth

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—George W. Beatty, one of the most daring aviators hereabouts, today took aloft from Belmont park Mrs. William A. Dunlap of Nassau boulevard, who for a long time previously had declared she would "just love" to be a birdwoman.

The weather was calm, but bitterly cold, when they arose from the field of the old racetrack late this afternoon. The biplane reached an altitude of 1,000 feet and then circled over Floral park, Nassau boulevard and other villages in the vicinity.

The motor stopped dead. There was nothing particularly dangerous about that, for there was plenty of height from which to glide in a long spiral to earth. Also, there were good landing places.

Mrs. Dunlap began to scream and was hysterical. Beatty, realizing that he had a man's size job to bring the plane to earth safely without any unnecessary overbalancing, was obliged to turn around and grasp Mrs. Dunlap with one hand and then maneuver his descending planes and his balancing apparatus with the other. But he landed without a jar.

It was found that Mrs. Dunlap's copious tears had frozen upon her cheeks and she required medical aid before she could go to her home.

GERMAN SQUADRON WILL RETURN VISIT IN JUNE

Prince Adalbert Will Accompany Kaiser's Flotilla

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—June has been selected for the visit of the German squadron to the United States to return the visit to Kiel of the second division of the United States North Atlantic squadron last year. It is now certain that Prince Adalbert, the emperor's third son, will accompany the squadron.

DR. BLODGETT BENEFIT CONCERT IS ARRANGED

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Feb. 12.—The friends of Dr. B. E. Blodgett, formerly the organist of the Stanford Memorial church, will give him a benefit concert at the Palo Alto armory on Thursday evening. Samuel Savannah, violinist, and other well known San Francisco musicians will take part.

Some Facts and Figures Regarding the 48th State

Capital—Phoenix. Area—113,020 square miles. Rank sixth in areas among the states and territories. Population in 1910, 204,354. Is famous for its mineral deposits and the mining industry has been a huge factor in the development of the state. In 1901 it was third among states and territories in copper production—130,778,611 pounds having been mined; it was fifth with silver with a production of 2,512,400 ounces, with a commercial value of \$1,687,440; in gold production it ranked sixth with an output of 197,515 ounces, valued at \$4,083,000. In the north are found extensive and rich grazing lands, while in the south are vast and valuable forests tracts and reserves. In 1903 the territory contained 1,746 miles of steam railroads.

WARRING TONGS READY FOR PEACE

Suey Sings See Light and Will Place Stamp on Protocol—Maybe

A peace powwow of the four warring tongs in Chinatown will be held this afternoon at the auditorium of the Six Companies in Stockton street following an agreement by the highlander leaders to stamp their tong seals to a document decreeing an armistice during the Chinese New Year beginning at midnight Friday.

Three of the fighting societies tacitly agreed yesterday afternoon to suspend hostilities at the urgent request of merchants, spurred on by Chief of Police White's ultimatum that he would blockade Chinatown unless peace was restored. The Suey Sings, however, demurred and said they would not get telegrams to aid their members outside of San Francisco in time to act with the other tongs. Later, however, they agreed to hold a secret meeting last night, and after it started through the consul general that the Suey Sings' stamp would be affixed to the peace pact. Word therefore went to the directors of the Six Companies to be present at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Chief of Police White and Attorney Carroll Cook, for the Chinese organization, also were invited to be present.

With the Suey Sings in line, the afternoon's gathering will witness for the first time an assembling of the warring chiefs without their bodyguards of gunmen, trusting implicitly in the word of their opponents that no violence will be offered. The consul general, the consulate secretary, directors of the Six Companies and Chinese newspaper men will be present at the conference that is hoped to end in a cessation of hostilities.

TREACHERY IS FEARED

Fearing treachery on the part of their hated enemies, the Hop Sings, who frequently have broken truces in the past, the leaders of the Suey Sings yesterday afternoon declined to pledge themselves to a discontinuance of the tong war at the behest of Chief of Police White. The Suey Sings informed Consul General Li Yung Yew that if time were allowed they might submit a draft of their demands to the Six Companies as a basis for a settlement of the strife.

Upon receipt of the communication, Secretary Ow Yang Kee of the consulate called upon Hong Dai, the richest Chinese merchant in America, director in the Suey Sings, and persuaded him to use all his influence to bring the leaders of his tong into line. Hong Dai was informed that the Hop Sings, Hip Sings and Sen Suesy Ngs had agreed to a temporary truce to last during the New Year celebration to forestall drastic action by Chief White. The result of the secretary's activity was shown a few hours later when the consul officials were informed that the Suey Sings would hold a meeting at night to empower its president to affix his stamp to the peace protocol.

The precautions taken by the tongmen to protect themselves from death were shown by the trouble and difficulties encountered by the consulate secretary in finding them for the purpose of communicating Chief White's ultimatum. Ow Yang Kee was forced to telephone to several intermediaries, beginning with his own personal friends, extending through their acquaintanceship and finally reaching the tong leaders through their confidants.

AN UNDERGROUND WIRELESS

To reach the ear of Wong Quong, president of the Hop Sings, the secretary was forced to talk with 15 other men. The consulate officials were unable to see any of the tongmen personally. None of them will leave their hiding places or appear in Chinatown tonight until shortly before the hour set for the conference. Bodyguards and gunmen will be dispensed with, however, for fear of a clash between the turbulent members, while the leaders will enter Chinatown each accompanied by a merchant escort whose members shall not belong to any of the warring societies. As soon as the peace document has been decorated with the rubber stamp insignia of the tongs, or as soon as the conference may break up, if no agreement be reached, the leaders will be escorted to the four borders of Chinatown, where their gunmen will be on hand.

DYNASTY OF MANCHUS ENDS

Abdication Edict Is Issued and Republic Is Granted to the Empire

PLEA IS MADE TO HALT STRIFE AND SUFFERING

Princes Will Retain Their Titles and in Some Cases Their Pensions

GREAT TOMB OF LATE RULER TO BE COMPLETED

PEKING, Feb. 12.—After occupying the throne of China for almost three centuries, the Manchu dynasty, represented by the child emperor, Pu Yi, abdicated today. Three edicts were issued, the first proclaiming abdication, the second dealing with the establishment of the republic and the third urging the maintenance of peace and approving the conditions agreed upon by the imperial premier, Yuan Shi Kai, and the republicans.

The text of the first imperial edict issued by the throne today reads:

We, the emperor of China, have respectfully received today the following edict from the hands of her majesty, the dowager empress:

In consequence of the uprising of the republican army, to which the people of the provinces of China have responded, the empire is seething like a boiling caldron and the people are plunged in misery.

Yuan Shi Kai was therefore commanded to dispatch commissioners in order to confer with the republicans, with a view to the calling of a national assembly to decide on the future form of government. Months have elapsed and no settlement is evident.

The majority of the people are in favor of a republic. From the preference of the people's hearts the will of heaven is discernible. How could we oppose the desires of millions for the glory of one family?

Therefore, we, the dowager, the empress and the emperor, hereby vest the sovereignty of the Chinese empire in the people.

Let Yuan Shi Kai organize to the full the powers of the provisional republican government and confer with the republicans as to the methods of union, assuring peace in the empire and forming a great republic with the union of Manchus, Chinese, Mongols, Mohammedans and Tibetans.

We, the empress dowager and the emperor, will thus be enabled to live in retirement, free of responsibilities and cares, and enjoying without interruption the nation's courteous treatment.

Empress Thanks Yuan

At an audience yesterday the empress dowager thanked Yuan Shi Kai for his successful efforts in obtaining good treatment for the imperial family from the republicans.

The publication of the edicts has given profound relief to every one in Peking, both foreigners and Chinese. The arrangement is considered a satisfactory compromise and it is believed that the terms will satisfy the republicans. The first edict provides that the foreign delegations for transmission to their respective governments, the object being to record worldwide republican pledges.

Republicans Pledge

In consideration for abdication, the republicans make eight pledges to the emperor, as follows:

First, the emperor shall retain his title and shall be respected as a foreign monarch; second, the emperor shall receive an annual grant of 4,000,000 taels until the currency is reformed, after which

It Takes Your Thumb and Finger

only to put on and take off the "Equipoise" Eye-Glass—the new eye-glass which is so perfectly balanced that only a slight pressure is necessary to hold it securely. Let us demonstrate.

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