

PENNSYLVANIA GIVES COLONEL 65 DELEGATES

Roosevelt's Sweeping Victory Grows as Returns Continue to Come In

Wilson Will Have 75 of 76 Democrats Named by the Keystone State

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt's victory in yesterday's primaries was even more sweeping than indicated in late returns last night. All the districts have now been heard from and the full count gives the former president 65 of the 76 delegates elected to the republican national convention and more than enough delegates to the state convention to assure control.

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Race For Presidency As It Stands to Date

Based on the theory that Roosevelt got 53 and President Taft 11 of the 64 delegates elected Saturday in Pennsylvania, the presidential race to date stands:

Table with columns for REPUBLICAN and DEMOCRATIC candidates and their delegate counts.

Director McKinley's statement, besides referring to the "third term," says in part: "The outcome of the Pennsylvania primaries is plainly indicative of the fact that national issues are playing only a small part in some states in the campaign for the republican nomination for president."

"Instead of constructive statesmanship being put forth in an effort to solve the problems before the country and as a bid for votes on the ground of merit, a nation wide campaign of willful and malicious misrepresentation, vilification and assault on the president of the United States has been substituted. Such a campaign, amounting in fact to a conspiracy not only to humiliate the president personally, but to commit the republican party to rank socialism, has not only been countenanced, but conducted, by former President Theodore Roosevelt."

"The fact that this candidate is now claiming to wear the mantle of Abraham Lincoln is evidence that the act of demagogism in this country has become rampant."

"These states which have yet to elect delegates to the republican national convention in Chicago might just as well realize now that the republic, as they have placed in jeopardy by the issues raised by Theodore Roosevelt."

PORTLAND, Ore., April 14.—"I can not see how I can say anything further than I have repeatedly said, that instruction of delegates for Colonel Roosevelt in states like Pennsylvania and Illinois renders certain that a deadlock between Roosevelt and President Taft will occur in the national republican convention, and I am more certain than ever, with the delegates I have secured, that I shall be nominated."

This was the comment of United States Senator Robert E. La Follette on the result of yesterday's preferential primary in Pennsylvania.

Senator La Follette added that if the progressive delegates from the middle west "stand pat" they will not only succeed in electing the republican presidential nominee, but they will dictate the next national republican platform.

The senator declared that his campaign in Nebraska and the attitude of the voters toward him made him positive that he would carry the primaries in that state.

In Oregon Senator La Follette said he would devote his attention chiefly to the records of former President Roosevelt and President Taft, with especial attention to their attitude on the trust question.

Senator La Follette arrived here today from eastern Oregon, leaving tonight for Eugene. In that city he will begin a whirlwind campaign in western Oregon, which will continue Wednesday next, the day before the primaries are held. His principal speech will be in Portland Tuesday night.

Clark Worker Appointed CHICAGO, April 14.—Announcement was made here tonight of the appointment of Guy E. Goltzman of St. Louis as a special representative of Speaker Champ Clark's candidacy for the democratic presidential nomination. The announcement was made by Senator Fred T. Dubois, national manager for Speaker Clark, who stated that Goltzman's appointment was in recognition for the latter's work at St. Louis headquarters during the Missouri campaign. Goltzman probably will go to the Washington headquarters of the Clark campaign.

Bryan on Harmon's Trail NEW YORK, April 14.—William J. Bryan, who was the guest of the National Democratic club at the Jefferson dinner last night, left this afternoon for Ohio. He will address a number of meetings in that state in opposition to Governor Harmon's candidacy for the presidential nomination.

Dalzell's Fate in Doubt PITTSBURG, Pa., April 14.—The renomination of John Dalzell as congressman from the Thirtieth district is in doubt tonight. Mr. Clyde Kelly, his opponent, ran him a close race in yesterday's primaries and an official count probably will be necessary.

SECOND NATIONAL OF CHICAGO TO REORGANIZE Directors Resign and New Officers Are Chosen CINCINNATI, April 14.—The officers and directors of the Second National bank resigned from the Thirtieth district yesterday and the bank will be taken over by the Cincinnati clearing house tonight. The clearing house will run the institution until the stockholders formulate plans for a reorganization satisfactory to the government. The action was taken by the board of directors late tonight.

D. A. R. ASSEMBLE; PRESIDENT TO SPEAK WASHINGTON, April 14.—Daughters of the American Revolution are assembling tonight for the twenty-first continental congress of the national society, which opens tomorrow.

The daughters face a week of hard work, although the biennial contest for president general will not take place until next year, when the second term of Mrs. Matthew T. Scott will expire. Ten vice presidents general will be elected. President Taft will deliver an address of welcome.

ROOSEVELT ELATED BY PENNSYLVANIA VICTORY

Colonel at Oyster Bay Tells Reporters "We Hit Them Middling Hard"

OYSTER BAY, April 14.—"We hit them middling hard," said Colonel Roosevelt today in talking of his victory in the Pennsylvania primaries.

The colonel was greatly elated and exhibited a heap of telegrams sent him, giving details of the result and extending congratulations.

Colonel Roosevelt was asked whether in his opinion his nomination was now probable.

"I would not say that," he responded. "The result in Pennsylvania, he said, pleased him particularly because he considered it an expression of popular opposition to the "bosses."

"They have heard a good deal from me on the stump," he said, "and they'll hear more."

Colonel Roosevelt said some of his opponents were misrepresenting the number of delegates elected for President Taft and himself. He said that he had been considering a formal statement in regard to this matter.

"At the present time," he continued, "I think the delegates really in structure are about evenly divided. I think it is about 150 each."

The colonel gave Mississippi as an example of what he had in mind. He said he believed that the entire Mississippi delegation was for him, and yet his opponents claimed it all for the president.

"The contest in that case," he added, "is on the Taft side." He asserted that he had 22 delegates from Missouri, although some of his opponents conceded him none.

In New York, he continued, he already had 10 delegates, with 10 others ready to vote for him, and he expressed the belief that at the national convention he would have 20 more New York votes provided it was apparent that the 20 delegates that he could have half of the delegates to the convention.

At 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon Roosevelt will start on what will probably be one of the most extensive trips of the campaign. He will go to Chicago over the Pennsylvania road instead of the New York Central as originally planned.

According to the program he will spend Wednesday and Thursday in Nebraska and Friday and Saturday in Kansas. Beyond that no definite arrangements have been made. The colonel said that he expected to speak in Sioux Falls, S. D., and in Little Rock, Ark. On the way back he said that he hoped to go to North Carolina.

With the violence of an electrical storm the two heavy circuits, each carrying 11,000 volts, discharged their tremendous force into the atmosphere until the wires parted from their connections and fell in writhing, sputtering coils into the street. For a quarter of an hour the inhabitants of the street huddled in the doorways, too frightened to escape by other exits, until the current was shut off at the power house.

Then they rushed panic-stricken into the open, many of them carrying their valuables in their arms. In the meantime, irreparable damage had been done to the lines conveying power from the electric plant at Mason and Beach to the engines which operate the cable system of the United Railroads, and every car on the Sacramento, Powell and Washington and Jackson street lines stopped still.

Death would have been instantaneous had one of the loose ends of a fallen wire come in contact with a living thing. One line fell across the perpendicular support of a cross trolley wire and grounded, while the heat of the contact was sufficient to bend the heavy steel pole like a wilted flower stem. Another wire dropped upon the car track and seared its way half through the rail.

Witnesses of the live coils touched the ground they hissed and burned, leaving great black patches on the sidewalks, in some cases within half a dozen feet of where women and children crouched in the doorways. Linemen said that the disturbance caused by the little kite string was the most dangerous in their experience.

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SEATTLE, April 14.—E. C. Hamshaw, aged 30, a mining man of Atlin, B. C., and Los Angeles, committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver in a room in a fashionable hotel occupied by his wife, against whom he had begun divorce proceedings.

Hamshaw, whose father, Frederick T. Hamshaw, is said to be a wealthy British Columbia mining man, began divorce proceedings against his wife last week. Early in March Mrs. Hamshaw arrived from Los Angeles to contest the action. Last week Hamshaw visited her at the hotel and endeavored to effect a reconciliation. He called again today and they were together on the roof garden much of the time.

When they returned to the room Mrs. Hamshaw took her 8 months old child in her arms and laid her on the bed. Hamshaw smoothed the pillows and, walking to the foot of the bed, drew a pistol and shot himself.

His father is in London and his mother is visiting in Los Angeles.

MANY LABORERS DIE FROM WHITE PLAGUE

Report of Bureau of Vital Statistics Gives Occupational Percentages

SACRAMENTO, April 14.—The first general report on deaths by occupational, under the new law passed at the 1911 session of the legislature calling for the mention of the dead person's occupation in all death certificates, has been made by George D. Leslie, director of the state bureau of vital statistics. It covers the 5,408 deaths in San Francisco of persons over 15 years of age during 1911, out of which 3,196, or 59.1 per cent, were among men and women employed in gainful occupations and 2,212, or 40.9 per cent, without gainful occupation.

On the 3,196 reporting occupations, the men numbered 2,986, or 93.4 per cent, and the women only 210, or 6.6 per cent. Of the 2,212 without occupation, 470, or 21.2 per cent, were males and 1,742, or 78.8 per cent, females. Many women, doing merely house work and not earning money thereby, were not mentioned in the "gainful occupation" class.

The 2,986 male dead for whom occupations were reported are classified as: Manufacturing and mechanical industries, 740 or 24.8 per cent; laboring and servant, 62 or 2.8 per cent; transportation and other outdoor, 534 or 18.2 per cent; mercantile and trading, 313 or 10.5 per cent; clerical and official, 275 or 9.2 per cent; professional, 148 or 4.9 per cent; all others, 239 or 11.4 per cent; clerical and official, 275 or 9.2 per cent; professional, 148 or 4.9 per cent; all others, 239 or 11.4 per cent.

PORTLAND, April 14.—Declaring that she would rather die by her own hand than be murdered upon her release after the trial of Wong Si Sam and Lew Soon, charged with the alleged murder of Seid Biaz, a member of the prominent Seid family of this city, last December, Oi Sen, the Chinese slave girl, whose testimony is expected to be of great value to the prosecution, tonight in the city jail drank a pint of benzine in an effort to commit suicide.

The prompt action of jail attendants in administering emetics saved Oi Sen's life. The woman later was removed to a hospital. The woman frequently has said that she will not be allowed to live after she has given her testimony and has been released from the custody of the court.

The trial of Wong Si Sam will begin tomorrow and will be followed as soon as practicable by the trial of Lew Soon.

Slender Metal String of Kite Wreaks Havoc Strikes on High Power Transmission Wires

Scene in Mason street showing damage to high power transmission wires of the City Electric company when a metal kite string fell through them. Scores huddled in their homes, not daring to venture forth, and streetcars were put out of commission.



Upper Mason Street Turned Into Inferno of Spurting Blue Flame; Scores in Thoroughfare Have Miraculous Escape

A slender metal kite string falling athwart the high power transmission wires of the City Electric company late yesterday afternoon turned upper Mason street from Broadway to the bay into an inferno of spurting blue flame and crackling explosions, and drove the terrified residents of the section into panic.

With the violence of an electrical storm the two heavy circuits, each carrying 11,000 volts, discharged their tremendous force into the atmosphere until the wires parted from their connections and fell in writhing, sputtering coils into the street. For a quarter of an hour the inhabitants of the street huddled in the doorways, too frightened to escape by other exits, until the current was shut off at the power house.

Then they rushed panic-stricken into the open, many of them carrying their valuables in their arms. In the meantime, irreparable damage had been done to the lines conveying power from the electric plant at Mason and Beach to the engines which operate the cable system of the United Railroads, and every car on the Sacramento, Powell and Washington and Jackson street lines stopped still.

Death would have been instantaneous had one of the loose ends of a fallen wire come in contact with a living thing. One line fell across the perpendicular support of a cross trolley wire and grounded, while the heat of the contact was sufficient to bend the heavy steel pole like a wilted flower stem. Another wire dropped upon the car track and seared its way half through the rail.

Witnesses of the live coils touched the ground they hissed and burned, leaving great black patches on the sidewalks, in some cases within half a dozen feet of where women and children crouched in the doorways. Linemen said that the disturbance caused by the little kite string was the most dangerous in their experience.

Within half an hour after the current was shut off, relays of men were on hand with equipment to replace the damaged wires. No trace could be found of the original cause of the trouble, but W. C. Bivens, chief engineer of electrical equipment of the United Railroads, said it probably had been burned to ashes in the first short circuit.

SEASON OF MISFORTUNE "The season of kites is the season of misfortune for power companies," he said, as he ruefully surveyed the havoc. "One of the youngsters up here probably weighted the tail of his kite with a piece of copper wire. When that got between those two 11,000 volt transmission lines the trouble commenced. It will cost the City Electric and the United Railroads a pretty penny to undo the damage."

Bivens said that a week ago yesterday a wire kite string caught between the big 100,000 volt feed wires of his company in South San Francisco and caused a heavy loss. That no one was hurt in yesterday's accident he considers little short of miraculous.

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COILS BURN BLACK PATCHES

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STORAGE PROBLEM IS SOLVED BY INVENTION

New Accumulator Five Times as Effective as Old

COPENHAGEN, April 14.—Professor Hannover, president of the Polytechnic academy has invented an electrical accumulator which he says will revolutionize the question of storage. It has five times the capacity of the accumulator now in use.

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TUMULT BEGINS IN WINNY CITY

Fierce Factions Contend for Control of the Democratic County Convention

[Special Dispatch to The Call] CHICAGO, April 14.—Active hostilities between the Sullivan regular and the Hearst-Harrison combination for control of the democratic county convention, scheduled for tomorrow at 11 o'clock, began at 9:30 o'clock tonight.

Squads of mounted police, under command of Patrick J. Lavin, surrounded the Seventh regiment armory across the street from the White Sox ball park at Thirty-third street and Wentworth avenue.

Within the building, under the personal command of Colonel Daniel Moriarty, were 25 picked men of the "Fighting Seventh" ready for instant action.

A battalion of the soldiery was within reach at the signal from Colonel Moriarty, but not under arms. The building itself was locked and barred and not a policeman was allowed to enter.

The drawing of the battle lines followed a Sunday which had been turned into a political bedlam, as far as the democracy of Cook county is concerned.

The culminating blow delivered from the Sullivan camp, which had established war headquarters at the Sherman house, was to obtain an injunction from Superior Court Judge Michael L. McKinley restraining County Judge Owens, the board of election commissioners, Sheriff Michael J.