

Wilson's Lead in State Is Cut to About 1,800 Clerical Errors Are Responsible for Change

BIG DECREASE INDICATED BY LATE RETURNS

Name of Lieutenant Governor Wallace Scratched by Thousands of Progressives

Complete unofficial returns probably will show that Wilson carried California by a plurality of from 1,500 to 1,800.

On the face of complete unofficial returns from all but 133 precincts in the state Wilson has a lead of 1,147. Only a few of the missing precincts are in counties that have shown Roosevelt pluralities and the returns from those precincts may be reasonably expected to increase Wilson's lead by 500.

The big decrease in Wilson's plurality, as indicated by the unofficial returns compiled Wednesday night, was the result of the discovery of clerical differences in the compilation of the unofficial returns in Los Angeles county.

Clerks compiling the returns as received from Los Angeles precincts made totals for both Wilson and Roosevelt from the votes returned for the heads of their respective electoral tickets.

It was discovered yesterday that Lieutenant Governor Wallace, whose name headed the Roosevelt ticket, had been scratched by several thousand progressive party voters and that his vote did not represent the Roosevelt vote in Los Angeles county.

A re-examination of the unofficial returns, conducted by County Clerk Leland and accepted by the managers of both parties, resulted in increasing Roosevelt's lead in Los Angeles county from an indicated 15,000 to 20,500 and reducing Wilson's apparent lead in the state to approximately 500.

With only three precincts missing last night, Roosevelt's lead in Los Angeles county 75,500, Wilson 55,135, giving Roosevelt a plurality there of 20,425.

Wilson's lead of approximately 1,700 in San Diego county seemed to be a substantial offset for Roosevelt's combined pluralities in the other southern counties and leaving Roosevelt with a lead in Los Angeles county to represent his lead in southern California.

At 10 o'clock last night the Associated Press issued a hurried complete unofficial returns from 4,238 precincts out of a total of 4,372 in the state, which showed that Wilson's apparent plurality had been reduced to 1,147 votes.

The compilation made by the Associated Press gave Wilson a total of 280,428 to 286,327, with 134 precincts missing. The greater number of the missing precincts, it was declared, were in counties that had returned Wilson pluralities, suggesting slight gains for Wilson on the completed returns.

ANOTHER STATE ESTIMATE MADE

The following statement was issued at midnight by the Associated Press: "Another change in the Los Angeles totals at 10:30 o'clock tonight had the effect of putting Roosevelt in the lead over Wilson by 30 votes. County Clerk Leland reported the corrected city and county vote, with three precincts missing, to be: Wilson 54,834, Roosevelt 75,477. In previous tabulations this lead had been given as Wilson 55,135, Roosevelt 75,500.

"Revised according to these Los Angeles figures, the state vote shows: Wilson 280,428, Roosevelt 286,327, out of 4,372 precincts. Wilson 55,135, Roosevelt 75,500.

PEOPLE APPROVE AMENDMENTS

That the proposed constitutional amendments relating to irrigation district bonds and three textbooks were the only propositions ratified, as told in The Call Wednesday morning, is evidenced by the returns from about three-fourths of the precincts in the state.

The free textbook amendment was a trifle more popular than the raising commission measure was unpopular; the former, according to the incomplete canvass, received 231,947 for and 113,651 against, while the latter proposition received 123,086 for and 228,651 against. The proposed constitutional amendment to make the bonds of irrigation districts sufficient security for public funds met with no serious opposition.

The three referendum measures which proposed to establish the office of registrar of voters in every county, the aim being to deprive County Clerk Jack Cook of Alameda county of much of his patronage, were beaten decisively in Los Angeles county, with its big progressive vote, being the only county to give a majority in favor of the three acts.

Imperial and Marin are apparently the only counties that joined with San Francisco in favoring the proposed constitutional amendment to provide for the consolidation of cities. The measure has been beaten by a vote of 40,000. Although the home rule taxation measure polled a good vote in every county of the state, San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and Kern were the only counties to favor the proposition.

The following compilation includes partial and complete returns from about three-fourths of the precincts in the state:

1-Irrigation bonds.....	216,725	85,882
2-Three textbooks.....	231,947	113,651
3-Registars of voters.....	101,558	169,224
4-Registars of voters.....	104,913	158,234
5-Consolidation of cities.....	132,500	175,300
6-Home rule taxation.....	123,086	228,651
7-Home rule taxation.....	128,555	169,731

Napa
NAPA, Nov. 7.—Complete returns of all 30 precincts of Napa county give: Roosevelt 2,434, Wilson 2,661, Curry (Rep.) 2,020, Hays (Dem.) 1,448, for congressman; for state senator, Rush (Rep.) 2,465, Walsh (Dem.) 2,147; for assemblyman, Palmer (Dem.) 2,862, Rutherford (Rep.) 2,065; for state senator, W. F. Alexander (Dem.), Charles Wasson (Dem.) and S. Webber (Rep.) were elected supervisors.

East Napa supervisor district, West Napa supervisor district and Hot Springs supervisor district voted "wet" for a local option contest.

Reception to Johnson
[Special Dispatch to The Call]
SACRAMENTO, Nov. 7.—Sacramento progressives carried Los Angeles city and county with an important bearing on the general state results was straightened out today when County Clerk H. J. Leland reported to by democrats and progressives for an accurate count, made a semi-official tabulation of the returns. The result indicated that Roosevelt's plurality over Woodrow Wilson in this county would be about 20,500, or about 6,000 more than given by the returns tabulated by the newspapers last night.

Los Angeles, Nov. 7.—An all around mixup in the compilation of election figures in Los Angeles city and county which an important bearing on the general state results was straightened out today when County Clerk H. J. Leland reported to by democrats and progressives for an accurate count, made a semi-official tabulation of the returns. The result indicated that Roosevelt's plurality over Woodrow Wilson in this county would be about 20,500, or about 6,000 more than given by the returns tabulated by the newspapers last night.

(VOTE ON PRESIDENT IN STATE)

Returns from 4,239 precincts complete out of a total of 4,372 in the state give Wilson 281,136, Roosevelt 279,989, giving Wilson a plurality of 1,147. All but four or five of the missing precincts are in Wilson counties.

COUNTIES.	ROOSEVELT	WILSON	MISSING	WILSON
Alameda	31,482	24,357	9,228	1,144
Alpine	30	51		
Amador	703	1,525		
Butte	2,786	3,329	836	433
Calaveras	752	1,598	50	74
Contra Costa	3,537	3,290	1,297	
Del Norte	376	324	104	40
El Dorado	764	1,574	272	48
Fresno	8,687	8,770	2,084	
Glenn	920	1,285	13	61
Humboldt	3,393	2,733	78	1,850
Imperial	1,096	1,012		
Inyo	334	431		
Kern	3,538	3,200	1,160	149
Kings	1,424	1,967	6	406
Lake	540	974	210	60
Lassen	437	496	20	14
Los Angeles	75,500	55,135	17,547	
Madera	931	1,263	215	
Marin	2,709	2,816	632	72
Mariposa	375	633	131	
Mendocino	2,107	2,381	650	129
Merced	1,367	1,863	1	114
Modoc	502	888	1	49
Monterey	1,022	164	171	75
Napa	2,342	2,640	462	124
Nevada	1,069	1,835	33	649
Orange	5,136	4,411	311	87
Placer	1,791	1,664	10	235
Plumas	760	746	119	1,059
Riverside	5,151	2,975	1,059	222
Sacramento	1,542	1,905	37	181
San Benito	1,038	231	14	78
San Bernardino	6,148	5,804	1,837	
San Diego	7,734	9,466	2,044	914
San Francisco	38,624	49,021	12,415	1,141
San Joaquin	4,304	7,959		
San Luis Obispo	2,355	2,245	903	143
San Mateo	2,715	3,045	1	467
Santa Barbara	3,341	2,778	65	585
Santa Clara	10,828	9,567	265	1,888
Santa Cruz	2,941	2,843	37	89
Shasta	1,599	2,010	731	685
Sierra	1,369	1,835	33	649
Siskiyou	1,785	1,936	309	104
Solano	3,363	3,643	780	
Sonoma	5,091	3,715	840	305
Stanislaus	3,119	3,098	11	806
Sutter	842	1,063		
Tehama	1,123	1,448		
Trinity	272	367	57	87
Tulare	4,265	4,502	1,106	
Tuolumne	1,738	1,457	367	38
Ventura	2,047	2,091		
Yuba	1,328	2,244	9	353
Yuba	1,127	1,161	142	118
Total	279,989	281,136	2,194	69,228

RACE IS CLOSE IN WASHINGTON

SEATTLE, Nov. 7.—Fifteen hundred and sixty-one precincts out of 1,903 in the state of Washington give Elster (Dem.), for governor, 58,877; Hay (Rep.) 53,940; Hodge (Prog.) 68,473. Elster still has a plurality of 1,917, but his supporters are alarmed for the first time. Only seven precincts remain uncounted in King county and 15 in Pierce county, which counties have been supporting Elster. The returns are so overwhelming that the proposition was overwhelmingly defeated in Washington.

Women Lose in Wisconsin
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 7.—Scattered returns on the woman's suffrage amendment show that the proposition was overwhelmingly defeated in Wisconsin.

Suffrage in Arizona
PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 7.—Women leaders who believed up to the moment the polls closed Tuesday that their hopes of gaining the ballot were vain, were jubilant today when returns from all the large towns showed a majority in favor of the amendment. Nearly every important precinct in the state voted to invest women with the franchise.

CONGRESS FIGHT IS NIP AND TUCK

Interest in the congressional fights in the first, the seventh and the eleventh districts was barely overshadowed yesterday by that in the returns for the state presidential election. In the election of Kent (Prog.) in the first district and Church (Dem.) in the seventh district now seems certain. The great gain made by Kettner (Dem.) in the eighth district, ahead of Evans in the eleventh district.

Throughout the day yesterday it was nip and tuck between Kent and Zumwalt (Dem.) in the first district. At one time of day the precincts reported would indicate the election of Zumwalt, and then again they would favor Kent. Returns from 43 out of 49 precincts last night gave Kent a lead of 1,138 and indicated that he had his fight won.

The battle of ballots in the seventh congressional district was also spirited throughout the day, the latest returns showing that Church had a lead of 536 over Needham. The indications are that Church has carried the district, thus retiring Needham after a long period in congress, during which he has worked up to the important place of second ranking republican on the ways and means committee.

Following are the incomplete returns showing the vote by counties in the first and seventh districts:

Counties	Hart rep.	Zumwalt prog.	Church dem.	Needham rep.
Del Norte	143	233	354	
Humboldt	1,415	2,026	3,078	
Mendocino	1,164	1,776	1,672	
Butte	295	2,673	2,480	
Gatusa	295	1,299	824	
Marin	1,622	1,384	2,594	
Sonoma	2,169	4,440	5,109	
Yuba	640	908	850	
Sutter	595	523	848	
Glenn	388	1,168	705	
Total	8,462	17,703	18,842	

It is estimated that there are about 500 votes yet to hear from and but small change will be made in the figures as given herewith.

SHERMAN'S PLACE NOT FILLED YET

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Comment on the approaching selection of a republican vice presidential nominee to receive the twelve electoral votes of Idaho, Vermont and Utah has brought out the fact that several members and officers of the republican national committee favor the designation of a nominee from one of those states.

The results of Tuesday's election have made the filling of the President Sherman's place on the ticket an appointment of purely an honorary character, and suggestions have been made here that the honors should go to some republican from one of the three states carried by Taft. In this connection Senator Borah of Idaho, who was suggested by several members of the committee, and former Governor Medo of Vermont, whose name was proposed before the Chicago convention, both are favored.

When the national committee meets in Chicago, November 12, to select the candidate it is not bound to designate any person if a majority of the committee members favor leaving the nomination to the electors themselves. Such action would make it possible for each group of four republican electors to cast their votes for men from their respective states.

If the national committee makes the designation, Governor Hadley of Missouri, in any event, will have the support of a large number of the members.

GANGSTERS TO BE TRIED—New York, Nov. 7.—On the eve of the trial of the gangsters—"Whitey" Lewis, "Doc" Barker, "Alvin" Karpis and "Gyp" Blood"—accused of the actual killing of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, an agreement was announced today by Attorney Whitman and C. G. Wabbe, judges for the trial, that the case shall be placed on trial together tomorrow. Until almost the eleventh hour it was expected the men would have individual trials.

Masses Leads in Nevada
RENO, Nov. 7.—Partial returns from 170 out of 251 precincts in Nevada show that Massey (Rep.) has a lead of 698 votes for United States Senator over Pittman (Dem.). His home county Washoe, gave him a plurality of 732.

WOMEN BLAME TO DEFEATS

Failure of Suffrage in Wisconsin and Michigan Is Charged to Roosevelt

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Chicago women suffragists took heart today from the returns from Kansas and Arizona, which proclaimed those states in the ranks of woman suffrage commonwealths. Despite the failure of Michigan and Wisconsin to grant equal suffrage, the Chicago workers were not discouraged.

Several of the women who have fought for political equality expressed regret that the woman suffrage cause had been identified with the progressive party.

Miss Iris M. Smith, prominent in the committee of the woman's party, was one of those who deprecated the association of woman suffrage with the progressive party.

"It was a mistake," declared Miss Smith, "to have been made the political tool of any one party. The only way we can obtain suffrage is by a direct war of affiliation with Roosevelt it was a mistake."

Oregon Grants Suffrage
[Special Dispatch to The Call]
PORTLAND, Nov. 7.—Oregon has granted the right of suffrage to women by a narrow margin, but returns from more than half the state show that the constitutional measure has passed and Oregon on an equal footing with her neighbor states, California and Washington.

The suffrage vote in Portland was expected to be small, but, contrary to expectations, this city gave a majority for the measure. The vote in 176 precincts complete out of 191 in Portland gives 18,034 for the measure and 16,923 against it.

In the state outside of Multnomah county the vote has been running slightly in favor of suffrage on all returns.

Colorado Women Defeat Drys
DENVER, Nov. 7.—The heaviest vote ever polled by Colorado women was brought out Tuesday. In Denver alone 50,000 women voted. Prohibition leaders counting on the women's votes to carry the statewide prohibition amendment were disappointed. The measure lost by more than 30,000 votes.

Mrs. E. Hungerford, Denver clubwoman and leader, declares Colorado women voted the measure from the same viewpoint as did the men and voted as their husbands and brothers did. Many society and club women voted against the mothers' compensation act, one of Justice Lindsay's bills.

Working women and girls in the city supported the bull moose ticket to a large extent.

Suffrage Leads in Kansas
TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 7.—The constitutional amendment giving women full suffrage was carried in Kansas by a majority of 59,000, according to incomplete returns. A comparison of ballots from a dozen precincts show that not more than two-thirds of the men took the trouble to mark the suffrage ballot. Dozens of the slips were returned to the boxes without even being opened.

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COLONEL LOSES TO DEFEATS

This Leaves But Five Commonwealths to Credit of the Third Termers

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expected the proportion for each candidate will not vary greatly.

The preliminary count gives Wilson approximately 46 per cent of the vote; Roosevelt 29 per cent and Taft 25 per cent. The total vote thus far reported is less than in 1908, while official returns are expected to bring it above those figures. In 1908, out of a combined vote of 10,888,888, Taft and Bryan Taft received more than 54 per cent.

Returns from Minnesota today confirm the claim of Roosevelt to the 12 electoral votes that state.

The Wilson victory claimed in earlier returns had become doubtful last night as the count progressed. Latest returns today, with many precincts still to be heard from gave Roosevelt an apparently safe majority.

The victory for Wilson in New Hampshire did not surprise, with it the state legislature, where the republicans again have a majority on joint ballot and will dictate the selection of a United States senator.

DEMOCRATS WILL CONTROL SENATE
WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Control of the senate in the sixty-third congress now is practically assured to the democrats. Conceding to the republicans the legislatures of all states still in doubt, the democrats will have a vote of 48, or just one-half of the entire membership of the senate, with a democratic vote present in 34 states to cast the deciding ballot in case of a tie. Six states are yet to be heard from definitely. A senator from one of these would give the democrats a clear majority, but it is possible that their strength will be increased even further.

Kansas has been added to the democratic column in the last 24 hours. The republican vote in the legislature is yet to be decided are Illinois, Michigan, New Hampshire, Oregon, Tennessee and Wyoming.

SOME COMPLICATIONS
Ordinarily Tennessee could be relied upon to help the democratic party, but the factional fight there may prevent in this crisis. In Illinois there are complications growing out of the multiplicity of parties, rendering it uncertain whether the will be a senatorial election. In that state a successor to the deposed senator, Lorimer, should be chosen, as well as to Senator Culbertson, who resigned. It is possible that no election the effect would favor the democrats by reducing the membership of the senate to 94, of which number the 48 republicans assured would be a large extent.

BOURBON CONTROL CERTAIN
Whatever the outcome in any of the states mentioned, there can be no doubt that the democrats will control the senate. In addition to the aid of the vice president in an emergency, they will find willing co-operation among the progressive senators, who are almost as liberal in their tariff views and on other questions as the democrats themselves. Senators Clapp, La Follette, Cummins, Gronna, and Borah are being counted on to favor advanced legislation on other subjects. Senator Works announced his intention of voting against the tariff presidential candidate some time before the election. This determination is due, however, to a peculiar combination of circumstances, and the California senator probably will not vote against the tariff reform.

Democratic headquarters will be closed tomorrow, save a small office for checking up the organization.

CABINET GOSSIP ANNOYS WILSON
PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 7.—President-elect Woodrow Wilson has not decided upon the personnel of his future cabinet and he intends to keep his mind open on the subject for a long time. He was manifestly concerned today about certain speculations emanating from Princeton with respect to the probable makeup of his cabinet. To put an end, if possible, to all gossip about cabinet appointments, he issued the following statement:

Such speculations are perfectly fruitless. I mean to keep my mind entirely open with regard to appointments of the first consequence until a final announcement is possible. It will be perfectly useless to resort to me for corroboration of any report because I shall have absolutely nothing to announce. No announcement will have the least authority, and I shall not make over my own signature. These are matters which must be determined by very deliberate counsel and not by gossip.

WILL CONSULT PARTY LEADERS
There is every reason to believe that Woodrow Wilson, both as presidential nominee and president-elect, has not only not discussed the framing of a cabinet with anybody, but will not make any final decision until he maps out his own course with regard to his administration.

From his announced intention of being the "best listener in the United States," for a few months, it is probable that until he has talked with party leaders and taken counsel with people all over the country, he will not deal specifically with appointments.

The president-elect said tonight that he considered the time between his election and his inauguration a period in which he should listen carefully to the views of men in all walks of national questions and that it was a public duty for him to do so.

"The president-elect was confronted tonight with reports about his proposed vacation. He said any definite announcement that he was going to the Bermudas was not authorized.