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# THE CALL



"The People's Newspaper"

"An Independent Newspaper"

**WEATHER FORECAST:**  
Fair; north winds, changing to west.

1175—CANDY, notions, branch bakery; 3 furnished rooms; rent \$21; receipts \$10 to \$15  
50 ROOM MODERN HOUSE, WITH EVERY CONVENIENCE, FOR ONLY \$5.750; TERMS.

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## BLANQUET ARRESTS MADERO AND AIDES

### Huerta Is Proclaimed Provisional President With Diaz' Consent

Generals who figured in the arrest of Mexico's president, transport that will take American marines to Vera Cruz and scene in Mexican capital.

#### WESTERN PACIFIC TO PROTEST U. P. DISSOLUTION PLAN

Gould Road Officials to Appear Today at Meeting of Railroad Commission and Merger Chiefs to Object to Proposed Arrangements With the Central Pacific

#### NO "UNSCRAMBLING" IN DEAL, IS CHARGE

Rival Line to Assert Both It and Public Are Being Refused Benefits of Dissolution Order—Discrimination in Traffic Veto—"Old Conditions Are Disguised"

The Western Pacific will, at the hearing before the railroad commission of California today, oppose certain important features of the contracts between the Union Pacific, Central Pacific and Southern Pacific companies that are to be submitted for approval.

The decision of the Western Pacific was reached last night after two days deliberations of its officers and counsel.

The Western Pacific will take the position that the provision of the contract with reference to joint use of industry tracks at junction points within city limits, including San Francisco and Oakland, continues the existing monopoly of Central and Southern Pacific over practically the entire territory of central California and San Francisco bay, and, so far as the Western Pacific is concerned, maintains that monopoly unaltered and perhaps strengthened.

The Western Pacific asserts the arrangement deprives it and the public from all benefit of the dissolution of the merger that would result if the Southern Pacific were compelled to serve the Central Pacific and Western Pacific impartially upon the basis of reasonable switching charges and division of rates, or if the Western Pacific were permitted to enjoy the same privilege of reaching Southern Pacific industries and commercial enterprises that is accorded the Central Pacific by the agreement.

The agreement for joint use by the Central Pacific of the Southern Pacific line and appurtenant property between Sacramento and Oakland via Benicia and Port Costa contains the provision that no additional company shall be admitted to the joint use of the line without the written consent of the Central Pacific, which is construed as aimed at the Western Pacific.

**DEMANDS VETO OMISSION**  
The Western Pacific will be the direct competitor of the Central Pacific, and this gives to the Central Pacific the veto power against admitting the Western Pacific to the same use, and the Western Pacific will contend that the limitation upon the Southern Pacific's right to admit other companies to the use of the Benicia line, viz., the required written consent of the Central Pacific, should it be omitted from the conditions of the agreement.

The Western Pacific takes the ground in respect to these matters and the general interchange of traffic that it is to the interest of the public that it should be placed in the same relation to that traffic as is accorded the Central Pacific by the contracts, and that the Western Pacific and Central Pacific shall be substantially on a parity as to divisions of rates and all other conditions with reference to traffic interchanged with the Southern Pacific.

**NO UNSCRAMBLING, IT SAYS**  
Western Pacific will contend that the unscrambling of Union Pacific and Southern Pacific that permits those two lines and Central Pacific to continue in exclusive and joint control of all properties that they have heretofore held in common is no unscrambling at all, but a continuation of former conditions under the guise of separation.

**MEETING THIS MORNING**  
The railroad commission will meet at 10 o'clock with officials of the Southern Pacific and Union Pacific railroads to consider the agreement between the corporations named and the United States courts in the matter of the dissolution of the Union, Central and Southern Pacific lines.

At the meeting will appear Judge Robert S. Lovett, William Sproule and such other officials as the commission sees fit to examine. One of the big questions that may be decided at the inquiry is of available funds that the Southern Pacific may acquire as the result of the separation of the two great railroad systems.

Judge Lovett of the Union Pacific nor President Sproule of the Southern Pacific had anything new to

#### CANAAN NOT IN IT WITH THIS LAND

Seventy-five Bushels Wheat to Acre; Mining Between Crops—Promoter in Jail

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Advertisements of lands in Arkansas, said to have been over enthusiastic, caused the arrest today of John Kenderes on a charge of using the mails to defraud.

According to postoffice inspectors, Kenderes advertised to Slavonians more than 15,000 acres of land which he claimed would produce 75 bushels of spring wheat to the acre, 95 bushels of oats, from 500 to 600 bushels of potatoes, and hay, tobacco and vegetables in abundance.

Between crops, Kenderes is said to have pointed out that those who bought the land from him could spend their time in mining coal, zinc and other minerals, of which there was an ample supply.

The inspectors declare that Kenderes owns no land and that the tract he advertised is barren of vegetation.

#### BRAKES REFUSE TO WORK

Twenty Bamberger Passengers Hurt in Collision With Freight

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Feb. 18.—Twenty people were injured, none seriously, today when a passenger train on the Bamberger electric crashed into a freight at St. Joseph, north of here. The accident was caused by the failure of the brakes on the passenger train.



GENERAL VICTORIANO HUERTA

GENERAL AURELIO BLANQUET



MARKET SCENE UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD N.Y.



GENERAL FELIX DIAZ PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD N.Y.

#### PANIC IN SUBWAY BENEATH RIVER

Men Fight Resisting Guards; Nearly 2,000 Brave Third Rail in Dark Rush to Outlet

(Special Dispatch to The Call)  
NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Three subway trains were stalled for more than an hour tonight in the tube under the Harlem river at One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street. The passengers on all three trains became frightened, but the guards told them they could not leave the cars.

When the heat and lack of air were becoming almost unbearable and there seemed no chance for the stalled trains to continue, men rushed the guards, pushed them aside and then helped women and children from the cars into the tube.

A procession of 1,500 or 2,000 persons started from the trains toward the Mott avenue station. The tube became congested with men and women, all demanding that they be assisted to the platform from the rails. Despite danger from the third rail, they all got out safely.

#### GREAT DRY DOCK INJURED

Disaster at Pearl Harbor May Greatly Delay Opening

(Special Dispatch to The Call)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Injury to the great dry dock at Pearl Harbor yesterday was reported today. It is feared the disaster will have the effect of thwarting the plans to have this dock opened for naval use by the completion of the Panama canal. The bottom of the dock was forced up as the water was pumped out.

#### BRAZEN BEGGARS LANDED IN JAIL

Crowd Storms B'nai B'rith Hall Demanding Food and Shelter—Said to Be Worthless Fellows

Demanding bread and shelter, more than two dozen unkempt men and boys stormed B'nai B'rith hall, 149 Eddy street, yesterday afternoon while the grand lodge of the fourth district was in session. A riot was prevented by the arrival of the police, who forcibly ejected the throng from the hall. The gang was arrested and taken to the central police station and locked up on charges of disturbing the peace and vagrancy.

The aggregation visited B'nai B'rith headquarters in the forenoon with tales of hunger and cold. M. Kollman gave each a meal in a near by restaurant and promised to look into their demands. He, together with Rabbi Jacob Nieto, made an investigation and found each of the crowd had been aided by the relief bureau of the Eureka Benevolent society at various times during the last two weeks.

Miss Bertha Samuels, assistant secretary, told the grand lodge officers the men and boys had been assisted time and again, but had proved themselves unworthy by their carelessness and general worthlessness.

#### ROBT. E. LEE'S SON DEAD

Formerly on Jefferson Davis' Staff; Known as Educator

RAVENSWORTH, Va., Feb. 18.—G. W. C. Lee, eldest son of General Robert E. Lee, formerly on the staff of Jefferson Davis, and president emeritus of Washington and Lee university, died here today, aged 80.

#### SILVER RUSH IN COLORADO RIVALS LEADVILLE BOOM

Ore Assaying 1,000 Ounces Encourages Throng to Dare Five Foot Snow on Mountain

(Special Dispatch to The Call)  
DENVER, Colo., Feb. 18.—A silver rush that rivals the famous gold rush to Leadville in 1857 is on to the newly discovered deposits at Eagle, Eagle county, where the ore assays as high as 1,000 ounces to the ton and where the walls, roof and floor of the tunnels driven into Horse mountain are composed of the rich ore.

What was a cow pasture yesterday is tonight a hustling, bustling mining camp of several hundred silver mad prospectors. Hundreds more are on their way, having obtained underground information of the strike.

Thomas R. Henahan, state commissioner of mines, just returned from Eagle, said tonight: "It is another Creede. If the pace is kept up this camp will take its place at the top of the list of the camps that lead the world. Assays that I had made on my return to Denver show that the strike runs as high as 1,000 ounces of silver to the ton. It is the greatest strike in Colorado in 20 years."

The state commissioner took grab samples from a pile at the mouth of one tunnel and those assayed 500 ounces and 950 ounces. From three to five feet of snow covers Horse mountain and this is keeping prospectors back. Conservative estimates promise that the new camp will have a population of 5,000 in 60 days. The strike will make the discoverers—Oscar Kempf, E. E. Glenn and R. S. Wolverton, all of Eagle—rich men.

#### RECOGNITION OF NEW REGIME TO BE WITHHELD

United States Will Demand That the Latest Mexican Government Prove Its Worth

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The government of Francisco I. Madero having fallen and General Victoriano Huerta having been proclaimed president of Mexico, it devolves upon United States Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson to move at once with the de facto Mexican government for the protection of Americans throughout the republic.

It will be Mr. Wilson's first duty to treat with the new president for the amelioration of conditions imposed on Americans and other foreigners as a result of the fighting in the streets of Mexico City in which some foreigners were killed, others wounded and thousands rendered homeless.

**RECOGNITION LATER**  
Political recognition of the government which emerged tonight out of the travail through which Mexico has passed in the last two years will be a slower proceeding.

While this government will take no concern over the choice of a successor to President Madero, such a successor will have to demonstrate his ability to maintain stable government before political recognition will be accorded him by the United States.

Mexico today is honeycombed and torn asunder by many revolutionary movements. The principal of these are the Orozco movement in the north and the Zapata uprising in the south. Lawlessness has become rife and robber bands, masquerading as revolutionists, have sent terror through the states of Mexico from the Rio Grande to Yucatan.

**MUST SUPPRESS DISTURBANCES**  
In order to lay claim to political recognition from this government the United States will demand that the new president, be he General Huerta or some other, must suppress these disturbing elements, restore order and establish the workings of justice in the states.

The formality of political recognition in all likelihood will fall to the administration of President elect Wilson. The news tonight found this government still firm in its policy of nonintervention and unwavering in its preparation, upon a moment's notice, to strike an aggressive blow for the defense of American citizens should occasion yet demand it.

**WASHINGTON WELCOMES CHANGE**  
Although the change, which it is believed would bring relief from the intolerable conditions following in the wake of 10 days of bloody fighting was welcome to those who carry the burdens of state, official Washington

## OVERTHROWN EXECUTIVE BARELY ESCAPES DEATH AT HANDS OF SOLDIERS

Overexcited by Words of Mutinous General, Who Had Harangued Troops, Infantryman Points Gun at Breast of Fallen Chief, Who Grappled with Him; Weapon Discharged in Ensuing Struggle Without Injury—Few Loyal Members of Staff Rush Into Hall of Ambassadors in Attempt to Rescue Leader From Enemies

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 18.—Jose Pijmo Suarez, the vice president, was also arrested last night and held prisoner in another part of the palace from that where Madero was confined. Senor Juan Sanchez Azcona, private secretary to Madero, has fled.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 18.—Francisco I. Madero has been forced out of the presidency. He was arrested at the National palace shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon by General Blanquet. A few hours later he signed his resignation.

General Victoriano Huerta, commander of the federal troops, was proclaimed provisional president.

About the time Madero was seized by Blanquet, Gustavo Madero, his brother, the former minister of finance, was arrested by General Huerta, who was dining with him in a public restaurant.

#### ALL MEMBERS OF CABINET ARRESTED

All members of the cabinet promptly were placed under arrest with the exception of Ernesto Madero, the uncle of the president, who held the portfolio of finance. He was apprised of the intentions against the Madero government and made his escape.

Notwithstanding the fact that some definite action was expected today, the coup d'etat at the palace caused a sensation, and the exact status of affairs could not be ascertained for several hours.

The direct move against Madero was the result of a plot which had been brewing since yesterday.

**SOLDIERS UNWILLING TO FIGHT**  
From the first it had been known that General Blanquet was unwilling to fight. His men were of the same mind. He held complete command of them, and it was not doubted they would follow him in any adventure, which they did at the national palace this afternoon.

The forces, numbering 1,000 men, which arrived late yesterday, were sent immediately to the palace, ostensibly to relieve the reserves there. The reserves were sent into the field.

An agreement between Generals Blanquet and Huerta was reached last night, but the first intimation that Blanquet's men had of the new role they were to play was shortly before the successful stroke was made.

**BLANQUET HARRANGUES FORCE**  
Blanquet drew his men up in order and delivered a stirring speech.

"This inhuman battle must end," he said. "The time has come when some drastic means must be taken to stop a conflict in which father is killing son and brother is fighting against brother; when noncombatants are sharing the fate of war—and all this because of the caprice of one man."

Blanquet then issued orders for the arrest of the president and assigned a detachment to that duty. Madero soon was a prisoner in his own rooms.

One reason given for the attitude of General Blanquet from the beginning was the presence of his son in the ranks of Diaz.

**"VIVAS" FOR HUERTA AND DIAZ**  
When the arrest of the president and his ministers became known, crowds gathered in the streets through which they paraded shouting "vivas" for Huerta and Diaz.

A conference was held between the representatives of these two generals, and an agreement was reached whereby the appointment of General Huerta to the provisional presidency was proclaimed.

Prior to this, however, Huerta's attempt to communicate with Diaz precipitated one of the sharpest engagements of the day. The fire from the rebel rifles and machine guns was long sustained. It was by no means certain at that time that the coup which had been carried out meant the end of hostilities.

At 3:30 in the afternoon the cannonading continued heavy and the rattle of machine guns was heard in various quarters. At that time San Francisco street was being cleared by Huerta as if he were expecting an attack.

A half hour later the order to cease firing was sounded and the battle was over.

**MEMBERS OF STAFF WOUNDED**  
A few loyal members of Madero's staff rushed into the room when Madero was struggling with the soldiers and went to his rescue, but their efforts were of no avail. Captain Gardemida, who had just been appointed chief of police, advanced

Appropriate Souvenirs for Washington's Birthday (FEBRUARY 22)

Realistic Hatchets, Cherry Logs and appropriately colored Satin Boxes filled with Choice Candies, now on display at

**Geo. Haas & Sons**  
4 Candy Stores